

MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

MPSERS

A Fiduciary Component Unit of the State of Michigan

Prepared by:
Financial Services
For

Office of Retirement Services P.O. Box 30171 Lansing, Michigan 48909-7671 517-284-4400 1-800-381-5111

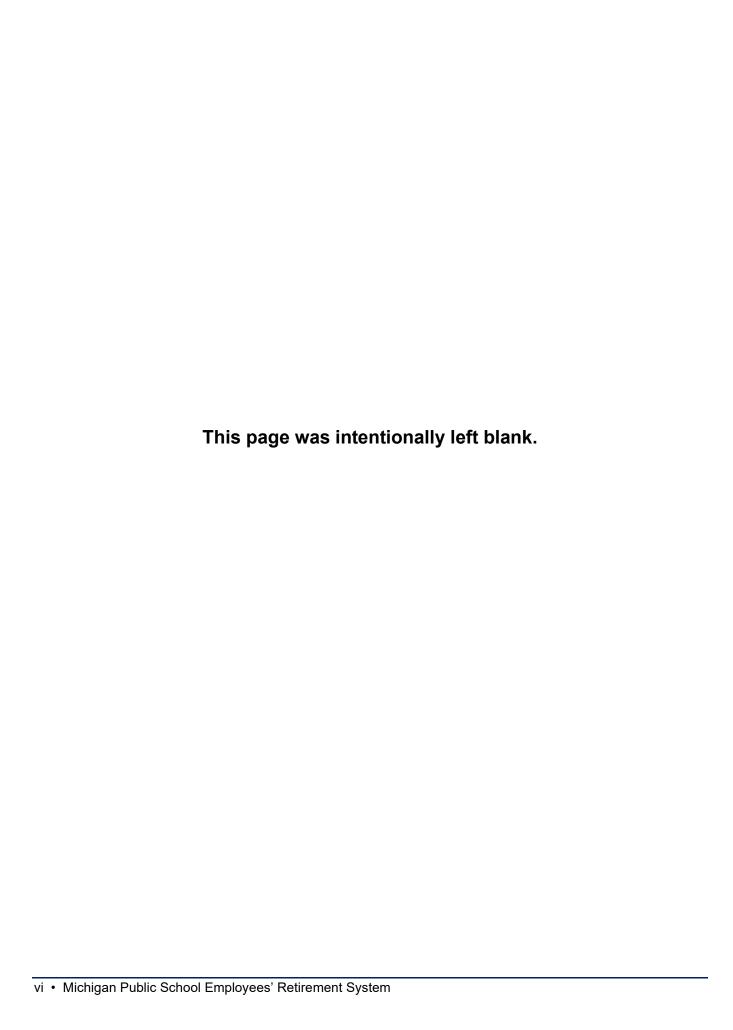


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Certificate of Achievement
Public Pension Standards Award
Letter of Transmittal
Retirement Board Members
Advisors and Consultants
Organization Chart



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2021

Chuitophe P. Morrill
Executive Director/CEO



Public Pension Coordinating Council

Public Pension Standards Award For Funding and Administration 2022

Presented to

Michigan Office of Retirement Services

In recognition of meeting professional standards for plan funding and administration as set forth in the Public Pension Standards.

Presented by the Public Pension Coordinating Council, a confederation of

National Association of State Retirement Administrators (NASRA)
National Conference on Public Employee Retirement Systems (NCPERS)
National Council on Teacher Retirement (NCTR)

Alan H. Winkle

alan Helinkle

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System P.O. Box 30171 Lansing, Michigan 48909-7671 Telephone 517- 284-4400 Outside Lansing 1-800-381-5111

STATE OF MICHIGAN

GRETCHEN WHITMER. Governor

DEPARTMENT OF TECHNOLOGY, MANAGEMENT & BUDGET

February 24, 2023

The Honorable Gretchen Whitmer Governor, State of Michigan,

Members of the Legislature State of Michigan,

Retirement Board Members and Members, Retirees and Beneficiaries

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We are pleased to present the annual comprehensive financial report of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System) for fiscal year 2022.

INTRODUCTION TO REPORT

The System was established by legislation under Public Act 136 of 1945, and is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS). The number of active and retired members and beneficiaries of the System is presented in Note 1 of the financial statements in the Financial Section in this report. The purpose of the System is to provide retirement, disability, death, and healthcare benefits for all public school employees. The services performed by ORS staff provide benefits to members, retirees, and beneficiaries.

Responsibility

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the leadership team of the System. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the System.

Internal Control Structure

The leadership team of the System is responsible for maintaining adequate internal accounting controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are executed in accordance with management's general or specific authorization, and are recorded as necessary to maintain accountability for assets and to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the safekeeping of assets and reliability of all financial records.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. This internal control structure includes maintaining written policies and procedures. Discussion and analysis of fiduciary

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

net position and related additions and deductions are presented in the Management Discussion and Analysis which can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

Independent Auditors and Actuary

The Office of the Auditor General (OAG), independent auditors, conducted an annual audit of the System. The independent auditor's report on the System's financial statements is included in the Financial Section in this report.

An actuarial valuation is conducted annually. The purpose of the valuation is to evaluate the mortality, service, compensation, and other financial experience of the System and to recommend employer contribution rates. The annual actuarial valuation was completed by Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 and recommends employer contribution rates for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. Actuarial certification and supporting statistics are included in the Actuarial Section in this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the Basic Financial Statements in the form of an MD&A. This letter of transmittal is intended to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

In accordance with Public Act 300 of 1980, on October 31, 1980, the Public School Employees' Chapter I Retirement Fund merged with the Public School Employees' Chapter II Retirement Fund to establish the Public School Employees' Retirement System. Public Acts 136 of 1945 and 259 of 1974, respectively, created the two original funds. A 12-member board and the director of the Department of Technology, Management, and Budget (DTMB), govern the System. The System serves approximately 400,000 members from over 690 participating public school employers in Michigan. The System is funded by employer contributions, member contributions, and investment earnings. A detailed plan description is included in Note 1 of the Financial Section in this report.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

Despite a long-term mix of both challenging and robust economic times, the System continues to show steady performance.

Investments

The State of Michigan Investment Board is the investment fiduciary and custodian of all investments of the System pursuant to State law. The primary investment objective is to maximize the rate of return on the total investment portfolio, consistent with a high degree of prudence and sufficient diversity to eliminate inordinate risks and to meet the actuarial assumption for the investment rate of return. The investment activity for the year produced a total rate of return on the portfolio of (4.8) percent for the pension plan and (4.8) percent for the other postemployment benefits (OPEB) plan. For the last five years, the System has experienced an annualized rate of return of 8.2 percent for the pension plan and 8.2 percent for the OPEB plan. A summary of asset allocation and rates of return is presented in the Investment Section in this report.

Accounting System

Transactions of the System are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when incurred. Participants' benefits are recorded when payable by law. We believe that the accounting and administrative internal controls established by the System provide reasonable assurance the System is carrying out its responsibilities in safeguarding its assets, in maintaining the reliability of the financial records for preparing financial statements, and in maintaining accountability for its assets.

Funding

Funds are derived from the excess of additions to plan fiduciary net position over deductions from plan fiduciary net position. Funds are accumulated by the System to meet future benefit obligations to retirees and beneficiaries. The percentage computed by dividing the actuarial value of assets by the actuarial accrued liability is referred to as the "funded ratio." This ratio provides an indication of the funding status of the System and generally, the greater this percentage, the stronger the System.

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Pension – The actuarial value of the assets and actuarial accrued liability for pension benefits of the System were \$61.5 billion and \$95.9 billion, respectively, resulting in a funded ratio of 64.1 percent on September 30, 2021. A historical perspective of funding levels for the Pension Plan is presented on the Schedule of Funding Progress in the Actuarial section in this report.

OPEB – Prefunding for OPEB began in fiscal year 2013. The actuarial value of the assets and actuarial accrued liability for OPEB were \$10.5 billion and \$12.4 billion, respectively, resulting in a funded ratio of 85.2 percent as of September 30, 2021. A historical perspective of funding levels is presented on the Schedule of Funding Progress in the Actuarial section in this report.

MAJOR GOALS ACCOMPLISHED

Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System tool kit - The Michigan Office of Retirement Services (ORS) and Voya Financial created an Employer Toolkit to answer public school employer questions about the hybrid retirement plan and the State of Michigan 401(k) and 457 Plans. The toolkit includes informational materials, educational resources, forms, guides, frequently asked questions (FAQs), and contact details to help public school employers and professionals assist their employees. The toolkit is available to employers on the Public School Reporting Unit website.

Project Agile - The Project Agile initiative targets information technology (IT) changes at the Michigan Office of Retirement Services (ORS) by utilizing agile methodology to get the most value into users' hands more quickly through small and frequent releases. Working with Agency Services Supporting Retirement (ASSR) and the Enterprise Portfolio Management Office (EPMO), the initiative is using the Microsoft DevOps platform in conjunction with Git for changes on all related Clarety, miAccount, and Employer Self-Serve efforts. The project is replacing Solutions Business Manager, a process management platform for tracking IT work, and Perforce, a version control software for storing IT project coding. One example is the replacement of the Fast Response email system issue reporting with the DevOps Rapid Response method. DevOps Rapid Response, launched April 25, 2022, brings improved operational transparency and efficiencies like email reduction.

Public Act 184 of 2022 (Working After Retirement) - Michigan Gov. Gretchen Whitmer signed Public Act (PA) 184 of 2022 into law on July 25, 2022. The law took immediate effect and simplified working after retirement rules for public school retirees. The Michigan Office of Retirement Services (ORS) communicated information about the law's changes with emails and letters to impacted retirees, public school reporting units, and ORS partners. Along with direct communication, ORS updated the website and the *Reporting Instruction Manual* for external customers and employers. Internal staff updates included Common Responses and Solution Finder content. Information was also shared on the ORS social media accounts directly after signature. Because the law simplified matters, the *Working After Retirement Pension Impact Estimator* online tool was retired from the ORS website and replaced with an infographic.

Reporting Instruction Manual (RIM) redesign - Payroll staff at nearly 700 public school employers rely on the **Reporting Instruction Manual (RIM)** as an essential source of instruction for the Reporting website and information about reporting requirements. ORS unveiled a major overhaul and update of the *RIM* on March 18, 2022. The *RIM*'s two-plus-year redesign project involved several ORS staff, as well as input from a focus group made up of payroll staff

Website migrations - Changes were made for 10 websites managed by the Michigan Office of Retirement Services (ORS) as part of a web migration project enhancing and aligning all State of Michigan Michigan.gov websites to replace a 20-year-old platform. The changeover to the new Sitecore web platform from the Vignette content management system (CMS) started in January 2022 and was completed in late April 2022.

Women & Retirement - The Michigan Office of Retirement Services (ORS) and Voya Financial are partners on a yearlong focus on women and retirement. The multi-platform Women & Retirement campaign targets women who may enter the workforce later than men; are more likely to take time off to care for elderly parents or to raise children; tend to live longer; and, on average, spend more years in retirement. Launched in November 2021 and wrapping up in October 2022, the campaign highlights the importance of women actively engaging in planning their retirement, covers a range of topics, and provides resources, information, and advice for the small steps they can take now to achieve their retirement goals. The campaign landing page is the second longest-viewed and 13th most-viewed page on the ORS website.

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

Articulate Online replacement - The Michigan Office of Retirement Services (ORS) customer-facing modules were at risk with Articulate's fall 2020 announcement it was discontinuing its Articulate Online e-learning hosting platform by the end of December 2021. With the announcement, ORS Customer Education (CE) did extensive research after a needs determination. The team collaborated with other state of Michigan departments and the Agency Services Supporting Retirement (ASSR) team to refine the seven options looked at, then migrated active modules to a Michigan Department of Technology, Management and Budget server in September 2021.

Design Style Guide expansion - The Michigan Office of Retirement Services (ORS) Design Style Guide was revised in May 2022 after its initial release in September 2020. The 80-page guide expanded by 38 pages, adding detail and including sections on email; forms, letters, and barcodes; and instructional design. The updates help keep more deliverables on-brand with the appropriate and consistent look, feel, and tone that is recognizable to ORS customers.

HONORS

Public Pension Standards Award – ORS was awarded the 2022 Standards Award from the Public Pension Coordinating Council Standards Program (PPCC) for both funding and administration. ORS has received these awards every year since 2004. The PPCC Standards reflect expectations for public retirement system management and administration and serve as a benchmark for all DB public plans to be measured.

Government Finance Officers Association Award – The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada awarded the retirement system with the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the fiscal year 2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR). This marks the 31st consecutive year ORS has received this prestigious award.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of this report was accomplished with the dedication and cooperation of many people. It is intended to provide complete and reliable information as a basis for making management decisions, as a means of determining compliance with legal provisions, and as a means for determining responsible stewardship of the funds of the System.

We would, therefore, like to express our appreciation for the assistance given by staff, the advisors, and the many people who contributed to its preparation. We believe their combined efforts have produced a report that will enable employers and plan members to better evaluate and understand the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System. Their cooperation contributes significantly to the success of the System.

Sincerely,

Michelle Lange, Director

Department of Technology, Management & Budget

Anthony J. Estell, Director Office of Retirement Services

ADMINISTRATIVE ORGANIZATION

RETIREMENT BOARD MEMBERS *

As of February 24, 2023

Vacant Mark Greathead Brian Kwiatkowski

Active Classroom Teacher Active Superintendent Active Classroom Teacher Term Expires March 30, 2026 Term Expires March 30, 2025

Timothy Raymer, Vice Chair John Solecki Vacant

Retired Finance/Operations General Public -General Public - Investments

Term Expires December 31, 2023 Term Expires March 30, 2024 Actuary/Health Insurance

Dr. Patricia Chapman Kevin Philipps James Pearson Community College Trustee Active Finance/Operations, **Retired Teacher**

Term Expires March 30, 2024 Non-Superintendent Term Expires March 30, 2026

Term Expires March 30, 2024

Liz Eastway Anne Hamming Dr. Scott Koenigsknecht, Chair for

Retired Non-Certified Support Reporting Unit Board of Dr. Michael Rice Term Expires March 30, 2025 Control State Superintendent of

Term Expires March 30, 2024 Education, ex officio

ADVISORS AND CONSULTANTS

As of February 24, 2023

Actuaries **Independent Auditors**

Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co. Doug A. Ringler, C.P.A., C.I.A. Auditor General Mita D. Drazilov State Treasurer Southfield, Michigan State of Michigan

Legal Advisor

Dana Nessel Attorney General State of Michigan **Investment Manager and Custodian**

Rachael Eubanks State of Michigan

Investment Performance Measurement

State Street Corporation

State Street Investment Analytics

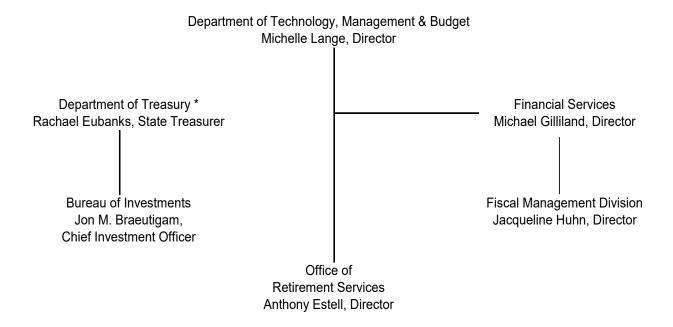
Boston, MA

Statute provides that board members may continue to serve after their term expires until they are replaced or reappointed.

ADMINISTRATIVE ORGANIZATION

ORGANIZATION CHART

As of February 24, 2023



^{*} The investments of the System are managed by the Michigan Department of Treasury. Information on the investments and the fiduciary, Michigan Department of Treasury, can be found in the Investment Section, Introduction. In addition, see the Investment Section, Schedule of Investment Fees (page 75) and Schedule of Investment Commissions (page 76), for information regarding the investment fees and commissions paid as well as investment professionals utilized by the System.

INTRODUCTORY SECTION				
ADMINISTRATIVE ORGANIZATION				
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Independent Auditor's Report
Management's Discussion and Analysis
Basic Financial Statements
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
Required Supplementary Information
Note to Required Supplementary Information
Supporting Schedules



Doug A. Ringler, CPA, CIA Auditor General

201 N. Washington Square, Sixth Floor • Lansing, Michigan 48913 • Phone: (517) 334-8050 • audgen.michigan.gov

Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements and Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

Dr. Scott Koenigsknecht, Chair Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System Board and Ms. Michelle Lange, Director Department of Technology, Management, and Budget and Mr. Anthony J. Estell, Director Office of Retirement Services

Dear Dr. Koenigsknecht, Ms. Lange, and Mr. Estell:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System), a fiduciary component unit of the State of Michigan, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the System's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System as of September 30, 2022 and the changes in fiduciary net position for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the System and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the System's ability to continue as a going concern for the twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Doug A. Ringler, CPA, CIA Auditor General

Dr. Scott Koenigsknecht, Chair Ms. Michelle Lange, Director Mr. Anthony J. Estell, Director Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the System's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the System's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate to those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in net pension liability, schedule of changes in net OPEB liability, schedules of contributions, schedules of investment returns, and related note, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other



Dr. Scott Koenigsknecht, Chair Ms. Michelle Lange, Director Mr. Anthony J. Estell, Director Page 3

knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the System's basic financial statements. The supporting schedules, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supporting schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory, investment, actuarial, and statistical sections and acknowledgments, as listed in the table of contents, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the basic financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will also issue a report dated February 24, 2023 on our consideration of the System's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the System's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the System's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sincerely,

Doug Ringler Auditor General February 24, 2023

Doug Kingler

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System's (System) financial performance provides an overview of the System's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter in the Introductory Section on page 4 and the basic financial statements, which follow this discussion.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- System assets exceeded liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2022 by \$69.8 billion (reported as *net position restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB*). Fiduciary net position is restricted to meet future benefit payments.
- Additions for the year were \$2.0 billion, which are comprised primarily of contributions of \$5.5 billion and investment losses of \$3.5 billion.
- Deductions increased over the prior year from \$6.0 billion to \$6.3 billion or 5.3%. This increase is primarily the result of increased health, dental, and vision benefits.

THE STATEMENT OF PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AND THE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) consists of two financial statements: The Statement of Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position (page 18) and The Statement of Changes in Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position (page 19). These financial statements report information about the System, as a whole, and about its financial condition that should help answer the question: Is the System, as a whole, better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities? These statements include all assets and liabilities using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, all revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position presents all of the System's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as fiduciary net position. Over time, increases and decreases in fiduciary net position measure whether the System's financial position is improving or deteriorating. The Statement of Changes in Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position presents how the System's fiduciary net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. These two financial statements should be reviewed along with the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (page 51), the Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability (page 52), and Schedules of Contributions (page 53) to determine whether the System is becoming financially stronger or weaker.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

System total assets as of September 30, 2022, were \$72.6 billion and were mostly comprised of investments and securities lending collateral. Total assets decreased \$4.1 billion or 5.5% between fiscal years 2021 and 2022, due primarily to net investment losses.

Total liabilities as of September 30, 2022, were \$2.8 billion and were comprised of accounts payable, unearned revenue, and obligations under securities lending. Total liabilities increased \$146.6 million or 5.5% between fiscal years 2021 and 2022 primarily due to an increase in accounts payable and obligations under securities lending.

System assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2022 by \$69.8 billion. Total fiduciary net position restricted for pension and OPEB decreased \$4.3 billion or 5.7% from the previous year, primarily due to net investment losses.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

(in thousands)

	2022	2021	Increase (Decrease)
Assets			
Equity in common cash	\$ 248,310	\$ 148,905	66.8 %
Receivables	630,762	722,591	(12.7)
Investments	69,214,878	73,419,046	(5.7)
Securities lending collateral	2,518,454	2,434,280	3.5
Total assets	72,612,403	76,724,821	(5.4)
Liabilities			
Unearned revenue	18,017	9,029	99.5
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	260,612	207,159	25.8
Obligations under securities lending	2,518,454	2,434,280	3.5
Total liabilities	2,797,083	2,650,468	5.5
Net Position Restricted for			
Pension Benefits and OPEB	\$ 69,815,320	\$ 74,074,353	(5.7) %

ADDITIONS TO PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

The reserves needed to finance pension and other postemployment benefits are accumulated through the collection of employer and employee contributions and through earnings on investments. Contributions and net investment losses for fiscal year 2022 totaled approximately \$2.0 billion.

Total additions for fiscal year 2022 decreased approximately \$18.5 billion or 90.1% from those of fiscal year 2021 due primarily to increased net investment income and increased contributions. Total member contributions increased between fiscal years 2021 and 2022 by \$22.7 million or 3.7%, while employer contributions increased \$784.2 million or 20.5%. The Investment Section of this report reviews the results of investment activity for fiscal year 2022.

DEDUCTIONS FROM PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

The primary expenses of the System include the payment of pension benefits to members and beneficiaries; payment for health, dental and vision benefits; refund of contributions; and the cost of administering the System. Total deductions for fiscal year 2022 were \$6.3 billion, an increase of 5.3% over fiscal year 2021 deductions.

The health, dental and vision care expenses during the year increased \$193.7 million or 43.1%, from \$449.6 million to \$643.2 million. The payment of pension benefits increased \$114.8 million or 2.2% between fiscal years 2021 and 2022. In fiscal year 2022, the increase in pension benefit payments resulted in an increase in benefit expenses. In fiscal year 2022, the increase in health, dental, and vision care expenses were a result of increased claims cost and a reduction in cost-sharing subsidies that offset expenditures.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

CHANGES IN PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

(in thousands)

	2022	2021	Increase (Decrease)
Additions			
Member contributions	\$ 640,007	\$ 617,300	3.7 %
Employer contributions	4,614,787	3,830,605	20.5
Other governmental contributions	251,589	236,168	6.5
Net investment income (loss)	(3,469,867)	15,895,354	(121.8)
Miscellaneous income	168	248	(32.1)
Total additions	2,036,685	20,579,674	(90.1)
Deductions			
Pension benefits	5,424,331	5,309,514	2.2
Health care benefits	643,218	449,558	43.1
Refunds and transfers to other systems	33,331	26,835	24.2
Administrative and other expenses	194,838	194,669	0.1
Total deductions	6,295,718	5,980,576	5.3
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(4,259,032)	14,599,098	(129.2)
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB:			
Beginning of Year	74,074,353	59,475,256	24.5
End of Year	\$ 69,815,320	\$ 74,074,353	(5.7) %

RETIREMENT SYSTEM AS A WHOLE

The System's overall Fiduciary Net Position experienced a decrease in fiscal year 2022. The System's rate of return for the Pension Plan's investments decreased an overall 32.0 percentage points from a 27.2% return in fiscal year 2021 to a (4.8%) return during fiscal year 2022. The System's rate of return for the OPEB Plan's investments also decreased an overall 32.0 percentage points from a 27.2% return in fiscal year 2021 to a (4.8%) return during fiscal year 2022. Management believes that the System remains financially sound and positioned to meet its ongoing benefit obligations due, in part, to a prudent investment program, cost controls, and strategic planning.

CONTACTING SYSTEM FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the Retirement Board, our membership, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the System's finances and to demonstrate the System's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Office of Retirement Services, P.O. Box 30171, Lansing, MI 48909-7671.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

As of September 30, 2022 (in thousands)

		Pension Plan	OPEB Plan		Total
Assets:					
Equity in common cash	\$	206,201	\$ 42,108	\$	248,310
Receivables:					
Amounts due from members		532	-		532
Amounts due from employers		200,038	67,647		267,685
Amounts due from other		-	316,906		316,906
Amounts due from employer long term		29,928	7,564		37,493
Amounts due from other long term		-	7,266		7,266
Interest and dividends		749	132		881
Total receivables		231,246	399,516		630,762
Investments:					
Short term investment pools		490,200	97,243		587,443
Fixed income pools		5,529,843	981,233		6,511,076
Domestic equity pools		10,709,752	1,900,148		12,609,899
Real estate and infrastructure pools		6,486,403	1,150,645		7,637,048
Private equity pools		15,113,203	2,679,987		17,793,191
International equity pools		7,310,056	1,296,940		8,606,996
Absolute return pools		6,060,062	1,075,097		7,135,159
Real return and opportunistic pools		7,078,411	1,255,655		8,334,066
Total investments		58,777,931	10,436,947		69,214,878
Securities lending collateral		2,136,790	381,664		2,518,454
Total assets		61,352,169	11,260,235		72,612,404
Liabilities:					
Unearned revenue		17,364	653		18,017
Accounts payable and					
other accrued liabilities		1,460	259,152		260,612
Obligations under					
securities lending		2,136,790	381,664		2,518,454
Total liabilities		2,155,614	641,469		2,797,083
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB:	\$	59,196,555	\$ 10,618,766	\$	69,815,321
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022 (in thousands)

		Pension Plan	OPEB Plan		Total
Additions:	-				
Contributions: Member contributions Employer contributions:	\$	434,411	\$ 205,596	\$	640,007
Colleges and universities		631,065	63,182		694,247
School districts and other Other governmental contributions		3,212,152	708,389 251,589		3,920,540 251,589
Total contributions		4,277,628	1,228,756		5,506,383
Investment income (loss): Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments Interest, dividends, and other Investment expenses:		(3,932,652) 1,227,981	(709,698) 211,128		(4,642,350) 1,439,109
Real estate operating expenses Other investment expenses Securities lending activities:		(236,527)	(40,859)		(277,386)
Securities lending activities. Securities lending income Securities lending expenses		26,099 (16,921)	 4,604 (3,021)		30,703 (19,942)
Net investment income (loss)		(2,932,020)	 (537,847)	1	(3,469,867)
Miscellaneous income		89	 79		168
Total additions		1,345,697	 690,988		2,036,685
Deductions: Benefits paid to plan members and beneficiaries: Retirement benefits Health benefits Dental/vision benefits Refunds of contributions Administrative and other expenses		5,424,331 - - 33,182 23,784	- 568,674 74,544 148 171,053		5,424,331 568,674 74,544 33,331 194,838
Total deductions		5,481,298	 814,420		6,295,717
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position		(4,135,601)	(123,432)		(4,259,032)
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB: Beginning of Year		63,332,155	10,742,198		74,074,353
End of Year	\$	59,196,555	\$ 10,618,766	\$	69,815,321

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - PLAN DESCRIPTION

ORGANIZATION

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan and a fiduciary component unit of the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members – eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member. The Governor-appointed board members consist of:

- Two active classroom teachers or other certified school personnel
- One active member or retirant from a non-certified support position
- One active school system superintendent
- One active finance or operations (non-superintendent) member
- One retirant from a classroom teaching position
- One retirant from a finance or operations management position
- One administrator or trustee of a community college that is a reporting unit of the System
- Two from the general public, one with health insurance or actuarial science experience and one with institutional investment experience
- One elected member of a reporting unit's board of control

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act. There are 697 participating employers. A list of employers is provided in the Statistical Section. The System is a qualified pension trust fund under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. By statute, employees of K-12 public school districts, public school academies, district libraries, tax-supported community colleges and seven universities may be members. The seven universities are: Eastern Michigan, Central Michigan, Northern Michigan, Western Michigan, Ferris State, Michigan Technological and Lake Superior State. Employees, who first become employed by one of the seven universities on or after January 1, 1996, become members of an alternative plan.

The System is included in the pension and other employee benefit trust fund financial statements in the State of Michigan Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State of Michigan Investment Board serves as the investment fiduciary and custodian for the System.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MEMBERSHIP

At September 30, 2022, the System's pension plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or their

beneficiaries currently receiving benefits:

Regular benefits 199,831
Survivor benefits 19,870
Disability benefits 5,514
Total 225,215

Inactive plan members entitled

to but not yet receiving benefits: 15,480

Active plan members:

 Vested
 88,302

 Non-vested
 69,591

 Total^{1,2}
 157,893

Total plan members

398,588

Enrollment in the OPEB plan is voluntary. The number of participants is as follows:

Eligible participants

Retirees and survivors	200,823
Inactive vested	2,271
Active members ¹	198,225

Participants receiving benefits:

 Health
 152,046

 Dental/Vision
 166,935

Expenses for the year (in thousands) \$ 171,053

Employer payroll contribution rates 5.87 - 8.09%

BENEFIT PROVISIONS - PENSION

Introduction

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Retirement benefits for DB plan members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB member or Pension Plus member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

¹ Includes 2,664 people who elected not to continue future accruals in the DB plan as a result of PA 300 of 2012.

² Excludes 6,874 records with both \$0 salary and 0 service credit as of September 30, 2022 with DB benefit plan codes.

¹ Active member count includes Personal Healthcare Fund members eligible for the \$1,000/\$2,000 lump sum at termination benefit.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Pension Reform 2010

On May 19, 2010, the Governor signed Public Act 75 of 2010 into law. As a result, any member of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) who became a member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010 is a Pension Plus member. Pension Plus is a hybrid plan that contains a pension component with an employee contribution (graded, up to 6.4% of salary) and a flexible and transferable defined contribution (DC) tax-deferred investment account that earns an employer match of 50% (up to 1% of salary) on employee contributions. Retirement benefits for Pension Plus members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. Disability and survivor benefits are available to Pension Plus members.

Pension Reform 2012

On September 4, 2012, the Governor signed Public Act 300 of 2012 into law. The legislation grants all active members who first became a member before July 1, 2010 and who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their pension. Any changes to a member's pension are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under the reform, members voluntarily chose to increase, maintain, or stop their contributions to the pension fund.

- **Option 1** members voluntarily elected to increase their contributions to the pension fund as noted below, and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they terminate public school employment.
 - Basic Plan members: 4% contribution
 - Member Investment Plan (MIP)-Fixed, MIP-Graded, and MIP-Plus members: a flat 7% contribution
- **Option 2** members voluntarily elected to increase their contribution to the pension fund as stated in Option 1 and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they reach 30 years of service. If and when they reach 30 years of service, their contribution rates will return to the previous level in place as of the day before their transition date (0% for Basic Plan members, 3.9% for MIP-Fixed, up to 4.3% for MIP-Graded, or up to 6.4% for MIP-Plus). The pension formula for any service thereafter would include a 1.25% pension factor.
- **Option 3 –** members voluntarily elected not to increase their contribution to the pension fund and maintain their current level of contribution to the pension fund. The pension formula for their years of service as of the day before their transition date will include a 1.5% pension factor. The pension formula for any service thereafter will include a 1.25% pension factor.
- Option 4 members voluntarily elected to no longer contribute to the pension fund and therefore are switched to the Defined Contribution plan for future service as of their transition date. As a DC participant they receive a 4% employer contribution to a tax-deferred 401(k) account and can choose to contribute up to the maximum amounts permitted by the IRS to a 457 account. They vest in employer contributions and related earnings in their 401(k) account based on the following schedule: 50% at 2 years, 75% at 3 years, and 100% at 4 years of service. They are 100% vested in any personal contributions and related earnings in their 457 account. Upon retirement, if they meet age and service requirements (including their *total* years of service), they would also receive a pension (calculated based on years of service and final average compensation as of the day before their transition date and a 1.5% pension factor).

Members who did not make an election before the deadline defaulted to Option 3 as described above. Deferred or nonvested public school employees on September 3, 2012, who return to public school employment on or after September 4, 2012, will be considered as if they had elected Option 3 above. Returning members who made the retirement plan election will retain whichever option they chose.

Employees who first work on or after September 4, 2012, choose between two retirement plans: the Pension Plus plan described above and a Defined Contribution (DC) plan that provides a 50% employer match (up to 3% of salary) on employee contributions. New employees are automatically enrolled as members in the Pension Plus plan as of their date of hire. They have 75 days from the last day of their first pay period, as reported to ORS, to elect to opt out of the Pension Plus plan and become a qualified participant in the DC plan; if no election is made they will remain in

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

the Pension Plus plan. If they elect to opt out of the Pension Plus plan, their participation in the DC plan will be retroactive to their date of hire.

Pension Reform of 2017

On July 13, 2017, the Governor signed Public Act 92 of 2017 into law. The legislation closed the Pension Plus plan to newly hired employees as of February 1, 2018 and created a new, optional Pension Plus 2 plan with similar benefit calculations but containing a 50/50 contribution share between the employee and the employer, including the cost of future unfunded liabilities. The assumed rate of return on the Pension Plus 2 plan is 6%. Further, under certain adverse actuarial conditions, the Pension Plus 2 plan will close to new employees if the actuarial funded ratio falls below 85% for two consecutive years. The law included other provisions to the retirement eligibility age, plan assumptions, and unfunded liability payment methods.

Regular Retirement

The pension benefit for DB and Pension Plus members is based on a member's years of credited service (employment) and final average compensation (FAC). The FAC is calculated based on the member's highest total wages earned during a specific period of consecutive calendar months divided by the service credit accrued during that same time period. For a MIP member, who became a member of MPSERS prior to July 1, 2010, the averaging period is 36 consecutive months. For a Pension Plus member, who became a member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010, the averaging period is 60 consecutive months. For a Basic Plan member, this period is the 60 consecutive months yielding the highest total wages. The annual pension is paid monthly for the lifetime of a retiree. The calculation of a member's pension is determined by their pension election under PA 300 of 2012 and is shown below:

Option 1 – FAC × total years of service × 1.5%

Option 2 - FAC × 30 years of service × 1.5% + FAC × years of service beyond 30 × 1.25%

Option 3 – FAC × years of service as of transition date × 1.5% + FAC × years of service after transition date × 1.25%

Option 4 – FAC as of transition date × years of service as of transition date × 1.5%

A MIP member who became a member of MPSERS prior to July 1, 2010 may retire at:

- age 46 with 30 or more years of credited service; or
- age 60 with 10 or more years of credited service; or
- age 60 with 5 years of credited service provided the member has worked through his or her 60th birthday and has credited service in each of the five school fiscal years immediately preceding the retirement effective date

A Pension Plus member may retire at age 60 with 10 or more years of credited service.

A Pension Plus 2 member may retire at age 60 with 10 or more years of credited service. Section 81c(5) of PA 300 as amended requires the regular retirement age to be increased in whole year increments based on the results of mortality analysis five-year actuarial experience studies performed after October 1, 2019 and the actuarial funding status of the plan. If the regular retirement age for Pension Plus 2 members is increased in accordance with this provision, members within five years of retirement from the effective date of the increase are automatically exempted and the retirement board may additionally authorize those between five and eight years of the then current retirement age to be exempted.

A Basic Plan member may retire at:

- age 55 with 30 or more years of credited service; or
- age 60 with 10 or more years of credited service

There is no mandatory retirement age.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Early Retirement

A MIP or Basic member may retire with an early permanently reduced pension:

- after completing at least 15 but less than 30 years of credited service; and
- after attaining age 55; and
- with credited service in each of the 5 school years immediately preceding the pension effective date

The early pension is computed in the same manner as a regular pension, but is permanently reduced 0.5% for each full and partial month between the pension effective date and the date the member will attain age 60.

Deferred Retirement

If a member terminates employment before attaining the age qualification, but after accruing 10 or more years of credited service, the member becomes a deferred member and is eligible for a pension at the time the age qualification is attained.

Nonduty Disability Benefit

Any member with 10 or more years of credited service who becomes totally and permanently disabled due to any non-duty related cause, and who has not met the age requirement for a regular pension is eligible for a non-duty disability pension computed in the same manner as an age and service pension, upon recommendation from the member's personal physician and the Retirement Board physician and the approval of the Retirement Board. An Annual Certification of Disability is conducted each January. Upon prior approval, total disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings are limited to 100% of final average compensation (increased by 2% for each year retired; first year 100%, next year 102%, etc.).

Duty Disability Benefit

Any member who becomes totally and permanently disabled as a result of a duty-related cause, who has not met the age and service requirement for a regular pension, and who is in receipt of weekly workers' compensation is eligible for a duty disability pension computed in the same manner as an age and service pension (but based upon a minimum of 10 years of service) upon recommendation from the member's personal physician and the Retirement Board physician and the approval of the Retirement Board. An Annual Certification of Disability is conducted each January. Upon prior approval, total disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings are limited to 100% of final average compensation (increased by 2% for each year retired; first year 100%, next year 102%, etc.).

Pension Payment Options

The election of a pension payment option is made at the time of application. Once a member has retired, the option choice is irrevocable. The pension effective date is the first of the calendar month following the date the member has satisfied the age and service requirements, has terminated public school employment and has the completed application forms on file with the System for a period of 15 days. A retroactive pension can be paid for no more than 12 calendar months. Thus, delay in filing the application can result in a loss of some retroactive pension benefits. An applicant may select only one of the following options.

Straight Life Pension

The Straight Life Pension pays the largest level pension a retiree can receive during his or her lifetime and stops with the month of a retiree's death. There are no monthly benefits for a beneficiary. The pension benefit is computed with no beneficiary rights. If the retiree made contributions while an employee and has not received the total accumulated contributions before death, a refund of the balance of the contributions is made to the beneficiary of record. If the retiree did not make any contributions, there will not be payments to any beneficiaries.

Survivor Options

Under the Survivor Options, 100% Survivor Pension, 100% Equated, 75% Survivor Pension, 75% Equated, 50% Survivor Pension and 50% Equated, the reduction is an actuarial determination dependent upon the combined life expectancies of a retiree and a beneficiary and varies from case to case. A beneficiary may only be a spouse, brother, sister, parent or child (including an adopted child) of a retiring member. If the beneficiary predeceases a retiree, the pension will revert to either the Straight Life or Straight Life Equated amount ("pop-up" provision). If, however, a retiree was single at the time of retirement and subsequently married, the retiree can request to

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

nominate a new spouse if they elected the straight life option at retirement. Also, if a retiree was married at the time of retirement and has since been widowed and remarried, the retiree can request to nominate a new spouse as a pension beneficiary as long as they elected a survivor option for the spouse at the time of retirement.

100% Survivor Pension

Pays a reduced pension to a retiree. The month after a retiree's death, the same amount will be paid to a designated beneficiary for the remainder of his or her lifetime.

75% Survivor Pension

Pays a reduced pension to a retiree. The month after a retiree's death, 75% of the pension amount will be paid to a designated beneficiary for the remainder of his or her lifetime.

50% Survivor Pension

Pays a reduced pension to a retiree. The month after a retiree's death, 50% of the pension amount will be paid to a designated beneficiary for the remainder of his or her lifetime.

Equated Plan

For MIP and Basic members, the Equated plan may be combined with the Straight Life, 100% Survivor, 75% Survivor, or 50% Survivor Pension by any member under age 61, except a disability applicant. The Equated Plan provides a higher pension every month until age 62, at which time the monthly pension is permanently decreased to a lower amount than the Straight Life, 100%, 75%, or 50% Survivor alone would provide.

The intent of the Equated Plan is for the retiree's pension to decrease at age 62 by approximately the same amount as that person's Social Security benefit will provide. The System pension until age 62 should be about the same as the combined System pension and Social Security after age 62.

The projected Social Security pension the retiring member obtains from the Social Security Administration and furnishes to the System is used in the Equated Plan calculation. The actual Social Security pension may vary from the estimate.

NOTE: The reduction in the pension at age 62 pertains to the Equated Plan only and affects only the retiree. A beneficiary under 100% Equated, 75% Equated or 50% Equated will receive the 100%, 75%, or 50% Survivor amount the month following the retiree's death as if the Equated Plan had not been chosen. A beneficiary does not participate in the Equated Plan.

Survivor Benefit

A non-duty survivor pension is available if a MIP member has 10 years of credited service or, if age 60 or older, with five years of credited service; the date they became a MIP member does not matter. The Basic plan provides a survivor pension with 15 years of credited service or, if age 60 or older, with 10 years of credited service. The Pension Plus plan provides for a survivor pension with 10 years of credited service. An active member may nominate as a survivor beneficiary a spouse, child(ren) (including adopted child(ren)), brother, sister, or parent. If other than the spouse is nominated and a spouse exists, the spouse must waive this benefit. If no beneficiary has been nominated, the beneficiary is automatically the spouse; or, if there is no spouse, unmarried children under age 18 share the benefit equally until age 18. The benefit is computed as a regular pension but reduced in accordance with a 100% survivor pension factor. The pension begins the first of the month following the member's death. In the event of the death of a deferred member, the System begins payment to the nominated beneficiary at the time the member would have attained the minimum age qualification.

A duty survivor pension is payable if weekly workers' compensation is being paid to the eligible beneficiary due to the member's death. A spouse receives the benefit (based on a minimum of 10 years of service credit) reduced in accordance with a 100% survivor pension factor. If there is no spouse, unmarried children under age 18 share the benefit equally until age 18; if there is no spouse or child(ren), a disabled and dependent parent is eligible.

Postemployment Adjustments

A retiree who became a MIP member prior to July 1, 2010, receives an annual post-retirement non-compounded increase of 3% of the initial pension in the October following twelve months of retirement. Basic plan members do not receive an annual post-retirement increase, but are eligible to receive a supplemental payment in those years when

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

investment earnings exceed actuarial assumptions. Pension Plus members do not receive an annual post-retirement increase.

On January 1, 1990, pre-October 1, 1981 retirees received an increase that ranged from 1% to 22% dependent upon the pension effective date. On October 1, 1990, the base pension of all retirees with an effective pension date of January 1, 1987, or earlier was increased to include all prior post-retirement adjustments.

On January 1, 1986, all recipients through calendar year 1985 received a permanent 8% increase that established the 1986 base pension. In addition, each October, retirees with a pension effective date of January 1, 1987, or earlier receive a fixed increase equal to 3% of the base pension. Both increases are deducted from the distribution of excess investment income, if any. Beginning in 1983, eligible recipients receive an annual distribution of excess investment income, if any.

Member Contributions

Mandatory member contributions were phased out between 1974 and 1977, with the plan remaining noncontributory until January 1, 1987, when the Member Investment Plan (MIP) was enacted. MIP members enrolled prior to January 1, 1990, contribute at a permanently fixed rate of 3.9% of gross wages. The MIP contribution rate was 4.0% from January 1, 1987, the effective date of the MIP, until January 1, 1990, when it was reduced to 3.9%. Members first hired between January 1, 1990 and June 30, 2008, and returning members who did not work between January 1, 1987, through December 31, 1989, contribute at the following graduated permanently fixed contribution rates: 3% of the first \$5,000; 3.6% of \$5,001 through \$15,000; 4.3% of all wages over \$15,000. Members first hired July 1, 2008, or later including Pension Plus plan members, contribute at the following graduated permanently fixed contribution rates: 3% of the first \$5,000; 3.6% of \$5,001 through \$15,000; 6.4% of all wages over \$15,000. Pension Plus 2 plan members contribute a flat 50% of the total calculated contribution rate including the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) contribution rate associated with the Pension Plus 2 plan, if any.

For a limited period ending December 31, 1992, an active Basic plan member could enroll in the MIP by paying the contributions that would have been made had enrollment occurred initially on January 1, 1987, or on the date of hire, plus interest. MIP contributions at the rate of 3.9% of gross wages begin at enrollment. Actuarial rate of interest is posted to member accounts on July 1 on all MIP monies on deposit for 12 months. If a member leaves public school service and no pension is payable, the member's accumulated contributions plus interest, if any, are refundable.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, eligible members voluntarily chose between increasing, maintaining, or stopping their contributions to the pension fund as of the transition date. Their options are described in detail under Pension Reform 2012 beginning on page 22. Members who elected to increase their level of contribution contribute 4% (Basic plan) or 7% (MIP); by doing so they maintain a 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. Members who elected to maintain their level of contribution will receive a 1.25% pension factor in their pension formula for their years of service as of their transition date. Their contribution rates are described above. Members who elected to stop their contributions became participants in the Defined Contribution plan as of their transition date.

Employer Contributions

Each school district or reporting entity is required to contribute the full actuarial funding contribution amount to fund pension benefits.

BENEFIT PROVISIONS - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT

Introduction

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP-Graded plan members) the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008, (MIP-Plus plan members) have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date.

Public Act 75 of 2010 requires each actively employed member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010, to annually contribute 3% of their compensation to offset employer contributions for healthcare benefits of current retirees.

Dependents are eligible for healthcare coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980. as amended.

Applications for enrollment after retirement are accepted anytime during the year, with coverage effective six months following the receipt of the application.

Retiree Healthcare Reform of 2012

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) account.

Members who did not make an election before the deadline retain the premium subsidy benefit and continue making the 3% contribution toward retiree healthcare. Deferred or nonvested members on September 3, 2012 who are rehired on or after September 4, 2012, will contribute 3% to retiree healthcare and will retain the premium subsidy benefit. Returning members who made the retirement healthcare election will retain whichever option they chose.

Those who elected to retain the premium subsidy continue to annually contribute 3% of compensation into the healthcare funding account. A member or former member age 60 or older, who made the 3% healthcare contributions but who does not meet eligibility requirements may request a refund of their contributions. Similarly, if a retiree dies before the total value of the insurance subsidy paid equals the total value of the contributions the member made, and there are no eligible dependents, the beneficiary may request a refund of unused funds. Refunds of member contributions to the healthcare funding account are issued as a supplemental benefit paid out over a 60-month period.

- Retirees with at least 21 years of service, who terminate employment after October 31, 1980, with vested deferred benefits, are eligible for subsidized employer-paid health benefit coverage.
- A delayed premium subsidy applies to retirees who became a member of the retirement system before
 July 1, 2008 and who purchased service credit on or after July 1, 2008. Such individuals are eligible for
 premium subsidy benefits at age 60 or when they would have been eligible to retire without having made a
 service purchase, whichever comes first. They may enroll in the insurances earlier but are responsible for the
 full premium until the premium subsidy begins.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, the state no longer offers an insurance premium subsidy in retirement for public school employees who first work on or after September 4, 2012. Instead, all new employees will be placed into the Personal Healthcare Fund where they will have support saving for retirement healthcare costs in the following ways:

• They will be automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into a 457 account as of their date of hire, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

• They will receive a credit into a Health Reimbursement Account (HRA) at termination if they have at least 10 years of service at termination. The credit will be \$2,000 for participants who are at least 60 years of age at termination or \$1,000 for participants who are less than 60 years of age at termination.

Participants in the Personal Healthcare Fund who become disabled for any reason are not eligible for any employer-funded health insurance premium subsidy. If a PHF participant suffers a nonduty-related death, his or her health benefit dependents are not eligible to participate in any employer funded health insurance premium subsidy. If a PHF participant suffers a duty death, the state will pay the maximum health premium allowed by statute for the surviving spouse and health benefit dependents. The spouses' insurance subsidy may continue until his or her death, the dependents' subsidy may continue until their eligibility ends (through marriage, age, or other event). Upon eligibility for a duty death benefit, the 2% employer matching contributions and related earnings in the member's 401(k) are forfeited and the state will pay for the subsidy. The beneficiaries receive the member's personal contributions and related earnings in the member's 457 account.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND PRESENTATION

The System's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions from the members and employers are recognized as revenue when due and payable. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the System. The reserves are described below, and details are provided in the supporting schedules.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67 and Statement No. 74, which were adopted during the year ended September 30, 2014 and 2017, addresses accounting and financial reporting requirements for pension and other postemployment benefit plans, respectively. The requirements for both GASB Statement No. 67 and 74 require changes in presentation of the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and required supplementary information. Significant changes include an actuarial calculation of total and net pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities. It also includes comprehensive note disclosures regarding the pension and other postemployment benefit liability, the sensitivity of the net pension and other postemployment benefit liability to the discount rate, and increased investment activity disclosures. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 67 and 74 did not significantly impact the accounting for accounts receivable and investment balances. The total pension and other postemployment benefit liability, determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67 and 74, is presented in Note 4 on page 32, Note 5 on page 35, and in the Required Supplementary Information beginning on page 51.

As of September 30, 2016, the System applied GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

RESERVES

Reserve for Employee Contributions

This reserve represents active member contributions and interest less amounts transferred to the Reserve for Retired Benefit Payments for regular and disability retirement, amounts refunded to terminated members, and amounts transferred to the Reserve for Employer Contributions representing unclaimed funds. Members no longer contribute to this reserve except to purchase eligible service credit or repay previously refunded contributions. At September 30, 2022, the balance in this reserve was \$1.5 billion.

Reserve for Pension Plus Employee Contributions

This reserve represents active member contributions and interest less amounts transferred to the Reserve for Pension Plus Retired Benefit Payments for regular retirement, amounts refunded to terminated members, and amounts transferred to the Reserve for Pension Plus Employer Contributions representing unclaimed funds. This reserve was established under the provisions of Public Act 75 of 2010. At September 30, 2022, the balance in this reserve was \$633.3 million.

Reserve for Pension Plus 2 Employee Contributions

This reserve represents active member contributions and interest less amounts transferred to the Reserve for Pension Plus 2 Retired Benefit Payments for regular retirement, amounts refunded to terminated members, and amounts

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

transferred to the Reserve for Pension Plus Employer II Contributions representing unclaimed funds. This reserve was established under the provisions of Public Act 92 of 2017. At September 30, 2022, the balance in this reserve was \$81.3 million.

Reserve for Member Investment Plan

This reserve represents MIP contributions and interest less refunds and transfers to the Reserve for Retired Benefit Payments. At September 30, 2022, the balance in this reserve was \$8.6 billion.

Reserve for Employer Contributions

This reserve represents all reporting unit contributions, except payments for health benefits. Interest from the Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income is credited annually. Amounts are transferred annually to the Reserve for Retired Benefit Payments to bring the balance of that reserve into balance with the actuarial present value of retirement allowances. At September 30, 2022, the balance in this reserve was (\$24.1) billion.

Reserve for Pension Plus Employer Contributions

This reserve represents all reporting unit contributions for Pension Plus members, except payments for health benefits. Interest from the Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income is credited annually at a rate of 7%. Amounts are transferred annually to the Reserve for Retired Pension Plus Benefit Payments to bring the balance of that reserve into balance with the actuarial present value of retirement allowances. This reserve was established under the provisions of Public Act 75 of 2010. At September 30, 2022, the balance in this reserve was \$463.5 million.

Reserve for Pension Plus 2 Employer Contributions

This reserve represents all reporting unit contributions for Pension Plus 2 members, except payments for health benefits. Interest from the Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income is credited annually at a rate of 7%. Amounts are transferred annually to the Reserve for Retired Pension Plus Benefit Payments to bring the balance of that reserve into balance with the actuarial present value of retirement allowances. This reserve was established under the provisions of Public Act 92 of 2017. At September 30, 2022, the balance in this reserve was \$83.5 million.

Reserve for Retired Benefit Payments

This reserve represents payments of future retirement benefits to current retirees. At retirement, a member's accumulated contributions plus interest are transferred into this reserve. Monthly benefits, which are paid to the retiree, reduce this reserve. At the end of each fiscal year, an amount, determined by an annual actuarial valuation, is transferred from the Reserve for Employer Contributions to bring the balance of this reserve into balance with the actuarial present value of retirement allowances. At September 30, 2022, the balance in this reserve was \$63.2 billion.

Reserve for Pension Plus Retired Benefit Payments

This reserve represents payments of future retirement benefits to current Pension Plus retirees. At retirement, a member's accumulated contributions plus interest are transferred into this reserve. Monthly benefits, which are paid to the retiree, reduce this reserve. At the end of each fiscal year, an amount, determined by an annual actuarial valuation, is transferred from the Reserve for Pension Plus Employer Contributions to bring the balance of this reserve into balance with the actuarial present value of retirement allowances. This reserve was established under the provisions of Public Act 75 of 2010. At September 30, 2022, the balance in this reserve was \$6.7 million.

Reserve for Pension Plus 2 Retired Benefit Payments

This reserve represents payments of future retirement benefits to current Pension Plus 2 retirees. At retirement, a member's accumulated contributions plus interest are transferred into this reserve. Monthly benefits, which are paid to the retiree, reduce this reserve. At the end of each fiscal year, an amount, determined by an annual actuarial valuation, is transferred from the Reserve for Pension Plus 2 Employer Contributions to bring the balance of this reserve into balance with the actuarial present value of retirement allowances. This reserve was established under the provisions of Public Act 92 of 2017. At September 30, 2022, the balance in this reserve was \$0.

Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income

This reserve represents all investment earnings. Interest is transferred annually to the other reserves. Administrative expenses of the System are paid from the Reserve for Administrative Expenses, which is credited with amounts from the Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income to cover the expenses. For ease of reporting and understanding,

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

the two reserves are presented as one reserve in the supporting schedules. Public Act 143 of 1997 established a stabilization subaccount within the Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income to which any over funding is credited. As of September 30, 2022, the balance in the subaccount was \$0. At September 30, 2022, the balance in this reserve was \$8.7 billion.

Reserve for Health (OPEB) Related Benefits

This reserve is credited with employee and employer contributions for retirees' health, dental, and vision benefits. Starting in fiscal year 2013, the employer contribution is based on a prefunded basis and represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. In addition, in fiscal year 2019, this reserve includes revenue from the federal government for the Employer Group Waiver Plan (EGWP). Premiums for health, dental and vision benefits are paid from this reserve. At September 30, 2022, the balance in this reserve was \$10.6 billion.

REPORTING ENTITY

The System is a fiduciary component unit of the State of Michigan. As such, the System's financial statements are included as a pension and other employee benefit trust fund in the State of Michigan Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The System and its Board are not financially accountable for any other entities or other organizations. Accordingly, the System is the only entity included in this financial report.

BENEFIT PROTECTION

Public Act 100 of 2002 was passed by the Michigan Legislature to protect pension benefits of public employees from alienation (being transferred). Alienation is attachment, garnishment, levy, execution, bankruptcy or other legal process except for divorce orders or eligible domestic relation orders. The statutes governing the System contained an "anti-alienation" clause to provide for this protection; however, many smaller public pension systems did not have the benefit of this protection. Therefore, Public Act 100 of 2002 was passed to establish legal protection of pension assets that encompasses all public employees.

INVESTMENTS

Generally, investments are reported at fair value, consistent with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. Short-term, highly liquid debt instruments including commercial paper are reported at amortized cost. Additional disclosures describing investments are provided in Note 6.

INVESTMENT INCOME

Dividend and interest income is recognized on the accrual basis. Fair value changes are recorded as investment income or loss. Purchases and sales of investments are recorded as of the trade date (the date upon which the transaction is initiated), except for purchase and sale of mortgages, real estate, and private equity investments which are recorded as of the settlement date (the date upon which the transaction is ultimately completed). The effect of recording such transactions as of the settlement date does not materially affect the financial statements.

COSTS OF ADMINISTERING THE SYSTEM

Each year a restricted general fund appropriation is requested to fund the ongoing business operations of the System. These administrative costs are ultimately funded by the System through the regular transfer of funds from the System to the State's general fund based on either a direct cost or allocation basis depending on the nature of the expense. Costs of administering the System are financed by undistributed investment income of the System.

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Office space is leased from the State on a year-to-year basis. Office equipment is capitalized if the value exceeds \$5,000. These assets are recorded at cost and are reported net of depreciation in the *Statement of Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position*. Such assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over 10 years. As of September 30, 1998, all capitalized equipment was fully depreciated. No additional equipment has been capitalized for the System since that date.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Leases and Services

The System leases operating space and purchases certain administrative, data processing, legal and investment services from the State. The space and services are not otherwise available by competitive bid. The schedule below summarizes costs incurred by the System for such services.

	2022
	 (in thousands)
Building Rentals	\$ 940
Technological Support	11,543
Attorney General	340
Investment Services	13,661
Personnel Services	11,519

Cash

At September 30, 2022, the System had \$248.3 million in a common cash investment pool maintained for various State operating funds. The participating funds in the common cash pool earn interest at various rates depending upon prevailing short-term interest rates. Earnings (Losses) from these activities amounted to \$981.3 thousand for the year ended September 30, 2022.

NOTE 3 – CONTRIBUTIONS

The majority of the members currently participate in the pension and OPEB plans on a contributory basis. Reporting units are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of pension benefits and OPEB. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The normal cost is the annual cost assigned under the actuarial funding method, to the current and subsequent plan years. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis.

Pension and OPEB contributions made in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022 were determined as of the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuations. The pension and OPEB unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) as of September 30, 2019 are amortized over a 17 year period beginning October 1, 2021 and ending September 30, 2038. The schedules on the following page summarize pension and OPEB contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2022.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PENSION CONTRIBUTION RATES

Benefit Structure	Member	Employer
Basic	0.0 - 4.0 %	13.73 - 26.38 %
Member Investment Plan	3.0 - 7.0	13.73 - 26.38
Pension Plus	3.0 - 6.4	17.22
Pension Plus 2	6.2	19.93
Defined Contribution	0.0	13.73 - 19.86

OPEB CONTRIBUTION RATES

Benefit Structure	Member	Employer
Premium Subsidy	3.0 %	5.87 - 8.09 %
Personal Healthcare Fund	0.0	5.87 - 7.23

The System may reconcile with actuarial requirements annually. If the System reconciles in a year, any funding deficiency for pension benefits is smoothed over a maximum of five years, with at least one-fifth (20%) of the funding deficiency included in the subsequent year's contribution. This payment is not recognized as a receivable in the accounting records. If the System does not reconcile in a year, any funding deficiency for pension benefits is accounted for in subsequent required contributions over the remaining amortization period. For fiscal year 2022, the System reconciled.

In May 1996, the Internal Revenue Service issued a private letter ruling allowing the System's members to purchase service credit and repay refunds using tax-deferred (pre-tax) dollars. The program was implemented in fiscal year 1998, and payments began in fiscal year 1999. Public Act 92 of 2017 discontinued the option to initiate a service credit purchase for the majority of service credit types as of September 29, 2017.

The program allowed members to purchase service credit and repay refunds on a tax-deferred basis. Members sign an irrevocable agreement that identifies the contract duration, monthly payment, total contract amount and years of service credit being purchased. The duration of the contract can range from 1 to 20 years. The payment amounts are withheld from members' paychecks and are treated as employer pick-up contributions pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 414(h). Contracts entered into prior to the September 29, 2017 deadline remain in effect.

At September 30, 2022, there were 2,169 agreements. The agreements were discounted using the contractual interest rate of 8.00% for September 30, 2022. The average remaining length of a contract was approximately 6.5 years for 2022. The short-term receivable was \$4.9 million, and the discounted long-term receivable was \$11.6 million at September 30, 2022.

NOTE 4 - NET PENSION LIABILITY

MEASUREMENT OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

The net pension liability is to be measured as the total pension liability, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. In actuarial terms, this will be the accrued liability less the fair value of assets (not the smoothed actuarial value of assets that is often encountered in actuarial valuations performed to determine the employer's contribution requirement).

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Net Pension Liability

Total Pension Liability	\$ 97,124,975,692
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Net Pension Liability	\$ 59,196,554,883 37,928,420,809
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	60.95%
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	380.70%
Total Covered Payroll	\$ 9,962,786,981

LONG-TERM EXPECTED RETURN ON PLAN ASSETS

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return were provided by the Bureau of Investments (BOI) for each major asset class included in the pension plan's portfolio as of September 30, 2022. These best estimates and the plan's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

Asset Allocation

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	25.0 %	5.1 %
International Equity Pools	15.0	6.7
Private Equity Pools	16.0	8.7
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0	5.3
Fixed Income Pools	13.0	(0.2)
Absolute Return Pools	9.0	2.7
Real Return / Opportunistic Pools	10.0	5.8
Short-Term Investment Pools	2.0	(0.5)
TOTAL	100.0 %	

^{*} Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.2% inflation.

RATE OF RETURN

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investment, net of pension plan investment expense, was (4.18)%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

DISCOUNT RATE

The Michigan Public Schools Employees' Retirement System's Board adopted a Dedicated Gains Policy to lower the discount rate in years where investment returns exceed the current assumption. The DTMB Director and the Board modified the dedicated gains policy to limit the reduction in the discount rate to no lower than 6.00%. A single discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total pension liability for the fiscal year 2022. In fiscal year 2021, the single discount rate used to measure the pension liability was 6.80% (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan). This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.00% (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan). The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate was based on the assumption that in the future, plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

SENSITIVITY OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE

As required by GASB Statement No. 67, we determined the sensitivity of the net pension liability, in thousands, to changes in the single discount rate. The following table presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

Current Discount						
1% Decrease	Rate Assumption	1% Increase				
5.00%	6.00%	7.00%				
\$50,074,907	\$37,928,421	\$27,916,048				

TIMING OF THE VALUATION

An actuarial valuation to determine the total pension liability is required to be performed at least every two years. If the actuarial valuation is not calculated as of the plan's fiscal year end, the total pension liability is required to be rolled forward from the actuarial valuation date to the pension plan's fiscal year end.

The total pension liability as of September 30, 2022, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2021 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures.

ACTUARIAL VALUATIONS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Actuarial valuations for the pension plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment and mortality. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the actuarially determined contributions (ADC) are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The Schedules of Contributions in Required Supplementary Information present trend information about the amounts contributed to the plan by employers in comparison to the ADC, an amount that is actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 67 for pension.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The information presented in the Net Pension Liability schedules and notes was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation Date September 30, 2021 Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age, Normal

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value

Actuarial Assumptions

Wage Inflation Rate 2.75%

Investment Rate of Return

MIP and Basic Plans
 Pension Plus Plan
 Pension Plus 2 Plan
 6.00% net of investment expenses
 6.00% net of investment expenses
 6.00% net of investment expenses

Projected Salary Increases 2.75% - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75% Cost of Living Adjustment 3% annual non-compounded for MIP members

Mortality

Retirees RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled by

82% for males and 78% for females and adjusted for mortality

improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Active RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Mortality Tables scaled 100% and

adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from

2006.

Disabled Retirees RP-2014 Male and Female Disabled Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled

100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale

MP-2017 from 2006.

Notes Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period

2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the determination of the total pension liability beginning with the September

30, 2018 valuation.

NOTE 5 – NET OPEB LIABILITY

MEASUREMENT OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

The net OPEB liability is to be measured as the total OPEB liability, less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. In actuarial terms, this will be the accrued liability less the fair value of assets (not the smoothed actuarial value of assets that is often encountered in actuarial valuations performed to determine the employer's contribution requirement).

Net OPEB Liability

 Total OPEB Liability
 \$ 12,699,389,492

 Plan Fiduciary Net Position
 10,618,766,169

 Net OPEB Liability
 \$ 2,080,623,323

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage

of Total OPEB Liability 83.62%

Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage

of Covered Payroll 20.88%

Total Covered Payroll \$ 9,962,786,981

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LONG-TERM EXPECTED RETURN ON PLAN ASSETS

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return were provided by the Bureau of Investments (BOI) for each major asset class that is included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2022. These best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Asset Allocation

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	25.0 %	5.1 %
International Equity Pools	15.0	6.7
Private Equity Pools	16.0	8.7
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0	5.3
Fixed Income Pools	13.0	(0.2)
Absolute Return Pools	9.0	2.7
Real Return / Opportunistic Pools	10.0	5.8
Short-Term Investment Pools	2.0	(0.5)
TOTAL	100.0 %	

^{*} Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.2% inflation.

RATE OF RETURN

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investment, net of OPEB plan investment expense, was (4.99)%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

DISCOUNT RATE

The Michigan Public Schools Employees' Retirement System's Board adopted a Dedicated Gains Policy to lower the discount rate in years where investment returns exceed the current assumption. The DTMB Director and the Board modified the dedicated gains policy to limit the reduction in the discount rate to no lower than 6.00%. A single discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total OPEB liability for fiscal year 2022. In fiscal year 2021, the single discount rate used to measure the OPEB liability was 6.95%. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate was based on the assumption that in the future plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SENSITIVITY OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE

As required by GASB Statement No. 74, we have determined the sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes, in thousands, in the single discount rate. The following table presents the plan's net OPEB liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

Current Discount						
1% Decrease	Rate Assumption	1% Increase				
5.00%	6.00%	7.00%				
\$3,532,818	\$2,080,623	\$857,568				

SENSITIVITY OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TO HEALTHCARE COST TREND RATE

As required by GASB Statement No. 74, we have determined the sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes, in thousands, in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following table presents the plan's net OPEB liability, calculated using the assumed trend rates as well as what the plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

Current Healthcare						
1% Decrease	Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase				
\$833,786	\$2,080,623	\$3,480,607				

TIMING OF THE VALUATION

An actuarial valuation to determine the total OPEB liability is required to be performed at least every two years. If the actuarial valuation is not calculated as of the plan's fiscal year end, the total OPEB liability is required to be rolled forward from the actuarial valuation date to the OPEB plan's fiscal year end.

The total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2022, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2021 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures.

ACTUARIAL VALUATIONS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Actuarial valuations for the OPEB plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the actuarially determined contributions (ADC) are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The Schedules of Contributions in Required Supplementary Information present trend information about the amounts contributed to the plan by employers in comparison to the ADC, an amount that is actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 74 for OPEB. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in Actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The information presented in the Net OPEB Liability schedules and notes was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation Date September 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age, Normal

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value

Actuarial Assumptions:

Wage Inflation Rate 2.75%

Investment Rate of Return 6.00% net of investment expenses

Projected Salary Increases 2.75% - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate²

- Pre-65 7.75% Year 1 graded to 3.50% Year 15; 3.00% Year 120 - Post-65 5.25% Year 1 graded to 3.50% Year 15; 3.00% Year 120

Mortality

Retirees RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled

by 82% for males and 78% for females and adjusted for mortality

improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Active RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Mortality Tables scaled 100%

and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-

2017 from 2006.

Disabled Retirees RP-2014 Male and Female Disabled Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled

100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale

MP-2017 from 2006.

Other Assumptions: 1

Opt Out Assumption 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of those

hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt out of the retiree health

plan.

Survivor Coverage 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to have

coverage continuing after the retiree's death.

Coverage Election at Retirement 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect

coverage for 1 or more dependents.

Notes: Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period

2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the determination of the total OPEB liability beginning with the September

30, 2018 valuation.

¹ Applies to individuals hired before September 4, 2012.

² Applies to medical, Rx and Medicare payments.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 6 - INVESTMENTS

INVESTMENT AUTHORITY

The State of Michigan Investment Board (Board) was created by Executive Order 2018-10 (Order) and serves as the investment fiduciary over the assets of the State sponsored defined benefit retirement systems. The Board is responsible for investing the System's assets in accordance with the duties and powers enumerated in the Order and with Public Act 380 of 1965, as amended. Investments are made subject to the Public Employee Retirement System Investment Act, Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended. The Public Employee Retirement System Investment Act authorizes, with certain restrictions, the investment of pension fund assets in stocks, corporate and government bonds and notes, mortgages, real estate, and certain short-term and private equity investments. Investments must be made for the exclusive purposes of providing benefits to active members, retired members and beneficiaries, and for defraying the expenses of investing the assets.

DERIVATIVES INSTRUMENTS

The Board employs the use of derivative instruments in the investment of the pension and other employee benefit trust funds (the trust funds).

Derivative instruments are used in managing the trust fund portfolios, but uses do not include speculation or leverage of investments. State investment statutes limit total derivative instrument exposure to 15% of a fund's total asset value and restrict uses to replication of returns and hedging of assets. Swap agreements represent the largest category of derivative instrument investments subject to this limitation. Option and Future contracts traded daily on an exchange and settling in cash daily or having a limited and fully defined risk profile at an identified, fixed cost are not subject to the derivative instrument exposure limitation. Less than 15% of the total trust funds' portfolio has been invested from time to time in future contracts, swap agreements, structured notes, option and forward contracts.

The derivative instrument fair values are reported on the *Statement of Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position* as of September 30, 2022, in their respective investment pool's fair value. Derivative instrument net increase and decrease are reported on the *Statement of Changes in Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position* for fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, under "Investment income (loss)", in "Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments". Bond interest, swap payments, and dividends are reported under "Investment income (loss)", in "Interest, dividends, and other".

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fair

Derivative Instrument Investment Table as of September 30, 2022 (in millions):

Investment and Investment Type	Percentage of Fair Value	Notational Value	Investments at Fair Value	Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value	Investment Income	Value Subject to Credit Risk
Future Contracts Fixed Income and International Equity Investments	0.0%	\$ 55.0	\$ -	\$ (156.4)	\$ -	\$ -
Option Contracts Equity, Fixed Income and International Equity Investments	0.3	59,321.4	192.5	(325.8)	-	-
Swap Agreements Fixed Income and International Equity Investments	1.3	2,111.1	922.2	(883.3)	(26.4)	18.8
Total		\$ 61,487.5	\$ 1,114.7	\$ (1,365.5)	\$ (26.4)	\$ 18.8

To diversify the trust funds' portfolio, the Board has entered into international swap agreements with investment grade counterparties, which are tied to stock market indices in approximately forty-six foreign countries. Generally, the notional amount of equity swap tied to foreign stock market indices is executed via a net total return USD index. The swap agreements provide that the System will pay quarterly or at maturity over the term of the swap agreements, interest indexed to the three month London Inter-Bank Offer Rate (LIBOR) or the U.S. Federal Funds Rate, adjusted for an interest rate spread, on the notional amount stated in the agreements. International equity swap agreement maturity dates range from October 2022 to June 2023. U.S. Treasury Bonds, U.S. Corporate Bonds and other public market fixed income securities, as well as other investments are held to correspond with the notional amount of the international swap agreements. The value of the international synthetic equity structures is a combination of the value of the swap agreements and the value of the notes and other investments in the collateral portfolio. The book value represents the cost of the bonds, notes, and other investments. The current value represents the current value of the bonds, notes, and other investments and the change in the value of the underlying indices from the inception of the swap agreements. The current value is used as a representation of the fair value based on the intention to hold all swap agreements until maturity. At the maturity of the swap agreements, the trust funds will either receive the increase in the value of the equity indices from the level at the inception of the agreements or pay the decrease in the value of the indices. U.S. Treasuries, cash, publicly traded fixed income investments and private market investments are held in the collateral portfolio to correspond with the notional amount of the swap agreements. The combined swap structure generally realizes gains and losses on a rolling basis.

To reduce the risk in the Fixed Income and International Equity portfolios, the Board has entered into FX swap agreements, interest rate swap agreements and credit default swap agreements with investment grade counterparties. The FX swap agreements are tied to foreign currency forward exchange rates and are used to reduce the currency risk within the fixed income portfolio. The swap agreements are entered into on an as-needed basis and are generally tied to the maturity of a foreign government bond indenture denominated in a foreign currency. The purpose of the FX swap agreement that has a final maturity date of less than three months, is to reduce or eliminate

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

the currency risk on foreign bond transactions. U.S. Domestic LIBOR-based floating rate notes, U.S. Treasury securities, and portfolio cash are held to correspond with the notional amount of FX swap agreements within the Fixed Income and International Equity Portfolios. Interest rate swaps are used to adjust interest rate and yield curve exposures and substitute for physical securities. Long swap positions that receive fixed rate increase exposure to long-term interest rates; short swap positions that pay fixed rate, decrease exposure. Credit default swaps (CDS) are used to manage credit exposure without buying or selling securities outright. Written CDS increase credit exposure, selling protection, obligating the portfolio to buy bonds from counterparties in the event of a default. Purchased CDS decrease exposure, buying protection, providing the right to "Put" bonds to the counterparty in the event of a default.

Counterparty credit risk is the maximum loss amount that would be incurred if the counterparties to the derivative instrument failed to perform according to the terms of the contract, without respect to any collateral or other security, or netting arrangement. For the Over-the-Counter (OTC) derivative instrument investments, the System held collateral of \$0 in cash deposits and \$0 in securities on behalf of counterparties. Collateral securities in the amount of \$609.2 million were held on the behalf of the system by counterparties.

The Board traded bond future contracts to manage duration, yield curve exposure, adjust interest rate exposures and replicate bond positions.

To enhance returns while limiting downside risk, the Board traded equity options in single securities and on indices in the Large Cap Core and All Cap GARP funds. Attractively priced equity options were used for the purpose of stock replacement in order to drive excess returns over the S&P 500, as well as to provide added exposure to strong equity markets while limiting principal at risk. Put options are used to protect against large negative moves in the market indices. Options traded by the Board in the Fixed Income and International Equity pools are used to manage interest rate and volatility exposures. Written options generate income in expected interest rate scenarios and may generate capital losses, if unexpected interest rate environments are realized. Both written and purchased options will become worthless at expiration if the underlying instrument does not reach the strike price of the option. However, purchased options are often sold well before expiration in order to lock in profits at prices well below listed strike prices, and thereby generate consistent returns.

SECURITIES LENDING

The System, pursuant to a Securities Lending Authorization Agreement, has authorized State Street Bank and Trust Company ("State Street") to act as the System's agent in lending System's securities to approved borrowers. State Street, as agent, enters into Securities Loan Agreements with borrowers.

During the fiscal year, State Street lent, on behalf of the Board, certain securities of the System held by State Street as custodian and received cash or other collateral including securities issued or guaranteed by the United States government. The types of securities lent were equity, and fixed income, which includes government and corporate bonds and notes. State Street does not have the ability to pledge or sell collateral securities delivered absent a borrower default. Borrowers were required to deliver collateral for each loan equal to at least 100% of the fair value of the loaned securities.

Pursuant to the Securities Lending Authorization Agreement, State Street had an obligation to indemnify the System in the event of default by a borrower. There were no failures by any borrowers to return loaned securities or pay distributions thereon during the fiscal year that resulted in a declaration or notice of default of the Borrower.

During the fiscal year, the System and the borrowers maintained the right to terminate securities lending transactions upon notice. The cash collateral received on each loan was invested, together with the cash collateral of other qualified tax-exempt plan lenders, in a collective investment pool. As of September 30, 2022, such investment pool had an average duration of 3 days and an average weighted final maturity of 91 days for USD. Because the loans were terminable at will their duration did not generally match the duration of the investments made with cash collateral. On September 30, 2022, the System had no credit risk exposure to borrowers. The fair value of collateral held and the fair value (USD) of securities on loan for the client as of September 30, 2022, was \$2.5 billion and \$2.4 billion, respectively.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

RISK

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, investments require certain disclosures regarding policies and practices and the risks associated with them. The credit risk, including custodial credit risk and concentration of credit risk the interest rate risk, and the foreign currency risk are discussed in the following paragraphs. Amounts represent the pro rata share of the underlying investments as required by GASB Statement No. 40. These investments are held in internal investment pools and reported as such in the financial statements.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer will not fulfill its obligations.

- Short-Term Fixed Income Investments Eligible commercial paper investments must be rated within one of the two highest rating classifications ("1" or "2") at the time of purchase from one of the nationally recognized ratings organizations (NRSROs) specified in Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended. Borrowers must have at least \$400.0 million in commercial paper outstanding, and the Board may not invest in more than 10% of the borrower's outstanding debt.
- Long-Term Fixed Income Investments Investment grade and noninvestment grade securities may be
 acquired in compliance with the parameters set forth in Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended, and the Board's
 Investment Policy Statement for the System. Public Act 314 defines investment grade as investments in the
 top four major grades, rated by one of the NRSROs. At September 30, 2022, the System was in compliance
 with Public Act 314 and the Investment Policy Statement in all material aspects.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Rated Debt Investments

(in thousands) As of September 30, 2022

Investment Type		Fair Value	S&P	Fair Value	Moody's
Short Term		1,033,357	A-1	\$ 1,021,706	P-1
		92,717	A-2	92,717	P-2
		-	NR	11,651	NR
Money Market		195,630	AAA	195,630	Aaa
Government Securities					
U.S. Agencies - Sponsored		799	AAA	509,462	Aaa
		508,662	AA	-	Aa
Fixed Income					
		113,817	AAA	265,052	Aaa
		173,108	AA	156,108	Aa
		307,854	Α	363,909	Α
		853,131	BBB	725,995	Baa
		238,672	BB	219,139	Ba
		98,960	В	144,082	В
		45,201	CCC	63,473	Caa
		41,998	CC	54,015	Ca
		-	С	9,256	С
		10,993	D	-	D
		1,509,055	NR	1,391,759	NR
Securities Lending Collateral					
Short Term		231,325	A-1	285,848	P-1
Fixed Income		81,784	AA	564,175	Aa
		2,138,873	Α	885,375	Α
		70,101	NR	786,685	NR
Mutual Funds					
		65,556	BBB	65,556	Baa
		81,988	BB	81,988	Ва
		10,576	В	10,576	В
Total	\$	7,904,158		\$ 7,904,158	

NR - Not Rated

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the State will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the government name.

The Board does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. However, the State's custodial bank had a credit rating of A at September 30, 2022. As of September 30, 2022, no securities were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

Other than obligations issued, assumed or guaranteed by the United States, its agencies or United States government sponsored enterprises, the System is prohibited by Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended, from investing more than 5% of the outstanding obligations of any one issuer or investing more than 5% of a System's assets in the obligations of any one issuer. When calculating the amount of outstanding obligations, the System includes publicly issued and privately held debt.

At September 30, 2022, there were no investments in any single issuer that accounted for more than 5% of the System's assets. The System held one investment that exceeded the 5% cap in obligations of any one issuer. The System is aware of the breach and in accordance with MCL 38.1133(3)(g), is developing a prudent plan for reallocating assets to comply with the prescribed limitations.

Interest Rate Risk - Fixed Income Investments

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The Boards policy states that cash equivalents are invested in short-term fixed income securities with an average weighted maturity of less than one year to provide liquidity and safety of principal from capital market and default risk. At September 30, 2022, the fair value of the System's short term investments was \$1,321.7 million with the weighted average maturity of 25 days.

The Board does not have a policy regarding interest rate risk for long-term debt investments. However, the trust funds are invested with a long-term strategy. The goal is to balance higher returns while accepting minimum risk for the return. Analyzing the yield curve on individual securities as compared to U.S. Treasuries determines, in part, what is an acceptable risk for the return. Therefore, market conditions such as lower interest rates result in shorter duration and higher interest rates result in longer duration.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Debt Securities

(in thousands)
As of September 30, 2022

	 Fair Value	Effective Duration in Years
Government		
U. S. Treasury	\$ 1,721,634	10.70
U. S. Agencies - Backed	188,185	4.78
U. S. Agencies - Sponsored	509,462	5.18
Corporate	3,550,909	3.01
International*		
U. S. Treasury	1,179,580	1.41
Total	\$ 7,149,771	

Debt securities are exclusive of securities lending collateral.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit.

The System invests in various securities denominated in foreign currencies. Authorized global securities include equities, fixed income, mutual funds, real estate, and limited partnerships. These investments are limited to 30% of the total assets of the System with additional limits of not more than 5% of the outstanding global securities of any one issuer and no more than 5% of the System's assets in the global securities of any one issuer. In addition to these limits, the Board cannot acquire securities with companies that have active business operations in the state sponsors of terror as identified by the United States Secretary of State. At September 30, 2022, the total amount of foreign investment subject to foreign currency risk was \$6,354.2 million, which amounted to 9.1% of total investments (exclusive of securities lending collateral) of the System.

^{*} International contains Domestic Government and Corporate Debt Securities as a part of their derivative instrument strategies. The interest rates reset on a quarterly basis for these securities.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Foreign Currency Risk

(in thousands) As of September 30, 2022

Region	Country	Currency	Fa	Equity air Value n U.S. \$		xed Income Fair Value in U.S. \$	Abs	ernational & olute Return Fair Value in U.S. \$	Rea Infr Fa	ate Equity, Il Estate, & astructure air Value n U.S. \$
AMERICA	D "	D .	•		•	4.000	•	10.054	•	
	Brazil	Real	\$	- 0.005	\$	1,080	\$	13,054	\$	-
	Canada	Dollar		8,385		35,225		91,134		278
	Mexico	Peso		653		3,996		20,730		621
	Peru Chilo	Sol		-		620		-		-
PACIFIC	Chile	Peso		-		1,350		-		-
PACIFIC	Austrailia	Dollar		1,881		6,982		73,221		
	Hong Kong	Dollar		7,186		0,962		85,028		-
	India	Rupee		7,100		91		05,020		_
	Indonesia	Rupiah		1,981		-		_		_
	Japan	Yen		1,674		10,291		76,704		_
	Malaysia	Ringgit		1,074		3,755		70,704		_
	Taiwan	Dollar		_		-		23,586		_
	China	Renminbi		3,695		_		11,730		_
	Singapore	Dollar		1,402		7,965				_
	South Korea	Won		-, .02		19,965		13,713		_
	Thailand	Baht		_		3,553		-		_
	New Zeeland	Dollar		_		-		8,329		_
	China	Yuan		7		(4,813)		980		_
	China	Yuan Offshore		-		4,897		-		_
EUROPE	•					.,				
	Denmark	Krone		_		_		39,654		_
	European Union	Euro		122,102		40,532		284,233		390,706
	Hungry	Forint		, - -		1,900		-		-
	Poland	Zloty		_		3,072		-		-
	United Kingdom	Sterling		33,720		8,515		98,853		41,495
	Romania	Leu		-				-		· -
	Sweden	Krona		8,609		2,787		83,666		-
	Switzerland	Franc		14,445		-		25,871		-
	Czech Republic	Koruna		-		1,508		-		-
AFRICA										
	South Africa	Rand		1,293		1,098		(1)		-
	Liberia	Dollar		2,123		-		-		-
	Zambia	Kwacha		-		320		-		-
MIDDLE EA	ST									
	Israel	New Shekel		4,382		2,470		-		-
OTHER	Various	Various						4,599,959		-
	Total		\$	213,537	\$	157,159	\$	5,550,442	\$	433,102

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Retirement System categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Not all investments held by the Retirement System are recorded at fair value. GASB 72 allows for certain investments to be recorded at cost (or amortized cost or any other valuation method), and therefore, they are not presented in the fair value hierarchy table. Equity and fixed income securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Equity Swaps and Fixed Income securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique and other significant observable inputs. Equity and fixed income securities classified as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using third party data and reports that are unobservable. Securities reported at Net Asset Value (NAV) are valued using the most recent third party statement adjusted for cash flows as of September 30, 2022. Investments that are measured at fair value using the Net Asset Value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The Retirement System's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

			Fair Value Measurement Using						
		•		Quoted Prices In		Significant Other	Significant		
				Active Markets		Observable	Unobservable		
				for		Inputs	Inputs		
		Balance at		Identical Assets		(1 10)	(1 10)		
Investments by fair value level:	Sep	tember 30, 2022		(Level 1)		(Level 2)	(Level 3)		
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,419,902	\$	6,419,902	\$	- ;	\$		
Equity									
Depository Receipts		86,403,305		86,403,305		-	-		
Warrants		24,704		24,704		-	-		
Common Stocks		11,413,003,784		11,412,836,618		-	167,166		
Real Estate Investments Trusts		517,457,419		517,457,419		-	-		
Swaps		(581,325,075)		597,931,550		(1,179,256,625)	-		
Commingled Funds, ETF's, and PTP's		5,349,907,422		5,349,617,019		290,403	-		
Options		193,513,024		193,513,024		-			
Total Equity		16,978,984,582		18,157,783,638		(1,178,966,222)	167,166		
Fixed Income									
Asset Backed		1,034,137,321		-		1,027,049,678	7,087,643		
Corporate Bonds		1,254,339,036		-		1,238,131,457	16,207,579		
Commercial Mortgage-Backed		1,151,262,277		-		1,151,012,803	249,474		
Government Issues		3,034,524,238		964,570,327		2,069,953,911	-		
Swaps		7,806,929		-		7,806,929	-		
US Agency Issues		517,385,875		-		517,385,875	-		
Forwards		-		-		-	-		
Commingled Funds, ETF's, and PTP's		458,684,579		458,684,579		-	-		
Options		25,938		-		25,938	-		
Total Fixed Income		7,458,166,192		1,423,254,906		6,011,366,591	23,544,696		
Total investments by fair value level	\$	24,443,570,676	\$	19,587,458,446	\$	4,832,400,368	\$ 23,711,862		
Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV)									
Private Equity Total		17,671,848,487							
Real Estate and Infrastructure Total		7,215,916,067							
Absolute Return Total		7,057,584,698							
Real Return Total		8,297,485,361							
Other Limited Partnership		3,067,478,974							
Total investments measured at the NAV	\$	43,310,313,588							
Total investments measured at fair value	\$	67,753,884,263							

Additional disclosures for fair value measurements of investments in certain entities that calculate the Net Asset Value per Share (or its equivalent):

Private Equity Funds

(in thousands)

Total investments measured at the NAV \$ 17,671,848 Unfunded commitments \$ 6,116,777

These types of investment includes investments in approximately 276 partnerships that invest in leveraged buyouts, venture capital, mezzanine debt, distressed debt, secondary funds and other investments. These types of investments can never be redeemed with the funds, but distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the fund. It's expected that the underlying assets of the fund are liquidated over a period of five to eight years. However, as of September 30, 2022, it is probable that all of the investments in this group will be sold at an amount different from the NAV per share (or its equivalent). Therefore, the fair values of the investments in this type have

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

been determined using recent observable transaction information for similar investments and nonbinding bids received from potential buyers of the investments. As of September 30, 2022, a buyer for these investments has not been identified.

Real Estate and Infrastructure

(in thousands)

Total investments measured at the NAV \$ 7,215,916 Unfunded commitments 2,619,942

Real Estate and Infrastructure funds include approximately 115 accounts (limited partnerships, limited liability companies, etc.) that invest in real estate or infrastructure related assets. The fair value of the Real Estate and Infrastructure funds have been determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the Plan's ownership interest in partners' capital. These types of investments cannot be redeemed with the funds. Distributions from these funds will be received as the underlying investments are sold and liquidated over time. It is expected that the underlying assets will be sold over the next 5 – 15 years. However, buyers have not been determined so the fair value has been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the Plan's ownership interest in partners' capital.

Absolute Return Portfolio

(in thousands)

Total investments measured at the NAV \$ 7,057,585 Unfunded commitments \$ 2,665,199

This type includes approximately 5 investments in hedge funds and hedge funds and approximately 73 investments in private credit strategies. These investments seek to diversify risk and reduce volatility. The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the investments. Most of the investments are redeemable or have a final fund term that is 10 years or less.

Real Return and Opportunistic Portfolio

(in thousands)

Total investments measured at the NAV \$ 8,297,485 Unfunded commitments 1,811,971

This type includes approximately 35 funds that invest in private credit, tangible and intangible real assets, or other real return and opportunistic strategies. The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the Plan's ownership interest in partners' capital. These investments can never be redeemed with the funds. Distributions from each fund will be received as the underlying investments of the funds are liquidated. It is expected that the underlying assets of the funds will be liquidated over the next 5 to 10 years.

All Other Investments

(in thousands)

Total investments measured at the NAV \$ 3,067,479 Unfunded commitments 286,029

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The balance of plan assets reported at fair value includes 16 investments:

- LPs that invest in fixed income type investment; residential rehabilitation, middle market business loans and senior secured debt financing. These investments cannot be redeemed by limited partners. Distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the fund.
- LPs that invest in fixed income type investments permitting partners to request redemption monthly or quarterly, after initial lock up period of 1 year or less, requiring 45 to 65 days' advance notice.
- LPs investing in global investments permitting partners to request partial redemptions quarterly or monthly, with advance notice, subject to the sole discretion of the general partner.
- LPs that invest in private equity, private credit/loans, and tangible real assets that cannot be redeemed by limited partners. Distributions from each fund will be received as the underlying investments of the funds are liquidated.

NOTE 7 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Under the Administrative Procedures Act, members may appeal a decision made by the Retirement Board. Once the administrative procedure has been exhausted, the decision may be appealed in Michigan's court system. Various cases that have exhausted the administrative procedures have been appealed in the court system. These cases are in the normal course of business and the System does not anticipate any material loss as a result of the contingent liabilities.

PENDING LITIGATION

Michigan Supreme Court No. 1635670

Current and former public school administrators (Plaintiffs) allege that the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System and related entities and officials violated their (and other similarly situated individuals') retirement benefit rights under the Public School Employees Retirement Act by implementing and administering a normal salary increase (NSI) limitation in a manner that unlawfully reduces the "compensation" that may be counted toward their pension calculation. In May 2020, the Michigan Court of Claims (COC) issued a decision dismissing the Plaintiffs' claims. The Plaintiffs' filed an appeal to the Michigan Court of Appeals (COA) and the COA ruled in favor of the Plaintiffs.

On September 23, 2021, the State (Defendants) filed an application for leave to appeal to the Michigan Supreme Court (MSC). In the application, Defendants argued that the COA misconstrued the Retirement Act as exempting public school administrators from the NSI limitations and, in any event, misapprehended the import of its holdings. Briefing of the case was completed in April 2022 and a decision is expected by the end of July 2023. Given the not-yet-answered questions surrounding the proper interpretation of the challenged statutory provision, the amount at stake cannot be specifically determined.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY

(in thousands)

							F	iscal Year						
		2022		2021	2020	2019		2018	2017		2016	2015		2014
Total Pension Liability														
Service Cost	\$	859,233	\$	850,016	\$ 854,272	\$ 779,545	\$	752,589	\$ 675,804	\$	682,608	\$ 674,943	\$	738,574
Interest		5,797,601		5,728,433	5,607,512	5,561,469		5,352,730	5,348,515		5,226,021	5,137,527		4,959,187
Changes of benefit terms		-		-	-	-		-	-		-	-		-
Differences between expected														
and actual experience		217,098		(163,121)	596,200	119,391		(187,289)	(120,998)		401,202	(75,932)		-
Changes of assumptions		8,139,135		-	-	2,226,621		6,588,286	3,461,025		-	-		1,054,479
Benefit payments, including														
refunds of member contributions		(5,457,513)		(5,336,242)	 (5,211,046)	 (5,087,969)		(4,963,271)	 (4,833,050)		(4,695,818)	 (4,555,349)		(4,417,169)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		9,555,553		1,079,086	1,846,938	3,599,058		7,543,045	4,531,295		1,614,013	1,181,190		2,335,070
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		87,569,423		86,490,336	84,643,399	81,044,341		73,501,296	68,970,001		67,355,988	66,174,798		63,839,728
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	97,124,976	\$	87,569,423	\$ 86,490,336	\$ 84,643,399	\$	81,044,341	\$ 73,501,296	\$	68,970,001	\$ 67,355,988	\$	66,174,798
Plan Fiduciary Net Position														
Contributions - Employer	\$	3,843,216	\$	3,081,014	\$ 2,808,839	\$ 2,706,713	\$	2,791,509	\$ 2,398,950	\$	2,308,657	1,967,611		1,600,375
Contributions - Member	·	434,411	·	413,531	401,626	403,147		393,059	427,988	·	398,893	395,722		405,444
Net Investment Income		(2,932,020)		13,740,731	2,545,231	2,519,320		5,135,866	5,583,469		3,095,178	938,143		6,192,711
Benefit payments, including		, , , ,												
refunds of member contributions		(5,457,513)		(5,336,242)	(5,211,046)	(5,087,969)		(4,963,271)	(4,833,050)		(4,695,818)	(4,555,349)		(4,417,169)
Administrative and Other Expenses		(23,784)		(23,239)	(23,119)	(27,741)		(25,952)	(26,133)		(26,213)	(24,487)		(23,711)
Other 1,2		89		132	77,526	202		504	(20)		(2,479)	(112,468)		-
Net Change in Plan						 								
Fiduciary Net Position		(4,135,601)		11,875,927	599,058	513,672		3,331,715	3,551,204		1,078,218	(1,390,828)		3,757,649
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		63,332,155		51,456,229	50,857,170	50,343,498		47,011,783	43,460,579		42,382,361	43,773,189		40,015,540
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	59,196,555	\$	63,332,155	\$ 51,456,229	\$ 50,857,170	\$	50,343,498	\$ 47,011,783	\$	43,460,579	\$ 42,382,361	\$	43,773,189
Net Pension Liability -			_										_	
Ending (a) - (b)	\$	37,928,421	\$	24,237,267	\$ 35,034,108	\$ 33,786,229	\$	30,700,843	\$ 26,489,513	\$	25,509,422	\$ 24,973,627	\$	22,401,609
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage														
of the Total Pension Liability		60.95%		72.32%	59.49%	60.08%		62.12%	63.96%		63.01%	62.92%		66.15%
Covered Payroll	\$	9,962,787	\$	9,269,004	\$ 9,087,724	\$ 8,958,777	\$	8,583,695	\$ 8,452,983	\$	8,510,200	\$ 8,426,755	\$	8,895,091
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage														
of Covered Payroll		380.70%		261.49%	385.51%	377.13%		357.66%	313.37%		299.75%	296.36%		251.84%

¹ Includes the \$77.5 million restatement of beginning net position for the Pension plan in fiscal year 2020 to account for additional contributions due to the System from members and employers.

NOTE: This schedule is required to show information for ten years, additional years will be displayed as they become available.

² University employer contribution refund for fiscal years 2015 and 2016.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY

(in thousands)

					Fiscal Year							
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
Total OPEB Liability												
Service Cost	\$	189,806	\$	208,171	\$	204,703	\$	179,016	\$	188,707	\$	205,693
Interest		836,978		926,740		984,753		1,003,488		1,050,293		1,015,305
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-		-
Differences between expected												
and actual experience		(1,326,557)		(1,716,336)		(2,454,057)		(1,835,497)		(1,748,107)		(118,988)
Changes of assumptions		1,328,980		(234,942)		711,252		1,102,881		1,044,391		-
Benefit payments, including												
refunds of member contributions		(555,515)		(376,485)		(189,729)		(467,095)		(531,998)		(1,255,980)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		473,692		(1,192,851)		(743,078)		(17,207)		3,286		(153,969)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		12,225,698		13,418,548		14,161,627		14,178,834		14,175,547		14,329,516
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	\$	12,699,389	\$	12,225,698	\$	13,418,548	\$	14,161,627	\$	14,178,834	\$	14,175,547
Plan Fiduciary Net Position												
Contributions - Employer	\$	771,571	\$	749,591	\$	708,509	\$	707,714	\$	663,708	\$	794,667
Contributions - Member		205,596		203,769		204,752		208,197		210,680		214,249
Net Investment Income		(537,847)		2,154,623		374,570		336,063		594,893		595,265
Benefit payments, including												
refunds of member contributions ¹		(555,515)		(376,485)		(189,729)		(467,095)		(531,998)		(1,255,980)
Administrative and Other Expenses		(7,315)		(8,443)		(6,214)		(4,098)		(3,912)		(2,605)
Other ²		79		116		35,040		75		96		-
Net Change in Plan				_		· · · · · ·				_		
Fiduciary Net Position		(123,432)		2,723,171		1,126,929		780,857		933,467		345,596
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		10,742,198		8,019,027		6,892,099		6,111,241		5,177,775		4,832,179
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	Φ	10,742,196	¢	10,742,198	\$	8,019,027	\$	6,892,099	\$	6,111,241	\$	5,177,775
Flati Hudelary Net Fosition - Ending (b)	Ψ	10,010,700	Ψ	10,742,130	Ψ	0,019,021	Ψ	0,032,033	Ψ	0,111,241	Ψ	3,177,773
Net OPEB Liability -												
Ending (a) - (b)	\$	2,080,623	\$	1,483,500	\$	5,399,521	\$	7,269,528	\$	8,067,592	\$	8,997,773
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage												
of the Total OPEB Liability		83.62%		87.87%		59.76%		48.67%		43.10%		36.53%
•												
Covered Payroll	\$	9,962,787	\$	9,269,004	\$	9,087,724	\$	8,958,777	\$	8,583,695	\$	8,452,983
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		20.88%		16.00%		59.42%		81.14%		93.99%		106.44%

¹ Includes the \$553.8 million attributable to the refund of the 3% member contributions collected prior to the passage of Public Act 300 for fiscal year 2017.

NOTE: This schedule is required to show information for ten years, additional years will be displayed as they become available.

² Includes \$34.9 million restatement of beginning net position for the OPEB plan in fiscal year 2020 to account for additional contributions due to the System from members and employers.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULES OF CONTRIBUTIONS PENSION BENEFITS

(in thousands)

A -4---1

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)	Actual Employer Contribution ²	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2013	\$ 1,931,894	\$ 1,364,136	\$ 567,758	\$ 8,225,140	16.6 %
2014	2,117,097	1,600,375	516,722	8,895,091	18.0
2015	2,184,029	1,967,611	216,418	8,426,755	23.4
2016	2,312,223	2,308,657	3,566	8,510,200	27.1
2017 ¹	2,334,212	2,398,950	(64,738)	8,452,983	28.4
2018	2,474,279	2,791,509	(317,230)	8,583,695	32.5
2019	2,712,859	2,706,713	6,146	8,958,777	30.2
2020	2,818,578	2,808,839	9,739	9,087,724	30.9
2021	2,961,725	3,081,014	(119,289)	9,269,004	33.2
2022	3,181,516	3,843,216	(661,700)	9,962,787	38.6

¹ The ADC has been recalculated for all prior years presented in order to reflect only the employer's share of the annual required contributions and current assumptions.

OPEB BENEFITS (in thousands)

Actual **Actuarially** Contribution Fiscal Year **Determined Actual** Contribution as a % of Contribution Covered Ended **Employer** Deficiency Covered Sept. 30 (ADC) Contributions¹ (Excess) **Payroll** Payroll 2013 ¹ 1,466,840 973,003 493,837 8,225,140 11.8 % 2014 944,571 1,000,032 (55,461)8,895,091 11.2 974,957 969,419 2015 5,538 8,426,755 11.5 883,943 27,744 2016 911,687 8,510,200 10.4 815,985 794,667 21,318 8,452,983 9.4 2017 7.7 2018 673,996 663,708 10,288 8,583,695 711,059 707,714 3,345 7.9 2019 8,958,777 2020 638,385 708,509 (70, 124)9,087,724 7.8 2021 605,290 749,591 (144,300)9,269,004 8.1 2022 500,204 771,571 (271,367)9,962,787 7.7

² Differences between the ADC and the actual contributions are the result of a timing difference between when the actuarial valuation is completed, and the contributions are made.

¹ Differences between the ADC and the actual contributions are the result of a timing difference between when the actuarial valuation is completed, and the contributions are made.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENT RETURNS PENSION BENEFITS

Fiscal Year	Annual <u>Return¹</u>
2014	12.58 %
2015	(0.02)
2016	5.91
2017	13.24
2018	11.11
2019	5.14
2020	5.37
2021	27.30
2022	(4.18)

¹ Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses.

OPEB BENEFITS

Fiscal Year	Annual Return ¹
2017	11.82 %
2018	10.75
2019	5.37
2020	5.24
2021	27.14
2022	(4.99)

¹ Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses.

NOTE: These schedules are required to show information for ten years, additional years will be displayed as they become available.

NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NOTE A - DESCRIPTION

Ten year historical trend information designed to provide information about the System's progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the preceding schedules. Other ten year historical trend information related to the System is presented in the Statistical and Actuarial Sections of the report. This information is presented to enable the reader to assess the progress made by the System in accumulating sufficient assets to pay pension and other postemployment benefits as they become due.

The comparability of trend information is affected by changes in actuarial assumptions, benefit provisions, actuarial funding methods, accounting policies, and other changes. Those changes usually affect trends in contribution requirements and in ratios that use the pension and other postemployment benefit obligations as a factor.

The Schedules of Contributions are presented to show the responsibility of the Employer in meeting the actuarial requirements to maintain the System on a sound financial basis.

The Schedules of Changes in Net Pension and OPEB Liability, Schedules of Contributions, and Schedules of Investment Returns are schedules that are required in implementing GASB Statement No. 67 for pension and No. 74 for OPEB. These schedules are required to show information for ten years; additional years will be displayed as they becomes available. The Schedules of Changes in the Net Pension and Net OPEB Liabilities represents in actuarial terms the accrued liability less the fair value of assets. The Schedule of Contributions is a comparison of the employer's contributions to the actuarially determined contributions. The Schedule of Investment Returns represents a money-weighted rate of return that expresses investment performance, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

The actuarially determined contributions presented in the Schedule of Contributions for pension and OPEB are calculated as of September 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the fiscal year 2022 contributions reported in that schedule.

NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contributions for Fiscal Year 2022:

Pension and OPEB

Valuation Date September 30, 2019 Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age, Normal

Amortization Method Level percent of payroll, closed period

Remaining Amortization Period 17 years as of October 1, 2021 ending September 30, 2038

Price Inflation 2.25%

Projected Salary Increases 2.75% - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

conditions.

Mortality

Retirees RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled by 82%

for males and 78% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using

projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Active RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Mortality Tables scaled 100% and

adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from

2006.

Disabled Retirees RP-2014 Male and Female Disabled Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled 100%

and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from

2006.

Pension

Asset Valuation Method 5 year smoothed fair value

Investment Rate of Return

MIP and Basic Plans

6.80% net of investment expenses
Pension Plus Plan

6.80% net of investment expenses
Pension Plus 2 Plan

6.00% net of investment expenses

OPEB

Asset Valuation Method 5 year smoothed fair value

Investment Rate of Return 6.95% net of investment expenses

Health Care Trend Rates

Medical and prescription drugs 7.00% Year 1 graded to 3.50% Year 15; 3.00% Year 120

Medicare payments 7.00% Year 1 graded to 3.50% Year 15; 3.00% Year 120

Dental/Vision 3.50% all years; 3.00% Year 120

Aging Factors Based on the 2013 SOA Study "Health Care Costs – From Birth to Death."

Notes

Some of the assumptions used to develop the 2022 Total Pension Liability (TPL) and the 2022 Total OPEB Liability (TOL) may be different than the assumptions shown above. The assumptions used to develop the TPL are described in Note 4 (Page 32) of this report and the assumptions used to

develop the TOL are described in Note 5 (page 35) of this report.

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PENSION PLAN ADMINISTRATIVE AND OTHER EXPENSES

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022 (in thousands)

Personnel Services:	
Staff Salaries	\$ 5,168
Staff Retirement and Social Security	2,539
Other Staff Fringe Benefits	932
Total	8,639
Professional Services:	
Accounting	1,834
Actuarial	325
Attorney General	293
Audit	434
Consulting	37
Medical	156
Total	3,078
Building and Equipment:	
Building Rentals	803
Equipment Purchase, Maintenance, and Rentals	16
Total	820
Miscellaneous:	
Travel and Board Meetings	3
Office Supplies	3
Postage, Telephone, and Other	1,277
Printing	96
Technological Support	 9,869
Total	11,248
Total Administrative and Other Expenses	\$ 23,784

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF OPEB PLAN ADMINISTRATIVE AND OTHER EXPENSES

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022 (in thousands)

Personnel Services:	
Staff Salaries	\$ 1,723
Staff Retirement and Social Security	846
Other Staff Fringe Benefits	311
Total	2,880
Professional Services:	
Accounting	311
Actuarial	55
Attorney General	47
Audit	74
Consulting	1,824
Medical	 32
Total	2,342
Building and Equipment:	
Building Rentals	136
Equipment Purchase, Maintenance, and Rentals	3
Total	139
Miscellaneous:	
Printing	16
Postage, Telephone, and Other	263
Technological Support	1,674
Health Fees	158,211
Dental Fees	5,336
Vision Fees	 190
Total	165,691
Total Administrative and Other Expenses	\$ 171,052

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT EXPENSES

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022 (in thousands)

Securities Lending Expenses	\$ 19,942
Other Investment Expenses ¹	
ORS-Investment Expenses ²	13,660
Custody Fees	1,501
Management Fees	254,367
Research Fees	7,858

Total Investment Expenses 297,328

SCHEDULE OF PAYMENTS FOR PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022 (in thousands)

Accounting	\$ 2,145
Actuary	380
Attorney General	340
Independent Auditors	508
Consulting	1,861
Medical Advisor	188

Total Payments \$ 5,423

¹ Refer to the Investment Section for fees paid to investment professionals.

² Does not exclude Treasury Civil Service fees recorded as a pass through in the Schedule of Investment Fee - State Treasurer. As of September 30, 2022, fees totaled \$211,818.

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

DETAIL OF CHANGES IN PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

(Pension and other Postemployment Benefits) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	Employee Contributions	Employee Contributions Pension Plus	Employee Contributions Pension Plus 2	Member Investment Plan	Employer Contributions
Additions:					
Contributions:					
Member contributions	\$ 7,340) \$ 71,584	\$ 33,236	\$ 322,251	\$ -
Employer contributions:					
Colleges and universities	-	-	-	-	626,493
School districts and other	-	-	-	-	3,137,320
Other governmental contributions		<u> </u>			
Total contributions	7,340	71,584	33,236	322,251	3,763,813
Investment income (loss):					
Net increase (decrease) in fair					
value of investments	-	-	-	-	-
Interest, dividends, and other	-	-	-	-	-
Investment expenses:					
Real estate operating expenses	-	-	-	-	-
Other investment expenses	-	-	-	-	-
Securities lending activities:					
Securities lending income	-	-	-	-	-
Securities lending expenses					
Net investment income (loss)		<u> </u>			
Miscellaneous income					
Total additions	7,340	71,584	33,236	322,251	3,763,813
Deductions:					
Benefits paid to plan					
members and beneficiaries:					
Retirement benefits	-	-	-	-	-
Health benefits	-	-	-	-	-
Dental/vision benefits	-	-	-	-	-
Refund of contributions	3,317	2,924	354	26,649	(67)
Administrative and other expenses					
Total deductions	3,317	2,924	354	26,649	(67)
N. (1	,				
Net Increase (Decrease) before other	4.000	00.000	00.000	005.000	0.700.000
changes	4,023	8 68,660	32,882	295,602	3,763,880
Other Changes in Net Position:	75.000	05.404	0.054	500,000	
Interest allocation	75,698	•	2,354	538,989	-
Transfers upon retirement	(103,633) (2,501)	-	(564,937)	(0.574.404)
Transfers of employer shares	(07.004		- 2.254	(25.040)	(6,571,424)
Total other changes in net position	(27,934	32,621	2,354	(25,948)	(6,571,424)
Net Increase (Decrease)					
in Net Position	(23,911) 101,281	35,236	269,654	(2,807,544)
Net Position Restricted for					
Pension Benefits and OPEB:					
Beginning of Year	1,486,056		46,111	8,308,685	(21,265,126)
End of Year	\$ 1,462,144	\$ 633,277	\$ 81,347	\$ 8,578,339	\$ (24,072,670)

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 63,182 640,007 2.942 1,630 63,182 694,247 43,225 31,607 708,389 3,202,540	Employer Contributions Pension Plus		Employer Contributions Pension Plus 2		Retired Benefit Payments		Retired Benefit Payments Pension Plus		Retired Benefit Payments Pension Plus 2		Undistributed Investment Income		ОРЕВ		Total	
43,225 31,607 - - - 708,389 3,920,540 - - - - - 251,589 251,589 46,167 33,236 - - - 1,228,765 5,506,383 - - - - (3,932,652) (709,698) (4,642,350) - - - - 1,227,981 211,128 1,439,109 - - - - (236,527) (40,859) (277,386) - - - - 26,099 4,604 30,703 - - - - 26,099 4,604 30,703 - - - - (2,932,020) (537,847) (3,469,867) - - - - - (2,932,020) (537,847) (3,469,867) -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	205,596	\$	640,007
43,225 31,607 - - - 708,389 3,920,540 - - - - - 251,589 251,589 46,167 33,236 - - - 1,228,765 5,506,383 - - - - (3,932,652) (709,698) (4,642,350) - - - - 1,227,981 211,128 1,439,109 - - - - (236,527) (40,859) (277,386) - - - - 26,099 4,604 30,703 - - - - 26,099 4,604 30,703 - - - - (2,932,020) (537,847) (3,469,867) - - - - - (2,932,020) (537,847) (3,469,867) -		2.042		1 620										62 102		604 247
						-		-		-		-				
46,167 33,236 - - - 1,228,756 5,506,383 - - - - (3,932,652) (709,698) (4,642,350) - - - - 1,227,981 211,128 1,439,109 - - - - - (236,527) (40,859) (277,386) - - - - - (26,999) 4,604 30,703 - - - - - (16,921) (3,021) (19,942) - - - - - (16,921) (3,021) (19,942) - - - - - (2,932,020) (537,847) (3,499,867) - - - - - (2,932,020) (537,847) (3,499,867) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			· ·	-		_		_		_		_				
		46,167	3	3,236		-						-				
		-		-		-		-		-						
		-		-		-		-		-	1	,227,981		211,128		1,439,109
		-		-		-		-		-	(- 236 527)		- (40.850)		- (277 386)
		-		-		_		_		-	(250,521)		(40,009)		(211,300)
		_		-		_		_		-		26,099		4,604		30,703
- - 89 - - - 79 168 46,167 33,236 89 - - (2,932,020) 690,988 2,036,685 - - - (2,932,020) 690,988 2,036,685 - - - - - 5,424,331 - - - - - 568,674 568,674 568,674 568,674 568,674 74,544 74,544 - - - - - - 74,544 74,544 - - - - - - 148 33,331 - - - - - - 148 33,331 - - - - - - 23,784 171,053 194,838 - - - 5,423,678 (570) - (2,955,804) (123,432) (4,259,032) 26,738 2,846 3,910,887 139		<u> </u>								<u> </u>		(16,921)				
46,167 33,236 89 - - (2,932,020) 690,988 2,036,685 - - - 5,423,761 570 - - - 568,674 568,674 568,674 568,674 568,674 74,544 74,644		-		-							(2,	932,020)		(537,847)		(3,469,867)
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		46,167	3	3,236		89		-		-	(2,	932,020)		690,988		2,036,685
26,738 2,846 3,910,887 139 - (4,592,772)	_	- - - -			5,42	- 5 - 3,767		- - - - 570		- - - - - -		23,784		74,544 148 171,053 814,420		568,674 74,544 33,331 194,838 6,295,717
- - 668,569 2,501 - - - - - (2,585) - 6,571,424 2,585 - - - - - 24,153 2,846 11,150,880 5,225 - (4,592,772) - - 70,320 36,082 5,727,203 4,655 - (7,548,576) (123,432) (4,259,032) 393,209 47,425 57,513,041 2,044 - 16,268,714 10,742,198 74,074,353		46,167	3	3,236	(5,423	3,678)		(570)		-	(2,	955,804)		(123,432)		(4,259,032)
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393,209 47,425 57,513,041 2,044 - 16,268,714 10,742,198 74,074,353		24,153		2,846	11,15	0,880		5,225			(4,	592,772)		-		
		70,320	3	6,082	5,72	7,203		4,655		-	(7,	548,576)		(123,432)		(4,259,032)
		393 209	4	7 425	57 51	3 041		2 044		_	16	268 714		10 742 198		74 074 353
	\$						\$		\$				\$	10,618,766	\$	

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SUPPORTING	3 CHEDULES

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Prepared by Michigan Department of Treasury, Bureau of Investments

Jon M. Braeutigam, Chief Investment Officer

Report on Investment Activity
Asset Allocation
Investment Results
Largest Assets Held
Schedule of Investment Fees
Schedule of Investment Commissions
Investment Summary

REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

INTRODUCTION

The State of Michigan Investment Board (Board) was created by Executive Order 2018-10 (Order) and serves as the investment fiduciary over the assets of the State sponsored defined benefit retirement system (System). The Board is responsible for investing the System's assets in accordance with the duties and powers enumerated in the Order and State law. Pursuant to powers provided in the Order, the Board duly authorized and delegated duties to the Department of Treasury's Bureau of Investments (BOI) to invest, prudently manage, and oversee the assets of the System and to take certain other actions that support the BOI's mandate in this regard. In furtherance of these duties, the BOI delivers quarterly investment activity reports to the Board that detail the investments, goals, and objectives of the System.

The Board is comprised of five members: three (3) public members appointed by the Governor and two (2) exofficio members. The public members serve four (4) year terms and are limited to two (2) such terms. The State Treasurer, as the chair of the Board, and the State Budget Director are the ex-officio members. As of September 30, 2022, members of the Board were as follows: Rachael Eubanks (chair, ex-officio member), Chris Harkins (exofficio member), Reginald G. Sanders, CFA, CAIA (public member), and Dina L. Richard, CPA (public member). One of the public member seats is currently vacant. The public members serve without pay but may receive reasonable reimbursement for actual and necessary travel and other expenses to attend official Board meetings.

INVESTMENT POLICY & GOALS

The Board's Investment Policy Statement states that it and the BOI will operate in accordance with Public Employee Retirement System Investment Act (Act No. 314 of 1965) and within standard investment practices of the prudent person. This includes being authorized to invest in government obligations, corporate obligations, various short-term obligations, corporate (domestic and international) stocks, private equity interests, mutual funds, real estate interests, and other investments subject to specific parameters. Above all, System's assets are to be invested in a fiduciary capacity for the sole and exclusive benefit of the members of the System.

The System's Proxy Voting Policy sets forth directives on various issues as holders of publicly traded securities, including but not limited to: Boards of Directors, corporate governance, social issues, and various corporate actions. All proxies are reviewed and voted in accordance with the System's policy.

The primary function of the System is to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits along with health and other postemployment benefits to its members. The Board is investment fiduciary and custodian of the System's investments pursuant to the Order and other State law. The goals of the System are to:

- 1. Maintain sufficient liquidity to pay benefits.
- 2. Meet or exceed the actuarial assumption over the long term.
- 3. Perform in the top half of the public plan universe over the long term.
- 4. Diversify assets to preserve capital and avoid large losses.
- 5. Exceed individual asset class benchmarks over the long term.

The strategy for achieving these goals is supported by investing the assets of the System according to a five-year asset allocation model. The System currently invests in eight different asset classes, which provides for a well-diversified portfolio.

REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

ASSET ALLOCATION

(Excludes Collateral on Loaned Securities)

Investment Category	As of 9/30/22 Actual %	Five-Year Target %
Domestic Equity Pools	18.1%	25.0%
International Equity Pools	12.4	15.0
Private Equity Pools	25.6	16.0
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	11.0	10.0
Fixed Income Pools	9.4	13.0
Absolute Return Pools	10.3	9.0
Real Return and Opportunistic Pools	12.0	10.0
Short-Term Investment Pools	1.2	2.0
TOTAL	100.0%	100.0%

INVESTMENT AUTHORITY

Pursuant to State law (Executive Order 2018-10, which in part transferred to the Board the powers enumerated in (i) Section 91 of Act No. 380 of the Public Acts of 1965, as amended, and (ii) Section 12c of Act No. 314 of 1965), the Board is the investment fiduciary for the System, which is comprised of the State sponsored defined benefit retirement systems: Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System, State Employees' Retirement System, Michigan State Police Retirement System, Michigan Judges Retirement System, and the Michigan Military Retirement Provisions. The State Treasurer, State of Michigan, is custodian and ex officio treasurer of the retirement system for the Legislators, State of Michigan (Section 47 of Act no. 261 of the Public Acts of 1957, as amended).

Act No. 314 of the Public Acts of 1965, as amended, authorizes the investment of assets of public employee retirement systems or plans created and established by the State or any political subdivision.

INVESTMENT RESULTS

TOTAL PORTFOLIO RESULTS

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the total System's rate of return was (4.8)% for the Pension Plan and (4.8)% for the OPEB Plans as compiled by State Street Investment Analytics. Annualized rates of return for the Pension Plan for the three, five, and ten year periods ending September 30, 2022 were: 8.3%, 8.2%, and 9.1% respectively.

Investment return calculations are prepared using a Time-Weighted rate of return.

DOMESTIC EQUITY POOLS

The objective for investments made in domestic equities is to meet or exceed the total return of the S&P Composite 1500 index for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle.

For active management strategies, the objective is to earn returns that exceed the most relevant S&P Index, adjusting for market capitalization and style, for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle. Another objective is to rank above median in a universe of managers possessing a similar market cap and style characteristics.

The pools are invested primarily in equities or equity-related securities of U.S. companies through internal and externally managed strategies. The goal is to build a portfolio of strategies that will provide excess returns relative to the S&P Composite 1500 index while providing a prudent measure of tracking error to the index. At times a portion of these pools may be invested in exchange traded funds (ETFs) and fixed-income short-term securities with maturities of less than one year.

The pools invest in equities and equity related securities that are listed on U.S. national securities exchanges, including American Depository Receipts (ADRs). They may also invest in stocks that are traded over-the-counter.

REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

The pools diversify their investments by allocating their equity strategies with consideration of the capitalization weightings of the S&P Composite 1500 Index.

The following summarizes the weightings of the pools as of September 30, 2022:

Active	43.0 %
Passive	57.0
Total	100.0 %
Larga Can	60.0.0/
Large-Cap	68.2 %
Multi-Cap	25.8
Mid-Cap	3.4
Small-Cap	2.6
Total	100.0 %

The System's Domestic Equity pools total rate of return was (21.2)% for the Pension and OPEB Plans for fiscal year 2022. This compared with (15.6)% for the S&P Composite 1500 Index.

At the close of fiscal year 2022, the Domestic Equity pools represented 18.1% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 77.1% ownership share of the Domestic Equity pools at September 30, 2022:

Domestic Equity Pools

(In thousands)

Short-Term Pooled Investments	\$ 237,192
Equities	12,357,985
Settlement Principal Payable	(22,471)
Settlement Proceeds Receivable	25,722
Accrued Dividends	11,471
Total	\$ 12,609,899

INTERNATIONAL EQUITY POOLS

The objective for investments made in International Equity pools is to meet or exceed the total return of the MSCI ACWI ex-USA index for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle.

For active management strategies, the objective is to earn returns that exceed the most relevant MSCI Index, adjusting for market capitalization, style and geography for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle. Another objective is to rank above median in a universe of managers possessing a similar market capitalization, style and geography characteristics.

Active exposure is invested primarily in equities or equity-related securities of non-U.S. companies through externally managed strategies.

The pools diversify their investments by allocating their equity strategies with consideration of the economic development status weightings of the MSCI ACWI ex USA Index.

The following summarizes the weightings of the pool as of September 30, 2022:

REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

Active	52.1 %
Passive	47.9
Total	100.0 %
Developed	96.4 %
Emerging	3.6
Total	100.0 %

The System's International Equity pools total rate of return was (27.7)% for the Pension and OPEB Plans for fiscal year 2022. This compared with (25.2)% for the MSCI ACWI ex US Index.

At the close of fiscal year 2022, the International Equity pools represented 12.4% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 77.4% ownership share of the International Equity Pools at September 30, 2022:

International Equity Pools

(in thousands)

Accrued Dividends and Interest Total	_	3,052 8,606,996
Fixed Income Securities Market Value of Equity Contracts		1,281,112 (596,005)
Equities		7,559,483
Short-Term Pooled Investments	\$	359,354

PRIVATE EQUITY POOLS

The Private Equity pools objective is to meet or exceed the benchmark for all private equity investments over long time periods. The benchmark is the S&P 500 Index plus 300 basis points net of fees, lagged by three months over three, five, seven and ten-year periods and a market cycle.

Private Equity Investments are investments in the private equity market, primarily through limited partnerships. The following summarizes the weightings of the pools as of September 30, 2022:

Buyout Funds	42.0 %
Fund of Funds	29.8
Venture Capital Funds	12.7
Special Situation Funds	6.2
Liquidation Portfolio	9.3
Mezzanine Funds	0.0
Total	100.0 %

REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

The Private Equity pools had a return of 8.8% for the Pension and OPEB Plans for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, versus the benchmark of (7.9)%.

At the close of fiscal year 2022, the Private Equity pools represented 25.6% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 78.2% ownership share of the Private Equity pools at September 30, 2022:

Private Equity Pools (in thousands)

Short-Term Pooled Investments	\$ 119,321
Equities	17,673,448
Settlement Proceeds Receivable	422
Total	\$ 17,793,191

REAL ESTATE AND INFRASTRUCTURE POOLS

The objective of the Real Estate and Infrastructure pools is to provide diversification and favorable risk adjusted returns primarily through income and appreciation of investments. Investments are typically held through investment entities, such as limited partnerships or limited liability companies, established for the specific purpose of owning, leasing, managing, financing, or developing real estate and infrastructure related investments.

The Real Estate and Infrastructure pools diversify its holdings by:

- **Geography** The pools are invested globally and are diversified geographically so that it is not concentrated in a limited number of markets or geographic areas.
- Size and Value The pools diversify its holdings by size so that it is not concentrated in a limited number
 of large investments.
- Investment Type The pools are diversified by investment type as summarized below.

Multi-family apartments	37.7	%
Commercial office buildings	9.4	
Hotel	7.2	
Infrastructure	7.8	
Industrial warehouse buildings	26.8	
Single Family	2.8	
Retail shopping centers	2.6	
Land	0.6	
REITs	2.9	
Short Term Investments	2.2	
Total	100.0	%

The Real Estate and Infrastructure pools generated a return of 25.1% for the Pension Plan and 25.0% for the OPEB Plan for fiscal year 2022. The Real Estate and Infrastructure pools compare performance with two benchmark returns from the National Council of Real Estate Investment Fiduciaries (NCREIF): the NCREIF Property Index (less 130 basis points) was 14.6% and the NCREIF Fund Index - Open-End Diversified Core Equity (NFI-OCDE) was 21.0%.

REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

At the close of fiscal year 2022, the Real Estate and Infrastructure pools represented 11.0% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 77.5% ownership share of the Real Estate and Infrastructure pools at September 30, 2022:

Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools

(in thousands)

Short-Term Pooled Investments	\$ 168,467
Real Estate Equities	6,868,163
Infrastructure Equities	599,482
Dividend Receivable	936
Total	\$ 7,637,048

FIXED INCOME POOLS

The objective for investments made in the Fixed Income pools is to meet or exceed the Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index over one, three, and five-year periods and market cycles. Another objective is to rank above median in a nationally recognized universe of managers possessing a similar style. For Fixed Income sub-strategies, the objective return is to meet or exceed the most relevant Bloomberg benchmark index.

The pools invest in fixed income and related securities in a diversified portfolio of investment grade corporate issues, mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities, U.S. Treasuries, Agencies, government sponsored enterprises and government guaranteed mortgages. The pools diversify its investments by allocating its strategies with consideration of credit risk. The goal is to build a portfolio of strategies that will provide excess returns relative to the blended benchmark while providing minimal tracking error to the index. At times a portion of the pools may be invested in exchange traded funds (ETFs) and fixed-income short-term securities with maturities of less than one year.

The System's Fixed Income pools total rate of return was (12.0)% for the Pension and OPEB Plans for fiscal year 2022. This compared with (14.6)% for the Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index.

At the close of fiscal year 2022, the Fixed Income pools represented 9.4% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 77.1% ownership share of the Fixed Income pools at September 30, 2022:

Fixed Income Pools

(in thousands)

Total	\$ 6,511,076
Accrued interest	 21,183
Settlement Principal Payable	(19,442)
Fixed Income Securities	6,476,172
Short-Term Pooled Investments	\$ 33,163

ABSOLUTE RETURN POOLS

The primary investment objective of the Absolute Return Strategies Pool is to generate a rate of return that meets or exceeds T-bills by 400 basis points net of fees over the one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle. Another objective is to exceed the appropriate HFRI Fund of Funds Conservative Index median net of fees over one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle.

The Absolute Return Strategies pool rate of return for the fiscal year was 3.2% for the Pension and OPEB Plans versus the benchmark's 0.5%.

REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

At the close of fiscal year 2022, the Absolute Return Pools represented 10.3% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 77.5% ownership share of the Absolute Return Pools at September 30, 2022:

Absolute Return Pools

(in thousands)

 Short-Term Pooled Investments
 \$ 77,574

 Equities
 7,057,585

 Total
 \$ 7,135,159

REAL RETURN AND OPPORTUNISTIC POOLS

The primary investment objective of the Real Return and Opportunistic Pool is to generate a rate of return that meets or exceeds the increase in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) by at least four percent (4%) annually net of fees over one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle. Opportunistic investments are targeted to earn a return that exceeds the current actuarial assumed rate of return, with the overall Real Return and Opportunistic Pool's benchmark an equal blend between the two benchmarks. If a peer universe is available, the objective is to rank above median in a nationally recognized universe of managers possessing a similar style.

The Real Return and Opportunistic Investments pool rate of return for the fiscal year was 11.2% for the Pension and OPEB Plans versus the benchmark's 9.8%.

At the close of fiscal year 2022, the Real Return and Opportunistic Pools represented 12.0% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 77.5% ownership share of the Real Return and Opportunistic Pools at September 30, 2022:

Real Return and Opportunistic Pools

(in thousands)

 Short-Term Pooled Investments
 \$ 36,581

 Equities
 8,297,485

 Total
 \$ 8,334,066

SHORT-TERM INVESTMENT POOLS

The objective of the Short-Term Investment pools is to closely match the return performance of its benchmark, the 30 day Treasury bill. The Short-Term Investment pools return for the fiscal year was 0.8% for the Pension and OPEB plans versus the benchmark's 0.6%.

Potential areas of investment are:

- Obligations of the United States or its agencies
- · Banker's acceptances, commercial accounts, certificates of deposit or depository receipts
- Repurchase agreements for the purchase of securities issued by the US government or its agencies
- Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two national rating services as determined by the State Treasurer
- Short duration investment grade corporate issues

REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

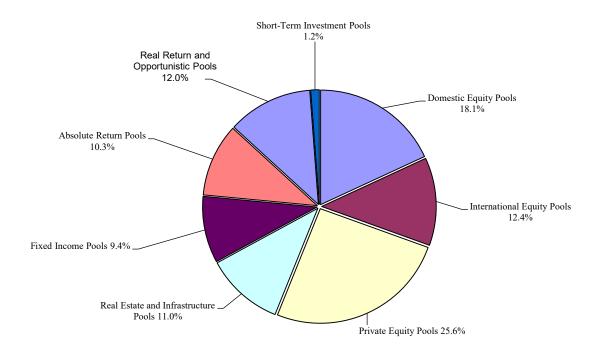
At the close of fiscal year 2022, the Short-Term Investment pools represented 1.2% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's ownership share of the Short-Term Investment pools at September 30, 2022:

Short-Term Investment Pools

(in thousands)

Short-Term Pooled Investments	\$ 94,422
Fixed Income Securities	742,073
Accrued interest	25
Total	\$ 836,520

ASSET ALLOCATION - SECURITY TYPE ONLY



INVESTMENT RESULTS

PENSION PLAN INVESTMENT RESULTS

For the Period Ending September 30, 2022

		Annualiz	Annualized Rate of Return ¹		
Investment Category	Current Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	
Total Portfolio	(4.8) %	8.3 %	8.2 %	9.1 %	
Domestic Equity Pools	(21.2)	5.1	7.5	10.8	
S&P Composite 1500 Index	(15.6)	8.0	8.9	11.6	
International Equity Pools	(27.7)	(1.3)	(0.7)	3.7	
International Blended Benchmark ²	(25.2)	(1.5)	(0.8)	3.1	
Private Equity Pools	8.8	21.0	18.2	15.7	
Private Equity Benchmark ³	(7.9)	13.9	14.6	16.3	
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	25.1	9.5	9.3	10.1	
NCREIF Property Blended Index ⁴	14.6	8.5	7.2	8.1	
Fixed Income Pools	(12.0)	(2.0)	0.8	2.1	
Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index	(14.6)	(3.3)	(0.3)	0.9	
Absolute Return Pools	3.2	7.0	6.1	5.8	
HFRI Fund of Funds Conservative Aggregate Index	0.5	4.9	4.0	3.8	
Real Return and Opportunistic	11.2	13.7	12.8	11.6	
Real Return and Opportunistic Benchmark ⁵	9.8	7.9	7.6	7.4	
Short Term Investment Pools	0.8	0.8	1.4	0.9	
30 Day Treasury Bill	0.6	0.5	1.1	0.6	

¹ Calculations used a time-weighted rate of return based on the market rate of return in accordance with industry standards. Excludes income and investment gains and losses from securities lending.

² As of 7/1/14 index is MSCI ACWI Ex-US Net. History 10/1/10 to 6/30/14 is MSCI ACWI Ex US Gross. History 1/1/10 to 9/30/10 is S&P Developed BMI-EPAC Net 75/25. History prior to 1/1/10 is S&P Developed BMI-EPAC Net 50/50.

³ Index is blend of S&P 500 plus 300 bps with a 3 month lag.

⁴ As of 10/1/05, index is NCREIF less 130 bp. History prior to 10/1/05 reflects NCREIF less 75 bp.

⁵ As of 12/1/18 Real Return Benchmark is CPI + 400 bps net. Opportunistic is current Actuarial Rate of Return. History prior to 12/1/18 reflects 50% (CPI + 5%) and 50% (actuarial rate 8%).

INVESTMENT RESULTS

OPEB INVESTMENT RESULTS

For the Period Ending September 30, 2022

		Annualized Rate of Return ¹		
Investment Category	Current Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Total Portfolio	(4.8) %	8.3 %	8.2 %	9.0
Domestic Equity Pools	(21.2)	5.1	7.5	10.8
S&P Composite 1500 Index	(15.6)	8.0	8.9	11.6
International Equity Pools	(27.7)	(1.3)	(0.7)	3.7
International Blended Benchmark ²	(25.2)	(1.5)	(0.8)	3.1
Private Equity Pools	8.8	21.1	18.2	15.7
Private Equity Benchmark ³	(7.9)	13.9	14.6	16.3
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	25.0	9.4	9.3	10.1
NCREIF Property Blended Index ⁴	14.6	8.5	7.2	8.1
Fixed Income Pools	(12.0)	(2.0)	0.8	2.1
Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index	(14.6)	(3.3)	(0.3)	0.9
Absolute Return Pools	3.2	7.0	6.1	5.8
HFRI Fund of Funds Conservative Aggregate Index	0.5	4.9	4.0	3.8
Real Return and Opportunistic	11.2	13.7	12.8	11.6
Real Return and Opportunistic Benchmark ⁵	9.8	8.1	7.7	7.4
Short-Term Investment Pools	0.8	0.8	1.4	0.9
30-Day Treasury Bill	0.6	0.5	1.1	0.6

¹ Calculations used a time-weighted rate of return based on the market rate of return in accordance with industry standards. Excludes income and investment gains and losses from securities lending.

² As of 7/1/14, index is MSCI ACWI Ex-US Net. History 10/1/10 to 6/30/14 is MSCI ACWI Ex-US Gross. History 1/1/10 to 9/30/10 is S&P Developed BMI-EPAC Net 75/25. History prior to 1/1/10 is S&P Developed BMI-EPAC Net 50/50.

³ Index is blend of S&P 500 plus 300 bps with a 3 month lag.

⁴ As of 10/1/05, index is NCREIF less 130 bp. History prior to 10/1/05 reflects NCREIF less 75 bp.

⁵ As of 12/1/18 Benchmark is 50% (CPI + 4%) and 50% (actuarial rate 7.05%). History prior to 12/1/18 reflects 50% (CPI + 5%) and 50% (actuarial rate 8%).

LARGEST ASSETS HELD

LARGEST STOCK HOLDINGS

(By Fair Value) September 30, 2022

Rank	Shares	Stocks	Fair Value
1	4,286,190	Apple Inc.	\$ 592,351,430
2	2,303,170	Microsoft Corp.	536,408,385
3	2,617,322	Amazon.com Inc.	295,757,363
4	14,242,432	AT&T Inc.	218,478,912
5	5,548,784	Verizon Communications Inc.	210,687,345
6	2,160,355	Alphabet Inc. CL A	206,638,003
7	568,987	Tesla Inc.	150,923,775
8	298,720	Unitedhealth Group Inc.	150,865,356
9	2,776,325	Apollo Global Management Inc.	129,099,106
10	1,290,235	Alphabet Inc. CL C	124,056,138

A complete list of holdings is available from the Michigan Department of Treasury.

The System's investments are commingled in various pooled accounts. Amounts, par value and number of shares represent the System's pro-rata share based on its ownership of the investment pools.

LARGEST BOND HOLDINGS

(By Fair Value) September 30, 2022

Rank	Par Amount	Bonds & Notes	Fair Value
1	531,274,240	US Treasury N/B 2.875% Due 05/15/2052	\$ 445,606,269
2	232,641,744	US Treasury N/B .25% Due 05/31/2025	209,304,869
3	227,859,849	US Treasury N/B 3.25% Due 05/15/2042	202,261,219
4	218,527,705	US Treasury N/B 2.875% Due 05/15/2032	201,967,402
5	116,320,872	US Treasury N/B .25% Due 11/15/2023	111,186,397
6	116,320,872	US Treasury N/B .25% Due 03/15/2024	109,714,209
7	110,491,657	US Treasury N/B 3.25% Due 06/30/2027	106,551,076
8	104,688,785	US Treasury N/B 1.5% Due 01/15/2023	104,106,240
9	100,811,422	US Treasury N/B .125% Due 09/15/2023	96,971,925
10	96,934,060	US Treasury N/B 2.5% Due 05/15/2024	94,177,498

A complete list of holdings is available from the Michigan Department of Treasury.

Largest Bond Holdings are exclusive of securities lending collateral.

The System's investments are commingled in various pooled accounts. Amounts, par value and number of shares represent the System's pro-rata share based on its ownership of the investment pools.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT FEES

The State of Michigan Investment Board (Board) is the investment fiduciary and custodian of the System's funds pursuant to State law. Outside advisors are utilized to augment the State of Michigan's internal staff. 77.7% of the total investment portfolio is managed by fully discretionary outside advisors. The Michigan Department of Treasury's cost of operations applicable to the retirement system for the fiscal year end amounted to \$13.7 million or eight and eight tenths basis points (0.088%) of the fair value of the Assets under Management by the Board.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT FEES

		lanagement thousands)	(in t	Fees housands)	Basis Points*	
State of Michigan		\$ 15,467,303	\$	13,661	8.8	
Outside Advisors for						
Short Term		195,630		47	2.4	
Fixed Income		3,817,155		11,385	29.8	
Absolute Return		7,135,159		17,915	25.1	
Real Return and Opportunistic		8,334,066		40,570	48.7	
International Equity		7,076,742		21,007	29.7	
Domestic Equity		2,036,745		8,602	42.2	
Private Equity		17,793,191		118,806	66.8	
Real Estate and Infrastructure		7,607,963		36,033	47.4	
	Total	\$ 69,463,954	\$	268,026		
Other Investment Services Fees:						
Assets in Custody		\$ 69,214,878	\$	9,359		
Securities Lending Collateral		2,518,454		1,896		

^{*} Private Equity partnership agreements that define the management fees, the asset management fees range from 0 to basis points of the committed capital. For Real Estate/Infrastructure, the asset management fees range from 12 to 150 basis points. For Absolute Return, the asset management fees range from 0 to 200 basis points. For Real Return and Opportunistic, the asset management range from 0 to 200 basis points. These fees, in most cases, are netted against income.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT COMMISSIONS

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Co	Actual mmissions Paid ¹	Actual Number of Shares Traded ¹	Co	Average mmission er Share		Tr C	imated ade osts Share	Res	imated earch osts Share	Estimated Trade Costs	R	stimated esearch Costs
Investment Brokerage Firms:								<u>.</u>		<u>.</u>			
BTIG LLC	\$	544,904	53,345,587	\$	0.01		\$	0.01	\$	-	\$ 266,728	\$	=
Capital Institutional Services Inc.		129,525	26,141,199		0.00			0.01		-	261,412		-
Cowen & Company LLC		56,476	2,829,414		0.02			0.01		0.01	28,294		28,294
Drexel Hamilton LLC		20,991	4,198,282		0.00			0.01		-	41,983		-
Goldman, Sachs & Co.		12,630	616,140		0.02			0.01		0.01	6,162		6,162
J. P. Morgan Securities Inc.		156,536	9,245,199		0.02			0.01		0.01	92,452		92,452
Jefferies & Company		372	49,691		0.01			0.01		-	497		-
Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Inc.		41,066	2,099,860		0.02			0.01		0.01	20,999		20,999
MKM Partners LLC		257,712	15,329,471		0.02			0.01		0.01	153,295		153,295
Morgan Stanley & Co. Inc.		2,248	89,891		0.03			0.01		0.02	899		1,797
Raymond James and Associates Inc.		43,869	2,084,679		0.02			0.01		0.01	20,847		20,847
Roberts & Ryan Inv.		104,018	5,200,897		0.02			0.01		0.01	52,009		52,009
Wayne & Company		352,500	104,451,207		0.00			0.01		-	522,256		-
Glen Eagle Wealth		23,160	2,315,972		0.01			0.01		=	23,160		-
Total	\$	1,746,007	227,997,489	\$	0.01	2	\$	0.01	\$	0.01	\$ 1,490,993	\$	375,855

¹ Commissions are included in purchase and sale prices of investments. The commissions and shares represent the System's pro-rata share based on ownership of commission and share transactions in the investment pools.

² The average commission per share for all brokerage firms.

INVESTMENT SUMMARY

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

		Fair Value ¹	Percent of Fair Value	Investment & sterest Income ²	Percent of Total Investment & Income
Fixed Income Pools	\$	6,511,075,995	9.4 %	\$ (888,489,684)	27.7 %
Domestic Equity Pools		12,609,899,225	18.1	(3,382,540,571)	105.6
Real Estate and					
Infrastructure Pools		7,637,048,019	11.0	1,469,011,512	(45.9)
Private Equity Pools		17,793,190,750	25.6	1,638,472,716	(51.1)
International Equity Pools		8,606,995,847	12.4	(3,248,624,243)	101.4
Absolute Return Pools		7,135,158,600	10.3	151,647,476	(4.7)
Real Return and Opportunistic Pool		8,334,066,140	12.0	1,050,539,609	(32.8)
Short Term Investment Pools		836,519,506 3	1.2	6,101,593	(0.2)
Total	\$	69,463,954,082	100.0 %	\$ (3,203,881,592)	100.0 %

¹ Fair value excludes \$2,518,454,327 in securities lending collateral for fiscal year 2022.

² Total Investment & Interest Income excludes net security lending income of \$10,760,464 for securities lending collateral.

³ Short term investment pools fair value includes \$249,076,231 of equity in common cash.

INVESTMENT SECTION	
INVESTMENT SUMMARY	
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Actuary's Certification
Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods
Schedules of Active Member Valuation Data
Prioritized Solvency Test
Analysis of System Experience
Summary of Plan Provisions
Schedules of Funding Progress

ACTUARY'S CERTIFICATION



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October 21, 2022

Ms. Michelle Lange, Acting Director
Department of Technology, Management and Budget
and
The Retirement Board
Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System
P.O. Box 30171
Lansing, Michigan 48909

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The basic financial objective of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) is to establish and receive contributions which when combined with present assets and future investment return will be sufficient to meet the financial obligations of the System to present and future benefit recipients. The progress toward meeting these financial objectives is illustrated in the Schedules of Funding Progress and the Schedules of Employer Contributions.

We performed actuarial funding valuations and issued actuarial funding reports for the MPSERS pension and retiree health (i.e., OPEB) plans as of September 30, 2021. The purpose of the September 30, 2021, annual actuarial valuations was to determine the annual required contributions for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, to measure the System's funding progress, and to provide actuarial information in connection with applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements. The valuations should not be relied upon for any other purpose. The valuation process develops employer contributions that are sufficient to fund the System's normal cost (i.e., the costs assigned by the valuation method to the year of service about to be rendered), as well as to fund any unfunded accrued liabilities over a reasonable period. The valuation was completed based upon population data, asset data and plan provisions in effect on September 30, 2021.

In addition to the funding valuation reports, separate reports are issued to provide financial reporting information for MPSERS in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Nos. 67 and 68 (pension benefits) and Nos. 74 and 75 (retiree health benefits, or OPEB). Reports containing the actuarial results of the financial reporting valuations are produced annually after the publication of this letter. The GASB Statement Nos. 67, 68, 74 and 75 financial reporting valuations are based upon a measurement date of September 30, 2022.

The valuations were based upon information provided by the System's administrative staff concerning System benefit provisions, financial transactions, and individual members, terminated members, retirees and beneficiaries. We checked the data for internal and year to year consistency, but did not audit the data. As a result, we do not assume responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the data provided by the System's administrative staff. The actuary summarizes and tabulates population data in order to analyze long term trends. The System's auditor audits the actuarial data annually.

ACTUARY'S CERTIFICATION

Ms. Michelle Lange October 21, 2022 Page 2

Annual actuarial valuations are based upon assumptions regarding future activity in specific risk areas including the rate of investment return and payroll growth, eligibility for the various classes of benefits and longevity among retired lives. These assumptions are adopted by the Board and the Department after considering the advice of the actuary and other professionals. Each actuarial valuation takes into account all prior differences between actual and assumed experience in each risk area and adjusts the contribution requirements as needed.

The following schedules in the Financial Section, the Actuarial Section, and the Statistical Section of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) were prepared by the Department of Financial Services based upon certain information presented in the previously mentioned funding and financial reporting valuation reports:

Financial Section

- Note 1 Table of System's Membership
- Note 4 Net Pension Liability; Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods
- Note 5 Net OPEB Liability; Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods
- Note A Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contributions for Fiscal Year 2022
- Schedules of Changes in the Net Pension Liability (NPL) and the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
- Schedules of Contributions Multiyear
- Sensitivity of the NPL to Changes in the Discount Rate
- Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate
- Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Assumption

Actuarial Section

- Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods used in the September 30, 2021 Pension Funding Valuation
- Percent of Eligible Active Members Retiring Within Next Year
- Separation from Active Employment Before Age and Service Retirement and Individual Pay Increase Assumptions
- Schedule of Active Member Pension Valuation Data
- Schedule of Changes in the Retirement Rolls
- Prioritized Solvency Tests
- Schedule of Active Member OPEB Valuation Data
- Schedule of Changes in the OPEB Rolls
- Analyses of System Experience
- Summary of Plan Provisions
- Schedules of Funding Progress

Statistical Section

- Schedule of Retired Members by Type of Pension Benefit
- Schedule of Retired Members by Type of Health Benefit
- Schedules of Average Benefit Payments Pension, Medical/Rx and Dental/Vision

ACTUARY'S CERTIFICATION

Ms. Michelle Lange October 21, 2022 Page 3

The September 30, 2021 funding valuations and the September 30, 2022 financial reporting valuations were based upon assumptions that were recommended in connection with a study of System experience covering the period from October 1, 2012 through September 30, 2017. The pension investment return assumptions for the Non-Hybrid and Pension Plus Plan groups and the retiree health investment return assumption were updated beginning with the September 30, 2018 funding valuations in accordance with the Dedicated Gains Policy adopted by the Board of Trustees. The pension investment return assumptions for the Non-Hybrid and the Pension Plus Plan groups and the retiree health investment return assumption were further updated beginning with the September 30, 2021 funding valuations in accordance with the Dedicated Gains Policy. Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from those presented in the annual valuations due to such factors as experience differing from that anticipated by actuarial assumptions, or changes in plan provisions, actuarial assumptions/methods or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of the assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements.

The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor.

The actuarial valuations of MPSERS were performed by qualified actuaries in accordance with standards of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board and in compliance with applicable State statutes. The assumptions and methods used for funding and financial reporting purposes are in conformity with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board. Mita D. Drazilov and Louise M. Gates are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA) and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. It is our opinion that the calculated employer contribution meets the financial objective of the Retirement System.

Respectfully submitted,

Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company

Mita Drazilov

Mita D. Drazilov, ASA, FCA, MAAA

Louise M. Gates, ASA, FCA, MAAA

SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

- 1. The investment return rate used in the pension valuations of the MIP, Basic and Pension Plus and Pension Plus 2 plans was 6.00% per year net of investment expenses, compounded annually. This rate of return is not the assumed real rate of return. Considering a wage inflation assumption of 2.75%, the nominal rate of investment return translates to a real rate of return of 3.25% over wage inflation. Adopted 2021.
- The healthy life mortality table used in evaluating allowances to be paid was the RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females, adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006. Adopted 2018.
- 3. Sample probabilities of regular, unreduced retirement are shown in Schedule 1 on the next page. Adopted 2018.
- 4. Sample probabilities of withdrawal from service and disability, together with individual pay increase assumptions, are shown in Schedule 2 on the next page. Adopted 2018.
- 5. Total active member payroll is assumed to increase 2.75% per year. This represents the portion of the individual pay increase assumptions attributable to inflation. In effect, this assumes no change in the number of active members. Adopted 2018.
- An individual entry age actuarial cost method of valuation was used in determining actuarial liabilities and normal cost. Adopted 1975. Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities are financed over a declining 15-year period ending September 30, 2038. Adopted 2012.
- 7. The Department of Technology, Management and Budget approved the use of market value of assets as of September 30, 2006 for valuation purposes. For investment gains and losses that occur after that date, a 5-year smoothing technique will be used. Specifically, the excess (shortfall) of actual investment income (including interest, dividends, realized and unrealized gains or losses) over the imputed-income at the valuation interest rate is considered the gain (loss), which is spread over five years. Adopted 2007.
- 8. The data about persons now covered and about present assets was furnished by the System's administrative staff. Although examined for general reasonableness, the data was not audited by the actuary.
- 9. The actuarial valuation computations were made by or under the supervision of a Member of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA). The assumptions used in the actuarial valuations were adopted by the System's Board and the Department of Technology, Management and Budget after consulting with the State Treasurer and with the actuary.
- 10. A 5-year experience investigation, covering the period from October 1, 2012 through September 30, 2017 was completed in 2018. The purpose of the study was to analyze the actual experience of the System versus that anticipated by actuarial assumptions then in use.
- 11. Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company was awarded the actuarial and consulting services contract beginning October 4, 2006.

SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

SCHEDULE 1
PERCENT OF ELIGIBLE ACTIVE MEMBERS RETIRING WITHIN NEXT YEAR

Retirement	Retirement Basic		MIP ¹ and Po	ension Plus	Years of	MIP ²			
Ages	Teachers N	on-Teachers	Teachers N	on-Teachers	Service	Teachers	Non-Teachers		
55	25 %	20 %	- %	- %	30	25 %	25 %		
58	16	18	-	-	32	20	20		
61	20	18	20	17	34	19	20		
64	25	24	23	20	36	21	20		
67	25	28	25	20	38	24	20		
70	25	20	25	16	40	30	25		
71	21	20	25	16	42	30	30		
72	21	20	25	16	44	30	30		
73	21	20	20	16	46	30	30		
74	21	20	20	16	48	30	30		
75 and over	100	100	100	100	50 and over	100	100		

¹ Applies to MIP members with fewer than 30 years of service.

SCHEDULE 2
SEPARATION FROM ACTIVE EMPLOYMENT BEFORE
AGE & SERVICE RETIREMENT & INDIVIDUAL PAY INCREASE ASSUMPTIONS

			Percent of Ac Withdrawing W			Percent Becoming	Percent Increase in		
Sample	Years of	Pay More	than \$20,000	Pay Less	s than \$20,000	Disabled Within	Pay During		
Ages	Service	Teachers	Non-Teachers	Teachers	Non-Teachers	Next Year	Next Year		
All	0	15.00 %	35.00 %	30.00 %	40.00 %	- %	- %		
	1	10.00	14.00	25.00	26.00	-	-		
	2	6.50	8.20	22.00	19.00	-	-		
	3	6.00	6.80	22.00	16.00	-	-		
	4	4.50	5.70	22.00	14.00	-	-		
25	5 & Over	3.00	4.76	22.00	14.00	.01	11.55		
35	"	1.82	2.78	20.80	13.40	.02	5.85		
45	"	1.08	1.88	16.40	9.80	.10	3.89		
55	"	1.00	1.80	16.00	8.00	.26	2.93		
60	"	1.00	1.80	16.00	8.00	.36	2.75		

² Applies to MIP members with 30 or more years of service.

SCHEDULES OF ACTIVE MEMBER VALUATION DATA

SCHEDULE OF ACTIVE MEMBER PENSION VALUATION DATA

Valuation Date Sept. 30	Number	Reported Annual Payroll*		Average Annual Pay		Increase (Decrease)	Average Age	Average Service
2012	223,769	\$	8,649,029	\$ 38,6	52	(0.1) %	45.7	11.9
2013	212,525		8,225,140	38,7	02	0.1	46.0	12.3
2014	199,674		7,943,922	39,7	84	2.8	46.1	12.7
2015	194,957		8,005,009	41,0	60	3.2	46.1	12.8
2016	189,761		7,912,565	41,6	98	1.6	46.2	13.0
2017	187,735		7,880,041	41,9	74	0.7	46.2	13.0
2018	182,930		7,884,550	43,1	01	2.7	46.4	13.1
2019	174,189		8,039,478	46,1	54	7.1	47.0	13.6
2020	165,015		7,979,260	48,3	55	4.8	47.3	14.0
2021	157,021		8,032,377	51,1	55	5.8	47.4	14.3

^{*} In thousands of dollars.

SCHEDULE OF ACTIVE MEMBER OPEB VALUATION DATA

Valuation Date Sept. 30	Number	 Reported Annual Payroll*	Average Annual Pay	Increase (Decrease)	Average Age	Average Service
2012	223,769	\$ 8,649,029	\$ 38,652	- %	45.7	11.9
2013	214,906	8,273,017	38,496	(0.4)	46.0	12.3
2014	191,551	7,618,224	39,771	3.3	45.7	12.6
2015	191,403	7,780,961	40,652	2.2	45.6	12.5
2016	189,458	7,745,962	40,885	0.6	45.6	12.5
2017	190,537	7,778,000	40,821	(0.2)	45.5	12.3
2018	190,291	7,873,900	41,378	1.4	45.6	12.2
2019	192,750	8,255,900	42,832	3.5	45.6	11.9
2020	188,765	8,301,200	43,976	2.7	45.8	12.0
2021	183,096	8,496,800	46,406	5.5	45.7	12.1

^{*} In thousands of dollars.

SCHEDULES OF ACTIVE MEMBER VALUATION DATA

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN RETIREMENT ROLLS

Year	Add	Added to Rolls		Removed from Rolls		Rolls -	End of Year	Increase in	A	verage	
Ended			Annual		- 1	Annual		Annual	Annual	A	Annual
Sept. 30	No.	All	owances*	No.	No. Allowance		No.	Allowances*	Allowances	Allowances	
2012	9,007	\$	236,023	4,781	\$	89,032	196,661	\$ 4,134,218	3.7 %	\$	21,022
2013	9,182		244,937	4,891		89,874	200,952	4,289,281	3.8		21,345
2014	8,852		241,473	5,292		99,689	204,512	4,431,065	3.3		21,667
2015	8,761		244,010	5,622		106,223	207,651	4,568,852	3.1		22,003
2016	8,836		248,739	5,480		107,923	211,007	4,709,668	3.1		22,320
2017	8,793		247,289	5,811		117,543	213,989	4,839,414	2.8		22,615
2018	8,741		254,248	6,112		126,607	216,618	4,967,055	2.6		22,930
2019	8,477		252,140	6,158		131,828	218,937	5,087,367	2.4		23,237
2020	9,351		272,951	6,810		148,212	221,478	5,212,106	2.5		23,533
2021	9,885		289,637	7,596		167,114	223,767	5,334,628	2.4		23,840

^{*} In thousands of dollars.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE OPEB ROLLS

Year	Added to Rolls		Remov	Removed from Rolls		Rolls - End of Year			Increase in	A۱	/erage	
Ended		-	Annual	•		Annual	•		Annual	Annual	Α	nnual
Sept. 30	No.	Allo	wances*	No.	All	owances*	No.	All	owances*	Allowances	Allo	wances
2012	7,263	\$	73,106	4,401	\$	74,841	157,451	\$	977,843	(0.2) %	\$	6,210
2013	6,996	·	59,203	4,695	·	156,890	159,752	•	880,156	(10.0)	•	5,510
2014	6,634		57,331	5,042		88,058	161,344		849,429	(3.5)		5,265
2015	6,617		65,670	5,159		69,497	162,802		845,602	(0.5)		5,194
2016	6,633		74,740	5,072		68,879	164,363		851,463	0.7		5,180
2017	6,572		65,051	5,382		69,797	165,553		846,717	(0.6)		5,114
2018	5,927		58,668	5,559		99,257	165,921		806,128	(4.8)		4,859
2019	6,981		62,342	5,645		116,702	167,257		751,768	(6.7)		4,495
2020	6,736		67,843	6,069		96,185	167,924		723,426	(3.8)		4,308
2021	7,262		80,517	6,642		113,134	168,544		690,810	(4.5)		4,099

^{*} In thousands of dollars.

Notes:

No. refers to number of retiree health contracts.

Annual allowances added to rolls includes increases due to medical inflation and contract changes.

Annual allowances removed from rolls includes decreases due to contract changes.

PRIORITIZED SOLVENCY TEST

MPSERS's funding objective is to meet long-term benefit promises through contributions that remain approximately level from year to year as a percent of member payroll. If the contributions to MPSERS are level in concept and soundly executed, MPSERS will pay all promised benefits when due, the ultimate test of financial soundness. Testing for level contribution rates is the long-term solvency test.

A prioritized solvency test is another means of checking a system's progress under its funding program. In a short condition test, the plan's present assets (cash and investments) are compared with: (1) active member contributions on deposit; (2) the liabilities for future benefits to present retired lives; and (3) the liabilities for service already rendered by active and inactive members. In a system that has been following the discipline of level percent of payroll financing, the liabilities for active member contributions on deposit (liability 1) and the liabilities for future benefits to present retired lives (liability 2) will be fully covered by present assets (except in rare circumstances). In addition, the liabilities for service already rendered by active members (liability 3) are normally partially covered by the remainder of present assets. Generally, if MPSERS has been using level-cost financing, the funded portion of liability 3 will increase over time. Liability 3 being fully funded is not necessarily a by-product of level percent of payroll funding methods.

The schedules that follow illustrate the history of the liabilities of MPSERS and are indicative of the MPSERS policy of following the discipline of level percent of payroll financing.

PENSION BENEFITS

(\$ in millions)

	Actua	rial Accrued Li	ability (A	AL)					
	(1)	(2)		(3)					
Valuation	Active	Retirants	Active	and Inactive					
Date	Member	and	Member	s (Employer	Valuation	P	ortion of AAL (Covered by As	sets
Sept. 30	Contributions	Beneficiaries	Financ	ed Portion)	Assets	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4) ¹
2012	\$ 5,296	\$ 42,076	\$	16,909	\$ 38,450	100%	78.8%	0.0%	59.8%
2012 ²	5,296 5,296	42.076	φ	15,905	38,450	100 %	78.8 78.8	0.076	60.8
2012 ³	5,296	42,076		15,344	38,450	100	78.8	0.0	61.3
	•	•			,				
2013	4,909	43,198		15,733	38,044	100	76.7	0.0	59.6
2014	5,225	44,126		15,699	39,626	100	78.0	0.0	60.9
2014 ²	5,225	45,545		15,335	39,626	100	75.5	0.0	59.9
2015	5,738	46,538		15,452	41,006	100	75.8	0.0	60.5
2016	6,189	47,431		15,238	43,204	100	78.0	0.0	62.7
2016 ²	6,189	49,299		16,822	43,204	100	75.1	0.0	59.7
2017	6,730	50,069		16,528	45,397	100	77.2	0.0	61.9
2017 ²	6,730	51,878		18,085	47,255	100	78.1	0.0	61.6
2018	7,479	52,633		17,753	49,313	100	79.5	0.0	63.3
2018 ²	7,479	56,834		19,062	50,630	100	75.9	0.0	60.7
2019	8,106	57,716		19,380	51,422	100	75.1	0.0	60.4
2020	8,329	58,699		19,310	52,587	100	75.4	0.0	60.9
2021	8,550	59,769		19,454	55,985	100	79.4	0.0	63.8
2021 ²	8,550	64,089		23,264	61,480	100	82.6	0.0	64.1

¹ Percent funded on a total valuation asset and total actuarial accrued liability basis

² Revised actuarial assumptions and/or methods.

³ Applies to MIP members with fewer than 30 years of service.

PRIORITIZED SOLVENCY TEST

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

(\$ in millions)

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)

	(1)	(2)	(3)						
Valuation	Active	Retirants	Active and Inactive						
Date	Member	and	Members (Employer	Valuation	Por	tion of AAL C	overed by As	sets	_
Sept. 30	Contributions	Beneficiaries	Financed Portion)	Assets	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4) ¹	_
2012 ²	-	8,848	5,940	1,348	0.0	15.2	0.0	9.1	%
2013	691	8,766	5,077	2,041	100	15.4	0.0	14.0	
2014 ²	874	8,829	4,458	2,982	100	23.9	0.0	21.1	
2015	1,042	7,867	3,923	3,531	100	31.6	0.0	27.5	
2016 ²	1,186	8,548	5,592	4,279	100	36.2	0.0	31.1	
2017	1,320	7,879	3,594	5,178	100	49.0	0.0	40.5	
2017 ²	1,320	8,279	3,989	5,178	100	46.6	0.0	38.1	
2018	1,441	7,794	3,638	5,944	100	57.8	0.0	46.2	
2018 ²	1,441	8,505	3,803	6,089	100	54.7	0.0	44.3	
2019	1,254	7,841	3,915	6,958	100	72.7	0.0	53.5	
2020	1,372	6,895	3,618	8,179	100	98.7	0.0	68.8	
2021	1,470	6,517	3,090	9,606	100	100	52.4	86.7	
2021 ³	1,470	7,134	3,773	10,548	100	100	51.5	85.1	

¹ Percent funded on a total valuation asset and total actuarial accrued liability basis

² Revised actuarial assumptions and/or methods.

³ Change in assumptions shown for years where assumptions other than the trend assumption have changed. Beginning with the September 30, 2021 valuation, results as of the same valuation date prior to the assumption change reflect expected trend from the prior year's valuation.

ANALYSIS OF SYSTEM EXPERIENCE - PENSION

GAINS/(LOSSES) IN ACCRUED LIABILITIES

During Year Ended September 30, 2021
Resulting from Differences Between Assumed Experience & Actual Experience

Ty	pe of Activity	Gain/(Loss)
1.	Retirements (including Disability Retirement). If members retire at older ages or with lower final average pay than assumed, there is a gain. If younger ages or higher average pays, a loss.	\$ 5,574,485
2.	Withdrawal From Employment (including death-in-service). If more liabilities are released by withdrawals and deaths than assumed, there is a gain. If smaller releases, a loss.	(60,922,477)
3.	Pay Increases. If there are smaller pay increases than assumed, there is a gain. If greater increases, a loss.	(234,811,255)
4.	Investment Income. If there is greater investment income than assumed, there is a gain. If less income, a loss.	7,245,232,300
5.	Death After Retirement. If retirants live longer than assumed, there is a loss. If not as long, a gain.	156,677,890
6.	Rehires.	9,209,200
7.	Other. Miscellaneous gains and losses resulting from data adjustments, timing of financial transactions, etc.	(45,461,419)
8.	Composite Gain (or Loss) During Year.	\$ 7,075,498,724

ANALYSIS OF SYSTEM EXPERIENCE - OPEB

GAINS/(LOSSES) IN ACCRUED LIABILITIES

During Year Ended September 30, 2021 Resulting from Differences Between Assumed Experience & Actual Experience

	Type of Activity	Gain/(Loss)
1.	Premiums. Gains and losses resulting from actual premiums in valuation year versus that assumed from prior valuation.	\$ 1,129,621,582
2.	Investment Income . If there is greater investment income than assumed, there is a gain. If less income, a loss.	1,212,347,093
3.	Demographic and Other. Gains and losses resulting from demographic experience, data adjustments, timing of financial transactions, etc.	325,855,309
4.	Composite Gain (or Loss) During Year.	\$ 2,667,823,984

SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

Our actuarial valuation of MPSERS as of September 30, 2021, is based on the present provisions of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (Act 300 of 1980. As amended).

REGULAR RETIREMENT

(No reduction factor for age)

- Eligibility Age 55 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service. For Member Investment Plan (MIP) members, any age with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service; or age 60 with 5 years of credited service provided member worked through 60th birthday and has credited service in each of the last 5 years. For Pension Plus and Pension Plus 2 members, age 60 with 10 years of credited service.
- Mandatory Retirement Age None.
- Transition Date February 1, 2013 (Basic and MIP members only).
- Annual Amount, Basic and MIP Total credited service as of the Transition Date × 1.5% of final average compensation (FAC).

PLUS

An amount determined by the member's election of Option 1, 2, 3, or 4 described below.

- **Option 1** Credited Service after the Transition Date × 1.5% × FAC.
- **Option 2** Credited Service after the Transition Date (until total service reaches 30 years) × 1.5% × FAC, PLUS Credited Service after the Transition Date and over 30 years × 1.25% × FAC.
- Option 3 Credited Service after the Transition Date ×1.25% ×FAC.
- Option 4 None (Member will receive benefit through a Defined Contribution plan).
- Annual Amount, Pension Plus and Pension Plus 2 Plans Credited service x 1.5 x FAC.
- Final Average Compensation Average of highest 60 consecutive months (36 months for MIP members).
 FAC is calculated as of the last day worked unless the member elected option 4, in which case the FAC is calculated at the Transition Date.

EARLY RETIREMENT

(Age reduction factor used)

- **Eligibility** Age 55 with 15 or more (but less than 30) years credited service and earned credited service in each of the last 5 years. At least 10 of the 15 years of credited service has to be earned service. Pension Plus and Pension Plus 2 members are not eligible for early retirements.
- **Annual Amount** Regular retirement benefit reduced by 0.5% for each month by which the commencement age is less than 60.

DEFERRED RETIREMENT

(Vested benefit)

- Eligibility 10 years of credited service. Benefit commences at the time age qualification is met.
- Annual Amount Regular retirement benefit based on service and final average compensation at time of termination.

DUTY DISABILITY RETIREMENT

- Eligibility No age or service requirement; in receipt of workers' disability compensation.
- **Annual Amount** Computed as regular retirement benefit with minimum benefit based on 10 years credited service. Additional limitation such that disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings limited to 100% of final average compensation (increased by 2% each year retired).

SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

NONDUTY DISABILITY RETIREMENT

- Eligibility 10 years of credited service.
- Annual Amount Computed as regular retirement benefit based on credited service and final average compensation at time of disability. Additional limitation such that disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings limited to 100% of final average compensation (increased by 2% each year retired).

DUTY DEATH BEFORE RETIREMENT

- Eligibility No age or service requirement. Beneficiary is in receipt of workers' compensation. Also applies
 to "duty disability" retirees during first three years of disability.
- Annual Amount Spouse benefit computed as regular retirement benefit with minimum benefit based on ten years of credited service, reduced for 100% joint and survivor election. If no surviving spouse, children under 18 share in benefit; if no spouse or children, a disabled and dependent parent is eligible.

NONDUTY DEATH BEFORE RETIREMENT

- **Eligibility** For Basic plan members, 15 years of credited service, or age 60 and 10 years of credited service. For MIP members, 10 years of credited service, or age 60 and 5 years of credited service. For Pension Plus and Pension Plus 2 members, 10 years of credited service.
- Annual Amount Computed as regular retirement benefit, reduced in accordance with a 100% joint and survivor election, with payments commencing first of month following death. For the beneficiary of a deferred member, benefit commences at the time a member would have attained the minimum age qualification.

POSTRETIREMENT COST-OF-LIVING ADJUSTMENTS

One-time upward adjustments have been made in 1972, 1974, 1976 and 1977 for members retired on or after July 1, 1956, and prior to July 1, 1976, who were eligible for Social Security benefits. For members who retired prior to July 1, 1956, and not eligible for Social Security benefits based upon membership service, the minimum base pension was increased in 1965, 1971, 1972, 1974 and 1981, and in 1976 and 1977 one-time upward adjustments were made.

Beginning in 1983, eligible recipients received an annual distribution of investment earnings in excess of 8% (supplemental payment). On January 1, 1986, all members who retired prior to January 1, 1986, were given a permanent 8% increase. On January 1, 1990, a one-time upward adjustment for members who retired prior to October 1, 1981, was made.

Currently members receive annual increases based on the following schedule:

- Retired before January 1, 1987: greater of supplemental payment or automatic 3% increase.
- Retired on or after January 1, 1987 under MIP: automatic 3% increase only.
- Retired on or after January 1, 1987 not under MIP: supplemental payment only.
- Retired under Pension Plus or Pension Plus 2: no increases.

POSTRETIREMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

Members hired before July 1, 2008 are eligible for 80% System paid Master Health Plan and Dental and Vision coverage for themselves and their dependents. However, those retirees Medicare eligible at January 1, 2013 receive 90% System-paid coverage.

Members hired before July 1, 2008 who retired from deferred vested status with less than 30 years of service, who terminate employment after October 31, 1980 with vested deferred benefits, are eligible for partially System-paid health benefit coverage (no payment if less than 21 years of service, 10% of maximum employer payment for each year of service over 20 up to 100% for 30 or more years of service). Members who retire from deferred status and terminated employment before October 31, 1980, are entitled to 100% of the subsidy allowed by law.

SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

Members hired after June 30, 2008, but before September 4, 2012, are eligible for 80% System paid Master Health Plan and Dental and Vision coverage for themselves and their dependents, but the premium subsidy is graded based on career length as described below:

- a. Member is age 60 or older at retirement
 - If member has 10 or more years of total service, the System pays 30% of the monthly premium for the first 10 years of total service, plus 4% for each additional year of service, up to a maximum of 80% of the monthly premium if 23 years of total service or more.
 - If a member has fewer than 10 years of total service, there is no System paid coverage.
- b. Member is under age 60 at retirement
 - If member has 25 years of actual service, the System pays 80% of the monthly premium.
 - If the member has under 25 years of actual service, upon attainment of age 60 the member may apply for System paid coverage (as described by the schedule above in a.).

Dependents are eligible for 80% System paid employer health benefits (partial payments for dependents of deferred vested members who had 21 or more years of service and dependents of members hired on or after July 1, 2008, as per the above schedule).

Members hired on or after September 4, 2012 will become participants of the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF) and will not be eligible for insurance premium subsidy in retirement. For members hired on or after September 4, 2012, the maximum insurance subsidy is payable to the surviving spouse and health dependents of members who die as a result of injury or illness resulting from job activities. For all other members hired on or after September 4, 2012, the defined benefit portion of their post-retirement health benefits coverage is limited to a credit to a Health Reimbursement Account at termination if they have at least 10 years of service. The credit will be \$2,000 for participants who are at least age 60 at termination or \$1,000 for participants who are less than age 60 at termination.

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 4, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 4, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

MEMBER CONTRIBUTIONS BEFORE TRANSITION DATE

(February 1, 2013)

- Basic Participants None.
- MIP Participants hired before January 1, 1990 3.9% of pay.
- MIP Participants hired on or after January 1, 1990 and before July 1, 2008 3.0% of first \$5,000 of pay, plus 3.6% of next \$10,000 of pay, plus 4.3% pay in excess of \$15,000.
- MIP Participants hired on or after July 1, 2008 3.0% of first \$5,000 of pay, plus 3.6% of next \$10,000 of pay, plus 6.4% pay in excess of \$15,000.

MEMBER CONTRIBUTIONS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE RETIREE HEALTH PLANS

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between i. and ii. below:

- i. Maintaining eligibility for premium subsidy retiree medical coverage, and contributing 3% of their compensation while still working, or
- ii. Entering the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF).

Members not making an election defaulted into the premium subsidy arrangement.

SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

If a member who elected the subsidy terminates prior to becoming eligible for the subsidy, dies before the total value of the subsidy received equals the total value of contributions made, or retires and declines coverage, the member or beneficiary may request a refund of unused funds. Refunds of member contributions to the healthcare funding account are issued as a supplemental pension benefit (payable at age 60 and payable from the pension plan) paid out over a 60-month period.

A delayed subsidy applies to retirees who became a member of the retirement system before July 1, 2008 and who purchased service credit on or after July 1, 2008. Such individuals are eligible for premium subsidy benefits at age 60 or when they would have been eligible to retire without having made a service purchase, whichever comes first. They may enroll in the insurances earlier but are responsible for the full premium until the premium subsidy begins.

MEMBER CONTRIBUTIONS ON OR AFTER TRANSITION DATE

(February 1, 2013)

BASIC AND MIP MEMBERS

Contributions depend on member election of Option 1, 2, 3. Members electing Option 4 will not contribute to the Plan.

- **Option 1** Basic plan members 4%. All MIP members 7%.
- **Option 2** Contributions as in Option 1 until member reaches 30 years of service. At 30 years of service, contribution reverts to pre-transition date level.
- **Option 3** Post-transition date contribution is the same as the pre-transition date contribution.
- Option 4 None (Member will receive a benefit through a Defined Contribution plan).

Pension Plus Members -3% of first \$5,000 of pay, plus 3.6% of next \$10,000 of pay, plus 6.4% of pay in excess of \$15,000.

Pension Plus 2 Members - The member contribution rate will be based upon a 50/50 cost sharing arrangement with the employer with respect to the normal cost and the financing of any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities associated with PPP2 participants.

SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - PENSION PLAN

Last Ten Years (\$ in millions)

				Actuarial		(+)				
Valuation Date Sept. 30		Actuarial Value of Assets (a)		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)		Unfunded (Overfunded) Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)		Active Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Active Payroll ((b-a)/c)
2012	\$	38,450	\$	62,716	\$	24,266	61.3 %	6 \$	8,649	280.6 %
2013		38,044		63,840		25,796	59.6		8,273	311.8
2014		39,626		65,050		25,424	60.9		8,167	311.3
2014	1	39,626		66,105		26,479	59.9		8,167	324.2
2015		41,006		67,728		26,721	60.5		8,264	323.3
2016		43,204		68,858		25,654	62.7		8,206	312.6
2016	1	43,204		72,310		29,107	59.7		8,206	354.7
2017		45,397		73,327		27,930	61.9		8,221	339.7
2017	2	47,255		76,693		29,438	61.6		8,221	358.1
2018		49,313		77,865		28,552	63.3		8,300	344
2018	2	50,630		83,375		32,745	60.7		8,300	394.5
2019		51,422		85,202		33,780	60.4		8,691	388.7
2020		52,587		86,338		33,750	60.9		8,716	387.2
2021		55,985		87,773		31,788	63.8		8,901	357.1
2021	2	61,480		95,903		24,424	64.1		8,901	386.7
	2012 2013 2014 2014 2015 2016 2017 2017 2018 2018 2019 2020 2021	Date Sept. 30 2012 \$ 2013 2014 2014 2015 2016 2016 2017 2017 2017 2018 2018 2019 2020 2021	Valuation Date Date Sept. 30 Value of Assets (a) 2012 \$ 38,450 2013 38,044 2014 39,626 2015 41,006 2016 43,204 2017 45,397 2018 49,313 2018 2019 2019 51,422 2020 52,587 2021 55,985	Valuation Date Date Sept. 30 Value of Assets (a) 2012 \$ 38,450 \$ 2013 38,044 2014 39,626 </td <td>Valuation Date Sept. 30 Actuarial Value of (AAL) Entry Assets Age (a) Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b) 2012 \$ 38,450 \$ 62,716 2013 38,044 63,840 2014 39,626 65,050 2015 41,006 67,728 2016 43,204 68,858 2017 45,397 73,327 2018 49,313 77,865 2018 49,313 77,865 2019 51,422 85,202 2020 52,587 86,338 2021 55,985 87,773</td> <td>Valuation Date Sept. 30 Actuarial Value of (a) Actuarial (AAL) Entry (AAL) Entry Age (b) 2012 \$ 38,450 \$ 62,716 \$ 2013 \$ 38,044 63,840 62,050 \$ 62,050 \$ 2014 39,626 66,105 66,105 66,105 67,728 68,858 60,105 67,728 68,858 60,105 67,728 68,858 60,105<td>Valuation Date Sept. 30 \$ 38,450 (b) \$ 62,716 (b-a) \$ 24,266 (b-a) 2012 \$ 38,450 (b) \$ 62,716 (b-a) \$ 24,266 (b-a) 2014 39,626 (b) 65,050 (b) 25,796 (b-a) 2014 39,626 (b) 66,105 (b) 26,479 (b) 2015 41,006 (b) 67,728 (b) 26,721 (b) 2016 43,204 (b) 68,858 (b) 25,654 (b) 2016 43,204 (b) 72,310 (b) 29,107 (b) 2017 45,397 (b) 73,327 (b) 29,438 (b) 2018 49,313 (b) 77,865 (b) 28,552 (b) 2018 20,630 (b) 83,375 (b) 32,745 (b) 2017 25,587 (b) 86,338 (b) 33,750 (b) 2020 52,587 (b) 86,338 (b) 33,750 (b) 2021 55,985 (b) 87,773 (b) 31,788 (b)</td><td>Valuation Date Sept. 30 \$\begin{subarray}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c </td><td>Valuation Date Sept. 30 \$ 38,450 (a) \$ 62,716 (b) \$ 24,266 (b) \$ 61.3 % \$ \$ 2012 (a/b) \$ \$ 26,779 (b) \$ \$ 26,779 (b) \$ \$ 26,779 (b) \$ \$ 26,779 (b) \$ \$ \$ 26,779 (b) \$ \$ \$ \$ 26,779 (b) \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$</td><td>Valuation Date Sept. 30 \$ 38,450 (b) \$ 62,716 (b) \$ 24,266 (b) \$ 61.3 (b) \$ 8,649 (c) 2012 \$ 38,450 (a) \$ 62,716 (b) \$ 24,266 (b) \$ 61.3 (b) \$ 8,649 (b) 2014 \$ 39,626 (b) \$ 65,050 (b) \$ 25,796 (b) \$ 9.9 (b) \$ 8,167 (b) 2015 \$ 41,006 (b) \$ 67,728 (b) \$ 26,721 (b) \$ 8,273 (b) \$ 8,273 (b) 2014 \$ 39,626 (b) \$ 65,050 (b) \$ 25,796 (b) \$ 9.9 (b) \$ 8,167 (b) 2015 \$ 41,006 (b) \$ 67,728 (b) \$ 26,721 (b) \$ 8,264 (b) \$ 8,264 (b) 2016 \$ 43,204 (b) \$ 68,858 (b) \$ 25,654 (b) \$ 62.7 (b) \$ 8,264 (b) 2016 \$ 43,204 (b) \$ 68,858 (b) \$ 25,654 (b) \$ 62.7 (b) \$ 8,206 (b) 2016 \$ 43,204 (b) \$ 68,858 (b) \$ 25,654 (b) \$ 62.7 (b) \$ 8,206 (b) 2017 \$ 2 47,255 (b) \$ 76,693 (b) \$ 29,438 (b) \$ 61.6 (b) \$ 8,221 (b) 2018 \$ 2 5,654 (b) \$ 28,552 (b) \$ 63.3 (b) \$ 8,300 (b) \$ 8,300 (b) 2018 \$ 2 5,654 (b) \$ 2 8,520 (b) \$ 33,780 (b) \$ 60.4</td></td>	Valuation Date Sept. 30 Actuarial Value of (AAL) Entry Assets Age (a) Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b) 2012 \$ 38,450 \$ 62,716 2013 38,044 63,840 2014 39,626 65,050 2015 41,006 67,728 2016 43,204 68,858 2017 45,397 73,327 2018 49,313 77,865 2018 49,313 77,865 2019 51,422 85,202 2020 52,587 86,338 2021 55,985 87,773	Valuation Date Sept. 30 Actuarial Value of (a) Actuarial (AAL) Entry (AAL) Entry Age (b) 2012 \$ 38,450 \$ 62,716 \$ 2013 \$ 38,044 63,840 62,050 \$ 62,050 \$ 2014 39,626 66,105 66,105 66,105 67,728 68,858 60,105 67,728 68,858 60,105 67,728 68,858 60,105 <td>Valuation Date Sept. 30 \$ 38,450 (b) \$ 62,716 (b-a) \$ 24,266 (b-a) 2012 \$ 38,450 (b) \$ 62,716 (b-a) \$ 24,266 (b-a) 2014 39,626 (b) 65,050 (b) 25,796 (b-a) 2014 39,626 (b) 66,105 (b) 26,479 (b) 2015 41,006 (b) 67,728 (b) 26,721 (b) 2016 43,204 (b) 68,858 (b) 25,654 (b) 2016 43,204 (b) 72,310 (b) 29,107 (b) 2017 45,397 (b) 73,327 (b) 29,438 (b) 2018 49,313 (b) 77,865 (b) 28,552 (b) 2018 20,630 (b) 83,375 (b) 32,745 (b) 2017 25,587 (b) 86,338 (b) 33,750 (b) 2020 52,587 (b) 86,338 (b) 33,750 (b) 2021 55,985 (b) 87,773 (b) 31,788 (b)</td> <td>Valuation Date Sept. 30 \$\begin{subarray}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c </td> <td>Valuation Date Sept. 30 \$ 38,450 (a) \$ 62,716 (b) \$ 24,266 (b) \$ 61.3 % \$ \$ 2012 (a/b) \$ \$ 26,779 (b) \$ \$ 26,779 (b) \$ \$ 26,779 (b) \$ \$ 26,779 (b) \$ \$ \$ 26,779 (b) \$ \$ \$ \$ 26,779 (b) \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$</td> <td>Valuation Date Sept. 30 \$ 38,450 (b) \$ 62,716 (b) \$ 24,266 (b) \$ 61.3 (b) \$ 8,649 (c) 2012 \$ 38,450 (a) \$ 62,716 (b) \$ 24,266 (b) \$ 61.3 (b) \$ 8,649 (b) 2014 \$ 39,626 (b) \$ 65,050 (b) \$ 25,796 (b) \$ 9.9 (b) \$ 8,167 (b) 2015 \$ 41,006 (b) \$ 67,728 (b) \$ 26,721 (b) \$ 8,273 (b) \$ 8,273 (b) 2014 \$ 39,626 (b) \$ 65,050 (b) \$ 25,796 (b) \$ 9.9 (b) \$ 8,167 (b) 2015 \$ 41,006 (b) \$ 67,728 (b) \$ 26,721 (b) \$ 8,264 (b) \$ 8,264 (b) 2016 \$ 43,204 (b) \$ 68,858 (b) \$ 25,654 (b) \$ 62.7 (b) \$ 8,264 (b) 2016 \$ 43,204 (b) \$ 68,858 (b) \$ 25,654 (b) \$ 62.7 (b) \$ 8,206 (b) 2016 \$ 43,204 (b) \$ 68,858 (b) \$ 25,654 (b) \$ 62.7 (b) \$ 8,206 (b) 2017 \$ 2 47,255 (b) \$ 76,693 (b) \$ 29,438 (b) \$ 61.6 (b) \$ 8,221 (b) 2018 \$ 2 5,654 (b) \$ 28,552 (b) \$ 63.3 (b) \$ 8,300 (b) \$ 8,300 (b) 2018 \$ 2 5,654 (b) \$ 2 8,520 (b) \$ 33,780 (b) \$ 60.4</td>	Valuation Date Sept. 30 \$ 38,450 (b) \$ 62,716 (b-a) \$ 24,266 (b-a) 2012 \$ 38,450 (b) \$ 62,716 (b-a) \$ 24,266 (b-a) 2014 39,626 (b) 65,050 (b) 25,796 (b-a) 2014 39,626 (b) 66,105 (b) 26,479 (b) 2015 41,006 (b) 67,728 (b) 26,721 (b) 2016 43,204 (b) 68,858 (b) 25,654 (b) 2016 43,204 (b) 72,310 (b) 29,107 (b) 2017 45,397 (b) 73,327 (b) 29,438 (b) 2018 49,313 (b) 77,865 (b) 28,552 (b) 2018 20,630 (b) 83,375 (b) 32,745 (b) 2017 25,587 (b) 86,338 (b) 33,750 (b) 2020 52,587 (b) 86,338 (b) 33,750 (b) 2021 55,985 (b) 87,773 (b) 31,788 (b)	Valuation Date Sept. 30 \$\begin{subarray}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	Valuation Date Sept. 30 \$ 38,450 (a) \$ 62,716 (b) \$ 24,266 (b) \$ 61.3 % \$ \$ 2012 (a/b) \$ \$ 26,779 (b) \$ \$ 26,779 (b) \$ \$ 26,779 (b) \$ \$ 26,779 (b) \$ \$ \$ 26,779 (b) \$ \$ \$ \$ 26,779 (b) \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Valuation Date Sept. 30 \$ 38,450 (b) \$ 62,716 (b) \$ 24,266 (b) \$ 61.3 (b) \$ 8,649 (c) 2012 \$ 38,450 (a) \$ 62,716 (b) \$ 24,266 (b) \$ 61.3 (b) \$ 8,649 (b) 2014 \$ 39,626 (b) \$ 65,050 (b) \$ 25,796 (b) \$ 9.9 (b) \$ 8,167 (b) 2015 \$ 41,006 (b) \$ 67,728 (b) \$ 26,721 (b) \$ 8,273 (b) \$ 8,273 (b) 2014 \$ 39,626 (b) \$ 65,050 (b) \$ 25,796 (b) \$ 9.9 (b) \$ 8,167 (b) 2015 \$ 41,006 (b) \$ 67,728 (b) \$ 26,721 (b) \$ 8,264 (b) \$ 8,264 (b) 2016 \$ 43,204 (b) \$ 68,858 (b) \$ 25,654 (b) \$ 62.7 (b) \$ 8,264 (b) 2016 \$ 43,204 (b) \$ 68,858 (b) \$ 25,654 (b) \$ 62.7 (b) \$ 8,206 (b) 2016 \$ 43,204 (b) \$ 68,858 (b) \$ 25,654 (b) \$ 62.7 (b) \$ 8,206 (b) 2017 \$ 2 47,255 (b) \$ 76,693 (b) \$ 29,438 (b) \$ 61.6 (b) \$ 8,221 (b) 2018 \$ 2 5,654 (b) \$ 28,552 (b) \$ 63.3 (b) \$ 8,300 (b) \$ 8,300 (b) 2018 \$ 2 5,654 (b) \$ 2 8,520 (b) \$ 33,780 (b) \$ 60.4

Revised actuarial assumptions and/or methods
 Revised benefit provisions
 Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - OPEB PLAN

Last Ten Years (\$ in millions)

Valuation Date Sept. 30		Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded (Overfunded) Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)		Active Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Active Payroll ((b-a)/c)
2012	¹ \$	1,348	\$ 14,788	\$ 13,440	9.1	%	\$ 8,649	155.4 %
2013		2,041	14,534	12,493	14		8,273	151
2014	2	2,982	14,161	11,180	21.1		8,167	136.9
2015		3,531	12,832	9,302	27.5		8,264	112.6
2016	2	4,279	13,776	9,497	31.1		8,206	115.7
2017		5,178	13,116	7,938	39.5		8,221	96.6
2017	2	5,178	15,588	8,410	38.1		8,221	102.3
2018		5,944	12,873	6,928	46.2		8,300	83.4
2018	2	6,089	13,749	7,659	44.3		8,300	92.3
2019		6,958	13,010	6,052	53.5		8,691	69.6
2020		8,179	11,885	3,706	68.8		8,716	42.5
2021		9,606	11,077	1,471	86.7		8,901	16.5
2021	3	10,548	12,377	1,829	85.2		8,901	20.6

¹ Revised investment rate of return from 4% to 8% due to prefunding

² Revised actuarial assumptions and/or methods

³ Changing in assumptions shown for years where assumptions ither than the trend assumption have changed. Beginning with the September 30, 2021 valuation, results as of the same valuation date prior to the assumption change reflect expected trend from the prior year's valuation.

Contents
Schedules of Additions by Source
Schedules of Deductions by Type
Schedules of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Schedules of Benefits and Refunds by Type
Schedules of Retired Members by Type of Benefit
Schedule of Other Postemployment Benefits
Schedules of Average Benefit Payments
Schedule of Principal Participating Employers
Ten Year History of Membership
Schedule of Participating Employers

CONTENTS

This part of the System's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the System's overall financial health.

FINANCIAL TRENDS

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the System's financial performance and fiscal health has changed over time. The schedules are presented for the last ten fiscal years. Schedules included are:

- Schedule of Pension Plan Additions by Source
- Schedule of OPEB Plan Additions by Source
- Schedule of Pension Plan Deductions by Type
- Schedule of OPEB Plan Deductions by Type
- Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Pension Plan
- Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position OPEB Plan
- Schedule of Pension Benefit and Refunds by Type
- Schedule of OPEB Benefits and Refunds by Type

OPERATING INFORMATION

These schedules contain contextual information to assist the reader's understanding of how the System's financial information relates to the combination of participating members and the benefits it provides. Schedules are presented for the last ten fiscal years, except where noted. Schedules included are:

- Schedule of Retired Members by Type of Pension Benefit
- Schedule of Retired Members by Type of Other Postemployment Benefits
- Schedule of Other Postemployment Benefits
- Schedule of Average Benefit Payments Pension
- Schedule of Average Benefit Payments Medical/Rx
- Schedule of Average Benefit Payments Dental/Vision
- Schedule of Principal Participating Employers
- Ten Year History of Membership
- Schedule of Participating Employers

SCHEDULES OF ADDITIONS BY SOURCE

SCHEDULE OF PENSION PLAN ADDITIONS BY SOURCE

Last Ten Years

Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year	r				=					
Ended		Member		% of Annual		Net Investment &	Investment &			
Sept. 30		Contributions	Dollars	Reported Payroll		Other Income		Total		
2013	\$	385,007,587 \$	1,364,136,462	16.58	%	\$ 4,859,949,060	\$ 	6,609,063,109		
2014		405,443,771	1,600,375,132	19.60		6,192,710,861		8,198,529,764		
2015		395,722,292	1,967,610,696	23.81		938,143,040		3,301,476,028		
2016		398,893,138	2,308,657,030	28.13		3,095,177,500		5,802,727,668		
2017		427,988,238	2,398,950,106	28.38		5,583,470,138		8,410,408,482		
2018		393,059,173	2,791,508,863	32.52		5,136,369,857		8,320,937,893		
2019		403,146,565	2,706,712,537	30.21		2,519,522,310		5,629,381,412		
2020		401,626,288	2,808,839,412	30.91		2,545,305,150		5,755,770,850		
2021		413,530,505	3,081,013,949	33.24		13,740,863,392		17,235,407,846		
2022		434,411,307	3,843,216,331	38.58		(2,931,930,719)		1,345,696,919		

SCHEDULE OF OPEB PLAN ADDITIONS BY SOURCE

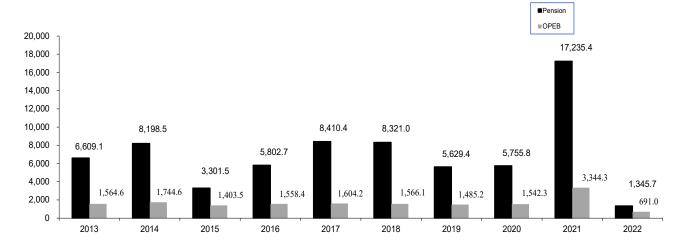
Last Ten Years

Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	 Member Contributions	 Dollars	% of Annual Reported Payroll	_	Net Investment & Other Income	_	Total
2013	\$ 394,839,047	\$ 973,002,719	11.76	%	\$ 196,731,989	\$	1,564,573,755
2014	390,844,206	1,000,031,808	12.24		353,732,646		1,744,608,660
2015	381,630,848	969,418,632	11.73		52,443,410		1,403,492,890
2016	382,257,166	883,943,202	10.77		292,214,037		1,558,414,405
2017	214,248,867	794,661,944	9.40		595,269,533		1,604,180,344
2018	210,679,842	663,708,218	7.73		691,696,835		1,566,084,896
2019	208,197,137	707,714,340	7.90		569,334,003		1,485,245,480
2020	204,752,249	708,508,889	7.80		629,036,142		1,542,297,280
2021	203,769,106	749,590,728	8.09		2,390,906,011		3,344,265,844
2022	205,596,047	771,570,875	7.74		(286, 178, 984)		690,987,937

TOTAL ADDITIONS

Year Ended September 30 (in millions)



SCHEDULES OF DEDUCTIONS BY TYPE

SCHEDULE OF PENSION PLAN DEDUCTIONS BY TYPE

Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	Benefit Payments	<u>a</u> ı	Refunds nd Transfers	 inistrative and ner Expenses	Total
2013	\$ 4,238,482,066	\$	30,451,235	\$ 25,002,153	\$ 4,293,935,454
2014	4,388,328,517		28,840,650	23,711,249	4,440,880,415
2015	4,530,914,738		136,902,057	24,487,325	4,692,304,120
2016	4,671,299,698		26,996,969	26,213,125	4,724,509,792
2017	4,806,958,754		26,112,046	26,133,359	4,859,204,159
2018	4,934,638,368		28,632,230	25,951,960	4,989,222,559
2019	5,058,624,097		29,344,631	27,740,993	5,115,709,721
2020	5,183,129,306		27,916,861	23,118,595	5,234,164,762
2021	5,309,513,888		26,727,739	23,239,301	5,359,480,928
2022	5,424,330,791		33,182,357	23,784,361	5,481,297,509

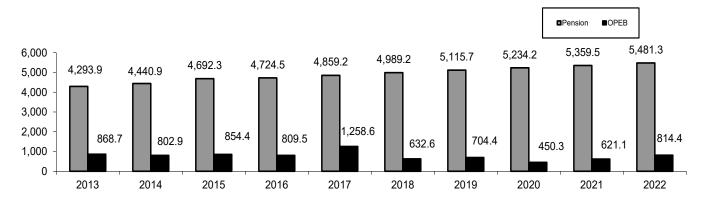
SCHEDULE OF OPEB PLAN DEDUCTIONS BY TYPE

Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	Benefit Payments	<u>a</u> ı	Refunds nd Transfers	 ninistrative and her Expenses	Total
2013	\$ 711,578,683	\$	9,177,658	\$ 147,972,842	\$ 868,729,183
2014	669,240,164		68,930	133,623,320	802,932,413
2015	700,904,663		95,860	153,410,971	854,411,494
2016	653,086,198		93,387	156,358,057	809,537,642
2017	548,269,421		553,960,659	156,354,596	1,258,584,675
2018	477,124,380		344,297	155,149,286	632,617,963
2019	542,033,925		33,591	162,320,970	704,388,486
2020	286,464,930		112,571	163,713,058	450,290,559
2021	449,557,569		107,541	171,430,145	621,095,255
2022	643,217,829		148,344	171,053,373	814,419,546

TOTAL DEDUCTIONS

Year Ended September 30 (in millions)



SCHEDIII ES OE	DEDUCTIONS BY	TVDE
OCHEDULES OF	DEDUCTIONS BY	1176

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SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - PENSION PLAN

Last Ten Years (in thousands)

_	isca	31	v	02	ľ

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Member contributions	\$ 385,008	\$ 405,444	\$ 395,722	\$ 398,893
Employer contributions	1,364,136	1,600,375	1,967,611	2,308,657
Net investment income	4,858,463	6,190,449	937,663	3,094,694
Miscellaneous income	1,356	2,262	480	484
Total Additions	6,609,063	8,198,530	3,301,476	5,802,728
Pension benefits	4,238,482	4,388,329	4,530,915	4,671,300
Refunds of contributions	30,450	28,841	136,901	26,994
Transfer to other systems Administrative and	1	-	1	3
Other Expenses	25,002	23,711	24,487	26,213
Total Deductions	4,293,935	4,440,880	4,692,304	4,724,510
Changes in net position	\$ 2,315,128	\$ 3,757,650	\$ (1,390,828)	\$ 1,078,218

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - OPEB PLAN

Last Ten Years (in thousands)

Fiscal	Year
--------	------

	r ioodi i cai								
		2013		2014		2015		2016	
Member contributions				_				_	
Employer contributions	\$	394,839	\$	390,844	\$	381,631	\$	382,257	
Other governmental									
contributions		973,303		1,000,032		969,419		883,943	
Net investment income		9		138		213		2,411	
Miscellaneous income		196,646		353,064		52,064		289,644	
Total Additions		77		531		166		159	
		1,564,574		1,744,609		1,403,493		1,558,414	
Health care benefits		711,579		699,240		700,904		653,086	
Refunds of contributions		1,095		68		96		93	
Transfers to other systems		8,083		1		-		-	
Uncollectible receivables		-		_		_		_	
Administrative and									
Other Expenses		147,973		133,623		153,411		156,358	
Total Deductions		868,729	-	832,932		854,411	-	809,538	
		·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Changes in net position	\$	695,845	\$	941,676	\$	549,081	\$	748,877	

SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Fiscal Year (continued)

				i iooai i oai	100	aoa,				
2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
427,988	\$	393,059	\$	403,147	\$	401,626	\$	413,531	\$	434,411
2,398,950		2,791,509		2,706,713		2,808,839		3,081,014		3,843,216
5,582,660		5,135,866		2,519,320		2,545,231		13,740,731		(2,932,020)
811		504		202		74		132		89
8,410,408		8,320,938		5,629,381		5,755,771		17,235,408		1,345,697
4,806,959		4,934,638		5,058,624		5,183,129		5,309,514		5,424,331
26,092		28,632		29,345		27,917		26,728		33,182
20		-		-		-		-		-
26,133		25,952		27,741		23,119		23,239		23,784
4,859,204		4,989,223		5,115,710		5,234,165		5,359,481		5,481,297
3,551,204	\$	3,331,715	\$	513,672	\$	521,606	\$	11,875,927	\$	(4,135,601)
	427,988 2,398,950 5,582,660 811 8,410,408 4,806,959 26,092 20 26,133 4,859,204	427,988 2,398,950 5,582,660 811 8,410,408 4,806,959 26,092 20 26,133 4,859,204	427,988 \$ 393,059 2,398,950 2,791,509 5,582,660 5,135,866 811 504 8,410,408 8,320,938 4,806,959 4,934,638 26,092 28,632 20 - 26,133 25,952 4,859,204 4,989,223	427,988 \$ 393,059 \$ 2,398,950 2,791,509 5,582,660 5,135,866 811 504 8,410,408 8,320,938 4,806,959 4,934,638 26,092 28,632 20 - 26,133 25,952 4,859,204 4,989,223	2017 2018 2019 427,988 \$ 393,059 \$ 403,147 2,398,950 2,791,509 2,706,713 5,582,660 5,135,866 2,519,320 811 504 202 8,410,408 8,320,938 5,629,381 4,806,959 4,934,638 5,058,624 26,092 28,632 29,345 20 - - 26,133 25,952 27,741 4,859,204 4,989,223 5,115,710	2017 2018 2019 427,988 \$ 393,059 \$ 403,147 \$ 2,398,950 2,791,509 2,706,713 \$ 5,582,660 5,135,866 2,519,320 \$ 811 504 202 8,410,408 8,320,938 5,629,381 4,806,959 4,934,638 5,058,624 26,092 28,632 29,345 20 - - 26,133 25,952 27,741 4,859,204 4,989,223 5,115,710	427,988 \$ 393,059 \$ 403,147 \$ 401,626 2,398,950 2,791,509 2,706,713 2,808,839 5,582,660 5,135,866 2,519,320 2,545,231 811 504 202 74 8,410,408 8,320,938 5,629,381 5,755,771 4,806,959 4,934,638 5,058,624 5,183,129 26,092 28,632 29,345 27,917 20 - - - 26,133 25,952 27,741 23,119 4,859,204 4,989,223 5,115,710 5,234,165	2017 2018 2019 2020 427,988 \$ 393,059 \$ 403,147 \$ 401,626 \$ 2,398,950 2,791,509 2,706,713 2,808,839 \$ 5,582,660 5,135,866 2,519,320 2,545,231 \$ 811 504 202 74 \$ 8,410,408 8,320,938 5,629,381 5,755,771 \$ 4,806,959 4,934,638 5,058,624 5,183,129 \$ 26,092 28,632 29,345 27,917 \$ 20 - - - - - - 26,133 25,952 27,741 23,119 \$ 4,859,204 4,989,223 5,115,710 5,234,165	2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 427,988 \$ 393,059 \$ 403,147 \$ 401,626 \$ 413,531 2,398,950 2,791,509 2,706,713 2,808,839 3,081,014 5,582,660 5,135,866 2,519,320 2,545,231 13,740,731 811 504 202 74 132 8,410,408 8,320,938 5,629,381 5,755,771 17,235,408 4,806,959 4,934,638 5,058,624 5,183,129 5,309,514 26,092 28,632 29,345 27,917 26,728 20 - - - - 26,133 25,952 27,741 23,119 23,239 4,859,204 4,989,223 5,115,710 5,234,165 5,359,481	2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 427,988 \$ 393,059 \$ 403,147 \$ 401,626 \$ 413,531 \$ 2,398,950 2,791,509 2,706,713 2,808,839 3,081,014 5,582,660 5,135,866 2,519,320 2,545,231 13,740,731 132 8,410,408 8,320,938 5,629,381 5,755,771 17,235,408 4,806,959 4,934,638 5,058,624 5,183,129 5,309,514 26,092 28,632 29,345 27,917 26,728 20 - - - - 26,133 25,952 27,741 23,119 23,239 4,859,204 4,989,223 5,115,710 5,234,165 5,359,481

Fiscal Year (continued)

2017	 2018		2019		2020		2020		2021	2022
\$ 214,249	\$ 210,680	\$	208,197	\$	204,752	\$	203,769	\$ 205,596		
794,662	663,708		707,714		708,509		749,591	771,571		
5	96,708		233,196		254,348		236,168	251,589		
595,089	594,893		336,063		374,570		2,154,623	(537,847)		
176	96		74		118		116	79		
1,604,180	1,566,085		1,485,245		1,542,297		3,344,266	690,988		
548,269	477,124		542,034		286,465		449,558	643,218		
553,961	344		34		113		108	148		
-	-		-		-		-	-		
-	-		-		-		-	-		
156,355	155,149		162,321		163,713		171,430	171,053		
1,258,585	 632,618		704,388		450,291		621,095	814,420		
\$ 345,596	\$ 933,467	\$	780,857	\$	1,092,007	\$	2,723,171	\$ (123,432)		

SCHEDULES OF BENEFITS AND REFUNDS BY TYPE

SCHEDULE OF PENSION BENEFITS AND REFUNDS BY TYPE

Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year					Refunds		
Ended Sept. 30	Regular Benefits*	Disability Benefits	Survivor Benefits	Employer	Employee	Retired Benefits	Total
2013	\$ 3,919,541,949	\$ 65,421,037	\$ 253,519,080	\$ 96,131	\$ 30,340,582	\$ 13,507	\$ 4,268,932,286
2014	4,052,801,025	68,329,595	267,197,897	459,114	28,380,803	732	4,417,169,166
2015	4,179,445,527	70,240,170	281,229,041	112,468,242	24,416,139	17,016	4,667,816,135
2016	4,303,690,804	71,924,352	295,684,541	2,478,596	24,507,177	7,771	4,698,293,241
2017	4,422,445,301	73,317,357	311,196,097	126,312	25,971,639	14,096	4,833,070,801
2018	4,532,304,321	74,811,652	327,522,395	217,568	28,375,762	38,900	4,963,270,599
2019	4,642,670,631	74,985,320	340,968,146	109,747	29,218,328	16,556	5,087,968,728
2020	4,750,068,120	75,601,669	357,459,517	434,172	27,480,393	2,297	5,211,046,168
2021	4,859,635,421	75,358,933	374,519,534	117,240	26,610,436	63	5,336,241,627
2022	4,958,403,240	74,286,106	391,641,445	(66,970)	33,244,014	5,313	5,457,513,148

^{*} Includes prior post retirement adjustments

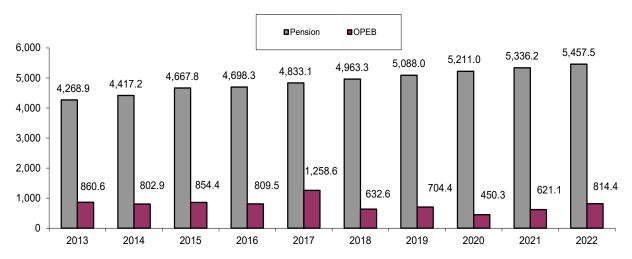
SCHEDULE OF OPEB BENEFITS AND REFUNDS BY TYPE

Last Ten Years

Ended Sept. 30	Health Benefits	Dental/Vision Benefits	Administrative Expenses	OPEB Refunds	Total	
2013	\$ 612,955,516	\$ 98,623,167	\$ 147,972,842	\$ 1,095,145	\$ 860,646,670	
2014	582,398,966	86,841,198	133,623,320	68,141	802,931,624	
2015	617,493,539	83,411,124	153,410,971	95,860	854,411,494	
2016	567,230,086	85,856,112	156,358,057	93,387	809,537,642	
2017	474,032,868	74,236,553	156,354,596	553,960,659	1,258,584,675	
2018	402,747,129	74,377,251	155,149,286	344,297	632,617,963	
2019	469,017,033	73,016,892	162,320,970	33,591	704,388,486	
2020	226,140,881	60,324,050	163,713,058	112,571	450,290,559	
2021	377,043,402	72,514,167	171,430,145	107,541	621,095,255	
2022	568,673,539	74,544,290	171,053,373	148,344	814,419,546	

TOTAL BENEFIT DEDUCTIONS

Year Ended September 30 (in millions)



SCHEDULES OF RETIRED MEMBERS BY TYPE OF BENEFIT

SCHEDULE OF RETIRED MEMBERS BY TYPE OF PENSION BENEFIT

September 30, 2021

Monthly			Type	of Retir	ement *				Sel	ected Opti	on**	
Pension	Number of											Opt.1E
Benefit Amt	Retirees	1	2	3	4	5	6	Opt. 1	Opt. 2	Opt. 3	Opt. 4	2E,3E,4E
\$ 1 - 400	33,801	29,468	2,658	132	1,157	5	381	17,667	8,434	5,269	864	1,567
401 - 800	33,385	28,581	2,110	151	1,940	3	600	16,989	7,329	6,192	1,306	1,569
801 - 1,200	22,412	18,879	1,630	70	1,292	3	538	10,398	4,904	4,598	1,098	1,414
1,201 - 1,600	17,604	14,557	1,760	25	831	1	430	7,361	3,948	3,617	1,134	1,544
1,601 - 2,000	15,659	13,144	1,579	15	572	2	347	6,057	3,499	3,215	1,098	1,790
2,001 - 2,400	16,507	14,564	1,222	2	445	3	271	6,096	3,722	3,331	1,295	2,063
2,401 - 2,800	17,511	15,964	1,032	6	266	-	243	6,521	4,047	3,464	1,510	1,969
2,801 - 3,200	17,253	16,049	920	2	147	-	135	6,867	3,800	3,508	1,497	1,581
3,201 - 3,600	15,151	14,311	672	1	62	1	104	6,573	3,083	3,160	1,301	1,034
3,601 - 4,000	11,418	10,882	455	-	23	-	58	5,397	2,141	2,268	987	625
over 4,000	23,066	22,196	758		9		103	12,424	3,599	4,273	1,994	776
Totals	223,767	198.595	14,796	404	6.744	18	3,210	102.350	48.506	42.895	14.084	15,932

* Type of Retirement

- 1 Normal retirement for age and service
- 2 Survivor payment normal retirement
- 3 Duty disability retirement (including survivors)
- 4 Nonduty disability retirement (including survivors)
- 5 Survivor payment duty death in service
- 6 Survivor payment nonduty death in service

** Selected Option

Opt. 1 – Straight life allowance

Opt. 2 - 100% survivor option

Opt. 3 – 50% survivor option

Opt. 4 - 75% survivor option

Opt. 1E, 2E, 3E, 4E – equated retirement plans

Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

SCHEDULE OF RETIRED MEMBERS BY TYPE OF OPEB BENEFIT

September 30, 2021

Monthly	_	Type of Other Postemployment Ben					
Pension Benefit Amt	Number of Retirees	Medical/Rx	Dental/Vision				
\$ 1 - 400	33,801	13,753	16,882				
401 - 800	33,385	18,125	21,372				
801 - 1,200	22,412	14,457	16,463				
1,201 - 1,600	17,604	12,516	13,916				
1,601 - 2,000	15,659	11,943	12,960				
2,001 - 2,400	16,507	13,037	13,999				
2,401 - 2,800	17,511	14,024	15,033				
2,801 - 3,200	17,253	13,908	14,866				
3,201 - 3,600	15,151	12,449	13,176				
3,601 - 4000	11,418	9,497	10,035				
Over 4,000	23,066	19,712	20,454				
Totals	223,767	153,421	169,156				

Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

SCHEDULE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

For Year Ended September 30, 2022

Claims		
Health Insurance	\$	363,986,342
Vision Insurance	φ	4,272,335
Dental Insurance		68,263,811
Dental insulance		00,203,011
Total Claims		436,522,487
Estimated Claims Liability		
Health Insurance		204,687,197
Vision Insurance		485,316
Dental Insurance		1,522,828
Total Estimated Claims Liability		206,695,341
Administrative Fees		
Staff Salaries		1,723,161
Retirement and Social Security		846,441
Other Fringe Benefits		310,835
Accounting		311,002
Actuarial		55,100
Attorney General		46,842
Audit		73,578
Consulting		1,824,002
Medical		31,551
Building Rentals		136,250
Equipment Purchase, Maintenance, and Rentals		2,771
Travel and Board Meetings		470
Office Supplies		467
Printing Postage, Telephone, and Other		16,258 262,975
Technological Support		1,673,770
Health Insurance		158,211,499
Vision Insurance		190,473
Dental Insurance		5,335,926
Total Administrative Fees		171,053,375
Subtotal		814,271,203
Refunds		148,344
Grand Total	\$	814,419,547

SCHEDULES OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENTS

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENTS - PENSION

Last Ten Years

Payment Periods Credited Service (Years) as of September 30								
r dymont i onodo	0 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 15	15 - 20	20 - 25	25 - 30	30+	Total
Period 10/1/11 to 9/30/12: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 1,385 39,388 2,941	\$ 226 20,586 6,824	\$ 375 21,774 22,030	\$ 667 28,601 27,276	\$ 1,096 35,728 26,604	\$ 1,639 42,408 21,049	\$ 2,766 59,109 89,937	\$ 1,752 44,113 196,661
Period 10/1/12 to 9/30/13: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 1,266 35,857 832	\$ 234 21,024 7,145	\$ 390 22,588 22,991	\$ 687 29,490 28,363	\$ 1,122 36,703 27,684	\$ 1,671 43,385 21,754	\$ 2,808 59,676 92,183	\$ 1,779 44,771 200,952
Period 10/1/13 to 9/30/14: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 141 10,750 200	\$ 219 20,617 6,971	\$ 396 23,263 23,668	\$ 699 30,235 29,017	\$ 1,139 37,612 28,219	\$ 1,689 44,258 22,022	\$ 2,846 60,156 94,415	\$ 1,806 45,423 204,512
Period 10/1/14 to 9/30/15: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 140 10,985 187	\$ 223 20,900 7,021	\$ 405 23,773 24,081	\$ 715 30,934 29,535	\$ 1,162 38,452 28,853	\$ 1,718 45,125 22,465	\$ 2,891 60,759 95,509	\$ 1,834 46,045 207,651
Period 10/1/15 to 9/30/16: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 126 11,346 178	\$ 228 21,161 7,100	\$ 414 24,205 24,401	\$ 729 31,512 30,106	\$ 1,183 39,139 29,407	\$ 1,741 45,895 22,989	\$ 2,933 61,328 96,826	\$ 1,860 46,613 211,007
Period 10/1/16 to 9/30/17: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 129 11,825 176	\$ 233 21,365 7,163	\$ 423 24,663 24,784	\$ 743 32,032 30,551	\$ 1,203 39,890 29,998	\$ 1,762 46,663 23,461	\$ 2,974 61,894 97,856	\$ 1,885 47,166 213,989
Period 10/1/17 to 9/30/18: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 127 12,020 170	\$ 237 21,612 7,172	\$ 432 25,128 25,043	\$ 756 32,528 30,860	\$ 1,222 40,512 30,559	\$ 1,785 47,435 23,873	\$ 3,013 62,500 98,941	\$ 1,911 47,754 216,618
Period 10/1/18 to 9/30/19: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 136 11,966 165	\$ 243 21,911 7,111	\$ 440 25,515 25,398	\$ 769 32,959 31,109	\$ 1,241 41,069 31,044	\$ 1,808 48,209 24,233	\$ 3,051 63,064 99,877	\$ 1,936 48,292 218,937
Period 10/1/19 to 9/30/20: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 126 12,166 154	\$ 248 22,151 7,029	\$ 448 25,939 25,905	\$ 783 33,410 31,371	\$ 1,259 41,614 31,441	\$ 1,830 48,903 24,613	\$ 3,088 63,687 100,965	\$ 1,961 48,853 221,478
Period 10/1/20 to 9/30/21: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 126 12,297 148	\$ 253 22,401 6,914	\$ 456 26,378 26,435	\$ 798 33,920 31,548	\$ 1,277 42,169 31,801	\$ 1,852 49,622 24,965	\$ 3,126 64,418 101,956	\$ 1,987 49,479 223,767

Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

SCHEDULES OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENTS

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENTS - MEDICAL/RX*

Last Ten Years

Payment Periods Credited Service (Years) as of September 30								
•	0 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 15	15 - 20	20 - 25	25 - 30	30+	Total
Period 10/1/11 to 9/30/12: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 1,476 41,556 2,248	\$ 247 21,162 4,625	\$ 430 23,562 11,007	\$ 716 29,744 17,996	\$ 1,149 36,497 19,835	\$ 1,898 45,793 23,855	\$ 2,875 59,805 66,308	\$ 1,925 46,394 145,874
Period 10/1/12 to 9/30/13: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 1,430 41,834 534	\$ 257 21,668 4,677	\$ 452 24,615 11,071	\$ 738 30,728 18,375	\$ 1,178 37,590 20,387	\$ 1,931 46,550 24,342	\$ 2,921 60,458 67,874	\$ 1,968 47,289 147,260
Period 10/1/13 to 9/30/14: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 137 19,937 180	\$ 242 21,414 4,477	\$ 459 25,426 10,953	\$ 750 31,541 18,562	\$ 1,201 38,682 20,546	\$ 1,964 47,376 24,482	\$ 2,965 61,032 69,273	\$ 2,009 48,129 148,473
Period 10/1/14 to 9/30/15: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 143 20,324 173	\$ 247 21,674 4,379	\$ 472 26,017 10,840	\$ 769 32,333 18,687	\$ 1,229 39,632 20,835	\$ 1,997 48,032 24,764	\$ 3,013 61,695 70,063	\$ 2,049 48,900 149,741
Period 10/1/15 to 9/30/16: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 138 19,783 168	\$ 253 22,021 4,304	\$ 485 26,590 10,690	\$ 787 33,032 18,791	\$ 1,256 40,491 21,025	\$ 2,026 48,659 24,987	\$ 3,057 62,296 71,001	\$ 2,088 49,636 150,966
Period 10/1/16 to 9/30/17: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 142 20,030 162	\$ 259 22,248 4,255	\$ 499 27,216 10,581	\$ 805 33,716 18,890	\$ 1,278 41,304 21,292	\$ 2,056 49,312 25,221	\$ 3,100 62,902 71,753	\$ 2,124 50,339 152,154
Period 10/1/17 to 9/30/18: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 146 20,088 161	\$ 265 22,594 4,166	\$ 513 27,854 10,442	\$ 819 34,257 18,843	\$ 1,300 41,980 21,521	\$ 2,088 49,988 25,389	\$ 3,143 63,534 72,412	\$ 2,161 51,048 152,934
Period 10/1/18 to 9/30/19: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 151 20,389 155	\$ 272 22,967 4,032	\$ 525 28,368 10,279	\$ 837 34,809 18,747	\$ 1,323 42,641 21,652	\$ 2,120 50,682 25,516	\$ 3,184 64,136 73,006	\$ 2,199 51,756 153,387
Period 10/1/19 to 9/30/20: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 161 21,166 150	\$ 278 23,192 3,915	\$ 537 28,901 10,091	\$ 853 35,326 18,595	\$ 1,347 43,309 21,667	\$ 2,149 51,314 25,522	\$ 3,221 64,779 73,689	\$ 2,238 52,490 153,629
Period 10/1/20 to 9/30/21: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants * Average monthly benefits above	\$ 166 21,561 140	\$ 282 23,419 3,765	\$ 550 29,607 9,822	\$ 873 35,980 18,334	\$ 1,371 44,066 21,686	\$ 2,178 52,048 25,525	\$ 3,263 65,582 74,149	\$ 2,280 53,373 153,421

^{*} Average monthly benefits shown are pension benefits Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

SCHEDULES OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENTS

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENTS - DENTAL/VISION*

Last Ten Years

Payment Periods		Credited Service (Years) as of September 30									
	0 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 15	15 - 20	20 - 25	25 - 30	30+	Total			
Period 10/1/11 to 9/30/12:											
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,449	\$ 244	\$ 421	\$ 703	\$ 1,131	\$ 1,887	\$ 2,858	\$ 1,879			
Average Final Average Salary	40,959	21,086	23,246	29,330	36,063	45,532	59,582	45,648			
Number of Active Retirants	2,407	5,217	12,781	20,098	21,642	25,426	69,194	156,765			
Period 10/1/12 to 9/30/13:											
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,350	\$ 253	\$ 441	\$ 724	\$ 1,159	\$ 1,918	\$ 2,904	\$ 1,917			
Average Final Average Salary	40,355	21,515	24,190	30,282	37,083	46,244	60,205	46,448			
Number of Active Retirants	597	5,363	13,021	20,696	22,399	26,065	71,011	159,152			
Period 10/1/13 to 9/30/14:											
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 136	\$ 238	\$ 449	\$ 737	\$ 1,181	\$ 1,948	\$ 2,948	\$ 1,955			
Average Final Average Salary	20,147	21,195	24,997	31,104	38,155	47,009	60,778	47,262			
Number of Active Retirants	220	5,161	12,983	20,960	22,660	26,333	72,599	160,916			
Period 10/1/14 to 9/30/15:											
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 141	\$ 244	\$ 461	\$ 755	\$ 1,208	\$ 1,981	\$ 2,995	\$ 1,994			
Average Final Average Salary	20,322	21,538	25,579	31,868	39,101	47,659	61,425	48,020			
Number of Active Retirants	208	5,090	12,883	21,114	23,037	26,641	73,532	162,505			
Period 10/1/15 to 9/30/16:											
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 144	\$ 250	\$ 473	\$ 773	\$ 1,233	\$ 2,009	\$ 3,038	\$ 2,030			
Average Final Average Salary	20,388	21,837	26,085	32,530	39,877	48,255	62,021	48,717			
Number of Active Retirants	206	5,025	12,743	21,322	23,304	26,977	74,629	164,206			
Period 10/1/16 to 9/30/17:											
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 149	\$ 256	\$ 486	\$ 790	\$ 1,256	\$ 2,037	\$ 3,081	\$ 2,065			
Average Final Average Salary	20,719	22,078	26,677	33,178	40,686	48,880	62,629	49,409			
Number of Active Retirants	201	4,958	12,655	21,460	23,578	27,235	75,445	165,532			
Period 10/1/17 to 9/30/18:											
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 154	\$ 262	\$ 499	\$ 805	\$ 1,276	\$ 2,067	\$ 3,121	\$ 2,101			
Average Final Average Salary	21,083	22,461	27,269	33,734	41,325	49,520	63,233	50,095			
Number of Active Retirants	199	4,880	12,520	21,459	23,884	27,482	76,327	166,751			
Period 10/1/18 to 9/30/19:											
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 157	\$ 269	\$ 510	\$ 822	\$ 1,297	\$ 2,097	\$ 3,161	\$ 2,137			
Average Final Average Salary	21,251	φ 203 22,782	27,766	34,278	41,940	φ 2,037 50,189	63,814	φ 2,167 50,763			
Number of Active Retirants	194	4,749	12,414	21,389	24,108	27,656	77,022	167,532			
Period 10/1/19 to 9/30/20:		•	,	•	,	,	•	•			
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 161	\$ 274	\$ 521	\$ 839	\$ 1,319	\$ 2,125	\$ 3,197	\$ 2,173			
Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary	21,383	23,018	28,272	34,778	42,547	50,775	64,446	51,462			
Number of Active Retirants	186	4,631	12,283	21,298	24,213	27,766	77,983	168,360			
	.50	1,001	,	21,200	21,210	21,100	77,000	100,000			
Period 10/1/20 to 9/30/21: Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 165	\$ 279	\$ 534	\$ 857	\$ 1,340	\$ 2,152	\$ 3,236	\$ 2,210			
Average Final Average Salary	\$ 165 21,628	\$ 279 23,283	ъ 534 28,922	ъ 65 <i>1</i> 35,378	\$ 1,340 43,187	\$ 2,152 51,430	ა ა,∠ან 65,191	\$ 2,210 52,245			
Number of Active Retirants	176	23,263 4,487	12,149	21,219	24,390	27,923	78,812	169,156			
Number of Active Retirants	170	4,407	12,149	۷۱,۷۱۶	24,390	21,923	10,012	109,100			

^{*}Average monthly benefits shown are pension benefits Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

SCHEDULE OF PRINCIPAL PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS

For Fiscal Years Ending September 30, 2021 and 2012

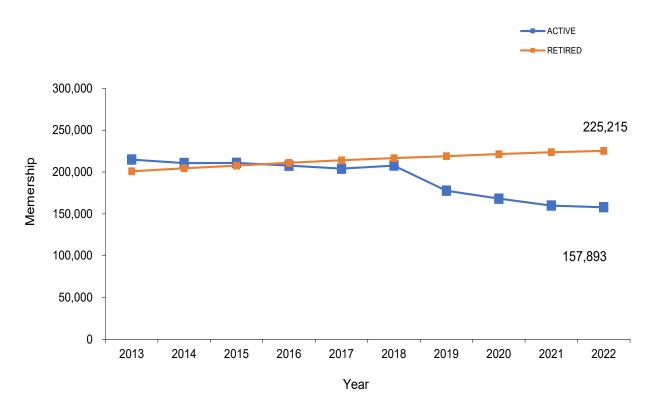
	202	1	2012		
		Percentage of Total		Percentage of Total	
Participating Employer	Employees	System	Employees *	System	
Detroit Public Schools Community District	8,042	3.56 %	9,009	3.81 %	
Dearborn Public Schools	3,088	1.37	3,020	1.28	
Ann Arbor Public Schools	2,859	1.27	3,443	1.45	
Utica Community Schools	2,814	1.25	4,443	1.88	
Plymouth-Canton Community SD	2,117	0.94	2,594	1.10	
Grand Rapids Public Schools	2,099	0.93	3,788	1.60	
Kalamazoo Public Schools	2,051	0.91	3,007	1.27	
Livonia Public Schools	1,935	0.86	2,232	0.94	
Warren Consolidated Schools	1,883	0.83	2,234	0.94	
Chippewa Valley Schools	1,866	0.83	1,984	0.84	
All other	197,229	87.28	200,906	84.89	
Total	225,983	100.00 %	236,660	100.00 %	

^{*} Employee counts for 2012 adjusted to current available data.

NOTE: Employers and their eligible employees participate in both the pension and OPEB plans.

TEN YEAR HISTORY OF MEMBERSHIP

Fiscal Year Ended September 30



Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS

At 9/30/2022

Universities:

Central Michigan University
Eastern Michigan University
Ferris State University
Lake Superior State University
Michigan Technological University
Northern Michigan University
Western Michigan University

Community Colleges:

Alpena Community College
Bay De Noc Community College
Charles S Mott Community College
Delta College
Glen Oaks Community College
Gogebic Community College
Grand Rapids Community College
Henry Ford College
Jackson College
Kalamazoo Valley Community College

Kellogg Community College
Kirtland Community College
Lake Michigan College
Lansing Community College
Macomb Community College
Mid-Michigan Community College
Monroe County Community College
Montcalm Community College
Muskegon Community College

North Central Michigan College Northwestern Michigan College Oakland Community College Schoolcraft Community College Southwestern Michigan College St Clair County Community College Washtenaw Community College Wayne County Community College

West Shore Community College Intermediate School Districts:

Allegan Area Educational Service Agency
Alpena-Montmorency-Alcona ESD
Barry Intermediate School District
Bay-Arenac Intermediate School District
Berrien RESA
Branch Intermediate School District
Calhoun Intermediate School District
Charlevoix-Emmet Intermediate School District
Cheboygan-Otsego-Presque Isle ESD
Clare-Gladwin Intermediate School District
Clinton County RESA
COOR Intermediate School District
Copper Country Intermediate School District

Delta-Schoolcraft Intermediate School District
Dickinson-Iron Intermediate School District
Eastern U P Intermediate School District
Eaton Intermediate School District
Genesee Intermediate School District
Gogebic-Ontonagon Intermediate School District
Gratiot-Isabella RESD
Heritage Southwest Intermediate School District

Hillsdale Intermediate School District Huron Intermediate School District Ingham Intermediate School District Ionia Intermediate School District Iosco RESA

Jackson Intermediate School District

Kalamazoo RESA

Kent Intermediate School District Lapeer Intermediate School District Lenawee Intermediate School District Lewis Cass Intermediate School District

Livingston ESA

Macomb Intermediate School District
Manistee Intermediate School District
Marquette-Alger Intermediate School District
Mecosta-Osceola Intermediate School District
Menominee Intermediate School District

Midland County Educational Service Agency

Monroe Intermediate School District

Montcalm Area Intermediate School District Muskegon Area Intermediate School District

Newaygo County RESA Northwest Education Services Oakland Intermediate School District Ottawa Area Intermediate School District Saginaw Intermediate School District Sanilac Intermediate School District

Shiawassee Regional Educational Service District

St Clair County RESA

St Joseph Intermediate School District Tuscola Intermediate School District Van Buren Intermediate School District Washtenaw Intermediate School District

Wayne RESA

West Shore Educational Service District

Wexford-Missaukee Intermediate School District

SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS

K-12 School Districts:

Adams Township School District

Adams-Sigel #3 School
Addison Community Schools

Adrian Public Schools Airport Community Schools Akron-Fairgrove Schools Alanson Public Schools

Alba Public Schools

Alcona Community Schools Algonac Community Schools

Allegan Public Schools Allen Park Public Schools Allendale Public Schools Alma Public Schools

Almont Community Schools

Alpena Public Schools
Anchor Bay School District
Ann Arbor Public Schools
Armada Area Schools
Arvon Township Schools
Ashley Community Schools

Athens Area Schools

Atherton Community Schools
Atlanta Community Schools
Au Gres-Sims School District
Autrain-Onota Public Schools
Avondale School District
Bad Axe Public Schools

Bad Axe Public Schools
Baldwin Community Schools
Bangor Public Schools
Bangor Township Schools
Baraga Township Schools

Bark River-Harris Schools
Bath Community Schools
Battle Creek Public Schools
Bay City Public Schools

Beal City Schools

Bear Lake School District

Beaver Island Community Schools Beaverton Rural School District

Bedford Public Schools

Beecher Community School District

Belding Area Schools
Bellaire Public Schools
Bellevue Community Schools
Bendle Public Schools
Bentley Community Schools
Benton Harbor Area Schools
Benzie County Central Schools

Berkley School District

Berrien Springs Public Schools Bessemer Area School District Big Bay De Noc School District Big Burning-Colfax School District #1F

Big Jackson School District Big Rapids Public Schools Birch Run Area Schools Birmingham Public Schools

Blissfield Community School District Bloomfield Hills School District Bloomingdale Public Schools Bois Blanc Pines School District Boyne City Public Schools Boyne Falls Public Schools

Brandon School District Brandywine Public Schools

Breckenridge Community Schools

Breitung Township Schools

Bridgeport-Spaulding Community School District

Bridgman Public Schools
Brighton Area Schools
Brimley Public Schools
Britton-Deerfield Schools
Bronson Community Schools
Brown City Community Schools
Buchanan Community Schools
Buckley Community Schools
Bullock Creek School District
Burr Oak Community Schools

Byron Area Schools

Byron Center Public Schools Cadillac Area Public Schools Caledonia Community Schools

Burt Township School District

Calumet Public Schools Camden-Frontier School Capac Community Schools

Carman-Ainsworth Community School District

Carney-Nadeau Public Schools Caro Community Schools Carrollton School District

Carson City-Crystal Area Schools Carsonville-Port Sanilac School

Caseville Public Schools
Cass City Public Schools
Cassopolis Public Schools
Cedar Springs Public Schools
Center Line Public Schools

Central Lake-Antrim County Public Schools

Central Montcalm Public Schools

Centreville Public Schools Charlevoix Public Schools Charlotte Public Schools Chassell Township Schools Cheboygan Area School District

Chelsea School District Chesaning-Union Schools

SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS

K-12 School Districts (continued):

Chippewa Hills School District Chippewa Valley Schools

Church School

Clare Public Schools

Clarenceville School District Clarkston Community Schools

Clawson City School District Climax-Scotts Community Schools

Clinton Community Schools
Clintondale Community Schools

Clintondale Community Schools
Clio Area School District
Coldwater Community Schools
Coleman Community Schools
Coloma Community Schools
Colon Community School

Columbia School District Comstock Park Public Schools Comstock Public Schools Concord Community Schools

Constantine Public Schools

Coon-Berlin Township School District #3

Coopersville Public Schools Corunna Public Schools Covert Public Schools

Crawford-AuSable School District
Crawford-Excelsior School District #1

Crestwood School District Croswell-Lexington Schools

Dansville Schools

Davison Community Schools

Dearborn Heights School District #7

Dearborn Public Schools Decatur Public Schools

Deckerville Community School District

Delton-Kellogg Schools DeTour Area Schools

Detroit Public Schools Community District

Dewitt Public Schools
Dexter Community Schools

Dollar Bay-Tamarack School District Dowagiac-Union School District Dryden Community Schools Dundee Community Schools

Durand Area Schools East China School District

East Grand Rapids Public Schools

East Jackson Public Schools East Jordan Public Schools East Lansing Public Schools Eastpointe Community Schools

Eaton Rapids Public Schools
Eau Claire Public Schools
Eccles-Sigel #4 School
Ecorse Public Schools

Edwardsburg Public Schools

Elk Rapids Schools

Ellsworth Community Schools Elm River Township Schools

Engadine Consolidated School District #4

Escanaba Area Public Schools
Essexville-Hampton Public Schools

Evart Public Schools

Ewen-Trout Creek Consolidated School District

Fairview Area Schools
Farmington Public Schools
Farwell Area Schools
Fennville Public Schools
Fenton Area Public Schools
Ferndale City School District
Fitzgerald Public Schools
Flat Rock Community Schools
Flint Community Schools
Flushing Community Schools

Forest Area Schools
Forest Hills Public Schools
Forest Park School District
Fowler Public Schools

Fowlerville Community Schools Frankenmuth School District Frankfort-Elberta Area Schools

Fraser Public Schools

Freeland Community Schools Fremont Public Schools Fruitport Community Schools

Fulton Schools

Galesburg-Augusta Community School District

Garden City Public Schools
Gaylord Community Schools
Genesee School District
Gibraltar School District
Gladstone Area Schools
Gladwin Community Schools
Glen Lake Community Schools
Glenn-Ganges School District #4

Gobles Public Schools Godfrey-Lee Public Schools Godwin Heights Public Schools

Goodrich Area Schools

Grand Blanc Community Schools Grand Haven Public Schools Grand Ledge Public Schools Grand Rapids Public Schools Grandville Public Schools Grant Public Schools

Grant Township School

Grass Lake Community Schools

Greenville Public Schools Grosse Ile Township Schools Grosse Pointe Public Schools

SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS

K-12 School Districts (continued):

Gull Lake Community Schools Gwinn Area Community Schools

Hale Area Schools

Hamilton Community Schools Hamtramck Public Schools Hancock Public Schools

Hanover Horton School District

Harbor Beach Community School District

Harbor Springs Public Schools Harper Creek Community Schools Harper Woods Public Schools Harrison Community Schools

Hart Public Schools Hartford Public Schools

Hartland Consolidated Schools

Haslett Public Schools

Hastings Area School District

Haynor Easton Township School District #6

Hazel Park Public Schools
Hemlock Public Schools
Hesperia Community Schools
Hillman Community Schools
Hillsdale Community Schools

Holland Public Schools Holly Area Schools Holt Public Schools Holton Public Schools Homer Community Schools Hopkins Public Schools

Houghton Lake Community Schools

Houghton-Portage Township School District

Howell Public Schools
Hudson Area Schools
Hudsonville Public Schools
Huron School District
Huron Valley School District

Ida Public Schools

Imlay City Community Schools

Inland Lakes Schools Ionia Public Schools

Iron Mountain Public Schools

Ironwood-Gogebic City Area Schools

Ishpeming Public Schools Ithaca Public Schools Jackson Public Schools Jefferson Schools Jenison Public Schools

Johannesburg-Lewiston Area Schools

Jonesville Community Schools Kalamazoo Public Schools

Kaleva Norman Dickson School District

Kalkaska Public Schools Kearsley Community Schools Kelloggsville Public Schools Kenowa Hills Public Schools Kent City Community Schools Kentwood Public Schools

Kingsley Area Schools

Kingston Community Schools Laingsburg Community Schools

Lake City Area Schools

Lake Fenton Community School District Lake Linden-Hubbell Public Schools Lake Orion Community School #3

Lake Shore Public Schools

Laker Schools

Lakeshore Public Schools
Lakeview Community Schools
Lakeview Public Schools
Lakeview School District
Lakeville Community Schools
Lakewood School District
Lamphere Public Schools
L'Anse Creuse Public Schools

L'Anse Public Schools
Lansing Public Schools
Lapeer Public Schools
Lawrence Public Schools
Lawton Community Schools
Leland Public Schools

Les Cheneaux Community Schools

Leslie Public Schools

Lincoln Consolidated Schools Lincoln Park Public Schools Linden Community Schools Litchfield Community Schools

Livonia Public Schools
Lowell Area Schools
Ludington Area Schools
Mackinaw City Public Schools
Mackinac Island Public Schools
Madison District Public Schools
Madison School District #2
Mancelona Public Schools
Manchester Community Schools

Manistee Public Schools Manistique Area Schools

Manton Consolidated School District

Maple Valley Schools Mar Lee School District Marcellus Community Schools

Marion Public Schools
Marlette Community Schools
Marquette Area Public Schools

Marshall Public Schools Martin Public Schools Marysville Public Schools

Mason Co.-Eastern-Custer #5 School District

SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS

K-12 School Districts (continued):

Mason Consolidated Schools

Mason County Central School District

Mason Public Schools

Mattawan Consolidated Schools Mayville Community Schools McBain Rural Agricultural School

Melvindale-Northern Allen Park School District

Memphis Community Schools Mendon Community School Menominee Area Public Schools

Meridian Public Schools Merrill Community Schools Mesick Consolidated Schools Michigan Center School District

Mid Peninsula Schools Midland City Schools Milan Area Schools

Millington Community School District

Mio-AuSable Schools

Mona Shores School District #29

Monroe Public Schools

Montabella Community Schools Montague Area Public Schools Montrose Community Schools Moran Township School District

Morenci Area Schools

Morley-Stanwood Community Schools

Morrice Area Schools

Mt Clemens Community Schools Mt Morris Consolidated Schools Mt Pleasant Public Schools Munising Public Schools Muskegon City Public Schools

Muskegon Heights City Public Schools Napoleon Community School District

Negaunee Public Schools New Buffalo Area Schools New Haven Community Schools New Lothrop Area Public Schools

Newaygo Public Schools Nice Community Schools Niles Public Schools

North Adams-Jerome Public Schools

North Branch Area Schools North Central Area Schools North Dickinson School North Huron Schools North LeValley School #2 North Muskegon Public Schools

Northport Public Schools Northview Public Schools Northville Public Schools Northwest School District Norway-Vulcan Area Schools Nottawa Community Schools Novi Community School District

Oak Park School District
Oakridge Public Schools
Okemos Public Schools
Olivet Community Schools

Onaway Area Community Schools Onekama Consolidated Schools Onsted Community Schools Ontonagon Area School District

Orchard View Schools Oscoda Area Schools Otsego Public Schools Ovid-Elsie Area Schools

Owendale-Gagetown Area Schools

Owosso Public Schools

Oxford Area Community Schools
Parchment School District
Paw Paw Public Schools
Peck Community Schools
Pellston Public Schools
Pennfield Public Schools
Pentwater Public Schools
Perry Public Schools
Petoskey Public Schools

Pewamo-Westphalia Community School District

Pickford Public Schools
Pinckney Community Schools
Pinconning Area Schools
Pine River Area Schools
Pittsford Area Schools
Plainwell Community Schools

Pontiac City School District

Plymouth-Canton Community School District

Port Huron Area Schools
Portage Public Schools
Portland Public Schools
Posen Consolidated Schools
Potterville Public Schools
Powell Township School District
Quincy Community Schools
Rapid River Public Schools
Ravenna Public Schools #24
Reading Community Schools
Redford-Union School District #1
Reed City Public School District

Reese Public Schools Reeths-Puffer Schools

Republic-Michigamme Schools Richmond Community Schools River Rouge Public Schools

River School

River Valley School District

Riverside-Hagar School District #6

SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS

K-12 School Districts (continued):

Riverview Public Schools Rochester Community Schools

Rockford Public Schools
Rogers City Area Schools
Romeo Community Schools
Romulus Community Schools
Roscommon Area Public Schools
Roseville Community Schools
Royal Oak City School District

Rudyard Public Schools Saginaw City Schools

Saginaw Township Community Schools

Saline Area Schools

Sand Creek Community Schools Sandusky Community Schools Saranac Community Schools Saugatuck Public Schools Sault Ste Marie Public Schools Schoolcraft Community Schools

Shelby Public Schools
Shepherd Public Schools
South Haven Public Schools
South Lake Public Schools
South Lyon Community Schools
South Redford School District
Southfield Public Schools

Southgate Community School District

Sparta Area Schools
Spring Lake Public Schools
Springport Public Schools
St Charles Community Schools
St Ignace Public Schools
St Johns Public Schools
St Joseph Public Schools

Standish-Sterling Community School District

Stanton Township Public Schools Stephenson Area Public Schools Stockbridge Community Schools Strange-Oneida School #3

Strange-Oneida School Sturgis Public Schools Summerfield Schools

St Louis Public Schools

Superior Central School District Suttons Bay Public Schools Swan Valley School District

Swartz Creek Community Schools Tahquamenon Area School District

Tawas Area Schools
Taylor School District
Tecumseh Public Schools
Tekonsha Community Schools
Thornapple-Kellogg School
Three Rivers Community Schools

Traverse City Public Schools
Trenton Public Schools
Tri-County Area Schools
Troy City School District
Ubly Community Schools

Union City Community Schools
Unionville-Sebewaing Area Schools

Utica Community Schools
Van Buren Public Schools

Van Buren Public Schools
Vanderbilt Area Schools

Vandercook Lake Public Schools

Van Dyke Public Schools Vassar Public Schools Verona Mills School

Vestaburg Community Schools Vicksburg Community Schools Wakefield-Marenisco School District

Waldron Area Schools Walkerville Public Schools

Walled Lake Consolidated Schools Warren Consolidated Schools Warren Woods Public Schools Waterford School District

Watersmeet Township School District

Watervliet Public Schools Waverly Community Schools Wayland Union Schools

Wayne-Westland Community Schools Webberville Community Schools Wells Township School #18 West Bloomfield Schools

West Branch-Rose City Area Schools West Iron County Public Schools West Ottawa Public Schools Western School District

Westwood Community Schools
Westwood Heights Schools
White Cloud Public Schools
White Pigeon Community Schools
Whitefish Township School
Whiteford Agricultural School
Whitehall District Schools
Whitmore Lake Public Schools
Whittemore-Prescott Area Schools
Williamston Community Schools

Wolverine Community Schools Wood School District #8, Bangor Township Woodhaven-Brownstown School District

Wyandotte Public Schools Wyoming Public Schools Yale Public School District Ypsilanti Community Zeeland Public Schools

SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS

Libraries:

Ann Arbor District Library
Bacon Memorial District Library
Flint Public Library
Grosse Pointe Public Library
Hackley Public Library
Kalamazoo Public Library
Mt Clemens Public Library
Public Libraries of Saginaw

Public School Academies:

Willard District Library

AGBU Alex & Marie Manoogian School Academic and Career Education Academy Academy for Business & Technology Academy of Warren Advanced Technology Academy Arts Academy in the Woods

Battle Creek Area Learning Center Bay-Arenac Community High School Blue Water Middle College Academy

Central Academy

Charlevoix Montessori Academy for the Arts Cornerstone Jefferson-Douglass Academy

Countryside Charter School Covenant House Academy Detroit Creative Technologies Academy

Da Vinci Institute Dearborn Academy

Detroit Community High School

Detroit Edison Public School Academy

Detroit Leadership Academy
Distinctive College Prep

Flat River Academy

Flint Cultural Center Academy

Francis Reh Public School Academy

George Washington Carver Academy

Grand Rapids Child Discovery Center

Henry Ford Academy

Holly Academy

Honey Creek Community School

Hope of Detroit Academy

Joseph K. Lumsden Public School Academy

Macomb Academy Madison Academy

Madison-Carver Academy

Martin Luther King, Jr. Public School Academy

Michigan Great Lakes Virtual Academy

Michigan International Prep School

Michigan Online School

Muskegon Heights Public School Academy

Nah Tah Wahsh Public School Academy

New High School

North Star Academy

Outlook Academy

Presque Isle Academy II

Relevant Academy of Eaton County

Richfield Public School Academy

Rising Stars Academy

Summit Academy North

Three Lakes Academy

Virtual Learning Academy of St Clair

Walden Green Day School Washington Parks Academy

Washtenaw Technical Middle College

Waterford Montessori Academy

West Michigan Aviation Academy

West Village Academy Will Carlton Academy

Woodland Park Academy

WSC Academy

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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This report may be viewed online at: www.michigan.gov/ors