

# MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

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**Comprehensive Annual Financial Report  
for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020**

## MPERS

A Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Trust Fund of the State of Michigan

Prepared by:  
Financial Services  
For  
Office of Retirement Services  
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# INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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Certificate of Achievement  
Public Pension Standards Award  
Letter of Transmittal  
Retirement Board Members  
Advisors and Consultants  
Organization Chart

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## INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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### CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT

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Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## **Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System**

For its Comprehensive Annual  
Financial Report  
For the Fiscal Year Ended

**September 30, 2019**

*Christopher P. Morill*

Executive Director/CEO



# INTRODUCTORY SECTION

## PUBLIC PENSION STANDARDS AWARD

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Public Pension Coordinating Council

***Public Pension Standards Award  
For Funding and Administration  
2020***

Presented to

**Michigan Office of Retirement Services**

In recognition of meeting professional standards for  
plan funding and administration as  
set forth in the Public Pension Standards.

*Presented by the Public Pension Coordinating Council, a confederation of*

National Association of State Retirement Administrators (NASRA)  
National Conference on Public Employee Retirement Systems (NCPERS)  
National Council on Teacher Retirement (NCTR)

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading 'Alan H. Winkle'. The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Alan H. Winkle  
Program Administrator

# INTRODUCTORY SECTION

## LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

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Michigan Public School Employees'  
Retirement System  
P.O. Box 30171  
Lansing, Michigan 48909-7671  
Telephone 517- 284-4400  
Outside Lansing 1-800-381-5111

### STATE OF MICHIGAN

GRETCHEN WHITMER, Governor

## DEPARTMENT OF TECHNOLOGY, MANAGEMENT & BUDGET

January 29, 2021

The Honorable Gretchen Whitmer  
Governor, State of Michigan,

Members of the Legislature  
State of Michigan,

Retirement Board Members  
and  
Members, Retirees and Beneficiaries

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We are pleased to present the comprehensive annual financial report of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System) for fiscal year 2020.

### INTRODUCTION TO REPORT

The System was established by legislation under Public Act 136 of 1945, and is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS). The number of active and retired members and beneficiaries of the System is presented in Note 1 of the financial statements in the Financial Section in this report. The purpose of the System is to provide retirement, disability, death, and healthcare benefits for all public school employees. The services performed by ORS staff provide benefits to members, retirees, and beneficiaries.

#### ***Responsibility***

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the leadership team of the System. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the System.

#### ***Internal Control Structure***

The leadership team of the System is responsible for maintaining adequate internal accounting controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are executed in accordance with management's general or specific authorization, and are recorded as necessary to maintain accountability for assets and to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the safekeeping of assets and reliability of all financial records.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. This

# INTRODUCTORY SECTION

## LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

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internal control structure includes maintaining written policies and procedures. Discussion and analysis of fiduciary net position and related additions and deductions are presented in the Management Discussion and Analysis which can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

### ***Independent Auditors and Actuary***

The Office of the Auditor General (OAG), independent auditors, conducted an annual audit of the System. The independent auditor's report on the System's financial statements is included in the Financial Section in this report.

An actuarial valuation is conducted annually. The purpose of the valuation is to evaluate the mortality, service, compensation, and other financial experience of the System and to recommend employer contribution rates. The annual actuarial valuation was completed by Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and recommends employer contribution rates for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Actuarial certification and supporting statistics are included in the Actuarial Section in this report.

### ***Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)***

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the Basic Financial Statements in the form of an MD&A. This letter of transmittal is intended to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

## **PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT**

In accordance with Public Act 300 of 1980, on October 31, 1980, the Public School Employees' Chapter I Retirement Fund merged with the Public School Employees' Chapter II Retirement Fund to establish the Public School Employees' Retirement System. Public Acts 136 of 1945 and 259 of 1974, respectively, created the two original funds. A 12-member board and the director of the Department of Technology, Management, and Budget (DTMB), govern the System. The System serves over 400,000 members from over 680 participating public school employers in Michigan. The System is funded by employer contributions, member contributions, and investment earnings. A detailed plan description is included in Note 1 of the Financial Section in this report.

## **ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK**

Despite challenging economic times, the System continues to show steady performance over the long term.

### ***Investments***

The State of Michigan Investment Board is the investment fiduciary and custodian of all investments of the System pursuant to State law. The primary investment objective is to maximize the rate of return on the total investment portfolio, consistent with a high degree of prudence and sufficient diversity to eliminate inordinate risks and to meet the actuarial assumption for the investment rate of return. The investment activity for the year produced a total rate of return on the portfolio of 5.0 percent for the pension plan and 4.9 percent for the other postemployment benefits (OPEB) plan. For the last five years, the System has experienced an annualized rate of return of 8.3 percent for the pension plan and 8.2 percent for the OPEB plan. A summary of asset allocation and rates of return is presented in the Investment Section in this report.

### ***Accounting System***

Transactions of the System are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when incurred. Participants' benefits are recorded when payable by law. We believe that the accounting and administrative internal controls established by the System provide reasonable assurance the System is carrying out its responsibilities in safeguarding its assets, in maintaining the reliability of the financial records for preparing financial statements, and in maintaining accountability for its assets.

### ***Funding***

Funds are derived from the excess of additions to plan fiduciary net position over deductions from plan fiduciary net position. Funds are accumulated by the System to meet future benefit obligations to retirees and beneficiaries. The

# INTRODUCTORY SECTION

## LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

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percentage computed by dividing the actuarial value of assets by the actuarial accrued liability is referred to as the “funded ratio.” This ratio provides an indication of the funding status of the System and generally, the greater this percentage, the stronger the System.

**Pension** – The actuarial value of the assets and actuarial accrued liability for pension benefits of the System were \$51.4 billion and \$85.2 billion, respectively, resulting in a funded ratio of 60.4 percent on September 30, 2019. A historical perspective of funding levels for the Pension Plan is presented on the Schedule of Funding Progress in the Statistical section in this report.

**OPEB** – Prefunding for OPEB began in fiscal year 2013. The actuarial value of the assets and actuarial accrued liability for OPEB were \$7.0 billion and \$13.0 billion, respectively, resulting in a funded ratio of 53.5 percent as of September 30, 2019. A historical perspective of funding levels is presented on the Schedule of Funding Progress in the Statistical section in this report.

### MAJOR GOALS ACCOMPLISHED

**Pandemic Impact** – In response to the pandemic, ORS utilized the Incident Management Plan governance to organize plans for response, business continuity, and recovery. In four days, ORS successfully transitioned 165 ORS employees from working in the office to working from home. To facilitate this transition, ORS developed a process for taking inventory of equipment, packing, and loading it into staff vehicles. To support internal communications, the ORS executive team implemented weekly video updates to staff. Customer Education staff recorded and posted closed-captioned member presentations to the ORS website to replace in-person presentations and partnered with Disability Determination Services to create a process to ensure continued disability file reviews. ORS staff successfully developed and implemented alternatives to walk-in services and in-person workshops to educate state of Michigan, Michigan public school, and state police customers about their retirement plans.

**CARES Act Implementation** – ORS implemented relief provisions related to the COVID-19 pandemic through the federal Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act. Participants in the State Employees’ Retirement System, Michigan Public School Employees’ Retirement System, Judges Retirement System, Legislative Retirement System, State Police Retirement System, and the Educational Achievement Authority were eligible to take a one-time CARES Act loan from their State of Michigan 401(k) and/or 457 Plan accounts. To assist plan members financially affected by the pandemic, additional loan and distribution options were made available to 401(k) and 457 Plan participants, as well as the deferment of loan payments, until the end of the year.

**Electronic *Connections* newsletter** – ORS previously mailed the *Connections* newsletter twice each year — in June and December — along with direct deposit statements to more than 290,000 recipients. Customer Education staff and leadership began looking at other feasible options to deliver the newsletter on time when it became apparent operations could be impacted by the pandemic. The Department of Technology, Management and Budget’s Print and Mail Management were not yet sure what its resource limitations would be. ORS staff and leadership discussed the options and weighed the costs and benefits of continuing to deliver the newsletter by mail. With the need to provide budget savings, an electronic-only version became the logical and responsible choice. ORS delivered the first electronic format *Connections* newsletter in June 2020.

**Streamlined survivor benefit process** – ORS improved the process when there is an overpayment issued on the retiree’s behalf upon their death. Instead of requiring the deceased retiree’s survivor to return any overpaid pension payments for which the retiree was not entitled to after their death, ORS can set up a recovery against the survivor’s benefit to recoup the overpaid funds.

**miAccount 1099-R statements** – ORS implemented a new feature in miAccount that allows customers to opt out of receiving paper annual 1099-R statements. The 1099-R statements can be viewed and printed in miAccount for current or previous years.

**MPSERS cost-share waivers** – ORS voluntarily implemented cost-share waivers to ensure members maintained adequate access to healthcare during the pandemic and cost was not a barrier to treatment. These waivers were applied to several services including COVID-19 treatment, telehealth medical and behavioral health services,

# INTRODUCTORY SECTION

## LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

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primary care and behavioral health office visits, and in-office X-ray and lab services from July 1, 2020, until at least Dec. 31, 2020.

**Electronic workshops** – As news of the pandemic spread in early March, ORS cancelled all scheduled in-person retirement information meetings. The Outreach and Instructional Design teams moved quickly to create and record the *Planning Your Retirement (PYR)* workshop for Michigan public school DB plan members and the *Pre-Retirement Orientation (PRO)* workshop for state of Michigan DB plan members. The online *PYR* workshop was completed and available on the website by March 13. The online *PRO* was completed by March 23. More than 1,300 retirement plan members have registered for the online workshops.

**Healthcare contract renewals** – ORS staff successfully renewed and renegotiated vendor contracts resulting in a combined savings of \$4,500,000 while maintaining the same level of benefits to members. The Blue Cross Medical and OptumRx contracts were extended through 2021 and 2022. Both HMO vendor partners (Blue Care Network and Priority Health) opted to renew in 2020 and will continue being an option in 2021. The successful renewal process ensures that approximately 34,000 public school retirees will continue to have access to the health plan of their choice.

**Employer newsletter survey** – ORS surveys MPSERS reporting units each year. The March 2020 survey revealed that 88% of the survey respondents indicated that ORS provides the right resources, tools, and information for reporting, an 11% improvement over the last year. Ninety percent of respondents said they were satisfied with the services ORS provided to their reporting unit — a 7% improvement over last year. The MPSERS Employer News, a newsletter introduced in February 2019, was also described as extremely valuable, very informative, and a great addition in helping reporting units perform their tasks.

## HONORS

**Signature Award Winner** – ORS with Voya Financial won a 2019 Signature Award from the Plan Sponsor Council of America. We took first place in the Overcoming Obstacles category for our Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System outreach campaign. An annual review of plan data revealed that the approximately 72,000 participants in the Defined Contribution plan in the public school population did not engage with their accounts or online tools as much as their State of Michigan employee counterparts. The outreach campaign used a variety of communication methods to reach public school employees and human resources administrators. These methods included publications, a telephone campaign, meetings for public school employees, emails, and an innovative social media campaign on LinkedIn. Member behaviors exceeded expectations and surpassed industry benchmarks for both click-through rate and engagement rate. The Plan Sponsor Council of America, which is part of the American Retirement Association, is the leading association for sponsors of voluntary, employer-based retirement plans in the U.S.

**Public Pension Standards Award** – ORS was awarded the 2020 Standards Award from the Public Pension Coordinating Council Standards Program (PPCC) for both funding and administration. ORS has received these awards every year since 2004. The PPCC Standards reflect expectations for public retirement system management and administration and serve as a benchmark for all DB public plans to be measured.

**Government Finance Officers Association Award** – The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada awarded the retirement system with the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the fiscal year 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). This marks the 29th consecutive year ORS has received this prestigious award.

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of this report was accomplished with the dedication and cooperation of many people. It is intended to provide complete and reliable information as a basis for making management decisions, as a means of determining compliance with legal provisions, and as a means for determining responsible stewardship of the funds of the System.

We would, therefore, like to express our appreciation for the assistance given by staff, the advisors, and the many people who contributed to its preparation. We believe their combined efforts have produced a report that will enable

# INTRODUCTORY SECTION

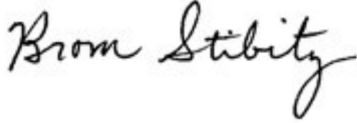
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## LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

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employers and plan members to better evaluate and understand the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System. Their cooperation contributes significantly to the success of the System.

Sincerely,



Brom Stibitz, Director  
Department of Technology, Management & Budget



Anthony J. Estell, Director  
Office of Retirement Services

# INTRODUCTORY SECTION

## ADMINISTRATIVE ORGANIZATION

### RETIREMENT BOARD MEMBERS\*

As of January 29, 2021

Vacant  
Active Classroom Teacher  
Term Expired

Jeff Mills  
Active Superintendent  
Term Expires March 30, 2021

Mike Engle  
Active Classroom Teacher  
Term Expires March 30, 2021

Timothy Raymer, Vice Chair  
Retired Finance/Operations  
Term Expires December 31, 2021

John Solecki  
General Public – Investments  
Term Expires March 30, 2024

Fred Baker  
General Public -  
Actuary/Health Insurance  
Term Expires December 31, 2022

Dr. Patricia Chapman  
Community College Trustee  
Term Expires March 30, 2024

Kevin Philipps  
Active Finance/Operations,  
Non-Superintendent  
Term Expires March 30, 2024

Vacant  
Retired Teacher  
Term Expired

Liz Eastway  
Retired Non-Certified Support  
Term Expires March 30, 2021

Anne Hamming  
Reporting Unit Board of  
Control  
Term Expires March 30, 2024

Scott Koenigsknecht, Chair for Dr.  
Michael Rice  
State Superintendent of  
Education, ex officio

\* Statute provides that board members may continue to serve after their term expires until they are replaced or reappointed.

### ADVISORS AND CONSULTANTS

As of January 29, 2021

#### Actuaries

Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.  
Mita D. Drazilov  
Southfield, Michigan

#### Independent Auditors

Doug A. Ringler, C.P.A., C.I.A.  
Auditor General  
State of Michigan

#### Investment Manager and Custodian

Rachael Eubanks  
State Treasurer  
State of Michigan

#### Legal Advisor

Dana Nessel  
Attorney General  
State of Michigan

#### Investment Performance Measurement

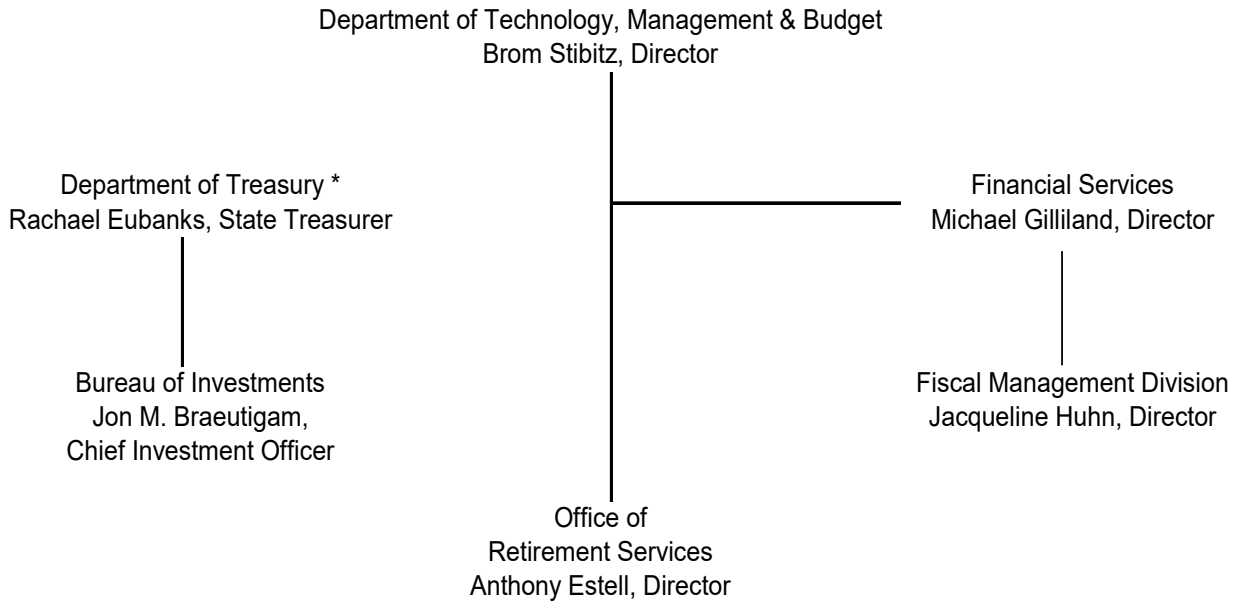
State Street Corporation  
State Street Investment Analytics  
Boston, MA

# INTRODUCTORY SECTION

## ADMINISTRATIVE ORGANIZATION

### ORGANIZATION CHART

As of January 29, 2021



\* The investments of the System are managed by the Michigan Department of Treasury. Information on the investments and the fiduciary, Michigan Department of Treasury, can be found in the Investment Section, Introduction. In addition, see the Investment Section, Schedule of Investment Fees (page 76) and Schedule of Investment Commissions (page 77), for information regarding the investment fees and commissions paid as well as investment professionals utilized by the System.



# FINANCIAL SECTION

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Independent Auditor's Report  
Management's Discussion and Analysis  
Basic Financial Statements  
Notes to Basic Financial Statements  
Required Supplementary Information  
Note to Required Supplementary Information  
Supporting Schedules



# OAG

Office of the Auditor General

201 N. Washington Square, Sixth Floor • Lansing, Michigan 48913 • Phone: (517) 334-8050 • [audgen.michigan.gov](mailto:audgen.michigan.gov)

**Doug A. Ringler, CPA, CIA**  
Auditor General

Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements  
and Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

Mr. Scott Koenigsknecht, Chair  
Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System Board  
and  
Mr. Brom Stibitz, Director  
Department of Technology, Management, and Budget  
and  
Mr. Anthony J. Estell, Director  
Office of Retirement Services

Dear Mr. Koenigsknecht, Mr. Stibitz, and Mr. Estell:

**Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the System's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

**Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

**Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

**Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System as of September 30, 2020 and the changes in fiduciary net position for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



# OAG

Office of the Auditor General

Doug A. Ringler, CPA, CIA  
Auditor General

Mr. Scott Koenigsknecht, Chair

Mr. Brom Stibitz, Director

Mr. Anthony J. Estell, Director

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## **Other Matters**

### *Required Supplementary Information*

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in net pension liability, schedule of changes in net OPEB liability, schedules of contributions, schedules of investment returns, and related note, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### *Other Information*

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the System's basic financial statements. The supporting schedules and the introductory, investment, actuarial, and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supporting schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supporting schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory, investment, actuarial, and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

## **Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards**

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we will also issue a report on our consideration of the System's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the System's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the System's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sincerely,

Doug Ringler  
Auditor General  
January 29, 2021

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

---

Our discussion and analysis of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System's (System) financial performance provides an overview of the System's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter in the Introductory Section on page 4 and the basic financial statements, which follow this discussion.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- System assets exceeded liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2020 by \$59.5 billion (reported as *net position restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB*). Fiduciary net position is restricted to meet future benefit payments.
- Additions for the year were \$7.3 billion, which are comprised primarily of contributions of \$4.4 billion and investment gains of \$2.9 billion.
- Deductions decreased over the prior year from \$5.8 billion to \$5.7 billion or 2.3%. This decrease is primarily the result of increased cost-sharing subsidies that offset expenditures.

### THE STATEMENT OF PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AND THE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) consists of two financial statements; *The Statement of Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position* (page 18) and *The Statement of Changes in Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position* (page 19). These financial statements report information about the System, as a whole, and about its financial condition that should help answer the question: Is the System, as a whole, better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities? These statements include all assets and liabilities using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, all revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

*The Statement of Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position* presents all of the System's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as fiduciary net position. Over time, increases and decreases in fiduciary net position measure whether the System's financial position is improving or deteriorating. *The Statement of Changes in Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position* presents how the System's fiduciary net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. These two financial statements should be reviewed along with the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (page 51), the Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability (page 52), and Schedules of Contributions (page 53) to determine whether the System is becoming financially stronger or weaker.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

System total assets as of September 30, 2020, were \$62.2 billion and were mostly comprised of investments and securities lending collateral. Total assets increased \$1.9 billion or 3.2% between fiscal years 2019 and 2020, due primarily to net investment gains.

Total liabilities as of September 30, 2020, were \$2.7 billion and were comprised of accounts payable, unearned revenue, and obligations under securities lending. Total liabilities increased \$0.2 billion or 7.9% between fiscal years 2019 and 2020 primarily due to increased obligations under security lending.

System assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2020 by \$59.5 billion. Total fiduciary net position restricted for pension and OPEB increased \$1.7 billion or 3.0% from the previous year, primarily due to net investment gains.

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

(in thousands)

	2020	2019	Increase (Decrease)
<b>Assets</b>			
Equity in common cash	\$ 135,140	\$ 117,378	15.1 %
Receivables	741,352	418,182	77.3
Investments	58,828,612	57,421,253	2.5
Securities lending collateral	2,452,152	2,277,910	7.6
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>62,157,256</b>	<b>60,234,723</b>	<b>3.2</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Unearned revenue	4,605	2,979	54.6
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	225,243	204,829	10.0
Obligations under securities lending	2,452,152	2,277,647	7.7
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>2,682,000</b>	<b>2,485,455</b>	<b>7.9</b>
<b>Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB</b>	<b>\$ 59,475,256</b>	<b>\$ 57,749,269</b>	<b>3.0 %</b>

### ADDITIONS TO PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

The reserves needed to finance pension and other postemployment benefits are accumulated through the collection of employer and employee contributions and through earnings on investments. Contributions and net investment income for fiscal year 2020 totaled approximately \$7.3 billion.

Total additions for fiscal year 2020 increased approximately \$183.4 million or 2.6% from those of fiscal year 2019 due primarily to increased net investment income and increased contributions. Total member contributions decreased between fiscal years 2019 and 2020 by \$5.0 million or 0.8%, while employer contributions increased \$103 million or 3.0%. The Investment Section of this report reviews the results of investment activity for fiscal year 2020.

### DEDUCTIONS FROM PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

The primary expenses of the System include the payment of pension benefits to members and beneficiaries, payment for health, dental and vision benefits, refund of contributions, and the cost of administering the System. Total deductions for fiscal year 2020 were \$5.7 billion, a decrease of 2.3% over fiscal year 2019 deductions.

The health, dental and vision care expenses during the year decreased \$255.6 million or 47.1%, from \$542.0 million to \$286.5 million. The payment of pension benefits increased \$124.5 million or 2.5% between fiscal years 2019 and 2020. In fiscal year 2020, the increase in pension benefit payments resulted an increase in benefit expenses. In fiscal year 2020, the decrease in health, dental, and vision care expenses were a result of increased cost-sharing subsidies that offset expenditures.

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### CHANGES IN PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

(in thousands)

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>Increase (Decrease)</u>
<b>Additions</b>			
Member contributions	\$ 606,379	\$ 611,344	(0.8) %
Employer contributions	3,517,348	3,414,427	3.0
Other governmental contributions	254,348	233,196	9.1
Net investment income (loss)	2,919,801	2,855,383	2.3
Miscellaneous income	192	277	(30.6)
<b>Total additions</b>	<u>7,298,068</u>	<u>7,114,627</u>	<u>2.6</u>
<b>Deductions</b>			
Pension benefits	5,183,129	5,058,624	2.5
Health care benefits	286,465	542,034	(47.1)
Refunds and transfers to other systems	28,029	29,378	(4.6)
Administrative and other expenses	186,832	190,062	(1.7)
<b>Total deductions</b>	<u>5,684,455</u>	<u>5,820,098</u>	<u>(2.3)</u>
<b>Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position</b>	1,613,613	1,294,529	24.6
<b>Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB:</b>			
<b>Beginning of Year - restated</b>	<u>57,861,643</u>	<u>56,454,740</u>	<u>2.5</u>
<b>End of Year</b>	<u>\$ 59,475,256</u>	<u>\$ 57,749,269</u>	<u>3.0</u> %

### RETIREMENT SYSTEM AS A WHOLE

The System's overall Fiduciary Net Position experienced an increase in fiscal year 2020. The Statement of Changes in Plan Fiduciary Net Position included an increase in the beginning balance of \$112.4 million for a restatement the prior year as described in Note 8 – Accounting Changes and Restatements (Page 50). The System's rate of return for the Pension Plan's investments decreased an overall 0.1% from a 5.1% return in fiscal year 2019 to a 5.0% return during fiscal year 2020. The System's rate of return for the OPEB Plan's investments decreased an overall 0.1% from a 5.0% return in fiscal year 2019 to a 4.9% return during fiscal year 2020. Management believes that the System remains financially sound and positioned to meet its ongoing benefit obligations due, in part, to a prudent investment program, cost controls, and strategic planning.

### CONTACTING SYSTEM FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the Retirement Board, our membership, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the System's finances and to demonstrate the System's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Office of Retirement Services, P.O. Box 30171, Lansing, MI 48909-7671.

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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# FINANCIAL SECTION

## BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### STATEMENT OF PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

As of September 30, 2020  
(in thousands)

	Pension Plan	OPEB Plan	Total
<b>Assets:</b>			
Equity in common cash	\$ 125,372	\$ 9,768	\$ 135,140
Receivables:			
Amounts due from members	564	1	564
Amounts due from employers	154,709	66,646	221,354
Amounts due from other	-	388,983	388,983
Amounts due from employer long term	74,821	23,587	98,408
Amounts due from other long term	-	31,508	31,508
Interest and dividends	464	70	534
Total receivables	230,558	510,794	741,352
Investments:			
Short term investment pools	2,274,662	339,538	2,614,200
Fixed income pools	6,337,047	958,366	7,295,413
Domestic equity pools	11,060,949	1,672,335	12,733,284
Real estate and infrastructure pools	4,145,114	626,993	4,772,107
Private equity pools	10,199,012	1,540,749	11,739,762
International equity pools	8,259,404	1,249,897	9,509,301
Absolute return pools	2,487,237	375,942	2,863,179
Real return and opportunistic pools	6,342,140	959,227	7,301,367
Total investments	51,105,565	7,723,047	58,828,612
Securities lending collateral	2,130,864	321,288	2,452,152
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>53,592,358</b>	<b>8,564,898</b>	<b>62,157,256</b>
<b>Liabilities:</b>			
Unearned revenue	3,994	612	4,605
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	1,272	223,971	225,243
Obligations under securities lending	2,130,864	321,288	2,452,152
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>2,136,130</b>	<b>545,871</b>	<b>2,682,000</b>
<b>Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB:</b>	<b>\$ 51,456,229</b>	<b>\$ 8,019,027</b>	<b>\$ 59,475,256</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



# FINANCIAL SECTION

## BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020  
(in thousands)

	Pension Plan	OPEB Plan	Total
<b>Additions:</b>			
Contributions:			
Member contributions	\$ 401,626	\$ 204,752	\$ 606,379
Employer contributions:			
Colleges and universities	218,496	55,046	273,542
School districts and other	2,590,343	653,463	3,243,806
Other governmental contributions	-	254,348	254,348
Total contributions	3,210,466	1,167,609	4,378,075
Investment income (loss):			
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	1,751,042	259,249	2,010,291
Interest, dividends, and other	940,705	135,980	1,076,685
Investment expenses:			
Real estate operating expenses	(1,192)	(169)	(1,362)
Other investment expenses	(152,428)	(21,517)	(173,945)
Securities lending activities:			
Securities lending income	25,714	3,835	29,550
Securities lending expenses	(18,609)	(2,808)	(21,418)
Net investment income (loss)	2,545,231	374,570	2,919,801
Miscellaneous income	74	118	192
<b>Total additions</b>	<b>5,755,771</b>	<b>1,542,297</b>	<b>7,298,068</b>
<b>Deductions:</b>			
Benefits paid to plan members and beneficiaries:			
Retirement benefits	5,183,129	-	5,183,129
Health benefits	-	226,141	226,141
Dental/vision benefits	-	60,324	60,324
Refunds of contributions	27,917	113	28,029
Administrative and other expenses	23,119	163,713	186,832
<b>Total deductions</b>	<b>5,234,165</b>	<b>450,291</b>	<b>5,684,455</b>
<b>Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position</b>	<b>521,606</b>	<b>1,092,007</b>	<b>1,613,613</b>
<b>Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB: Beginning of Year - restated</b>	<b>50,934,622</b>	<b>6,927,020</b>	<b>57,861,643</b>
<b>End of Year</b>	<b>\$ 51,456,229</b>	<b>\$ 8,019,027</b>	<b>\$ 59,475,256</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTE 1 – PLAN DESCRIPTION

#### ORGANIZATION

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members – eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member. The Governor-appointed board members consist of:

- Two active classroom teachers or other certified school personnel
- One active member or retirant from a non-certified support position
- One active school system superintendent
- One active finance or operations (non-superintendent) member
- One retirant from a classroom teaching position
- One retirant from a finance or operations management position
- One administrator or trustee of a community college that is a reporting unit of the System
- Two from the general public, one with health insurance or actuarial science experience and one with institutional investment experience
- One elected member of a reporting unit's board of control

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act. There are 685 participating employers. A list of employers is provided in the Statistical Section. The System is a qualified pension trust fund under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. By statute, employees of K-12 public school districts, public school academies, district libraries, tax-supported community colleges and seven universities may be members. The seven universities are: Eastern Michigan, Central Michigan, Northern Michigan, Western Michigan, Ferris State, Michigan Technological and Lake Superior State. Employees, who first become employed by one of the seven universities on or after January 1, 1996, become members of an alternative plan.

The System's financial statements are included as a pension and other employee benefit trust fund in the State of Michigan Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State of Michigan Investment Board serves as the investment fiduciary and custodian for the System.

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### MEMBERSHIP

At September 30, 2020, the System's pension plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits:	
Regular benefits	196,604
Survivor benefits	19,018
Disability benefits	5,856
<b>Total</b>	<u>221,478</u>
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits:	<u>17,054</u>
Active plan members:	
Vested	93,861
Non-vested	74,341
<b>Total<sup>1,2</sup></b>	<u>168,202</u>
<b>Total plan members</b>	<u><u>406,734</u></u>

<sup>1</sup> Includes 3,187 people who elected not to continue future accruals in the DB plan as a result of PA 300 of 2012.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes 2,878 records with both \$0 salary and 0 service credit as of September 30, 2020 with DB benefit plan codes.

Enrollment in the OPEB plan is voluntary. The number of participants is as follows:

Retirees and survivors	199,416
Inactive vested	2,281
Active members <sup>1</sup>	191,793
Participants receiving benefits:	
Health	152,930
Dental/Vision	166,234
Expenses for the year (in thousands)	\$ 163,713
Employer payroll contribution rates	5.99 - 8.09%

<sup>1</sup> Active member count includes Personal Healthcare Fund members eligible for the \$1,000/\$2,000 lump sum at termination benefit.

### BENEFIT PROVISIONS - PENSION

#### *Introduction*

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Retirement benefits for DB plan members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB member or Pension Plus member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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### ***Pension Reform 2010***

On May 19, 2010, the Governor signed Public Act 75 of 2010 into law. As a result, any member of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPERS) who became a member of MPERS after June 30, 2010 is a Pension Plus member. Pension Plus is a hybrid plan that contains a pension component with an employee contribution (graded, up to 6.4% of salary) and a flexible and transferable defined contribution (DC) tax-deferred investment account that earns an employer match of 50% (up to 1% of salary) on employee contributions. Retirement benefits for Pension Plus members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. Disability and survivor benefits are available to Pension Plus members.

### ***Pension Reform 2012***

On September 4, 2012, the Governor signed Public Act 300 of 2012 into law. The legislation grants all active members who first became a member before July 1, 2010 and who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their pension. Any changes to a member's pension are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under the reform, members voluntarily chose to increase, maintain, or stop their contributions to the pension fund.

**Option 1** – members voluntarily elected to increase their contributions to the pension fund as noted below, and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they terminate public school employment.

- Basic Plan members: 4% contribution
- Member Investment Plan (MIP)-Fixed, MIP-Graded, and MIP-Plus members: a flat 7% contribution

**Option 2** – members voluntarily elected to increase their contribution to the pension fund as stated in Option 1 and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they reach 30 years of service. If and when they reach 30 years of service, their contribution rates will return to the previous level in place as of the day before their transition date (0% for Basic Plan members, 3.9% for MIP-Fixed, up to 4.3% for MIP-Graded, or up to 6.4% for MIP-Plus). The pension formula for any service thereafter would include a 1.25% pension factor.

**Option 3** – members voluntarily elected not to increase their contribution to the pension fund and maintain their current level of contribution to the pension fund. The pension formula for their years of service as of the day before their transition date will include a 1.5% pension factor. The pension formula for any service thereafter will include a 1.25% pension factor.

**Option 4** – members voluntarily elected to no longer contribute to the pension fund and therefore are switched to the Defined Contribution plan for future service as of their transition date. As a DC participant they receive a 4% employer contribution to a tax-deferred 401(k) account and can choose to contribute up to the maximum amounts permitted by the IRS to a 457 account. They vest in employer contributions and related earnings in their 401(k) account based on the following schedule: 50% at 2 years, 75% at 3 years, and 100% at 4 years of service. They are 100% vested in any personal contributions and related earnings in their 457 account. Upon retirement, if they meet age and service requirements (including their *total* years of service), they would also receive a pension (calculated based on years of service and final average compensation as of the day before their transition date and a 1.5% pension factor).

Members who did not make an election before the deadline defaulted to Option 3 as described above. Deferred or nonvested public school employees on September 3, 2012, who return to public school employment on or after September 4, 2012, will be considered as if they had elected Option 3 above. Returning members who made the retirement plan election will retain whichever option they chose.

Employees who first work on or after September 4, 2012, choose between two retirement plans: the Pension Plus plan described above and a Defined Contribution (DC) plan that provides a 50% employer match (up to 3% of salary) on employee contributions. New employees are automatically enrolled as members in the Pension Plus plan as of their date of hire. They have 75 days from the last day of their first pay period, as reported to ORS, to elect to opt out of the Pension Plus plan and become a qualified participant in the DC plan; if no election is made they will

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

remain in the Pension Plus plan. If they elect to opt out of the Pension Plus plan, their participation in the DC plan will be retroactive to their date of hire.

### ***Pension Reform of 2017***

On July 13, 2017, the Governor signed Public Act 92 of 2017 into law. The legislation closed the Pension Plus plan to newly hired employees as of February 1, 2018 and created a new, optional Pension Plus 2 plan with similar benefit calculations but containing a 50/50 contribution share between the employee and the employer, including the cost of future unfunded liabilities. The assumed rate of return on the Pension Plus 2 plan is 6%. Further, under certain adverse actuarial conditions, the Pension Plus 2 plan will close to new employees if the actuarial funded ratio falls below 85% for two consecutive years. The law included other provisions to the retirement eligibility age, plan assumptions, and unfunded liability payment methods.

### ***Regular Retirement***

The pension benefit for DB and Pension Plus members is based on a member's years of credited service (employment) and final average compensation (FAC). The FAC is calculated based on the member's highest total wages earned during a specific period of consecutive calendar months divided by the service credit accrued during that same time period. For a MIP member, who became a member of MPSERS prior to July 1, 2010, the averaging period is 36 consecutive months. For a Pension Plus member, who became a member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010, the averaging period is 60 consecutive months. For a Basic Plan member, this period is the 60 consecutive months yielding the highest total wages. The annual pension is paid monthly for the lifetime of a retiree. The calculation of a member's pension is determined by their pension election under PA 300 of 2012 and is shown below:

**Option 1** –  $\text{FAC} \times \text{total years of service} \times 1.5\%$

**Option 2** –  $\text{FAC} \times 30 \text{ years of service} \times 1.5\% + \text{FAC} \times \text{years of service beyond 30} \times 1.25\%$

**Option 3** –  $\text{FAC} \times \text{years of service as of transition date} \times 1.5\% + \text{FAC} \times \text{years of service after transition date} \times 1.25\%$

**Option 4** –  $\text{FAC as of transition date} \times \text{years of service as of transition date} \times 1.5\%$

A MIP member who became a member of MPSERS prior to July 1, 2010 may retire at:

- age 46 with 30 or more years of credited service; or
- age 60 with 10 or more years of credited service; or
- age 60 with 5 years of credited service provided the member has worked through his or her 60th birthday and has credited service in each of the five school fiscal years immediately preceding the retirement effective date

A Pension Plus member may retire at age 60 with 10 or more years of credited service.

A Pension Plus 2 member may retire at age 60 with 10 or more years of credited service. Section 81c(5) of PA 300 as amended requires the regular retirement age to be increased in whole year increments based on the results of mortality analysis five-year actuarial experience studies performed after October 1, 2019 and the actuarial funding status of the plan. If the regular retirement age for Pension Plus 2 members is increased in accordance with this provision, members within five years of retirement from the effective date of the increase are automatically exempted and the retirement board may additionally authorize those between five and eight years of the then current retirement age to be exempted.

A Basic Plan member may retire at:

- age 55 with 30 or more years of credited service; or
- age 60 with 10 or more years of credited service

There is no mandatory retirement age.

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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### ***Early Retirement***

A MIP or Basic member may retire with an early permanently reduced pension:

- after completing at least 15 but less than 30 years of credited service; and
- after attaining age 55; and
- with credited service in each of the 5 school years immediately preceding the pension effective date

The early pension is computed in the same manner as a regular pension, but is permanently reduced 0.5% for each full and partial month between the pension effective date and the date the member will attain age 60.

### ***Deferred Retirement***

If a member terminates employment before attaining the age qualification, but after accruing 10 or more years of credited service, the member becomes a deferred member and is eligible for a pension at the time the age qualification is attained.

### ***Nonduty Disability Benefit***

Any member with 10 or more years of credited service who becomes totally and permanently disabled due to any non-duty related cause, and who has not met the age requirement for a regular pension is eligible for a non-duty disability pension computed in the same manner as an age and service pension, upon recommendation from the member's personal physician and the Retirement Board physician and the approval of the Retirement Board. An Annual Certification of Disability is conducted each January. Upon prior approval, total disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings are limited to 100% of final average compensation (increased by 2% for each year retired; first year 100%, next year 102%, etc.).

### ***Duty Disability Benefit***

Any member who becomes totally and permanently disabled as a result of a duty-related cause, who has not met the age and service requirement for a regular pension, and who is in receipt of weekly workers' compensation is eligible for a duty disability pension computed in the same manner as an age and service pension (but based upon a minimum of 10 years of service) upon recommendation from the member's personal physician and the Retirement Board physician and the approval of the Retirement Board. An Annual Certification of Disability is conducted each January. Upon prior approval, total disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings are limited to 100% of final average compensation (increased by 2% for each year retired; first year 100%, next year 102%, etc.).

### ***Pension Payment Options***

The election of a pension payment option is made at the time of application. Once a member has retired, the option choice is irrevocable. The pension effective date is the first of the calendar month following the date the member has satisfied the age and service requirements, has terminated public school employment and has the completed application forms on file with the System for a period of 15 days. A retroactive pension can be paid for no more than 12 calendar months. Thus, delay in filing the application can result in a loss of some retroactive pension benefits. An applicant may select only one of the following options.

#### ***Straight Life Pension***

The Straight Life Pension pays the largest level pension a retiree can receive during his or her lifetime and stops with the month of a retiree's death. There are no monthly benefits for a beneficiary. The pension benefit is computed with no beneficiary rights. If the retiree made contributions while an employee and has not received the total accumulated contributions before death, a refund of the balance of the contributions is made to the beneficiary of record. If the retiree did not make any contributions, there will not be payments to any beneficiaries.

#### ***Survivor Options***

Under the Survivor Options, 100% Survivor Pension, 100% Equated, 75% Survivor Pension, 75% Equated, 50% Survivor Pension and 50% Equated, the reduction is an actuarial determination dependent upon the combined life expectancies of a retiree and a beneficiary and varies from case to case. A beneficiary may only be a spouse, brother, sister, parent or child (including an adopted child) of a retiring member. If the beneficiary predeceases a retiree, the pension will revert to either the Straight Life or Straight Life Equated amount ("pop-



# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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up” provision). If, however, a retiree was single at the time of retirement and subsequently married, the retiree can request to nominate a new spouse if they elected the straight life option at retirement. Also, if a retiree was married at the time of retirement and has since been widowed and remarried, the retiree can request to nominate a new spouse as a pension beneficiary as long as they elected a survivor option for the spouse at the time of retirement.

### **100% Survivor Pension**

Pays a reduced pension to a retiree. The month after a retiree’s death, the same amount will be paid to a designated beneficiary for the remainder of his or her lifetime.

### **75% Survivor Pension**

Pays a reduced pension to a retiree. The month after a retiree’s death, 75% of the pension amount will be paid to a designated beneficiary for the remainder of his or her lifetime.

### **50% Survivor Pension**

Pays a reduced pension to a retiree. The month after a retiree’s death, 50% of the pension amount will be paid to a designated beneficiary for the remainder of his or her lifetime.

### **Equated Plan**

For MIP and Basic members, the Equated plan may be combined with the Straight Life, 100% Survivor, 75% Survivor, or 50% Survivor Pension by any member under age 61, except a disability applicant. The Equated Plan provides a higher pension every month until age 62, at which time the monthly pension is permanently decreased to a lower amount than the Straight Life, 100%, 75%, or 50% Survivor alone would provide.

The intent of the Equated Plan is for the retiree’s pension to decrease at age 62 by approximately the same amount as that person’s Social Security benefit will provide. The System pension until age 62 should be about the same as the combined System pension and Social Security after age 62.

The projected Social Security pension the retiring member obtains from the Social Security Administration and furnishes to the System is used in the Equated Plan calculation. The actual Social Security pension may vary from the estimate.

NOTE: The reduction in the pension at age 62 pertains to the Equated Plan only and affects only the retiree. A beneficiary under 100% Equated, 75% Equated or 50% Equated will receive the 100%, 75%, or 50% Survivor amount the month following the retiree’s death as if the Equated Plan had not been chosen. A beneficiary does not participate in the Equated Plan.

### **Survivor Benefit**

A non-duty survivor pension is available if a MIP member has 10 years of credited service or, if age 60 or older, with five years of credited service; the date they became a MIP member does not matter. The Basic plan provides a survivor pension with 15 years of credited service or, if age 60 or older, with 10 years of credited service. The Pension Plus plan provides for a survivor pension with 10 years of credited service. An active member may nominate as a survivor beneficiary a spouse, child(ren) (including adopted child(ren)), brother, sister, or parent. If other than the spouse is nominated and a spouse exists, the spouse must waive this benefit. If no beneficiary has been nominated, the beneficiary is automatically the spouse; or, if there is no spouse, unmarried children under age 18 share the benefit equally until age 18. The benefit is computed as a regular pension but reduced in accordance with a 100% survivor pension factor. The pension begins the first of the month following the member’s death. In the event of the death of a deferred member, the System begins payment to the nominated beneficiary at the time the member would have attained the minimum age qualification.

A duty survivor pension is payable if weekly workers’ compensation is being paid to the eligible beneficiary due to the member’s death. A spouse receives the benefit (based on a minimum of 10 years of service credit) reduced in accordance with a 100% survivor pension factor. If there is no spouse, unmarried children under age 18 share the benefit equally until age 18; if there is no spouse or child(ren), a disabled and dependent parent is eligible.

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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### ***Postemployment Adjustments***

A retiree who became a MIP member prior to July 1, 2010, receives an annual post-retirement non-compounded increase of 3% of the initial pension in the October following twelve months of retirement. Basic plan members do not receive an annual post-retirement increase, but are eligible to receive a supplemental payment in those years when investment earnings exceed actuarial assumptions. Pension Plus members do not receive an annual post-retirement increase.

On January 1, 1990, pre-October 1, 1981 retirees received an increase that ranged from 1% to 22% dependent upon the pension effective date. On October 1, 1990, the base pension of all retirees with an effective pension date of January 1, 1987, or earlier was increased to include all prior post-retirement adjustments.

On January 1, 1986, all recipients through calendar year 1985 received a permanent 8% increase that established the 1986 base pension. In addition, each October, retirees with a pension effective date of January 1, 1987, or earlier receive a fixed increase equal to 3% of the base pension. Both increases are deducted from the distribution of excess investment income, if any. Beginning in 1983, eligible recipients receive an annual distribution of excess investment income, if any.

### ***Member Contributions***

Mandatory member contributions were phased out between 1974 and 1977, with the plan remaining noncontributory until January 1, 1987, when the Member Investment Plan (MIP) was enacted. MIP members enrolled prior to January 1, 1990, contribute at a permanently fixed rate of 3.9% of gross wages. The MIP contribution rate was 4.0% from January 1, 1987, the effective date of the MIP, until January 1, 1990, when it was reduced to 3.9%. Members first hired between January 1, 1990 and June 30, 2008, and returning members who did not work between January 1, 1987, through December 31, 1989, contribute at the following graduated permanently fixed contribution rates: 3% of the first \$5,000; 3.6% of \$5,001 through \$15,000; 4.3% of all wages over \$15,000. Members first hired July 1, 2008, or later including Pension Plus plan members, contribute at the following graduated permanently fixed contribution rates: 3% of the first \$5,000; 3.6% of \$5,001 through \$15,000; 6.4% of all wages over \$15,000. Pension Plus 2 plan members contribute a flat 50% of the total calculated contribution rate including the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) contribution rate associated with the Pension Plus 2 plan, if any.

For a limited period ending December 31, 1992, an active Basic plan member could enroll in the MIP by paying the contributions that would have been made had enrollment occurred initially on January 1, 1987, or on the date of hire, plus interest. MIP contributions at the rate of 3.9% of gross wages begin at enrollment. Actuarial rate of interest is posted to member accounts on July 1 on all MIP monies on deposit for 12 months. If a member leaves public school service and no pension is payable, the member's accumulated contributions plus interest, if any, are refundable.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, eligible members voluntarily chose between increasing, maintaining, or stopping their contributions to the pension fund as of the transition date. Their options are described in detail under Pension Reform 2012 beginning on page 22. Members who elected to increase their level of contribution contribute 4% (Basic plan) or 7% (MIP); by doing so they maintain a 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. Members who elected to maintain their level of contribution will receive a 1.25% pension factor in their pension formula for their years of service as of their transition date. Their contribution rates are described above. Members who elected to stop their contributions became participants in the Defined Contribution plan as of their transition date.

### ***Employer Contributions***

Each school district or reporting entity is required to contribute the full actuarial funding contribution amount to fund pension benefits.

## **BENEFIT PROVISIONS – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT**

### ***Introduction***

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug,



# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP-Graded plan members) the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008, (MIP-Plus plan members) have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date.

Public Act 75 of 2010 requires each actively employed member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010, to annually contribute 3% of their compensation to offset employer contributions for healthcare benefits of current retirees.

Dependents are eligible for healthcare coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended.

Applications for enrollment after retirement are accepted anytime during the year, with coverage effective six months following the receipt of the application.

### ***Retiree Healthcare Reform of 2012***

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) account.

Members who did not make an election before the deadline retain the premium subsidy benefit and continue making the 3% contribution toward retiree healthcare. Deferred or nonvested members on September 3, 2012 who are rehired on or after September 4, 2012, will contribute 3% to retiree healthcare and will retain the premium subsidy benefit. Returning members who made the retirement healthcare election will retain whichever option they chose.

Those who elected to retain the premium subsidy continue to annually contribute 3% of compensation into the healthcare funding account. A member or former member age 60 or older, who made the 3% healthcare contributions but who does not meet eligibility requirements may request a refund of their contributions. Similarly, if a retiree dies before the total value of the insurance subsidy paid equals the total value of the contributions the member made, and there are no eligible dependents, the beneficiary may request a refund of unused funds. Refunds of member contributions to the healthcare funding account are issued as a supplemental benefit paid out over a 60-month period.

- Retirees with at least 21 years of service, who terminate employment after October 31, 1980, with vested deferred benefits, are eligible for subsidized employer-paid health benefit coverage.
- A delayed premium subsidy applies to retirees who became a member of the retirement system before July 1, 2008 and who purchased service credit on or after July 1, 2008. Such individuals are eligible for premium subsidy benefits at age 60 or when they would have been eligible to retire without having made a service purchase, whichever comes first. They may enroll in the insurances earlier but are responsible for the full premium until the premium subsidy begins.

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, the state no longer offers an insurance premium subsidy in retirement for public school employees who first work on or after September 4, 2012. Instead, all new employees will be placed into the Personal Healthcare Fund where they will have support saving for retirement healthcare costs in the following ways:

- They will be automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into a 457 account as of their date of hire, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account.
- They will receive a credit into a Health Reimbursement Account (HRA) at termination if they have at least 10 years of service at termination. The credit will be \$2,000 for participants who are at least 60 years of age at termination or \$1,000 for participants who are less than 60 years of age at termination.

Participants in the Personal Healthcare Fund who become disabled for any reason are not eligible for any employer-funded health insurance premium subsidy. If a PHF participant suffers a nonduty-related death, his or her health benefit dependents are not eligible to participate in any employer funded health insurance premium subsidy. If a PHF participant suffers a duty death, the state will pay the maximum health premium allowed by statute for the surviving spouse and health benefit dependents. The spouses' insurance subsidy may continue until his or her death, the dependents' subsidy may continue until their eligibility ends (through marriage, age, or other event). Upon eligibility for a duty death benefit, the 2% employer matching contributions and related earnings in the member's 401(k) are forfeited and the state will pay for the subsidy. The beneficiaries receive the member's personal contributions and related earnings in the member's 457 account.

### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND PRESENTATION

The System's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions from the members and employers are recognized as revenue when due and payable. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the System. The reserves are described below, and details are provided in the supporting schedules.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67 and Statement No. 74, which were adopted during the year ended September 30, 2014 and 2017, addresses accounting and financial reporting requirements for pension and other postemployment benefit plans, respectively. The requirements for both GASB Statement No. 67 and 74 require changes in presentation of the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and required supplementary information. Significant changes include an actuarial calculation of total and net pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities. It also includes comprehensive note disclosures regarding the pension and other postemployment benefit liability, the sensitivity of the net pension and other postemployment benefit liability to the discount rate, and increased investment activity disclosures. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 67 and 74 did not significantly impact the accounting for accounts receivable and investment balances. The total pension and other postemployment benefit liability, determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67 and 74, is presented in Note 4 on page 32, Note 5 on page 35, and in the Required Supplementary Information beginning on page 51.

As of September 30, 2016, the System applied GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

#### RESERVES

##### *Reserve for Employee Contributions*

This reserve represents active member contributions and interest less amounts transferred to the Reserve for Retired Benefit Payments for regular and disability retirement, amounts refunded to terminated members, and amounts transferred to the Reserve for Employer Contributions representing unclaimed funds. Members no longer contribute to this reserve except to purchase eligible service credit or repay previously refunded contributions. At September 30, 2020, the balance in this reserve was \$1.5 billion.

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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### ***Reserve for Pension Plus Employee Contributions***

This reserve represents active member contributions and interest less amounts transferred to the Reserve for Pension Plus Retired Benefit Payments for regular retirement, amounts refunded to terminated members, and amounts transferred to the Reserve for Pension Plus Employer Contributions representing unclaimed funds. This reserve was established under the provisions of Public Act 75 of 2010. At September 30, 2020, the balance in this reserve was \$440.0 million.

### ***Reserve for Pension Plus 2 Employee Contributions***

This reserve represents active member contributions and interest less amounts transferred to the Reserve for Pension Plus 2 Retired Benefit Payments for regular retirement, amounts refunded to terminated members, and amounts transferred to the Reserve for Pension Plus Employer II Contributions representing unclaimed funds. This reserve was established under the provisions of Public Act 92 of 2017. At September 30, 2020, the balance in this reserve was \$23.6 million.

### ***Reserve for Member Investment Plan***

This reserve represents MIP contributions and interest less refunds and transfers to the Reserve for Retired Benefit Payments. At September 30, 2020, the balance in this reserve was \$8.1 billion.

### ***Reserve for Employer Contributions***

This reserve represents all reporting unit contributions, except payments for health benefits. Interest from the Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income is credited annually. Amounts are transferred annually to the Reserve for Retired Benefit Payments to bring the balance of that reserve into balance with the actuarial present value of retirement allowances. At September 30, 2020, the balance in this reserve was (\$21.7) billion.

### ***Reserve for Pension Plus Employer Contributions***

This reserve represents all reporting unit contributions for Pension Plus members, except payments for health benefits. Interest from the Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income is credited annually at a rate of 7%. Amounts are transferred annually to the Reserve for Retired Pension Plus Benefit Payments to bring the balance of that reserve into balance with the actuarial present value of retirement allowances. This reserve was established under the provisions of Public Act 75 of 2010. At September 30, 2020, the balance in this reserve was \$312.2 million.

### ***Reserve for Pension Plus 2 Employer Contributions***

This reserve represents all reporting unit contributions for Pension Plus 2 members, except payments for health benefits. Interest from the Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income is credited annually at a rate of 7%. Amounts are transferred annually to the Reserve for Retired Pension Plus Benefit Payments to bring the balance of that reserve into balance with the actuarial present value of retirement allowances. This reserve was established under the provisions of Public Act 92 of 2017. At September 30, 2020, the balance in this reserve was \$24.4 million.

### ***Reserve for Retired Benefit Payments***

This reserve represents payments of future retirement benefits to current retirees. At retirement, a member's accumulated contributions plus interest are transferred into this reserve. Monthly benefits, which are paid to the retiree, reduce this reserve. At the end of each fiscal year, an amount, determined by an annual actuarial valuation, is transferred from the Reserve for Employer Contributions to bring the balance of this reserve into balance with the actuarial present value of retirement allowances. At September 30, 2020, the balance in this reserve was \$56.1 billion.

### ***Reserve for Pension Plus Retired Benefit Payments***

This reserve represents payments of future retirement benefits to current Pension Plus retirees. At retirement, a member's accumulated contributions plus interest are transferred into this reserve. Monthly benefits, which are paid to the retiree, reduce this reserve. At the end of each fiscal year, an amount, determined by an annual actuarial valuation, is transferred from the Reserve for Pension Plus Employer Contributions to bring the balance of this reserve into balance with the actuarial present value of retirement allowances. This reserve was established under the provisions of Public Act 75 of 2010. At September 30, 2020, the balance in this reserve was \$330.4 thousand.

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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### ***Reserve for Pension Plus 2 Retired Benefit Payments***

This reserve represents payments of future retirement benefits to current Pension Plus 2 retirees. At retirement, a member's accumulated contributions plus interest are transferred into this reserve. Monthly benefits, which are paid to the retiree, reduce this reserve. At the end of each fiscal year, an amount, determined by an annual actuarial valuation, is transferred from the Reserve for Pension Plus 2 Employer Contributions to bring the balance of this reserve into balance with the actuarial present value of retirement allowances. This reserve was established under the provisions of Public Act 92 of 2017. At September 30, 2020, the balance in this reserve was \$0.

### ***Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income***

This reserve represents all investment earnings. Interest is transferred annually to the other reserves. Administrative expenses of the System are paid from the Reserve for Administrative Expenses, which is credited with amounts from the Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income to cover the expenses. For ease of reporting and understanding, the two reserves are presented as one reserve in the supporting schedules. Public Act 143 of 1997 established a stabilization subaccount within the Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income to which any over funding is credited. As of September 30, 2020, the balance in the subaccount was \$0. At September 30, 2020, the balance in this reserve was \$6.6 billion.

### ***Reserve for Health (OPEB) Related Benefits***

This reserve is credited with employee and employer contributions for retirees' health, dental, and vision benefits. Starting in fiscal year 2013, the employer contribution is based on a prefunded basis and represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. In addition, in fiscal year 2019, this reserve includes revenue from the federal government for the Employer Group Waiver Plan (EGWP). Premiums for health, dental and vision benefits are paid from this reserve. At September 30, 2020, the balance in this reserve was \$8.0 billion.

## **REPORTING ENTITY**

The System is a pension and other employee benefit trust fund of the State. As such, the System is considered part of the State and is included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as a pension and other employee benefit trust fund. The System and its Board are not financially accountable for any other entities or other organizations. Accordingly, the System is the only entity included in this financial report.

## **BENEFIT PROTECTION**

Public Act 100 of 2002 was passed by the Michigan Legislature to protect pension benefits of public employees from alienation (being transferred). Alienation is attachment, garnishment, levy, execution, bankruptcy or other legal process except for divorce orders or eligible domestic relation orders. The statutes governing the System contained an "anti-alienation" clause to provide for this protection; however, many smaller public pension systems did not have the benefit of this protection. Therefore, Public Act 100 of 2002 was passed to establish legal protection of pension assets that encompasses all public employees.

## **INVESTMENTS**

Generally, investments are reported at fair value, consistent with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. Short-term, highly liquid debt instruments including commercial paper are reported at amortized cost. Additional disclosures describing investments are provided in Note 6.

## **INVESTMENT INCOME**

Dividend and interest income is recognized on the accrual basis. Fair value changes are recorded as investment income or loss. Purchases and sales of investments are recorded as of the trade date (the date upon which the transaction is initiated), except for purchase and sale of mortgages, real estate, and private equity investments which are recorded as of the settlement date (the date upon which the transaction is ultimately completed). The effect of recording such transactions as of the settlement date does not materially affect the financial statements.

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### COSTS OF ADMINISTERING THE SYSTEM

Each year a restricted general fund appropriation is requested to fund the ongoing business operations of the System. These administrative costs are ultimately funded by the System through the regular transfer of funds from the System to the State's general fund based on either a direct cost or allocation basis depending on the nature of the expense. Costs of administering the System are financed by undistributed investment income of the System.

### PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Office space is leased from the State on a year-to-year basis. Office equipment is capitalized if the value exceeds \$5,000. These assets are recorded at cost and are reported net of depreciation in the *Statement of Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position*. Such assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over 10 years. As of September 30, 1998, all capitalized equipment was fully depreciated. No additional equipment has been capitalized for the System since that date.

### RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

#### Leases and Services

The System leases operating space and purchases certain administrative, data processing, legal and investment services from the State. The space and services are not otherwise available by competitive bid. The schedule below summarizes costs incurred by the System for such services.

	2020 (in thousands)
Building Rentals	\$ 925
Technological Support	11,122
Attorney General	258
Investment Services	14,085
Personnel Services	10,492

#### Cash

At September 30, 2020, the System had \$135.1 million in a common cash investment pool maintained for various State operating funds. The participating funds in the common cash pool earn interest at various rates depending upon prevailing short-term interest rates. Earnings (Losses) from these activities amounted to \$5.9 million for the year ended September 30, 2020.

### NOTE 3 – CONTRIBUTIONS

The majority of the members currently participate in the pension and OPEB plans on a contributory basis. Reporting units are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of pension benefits and OPEB. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The normal cost is the annual cost assigned under the actuarial funding method, to the current and subsequent plan years. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis.

Pension and OPEB contributions made in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020 were determined as of the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuations. The pension and OPEB unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) as of September 30, 2017 are amortized over a 19 year period beginning October 1, 2019 and ending September 30, 2038. The schedules below summarize pension and OPEB contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2020.

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### PENSION CONTRIBUTION RATES

Benefit Structure	Member	Employer
Basic	0.0 - 4.0 %	13.39 - 19.41 %
Member Investment Plan	3.0 - 7.0	13.39 - 19.41
Pension Plus	3.0 - 6.4	16.46
Pension Plus 2	6.2	19.59
Defined Contribution	0.0	13.39

### OPEB CONTRIBUTION RATES

Benefit Structure	Member	Employer
Premium Subsidy	3.0 %	5.99 - 8.09 %
Personal Healthcare Fund	0.0	5.99 - 7.57

The System may reconcile with actuarial requirements annually. If the system reconciles in a year, any funding deficiency for pension benefits is smoothed over a maximum of five years, with at least one-fifth (20%) of the funding deficiency included in the subsequent year's contribution. This payment is not recognized as a receivable in the accounting records. If the System does not reconcile in a year, any funding deficiency for pension benefits is accounted for in subsequent required contributions over the remaining amortization period. For fiscal year 2020, the System reconciled.

In May 1996, the Internal Revenue Service issued a private letter ruling allowing the System's members to purchase service credit and repay refunds using tax-deferred (pre-tax) dollars. The program was implemented in fiscal year 1998, and payments began in fiscal year 1999. Public Act 92 of 2017 discontinued the option to initiate a service credit purchase for the majority of service credit types as of September 29, 2017.

The program allowed members to purchase service credit and repay refunds on a tax-deferred basis. Members sign an irrevocable agreement that identifies the contract duration, monthly payment, total contract amount and years of service credit being purchased. The duration of the contract can range from 1 to 20 years. The payment amounts are withheld from members' paychecks and are treated as employer pick-up contributions pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 414(h). Contracts entered into prior to the September 29, 2017 deadline remain in effect.

At September 30, 2020, there were 4,299 agreements. The agreements were discounted using the contractual interest rate of 8.00% for September 30, 2020. The average remaining length of a contract was approximately 5.5 years for 2020. The short-term receivable was \$9.5 million, and the discounted long-term receivable was \$21.6 million at September 30, 2020.

### NOTE 4 – NET PENSION LIABILITY

#### MEASUREMENT OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

The net pension liability is to be measured as the total pension liability, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. In actuarial terms, this will be the accrued liability less the fair value of assets (not the smoothed actuarial value of assets that is often encountered in actuarial valuations performed to determine the employer's contribution requirement).



# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### *Net Pension Liability*

Total Pension Liability	\$ 86,490,336,410
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	51,456,228,555
Net Pension Liability	<u>\$ 35,034,107,855</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	59.49%
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	385.51%
Total Covered Payroll	\$ 9,087,723,956

### LONG-TERM EXPECTED RETURN ON PLAN ASSETS

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return were provided by the Bureau of Investments (BOI) for each major asset class included in the pension plan's portfolio as of September 30, 2020. These best estimates and the plan's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

### *Asset Allocation*

<b>Asset Class</b>	<b>Target Allocation</b>	<b>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*</b>
Domestic Equity Pools	25.0 %	5.6 %
International Equity Pools	15.0	7.4
Private Equity Pools	16.0	9.3
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0	4.9
Fixed Income Pools	10.5	0.5
Absolute Return Pools	9.0	3.2
Real Return / Opportunistic Pools	12.5	6.6
Short-Term Investment Pools	2.0	(0.1)
<b>TOTAL</b>	<u><b>100.0 %</b></u>	

\* Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.1% inflation.

### RATE OF RETURN

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investment, net of pension plan investment expense, was 5.37%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

### DISCOUNT RATE

A single discount rate of 6.80% was used to measure the total pension liability (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan) for the fiscal year 2020. In fiscal year 2019, the single discount rate used to measure the pension liability was 6.80% (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan). This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan). The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate was based on the assumption that in the future, plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### SENSITIVITY OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE

As required by GASB Statement No. 67, we determined the sensitivity of the net pension liability, in thousands, to changes in the single discount rate. The following table presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 6.80% (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan), as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate Assumption	1% Increase
5.80% / 5.0%	6.80% / 6.0%	7.80% / 7.0%
\$45,262,114	\$35,034,108	\$26,554,550

### TIMING OF THE VALUATION

An actuarial valuation to determine the total pension liability is required to be performed at least every two years. If the actuarial valuation is not calculated as of the plan's fiscal year end, the total pension liability is required to be rolled forward from the actuarial valuation date to the pension plan's fiscal year end.

The total pension liability as of September 30, 2020, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2019 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures.

### ACTUARIAL VALUATIONS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Actuarial valuations for the pension plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment and mortality. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the actuarially determined contributions (ADC) are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The Schedules of Contributions in Required Supplementary Information present trend information about the amounts contributed to the plan by employers in comparison to the ADC, an amount that is actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 67 for pension.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The information presented in the Net Pension Liability schedules and notes was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

#### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation Date	September 30, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age, Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value
Actuarial Assumptions	
Wage Inflation Rate	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return	
- MIP and Basic Plans	6.80% net of investment expenses



# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- Pension Plus Plan	6.80% net of investment expenses
- Pension Plus 2 Plan	6.00% net of investment expenses
Projected Salary Increases	2.75% - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%
Cost of Living Adjustment	3% annual non-compounded for MIP members
Mortality	
Retirees	RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.
Active	RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.
Disabled Retirees	RP-2014 Male and Female Disabled Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.
Notes	Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the determination of the total pension liability beginning with the September 30, 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

### NOTE 5 – NET OPEB LIABILITY

#### MEASUREMENT OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

The net OPEB liability is to be measured as the total OPEB liability, less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. In actuarial terms, this will be the accrued liability less the fair value of assets (not the smoothed actuarial value of assets that is often encountered in actuarial valuations performed to determine the employer's contribution requirement).

<i><b>Net OPEB Liability</b></i>	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 13,418,548,441
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	8,019,027,188
Net OPEB Liability	<u>\$ 5,399,521,253</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability	59.76%
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	59.42%
Total Covered Payroll	\$ 9,087,723,956

#### LONG-TERM EXPECTED RETURN ON PLAN ASSETS

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return were provided by the Bureau of Investments (BOI) for each major asset class that is included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2020. These best estimates are summarized in the following table:

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Asset Allocation

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*</u>
Domestic Equity Pools	25.0 %	5.6 %
International Equity Pools	15.0	7.4
Private Equity Pools	16.0	9.3
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0	4.9
Fixed Income Pools	10.5	0.5
Absolute Return Pools	9.0	3.2
Real Return / Opportunistic Pools	12.5	6.6
Short-Term Investment Pools	2.0	(0.1)
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>100.0 %</b>	

\* Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.1% inflation.

### RATE OF RETURN

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investment, net of OPEB plan investment expense, was 5.24%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

### DISCOUNT RATE

A single discount rate of 6.95% was used to measure the total OPEB liability for fiscal year 2020. In fiscal year 2019, the single discount rate used to measure the pension liability was 6.95%. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.95%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate was based on the assumption that in the future plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

### SENSITIVITY OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE

As required by GASB Statement No. 74, we have determined the sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes, in thousands, in the single discount rate. The following table presents the plan's net OPEB liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 6.95%, as well as what the plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

<b>1% Decrease</b>	<b>Current Discount Rate Assumption</b>	<b>1% Increase</b>
5.95%	6.95%	7.95%
\$6,945,187	\$5,399,521	\$4,097,983

### SENSITIVITY OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TO HEALTHCARE COST TREND RATE

As required by GASB Statement No. 74, we have determined the sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes, in thousands, in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following table presents the plan's net OPEB liability, calculated using the assumed trend rates as well as what the plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
\$4,047,656	\$5,399,521	\$6,937,236

### TIMING OF THE VALUATION

An actuarial valuation to determine the total OPEB liability is required to be performed at least every two years. If the actuarial valuation is not calculated as of the plan's fiscal year end, the total OPEB liability is required to be rolled forward from the actuarial valuation date to the OPEB plan's fiscal year end.

The total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2020, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2019 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures.

### ACTUARIAL VALUATIONS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Actuarial valuations for the OPEB plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the actuarially determined contributions (ADC) are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The Schedules of Contributions in Required Supplementary Information present trend information about the amounts contributed to the plan by employers in comparison to the ADC, an amount that is actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 74 for OPEB.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The information presented in the Net OPEB Liability schedules and notes was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

#### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation Date	September 30, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age, Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Wage Inflation Rate	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return	6.95% net of investment expenses
Projected Salary Increases	2.75% - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate <sup>2</sup>	7.00% Year 1 graded to 3.50% Year 15; 3.00% Year 120
Mortality	
Retirees	RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.
Active	RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Disabled Retirees

RP-2014 Male and Female Disabled Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

### Other Assumptions: <sup>1</sup>

#### Opt Out Assumption

21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of those hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt out of the retiree health plan.

#### Survivor Coverage

80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to have coverage continuing after the retiree's death.

#### Coverage Election at Retirement

75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect coverage for 1 or more dependents.

#### Notes:

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the determination of the total OPEB liability beginning with the September 30, 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

<sup>1</sup> Applies to individuals hired before September 4, 2012.

<sup>2</sup> Applies to medical, Rx and Medicare payments

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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### NOTE 6 – INVESTMENTS

#### INVESTMENT AUTHORITY

The State of Michigan Investment Board (Board) was created by Executive Order 2018-10 (Order) and serves as the investment fiduciary over the assets of the State sponsored defined benefit retirement systems. The Board is responsible for investing the System's assets in accordance with the duties and powers enumerated in the Order and with Public Act 380 of 1965, as amended. Investments are made subject to the Public Employee Retirement System Investment Act, Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended. The Public Employee Retirement System Investment Act authorizes, with certain restrictions, the investment of pension fund assets in stocks, corporate and government bonds and notes, mortgages, real estate, and certain short-term and private equity investments. Investments must be made for the exclusive purposes of providing benefits to active members, retired members and beneficiaries, and for defraying the expenses of investing the assets.

#### DERIVATIVES INSTRUMENTS

The Board employs the use of derivative instruments in the investment of the pension and other employee benefit trust funds (the trust funds).

Derivative instruments are used in managing the trust fund portfolios, but uses do not include speculation or leverage of investments. State investment statutes limit total derivative instrument exposure to 15% of a fund's total asset value and restrict uses to replication of returns and hedging of assets. Swap agreements represent the largest category of derivative instrument investments subject to this limitation. Option and Future contracts traded daily on an exchange and settling in cash daily or having a limited and fully defined risk profile at an identified, fixed cost are not subject to the derivative instrument exposure limitation. Less than 15% of the total trust funds' portfolio has been invested from time to time in future contracts, swap agreements, structured notes, option and forward contracts.

The derivative instrument fair values are reported on the Statement of Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position as of September 30, 2020, in their respective investment pool's fair value. Derivative instrument net increase and decrease are reported on the Statement of Changes in Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position for fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, under "Investment income (loss)", in "Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments". Bond interest, swap payments, and dividends are reported under "Investment income (loss)", in "Interest, dividends, and other".

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Derivative Instrument Investment Table as of September 30, 2020 (in millions):

Investment and Investment Type	Percentage of Fair Value	Notational Value	Investments at Fair Value	Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value	Investment Income	Fair Value Subject to Credit Risk
Future Contracts Fixed Income and International Equity Investments	0.0%	\$ (558.3)	\$ 1.4	\$ (18.0)	\$ -	\$ -
Option Contracts Equity, Fixed Income and International Equity Investments	0.4	5,129.2	217.7	130.4	-	-
Swap Agreements Fixed Income and International Equity Investments	2.3	2,040.6	1,400.0	31.2	(22.2)	210.8
Total		\$ 6,611.5	\$ 1,619.1	\$ 143.6	\$ (22.2)	\$ 210.8

To diversify the trust funds' portfolio, the Board has entered into international swap agreements with investment grade counterparties, which are tied to stock market indices in approximately forty-six foreign countries. Generally, the notional amount of equity swap tied to foreign stock market indices is executed via a net total return USD index. The swap agreements provide that the System will pay quarterly over the term of swap agreements, interest indexed to the three-month London Inter-Bank Offer Rate (LIBOR), adjusted for an interest rate spread, on the notional amount stated in the agreements. International equity swap agreement maturity dates range from October 2020 to June 2021. U.S. Treasury Bonds, U. S. Corporate Bonds, and other public market fixed income securities as well as other investments are held to correspond with the notional amount of the international swap agreements. The value of the international synthetic equity structures is a combination of the value of the swap agreements and the value of the notes and other investments. The book value represents the cost of the bonds, notes, and other investments. The current value represents the current value of the bonds, notes, and other investments and the change in the value of the underlying indices from the inception of the swap agreements. The current value is used as a representation of the fair value based on the intention to hold all swap agreements until maturity. At the maturity of the swap agreements, the trust funds will either receive the increase in the value of the equity indices from the level at the inception of the agreements or pay the decrease in the value of the indices. The combined swap structure generally realizes gains and losses on a rolling basis.

To reduce the risk in the Fixed Income and International Equity portfolios, the Board has entered into FX swap agreements, interest rate swap agreements and credit default swap agreements with investment grade counterparties. The FX swap agreements are tied to foreign currency forward exchange rates and are used to reduce the currency risk within the fixed income portfolio. The swap agreements are entered into on an as-needed basis and are generally tied to the maturity of a foreign government bond indenture denominated in a foreign currency. The purpose of the FX swap agreement that has a final maturity date of less than three months, is to reduce or eliminate the currency risk on foreign bond transactions. U.S. Domestic LIBOR-based floating rate notes, U. S. Treasury securities, and portfolio cash are held to correspond with the notional amount of FX swap agreements

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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within the Fixed Income and International Equity Portfolios. Interest rate swaps are used to adjust interest rate and yield curve exposures and substitute for physical securities. Long swap positions that received fixed rate increase exposure to long-term interest rates; short swap positions that pay fixed rate, decrease exposure. Credit default swaps (CDS) are used to manage credit exposure without buying or sell securities outright. Written CDS increase credit exposure, selling protection, obligating the portfolio to buy bonds from counterparties in the event of a default. Purchased CDS decrease exposure, buying protection, providing the right to "Put" bonds to the counterparty in the event of a default.

Counterparty credit risk is the maximum loss amount that would be incurred if the counterparties to the derivative instrument failed to perform according to the terms of the contract, without respect to any collateral or other security, or netting arrangement. For the Over-the-Counter (OTC) derivative instrument investments, the system held collateral of \$52.4 million in cash deposits and \$32.2 million in securities on behalf of counterparties. Collateral securities in the amount of \$13.3 million were held on the behalf of the system by counterparties.

The Board traded bond future contracts to manage duration, yield curve exposure, adjust interest rate exposures and replicate bond positions.

To enhance returns while limiting downside risk, the Board traded equity options in single securities and on indices in the Large Cap Core and All Cap GARP funds. Attractively priced equity options were used for the purpose of stock replacement in order to drive excess returns over the S&P 500, as well as to provide added exposure to strong equity markets while limiting principal at risk. Put options are used to protect against large negative moves in the market indices. Options traded by the Board in the Fixed Income and International Equity pools are used to manage interest rate and volatility exposures. Written options generate income in expected interest rate scenarios and may generate capital losses, if unexpected interest rate environments are realized. Both written and purchased options will become worthless at expiration if the underlying instrument does not reach the strike price of the option. However, purchased options are often sold well before expiration in order to lock in profits at prices well below listed strike prices, and thereby generate consistent returns.

### SECURITIES LENDING

The System, pursuant to a Securities Lending Authorization Agreement, has authorized State Street Bank and Trust Company ("State Street") to act as the System's agent in lending System's securities to approved borrowers. State Street, as agent, enters into Securities Loan Agreements with borrowers.

During the fiscal year, State Street lent, on behalf of the Board, certain securities of the System held by State Street as custodian and received cash or other collateral including securities issued or guaranteed by the United States government. The types of securities lent were equity, and fixed income, which includes government and corporate bonds and notes. State Street does not have the ability to pledge or sell collateral securities delivered absent a borrower default. Borrowers were required to deliver collateral for each loan equal to at least 100% of the fair value of the loaned securities.

Pursuant to the Securities Lending Authorization Agreement, State Street had an obligation to indemnify the System in the event of default by a borrower. There were no failures by any borrowers to return loaned securities or pay distributions thereon during the fiscal year that resulted in a declaration or notice of default of the Borrower.

During the fiscal year, the System and the borrowers maintained the right to terminate securities lending transactions upon notice. The cash collateral received on each loan was invested, together with the cash collateral of other qualified tax-exempt plan lenders, in a collective investment pool. As of September 30, 2020, such investment pool had an average duration of 27 days and an average weighted final maturity of 67 days for USD. Because the loans were terminable at will their duration did not generally match the duration of the investments made with cash collateral. On September 30, 2020, the System had no credit risk exposure to borrowers. The fair value of collateral held and the fair value (USD) of securities on loan for the client as of September 30, 2020, was \$2,452.2 million and \$2,398.1 million, respectively.

### RISK

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, investments require certain disclosures regarding policies and practices and the risks associated with them. The credit risk, (including custodial credit risk and concentration of

# FINANCIAL SECTION

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## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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credit risk), the interest rate risk, and the foreign currency risk are discussed in the following paragraphs. Amounts represent the pro rata share of the underlying investments as required by GASB Statement No. 40. These investments are held in internal investment pools and reported as such in the financial statements.

### ***Credit Risk***

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer will not fulfill its obligations.

- Short-Term Fixed Income Investments – Eligible commercial paper investments must be rated within one of the two highest rating classifications (“1” or “2”) at the time of purchase from one of the nationally recognized ratings organizations (NRSROs) specified in Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended. Borrowers must have at least \$400.0 million in commercial paper outstanding, and the Board may not invest in more than 10% of the borrower’s outstanding debt.
- Long-Term Fixed Income Investments – Investment grade and noninvestment grade securities may be acquired in compliance with the parameters set forth in Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended, and the Board’s Investment Policy Statement for the System. Public Act 314 defines investment grade as investments in the top four major grades, rated by one of the NRSROs. At September 30, 2020, the System was in compliance with Public Act 314 and the Investment Policy Statement in all material aspects.



# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### *Rated Debt Investments*

(in thousands)

As of September 30, 2020

<b>Investment Type</b>	<b>Fair Value</b>	<b>S&amp;P</b>	<b>Fair Value</b>	<b>Moody's</b>
<b>Short Term</b>	\$ 2,593,930	A-1	\$ 2,593,930	P-1
Money Market	134,431	AAA	134,431	Aaa
<b>Government Securities</b>				
U.S. Agencies - Sponsored	1,737	AAA	1,274,912	Aaa
	1,273,174	AA	-	Aa
<b>Fixed Income</b>				
	285,230	AAA	441,401	Aaa
	184,189	AA	175,989	Aa
	435,850	A	640,158	A
	1,070,528	BBB	840,214	Baa
	329,558	BB	393,945	Ba
	204,910	B	271,448	B
	121,485	CCC	121,342	Caa
	74,800	CC	82,295	Ca
	295	C	370	C
	31,258	D	-	D
	1,714,745	NR	1,485,688	NR
<b>Securities Lending Collateral</b>				
Short Term	772,439	A-1	772,439	P-1
Fixed Income	60,291	AA	282,349	Aa
	1,619,422	A	896,484	A
	-	NR	500,880	NR
<b>Mutual Funds</b>				
	77,793	BBB	77,793	Baa
	120,734	BB	120,734	Ba
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 11,106,801</b>		<b>\$ 11,106,801</b>	

NR – Not Rated

### ***Custodial Credit Risk***

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the State will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the government name.

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. However, the State's custodial bank had a credit rating of A at September 30, 2020. As of September 30, 2020, no securities were exposed to custodial credit risk.

### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

Other than obligations issued, assumed or guaranteed by the United States, its agencies or United States government sponsored enterprises, the System is prohibited by Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended, from investing more than 5% of the outstanding obligations of any one issuer or investing more than 5% of a System's assets in the obligations of any one issuer. When calculating the amount of outstanding obligations, the System includes publicly issued and privately held debt.

At September 30, 2020, there were no investments in any single issuer that accounted for more than 5% of the System's assets. The System held one investment that exceeded the 5% cap in obligations of any one issuer. The System is aware of the breach and in accordance with MCL 38.1133(3)(g), is developing a prudent plan for reallocating assets to comply with the prescribed limitations.

### **Interest Rate Risk – Fixed Income Investments**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The Board's policy states that cash equivalents are invested in short-term fixed income securities with an average weighted maturity of less than one year to provide liquidity and safety of principal from capital market and default risk. At September 30, 2020, the fair value of the System's short term investments was \$2,728.4 million with the weighted average maturity of 101 days.

The Board does not have a policy regarding interest rate risk for long-term debt investments. However, the trust funds are invested with a long-term strategy. The goal is to balance higher returns while accepting minimum risk for the return. Analyzing the yield curve on individual securities as compared to U.S. Treasuries determines, in part, what is an acceptable risk for the return. Therefore, market conditions such as lower interest rates result in shorter duration and higher interest rates result in longer duration.

### **Debt Securities**

(in thousands)

As of September 30, 2020

	<b>Fair Value</b>	<b>Effective Duration in Years</b>
<b>Government</b>		
U. S. Treasury	\$ 2,416,179	8.2
U. S. Agencies - Backed	327,076	0.9
U. S. Agencies - Sponsored	1,274,912	2.1
<b>Corporate</b>	4,419,707	3.2
<b>International*</b>		
U. S. Treasury	868,998	0.9
Corporate	231,671	0.9
<b>Total</b>	<u>\$ 9,538,544</u>	

\* International contains Domestic Government and Corporate Debt Securities as a part of their derivative instrument strategies. The interest rates reset on a quarterly basis for these securities.

# FINANCIAL SECTION

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## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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### ***Foreign Currency Risk***

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit.

The System invests in various securities denominated in foreign currencies. Authorized global securities include equities, fixed income, mutual funds, real estate, and limited partnerships. These investments are limited to 30% of the total assets of the System with additional limits of not more than 5% of the outstanding global securities of any one issuer and no more than 5% of the System's assets in the global securities of any one issuer. In addition to these limits, the Board cannot acquire securities with companies that have active business operations in the state sponsors of terror as identified by the United States Secretary of State. At September 30, 2020, the total amount of foreign investment subject to foreign currency risk was \$9,144.0 million, which amounted to 15.5% of total investments (exclusive of securities lending collateral) of the System.

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Foreign Currency Risk

(in thousands)

As of September 30, 2020

Region	Country	Currency	Equity Fair Value in U.S. \$	Fixed Income Fair Value in U.S. \$	International & Absolute Return in U.S. \$	Private Equity, Real Estate, & Infrastructure in U.S. \$
<b>AMERICA</b>						
	Brazil	Real	\$ -	\$ 1,408	\$ 7,152	\$ 13,277
	Canada	Dollar	-	1,199	65,950	23,935
	Mexico	Peso	437	4,707	9,054	78,111
	Peru	Sol	-	907	-	-
	Columbia	Peso	-	352	-	-
	Chile	Peso	-	5,684	-	-
	Argentina	Peso	-	-	2,849	-
<b>PACIFIC</b>						
	Australia	Dollar	280	2,962	57,507	-
	Hong Kong	Dollar	-	-	58,655	-
	India	Rupee	8,493	1,479	-	82,155
	Indonesia	Rupiah	229	1,122	-	-
	Japan	Yen	3,716	11,896	124,407	-
	Malaysia	Ringgit	-	3,848	-	-
	Taiwan	New Dollar	6,932	-	15,365	-
	China	Renminbi	10,715	-	35,581	2,201
	Singapore	Dollar	2,720	676	-	-
	South Korea	Won	-	32,375	11,565	-
	Thailand	Baht	-	1,785	-	-
	New Zealand	Dollar	-	-	8,673	-
	China	Yuan	-	(27)	363	-
	China	Yuan Offshore	-	-	(365)	-
<b>EUROPE</b>						
	Denmark	Krone	-	-	24,589	-
	European Union	Euro	99,156	90,606	230,565	425,177
	Hungary	Forint	-	-	-	-
	Poland	Zloty	-	(351)	-	-
	United Kingdom	Pound Sterling	12,599	8,298	126,673	52,407
	Romania	Leu	-	-	-	-
	Sweden	Krona	-	194	91,566	-
	Switzerland	Franc	8,097	-	18,800	-
	Czech Republic	Koruna	-	437	-	-
	Russia	Ruble	-	1,074	-	-
<b>AFRICA</b>						
	South Africa	Rand	658	1,586	7,057	-
	Egypt	Pound	-	717	-	-
	Liberia	Dollar	2,615	-	-	-
<b>MIDDLE EAST</b>						
	Israel	New Shekel	-	4,159	-	-
<b>OTHER</b>						
	Various	Various	-	86,648	5,486,381	1,663,939
	Total		<u>\$ 156,646</u>	<u>\$ 263,741</u>	<u>\$ 6,382,389</u>	<u>\$ 2,341,201</u>

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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### FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Retirement System categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Not all investments held by the Retirement System are recorded at fair value. GASB 72 allows for certain investments to be recorded at cost (or amortized cost or any other valuation method), and therefore, they are not presented in the fair value hierarchy table. Equity and fixed income securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Equity Swaps and Fixed Income securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique and other significant observable inputs. Equity and fixed income securities classified as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using third party data and reports that are unobservable. Securities reported at Net Asset Value (NAV) are valued using the most recent third party statement adjusted for cash flows as of September 30, 2020. Investments that are measured at fair value using the Net Asset Value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The Retirement System's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Balance at September 30, 2020	Fair Value Measurement Using		
		Quoted Prices In Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
<b>Investments by fair value level:</b>				
<b>Total cash and cash equivalents</b>	\$ 337,517,794	\$ 3,817,746	\$ 333,700,048	\$ -
<b>Equity</b>				
Depository Receipts	112,062,650	112,062,650	-	-
Warrants	1,863	1,863	-	-
Common Stocks	11,125,055,582	11,125,055,581	-	1
Preferred Stocks	12,614,707	12,614,707	-	-
Real Estate Investments Trusts	502,871,474	502,871,474	-	-
Swaps	20,492,063	-	20,492,063	-
Commingled Funds, ETF's, and PTP's	6,562,787,492	6,562,787,492	-	-
Options	218,032,037	218,263,156	(231,118)	-
Convertible Bonds	473,267	-	473,267	-
<b>Total Equity</b>	<b>18,554,391,135</b>	<b>18,533,656,922</b>	<b>20,734,211</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Fixed Income</b>				
Asset Backed	1,529,599,586	-	1,515,023,296	14,576,290
Corporate Bonds	1,793,790,071	-	1,776,161,475	17,628,596
Commercial Mortgage-Backed	1,289,841,005	-	1,289,502,129	338,876
Government Issues	3,533,627,083	3,285,693,504	247,933,579	-
Swaps	(23,322,394)	-	(23,322,394)	-
US Agency Issues	1,189,554,656	-	1,189,554,656	-
Forwards	-	-	-	-
Commingled Funds, ETF's, and PTP's	607,251,828	607,251,828	-	-
Options	(321,832)	-	(321,832)	-
<b>Total Fixed Income</b>	<b>9,920,020,002</b>	<b>3,892,945,331</b>	<b>5,994,530,909</b>	<b>32,543,762</b>
<b>Total investments by fair value level</b>	<b>\$ 28,811,928,931</b>	<b>\$ 22,430,420,000</b>	<b>\$ 6,348,965,168</b>	<b>\$ 32,543,763</b>
<b>Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV)</b>				
Private Equity	\$ 11,560,371,168			
Real Estate and Infrastructure	4,683,070,069			
Absolute Return	2,843,850,653			
Real Return	7,184,028,415			
Other Limited Partnerships	1,670,126,617			
<b>Total investments measured at the NAV</b>	<b>\$ 27,941,446,921</b>			
<b>Total investments measured at fair value</b>	<b>\$ 56,753,375,852</b>			

Additional disclosures for fair value measurements of investments in certain entities that calculate the Net Asset Value per Share (or its equivalent):

### Private Equity Funds

(in thousands)

Total investments measured at the NAV	\$ 11,560,371
Unfunded commitments	5,942,292

These types of investment includes investments in approximately 291 partnerships that invest in leveraged buyouts, venture capital, mezzanine debt, distressed debt, secondary funds and other investments. These type of investments can never be redeemed with the funds, but distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the fund. It's expected that the underlying assets of the fund are liquidated over a period of five to eight years. However, as of September 30, 2020, it is probable that all of the investments in this group will be

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

sold at an amount different from the NAV per share (or its equivalent). Therefore, the fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using recent observable transaction information for similar investments and nonbinding bids received from potential buyers of the investments. As of September 30, 2020, a buyer for these investments has not been identified.

### ***Real Estate and Infrastructure***

(in thousands)

Total investments measured at the NAV	\$	4,683,070
Unfunded commitments		1,027,444

Real Estate and Infrastructure funds include approximately 105 accounts (limited partnerships, limited liability companies, etc.) that invest in real estate or infrastructure related assets. The fair value of the Real Estate and Infrastructure funds have been determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the Plan's ownership interest in partners' capital. These types of investments cannot be redeemed with the funds. Distributions from these funds will be received as the underlying investments are sold and liquidated over time. It is expected that the underlying assets will be sold over the next 5 – 15 years. However, buyers have not been determined so the fair value has been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the Plan's ownership interest in partners' capital.

### ***Absolute Return Portfolio***

(in thousands)

Total investments measured at the NAV	\$	2,843,851
Unfunded commitments		671,556

This type includes approximately 8 investments in hedge funds and hedge fund of funds that pursue multiple strategies to diversify risks and reduce volatility. The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the investments. For 76.3% of the investments, investors may redeem at various dates between October 1, 2020 and April 1, 2022; 6.1% of the investments are redeemable between April 1, 2022 through April 1, 2023; and the remaining 17.6% is not redeemable on demand.

### ***Real Return and Opportunistic Portfolio***

(in thousands)

Total investments measured at the NAV	\$	7,184,028
Unfunded commitments		2,634,485

This type includes approximately 90 funds that invest in private credit, tangible and intangible real assets, or other real return and opportunistic strategies. The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the Plan's ownership interest in partners' capital. These investments can never be redeemed with the funds. Distributions from each fund will be received as the underlying investments of the funds are liquidated. It is expected that the underlying assets of the funds will be liquidated over the next 5 to 10 years.

### ***All Other Investments***

(in thousands)

Total investments measured at the NAV	\$	1,670,127
Unfunded commitments		123,288

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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The balance of plan assets reported at fair value includes 13 investments:

- LPs that invest in fixed income type investment; residential rehabilitation, middle market business loans and senior secured debt financing. These investments cannot be redeemed by limited partners. Distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the fund.
- LPs that invest in fixed income type investments permitting partners to request redemption monthly or quarterly, after initial lock up period of 1 year or less, requiring 45 to 65 days' advance notice.
- LPs investing in global investments permitting partners to request partial redemptions quarterly or monthly, with advance notice, subject to the sole discretion of the general partner.
- LPs that invest in private equity, private credit/loans, and tangible real assets that cannot be redeemed by limited partners. Distributions from each fund will be received as the underlying investments of the funds are liquidated.

### NOTE 7 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Under the Administrative Procedures Act, members may appeal a decision made by the Retirement Board. Once the administrative procedure has been exhausted, the decision may be appealed in Michigan's court system. Various cases that have exhausted the administrative procedures have been appealed in the court system. These cases are in the normal course of business and the System does not anticipate any material loss as a result of the contingent liabilities.

### NOTE 8 – ACCOUNTING CHANGES AND RESTATEMENTS

Beginning net position for the Pension and OPEB plans were increased by \$77.5 million and \$34.9 million, respectively, to account for additional contributions due to the System from members and employers. Accrued revenues due and payable to the system for member and employer contributions are recognized in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67. "*Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*" and GASB Statement No. 74 "*Financial Reporting for Other Postemployment Benefit Plans*".



# FINANCIAL SECTION

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY

(in thousands)

	Fiscal Year						
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
<b>Total Pension Liability</b>							
Service Cost	\$ 854,272	\$ 779,545	\$ 752,589	\$ 675,804	\$ 682,608	\$ 674,943	\$ 738,574
Interest	5,607,512	5,561,469	5,352,730	5,348,515	5,226,021	5,137,527	4,959,187
Changes of benefit terms							
Differences between expected and actual experience	596,200	119,391	(187,289)	(120,998)	401,202	(75,932)	-
Changes of assumptions	-	2,226,621	6,588,286	3,461,025	-	-	1,054,479
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(5,211,046)	(5,087,969)	(4,963,271)	(4,833,050)	(4,695,818)	(4,555,349)	(4,417,169)
<b>Net Change in Total Pension Liability</b>	<b>1,846,938</b>	<b>3,599,058</b>	<b>7,543,045</b>	<b>4,531,295</b>	<b>1,614,013</b>	<b>1,181,190</b>	<b>2,335,070</b>
<b>Total Pension Liability - Beginning</b>	<b>84,643,399</b>	<b>81,044,341</b>	<b>73,501,296</b>	<b>68,970,001</b>	<b>67,355,988</b>	<b>66,174,798</b>	<b>63,839,728</b>
<b>Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)</b>	<b>\$ 86,490,336</b>	<b>\$ 84,643,399</b>	<b>\$ 81,044,341</b>	<b>\$ 73,501,296</b>	<b>\$ 68,970,001</b>	<b>\$ 67,355,988</b>	<b>\$ 66,174,798</b>
<b>Plan Fiduciary Net Position</b>							
Contributions - Employer	\$ 2,808,839	\$ 2,706,713	\$ 2,791,509	\$ 2,398,950	\$ 2,308,657	\$ 1,967,611	1,600,375
Contributions - Member	401,626	403,147	393,059	427,988	398,893	395,722	405,444
Net Investment Income	2,545,231	2,519,320	5,135,866	5,583,469	3,095,178	938,143	6,192,711
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(5,211,046)	(5,087,969)	(4,963,271)	(4,833,050)	(4,695,818)	(4,555,349)	(4,417,169)
Administrative and Other Expenses	(23,119)	(27,741)	(25,952)	(26,133)	(26,213)	(24,487)	(23,711)
Other <sup>1,2</sup>	77,526	202	504	(20)	(2,479)	(112,468)	-
<b>Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position</b>	<b>599,058</b>	<b>513,672</b>	<b>3,331,715</b>	<b>3,551,204</b>	<b>1,078,218</b>	<b>(1,390,828)</b>	<b>3,757,649</b>
<b>Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning</b>	<b>50,857,170</b>	<b>50,343,498</b>	<b>47,011,783</b>	<b>43,460,579</b>	<b>42,382,361</b>	<b>43,773,189</b>	<b>40,015,540</b>
<b>Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)</b>	<b>\$ 51,456,229</b>	<b>\$ 50,857,170</b>	<b>\$ 50,343,498</b>	<b>\$ 47,011,783</b>	<b>\$ 43,460,579</b>	<b>\$ 42,382,361</b>	<b>\$ 43,773,189</b>
<b>Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)</b>	<b>\$ 35,034,108</b>	<b>\$ 33,786,229</b>	<b>\$ 30,700,843</b>	<b>\$ 26,489,513</b>	<b>\$ 25,509,422</b>	<b>\$ 24,973,627</b>	<b>\$ 22,401,609</b>
<b>Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability</b>	<b>59.49%</b>	<b>60.08%</b>	<b>62.12%</b>	<b>63.96%</b>	<b>63.01%</b>	<b>62.92%</b>	<b>66.15%</b>
<b>Covered Payroll</b>	<b>\$ 9,087,724</b>	<b>\$ 8,958,777</b>	<b>\$ 8,583,695</b>	<b>\$ 8,452,983</b>	<b>\$ 8,510,200</b>	<b>\$ 8,426,755</b>	<b>\$ 8,895,091</b>
<b>Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll</b>	<b>385.51%</b>	<b>377.13%</b>	<b>357.66%</b>	<b>313.37%</b>	<b>299.75%</b>	<b>296.36%</b>	<b>251.84%</b>

<sup>1</sup> Includes the \$77.5 million restatement of beginning net position for the Pension plan in fiscal year 2020 to account for additional contributions due to the System from members and employers.

<sup>2</sup> University employer contribution refund for fiscal years 2015 and 2016.

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY

(in thousands)

	Fiscal Year			
	2020	2019	2018	2017
<b>Total OPEB Liability</b>				
Service Cost	\$ 204,703	\$ 179,016	\$ 188,707	\$ 205,693
Interest	984,753	1,003,488	1,050,293	1,014,612
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(2,454,057)	(1,835,497)	(1,748,107)	(118,988)
Changes of assumptions	711,252	1,102,881	1,044,391	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(189,729)	(467,095)	(531,998)	(702,160)
<b>Net Change in Total OPEB Liability</b>	<b>(743,078)</b>	<b>(17,207)</b>	<b>3,286</b>	<b>399,157</b>
<b>Total OPEB Liability - Beginning</b>	<b>14,161,627</b>	<b>14,178,834</b>	<b>14,175,547</b>	<b>13,776,390</b>
<b>Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)</b>	<b>\$ 13,418,548</b>	<b>\$ 14,161,627</b>	<b>\$ 14,178,834</b>	<b>\$ 14,175,547</b>
<b>Plan Fiduciary Net Position</b>				
Contributions - Employer	\$ 708,509	\$ 707,714	\$ 663,708	\$ 794,667
Contributions - Member	204,752	208,197	210,680	214,249
Net Investment Income	374,570	336,063	594,893	595,265
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions <sup>1</sup>	(189,729)	(467,095)	(531,998)	(1,255,980)
Administrative and Other Expenses	(6,214)	(4,098)	(3,912)	(2,605)
Other <sup>2</sup>	35,040	75	96	-
<b>Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position</b>	<b>1,126,929</b>	<b>780,857</b>	<b>933,467</b>	<b>345,596</b>
<b>Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning</b>	<b>6,892,099</b>	<b>6,111,241</b>	<b>5,177,775</b>	<b>4,832,179</b>
<b>Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)</b>	<b>\$ 8,019,027</b>	<b>\$ 6,892,099</b>	<b>\$ 6,111,241</b>	<b>\$ 5,177,775</b>
<b>Net OPEB Liability - Ending (a) - (b)</b>	<b>\$ 5,399,521</b>	<b>\$ 7,269,528</b>	<b>\$ 8,067,592</b>	<b>\$ 8,997,773</b>
<b>Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability</b>	<b>59.76%</b>	<b>48.67%</b>	<b>43.10%</b>	<b>36.53%</b>
<b>Covered Payroll</b>	<b>\$ 9,087,724</b>	<b>\$ 8,958,777</b>	<b>\$ 8,583,695</b>	<b>\$ 8,452,983</b>
<b>Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll</b>	<b>59.42%</b>	<b>81.14%</b>	<b>93.99%</b>	<b>106.44%</b>

<sup>1</sup> Includes the \$553.8 million attributable to the refund of the 3% member contributions collected prior to the passage of Public Act 300 for fiscal year 2017.

<sup>2</sup> Includes \$34.9 million restatement of beginning net position for the OPEB plan in fiscal year 2020 to account for additional contributions due to the System from members and employers.

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SCHEDULES OF CONTRIBUTIONS

#### PENSION BENEFITS

(in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) <sup>1</sup>	Actual Employer Contribution <sup>2</sup>	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2011	\$ 1,418,355	\$ 1,156,061	\$ 262,294	\$ 9,155,691	12.6 %
2012	1,744,512	1,454,439	290,073	8,649,029	16.8
2013	1,931,894	1,364,136	567,758	8,225,140	16.6
2014	2,117,097	1,600,375	516,722	8,895,091	18.0
2015	2,184,029	1,967,611	216,418	8,426,755	23.4
2016	2,312,223	2,308,657	3,566	8,510,200	27.1
2017	2,334,212	2,398,950	(64,738)	8,452,983	28.4
2018	2,474,279	2,791,509	(317,230)	8,583,695	32.5
2019	2,712,859	2,706,713	6,146	8,958,777	30.2
2020	2,818,578	2,808,839	9,739	9,087,724	30.9

<sup>1</sup> The ADC has been recalculated for all years presented in order to reflect only the employer's share of the annual required contributions and current assumptions.

<sup>2</sup> Differences between the ADC and the actual contributions are the result of a timing difference between when the actuarial valuation is completed and the contributions are made.

#### OPEB BENEFITS

(in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)	Actual Employer Contributions <sup>2</sup>	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2011	\$ 2,149,489	\$ 794,840	\$ 1,354,649	\$ 9,155,691	8.7 %
2012	2,038,873	795,595	1,243,278	8,649,029	9.2
2013 <sup>1</sup>	1,466,840	973,003	493,837	8,225,140	11.8
2014	944,571	1,000,032	(55,461)	8,895,091	11.2
2015	974,957	969,419	5,538	8,426,755	11.5
2016	911,687	883,943	27,744	8,510,200	10.4
2017	815,985	794,667	21,318	8,452,983	9.4
2018	673,996	663,708	10,288	8,583,695	7.7
2019	711,059	707,714	3,345	8,958,777	7.9
2020	638,385	708,509	(70,124)	9,087,724	7.8

<sup>1</sup> Revised investment rate of return from 4% to 8% due to prefunding.

<sup>2</sup> Differences between the ADC and the actual contributions are the result of a timing difference between when the actuarial valuation is completed and the contributions are made.

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

#### PENSION BENEFITS

<b>Fiscal Year</b>	<b>Annual Return<sup>1</sup></b>
2014	12.58 %
2015	(0.02)
2016	5.91
2017	13.24
2018	11.11
2019	5.14
2020	5.37

<sup>1</sup> Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses.

#### OPEB BENEFITS

<b>Fiscal Year</b>	<b>Annual Return<sup>1</sup></b>
2017	11.82 %
2018	10.75
2019	5.37
2020	5.24

<sup>1</sup> Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses.

# FINANCIAL SECTION

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## NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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### NOTE A – DESCRIPTION

Ten year historical trend information designed to provide information about the System's progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the preceding schedules. Other ten year historical trend information related to the System is presented in the Statistical and Actuarial Sections of the report. This information is presented to enable the reader to assess the progress made by the System in accumulating sufficient assets to pay pension and other postemployment benefits as they become due.

The comparability of trend information is affected by changes in actuarial assumptions, benefit provisions, actuarial funding methods, accounting policies, and other changes. Those changes usually affect trends in contribution requirements and in ratios that use the pension and other postemployment benefit obligations as a factor.

The Schedules of Contributions are presented to show the responsibility of the Employer in meeting the actuarial requirements to maintain the System on a sound financial basis.

The Schedules of Changes in Net Pension and OPEB Liability, Schedules of Contributions, and Schedules of Investment Returns are schedules that are required in implementing GASB Statement No. 67 for pension and No. 74 for OPEB. These schedules are required to show information for ten years; additional years will be displayed as they becomes available. The Schedules of Changes in the Net Pension and Net OPEB Liabilities represents in actuarial terms the accrued liability less the fair value of assets. The Schedule of Contributions is a comparison of the employer's contributions to the actuarially determined contributions. The Schedule of Investment Returns represents a money-weighted rate of return that expresses investment performance, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

The actuarially determined contributions presented in the Schedule of Contributions for pension and OPEB are calculated as of September 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the fiscal year 2020 contributions reported in that schedule.

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contributions for Fiscal Year 2020:

#### ***Pension and OPEB***

Valuation Date	September 30, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age, Normal
Amortization Method	Level percent of payroll, closed period
Remaining Amortization Period	19 years as of October 1, 2019 ending September 30, 2038
Price Inflation	2.50%
Projected Salary Increases	3.50% - 12.30%, including wage inflation at 3.50%
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility conditions.
Mortality	
Retirees	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2025 using project scale BB. 100% of the table rates were used for males and females.
Active	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2025 using project scale BB. 80% of the table rates were used for males and 70% of the table rates were used for females.
Disabled Retirees	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2025 using projected scale BB, set forward 10 years. 100% of the table rates were used for males and females.
<b><i>Pension</i></b>	
Asset Valuation Method	5 year smoothed fair value
Investment Rate of Return	7.05% (7.00% for Hybrid plan), net of investment and administrative expenses
<b><i>OPEB</i></b>	
Asset Valuation Method	Fair value
Investment Rate of Return	7.15% net of investment and administrative expenses
Health Care Trend Rates	
Medical and prescription drugs	7.50% trend, gradually decreasing to 3.50% in year 12.
Medicare payments	7.50% trend, gradually decreasing to 3.50% in year 12.
Dental/Vision	3.50% trend for all years.
Aging Factors	Based on the 2013 SOA Study "Health Care Costs – From Birth to Death."
Notes	Some of the assumptions used to develop the 2020 Total Pension Liability (TPL) and the 2020 Total OPEB Liability (TOL) are different than the assumptions shown above. The assumptions used to develop the TPL are described in Note 4 (Page 32) of this report and the assumptions used to develop the TOL are described in Note 5 (page 35) of this report.

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PENSION PLAN ADMINISTRATIVE AND OTHER EXPENSES

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020  
(in thousands)

**Personnel Services:**

Staff Salaries	\$ 4,544
Staff Retirement and Social Security	2,458
Other Staff Fringe Benefits	919
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,921</b>

**Professional Services:**

Accounting	1,737
Actuarial	329
Attorney General	258
Audit	408
Consulting	93
Medical	205
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,029</b>

**Building and Equipment:**

Building Rentals	812
Equipment Purchase, Maintenance, and Rentals	34
<b>Total</b>	<b>846</b>

**Miscellaneous:**

Travel and Board Meetings	13
Office Supplies	6
Postage, Telephone, and Other	1,347
Printing	194
Technological Support	9,762
<b>Total</b>	<b>11,323</b>

<b>Total Administrative and Other Expenses</b>	<b>\$ 23,119</b>
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# FINANCIAL SECTION

## SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF OPEB PLAN ADMINISTRATIVE AND OTHER EXPENSES

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020  
(in thousands)

**Personnel Services:**

Staff Salaries	\$ 1,475
Staff Retirement and Social Security	798
Other Staff Fringe Benefits	298
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,571</b>

**Professional Services:**

Accounting	242
Actuarial	46
Audit	57
Consulting	1,539
Medical	32
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,916</b>

**Building and Equipment:**

Building Rentals	113
Equipment Purchase, Maintenance, and Rentals	5
<b>Total</b>	<b>118</b>

**Miscellaneous:**

Travel and Board Meetings	2
Office Supplies	1
Postage, Telephone, and Other	219
Printing	27
Technological Support	1,360
Health Fees	152,610
Dental Fees	4,677
Vision Fees	212
<b>Total</b>	<b>159,109</b>

<b>Total Administrative and Other Expenses</b>	<b>\$ 163,713</b>
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# FINANCIAL SECTION

## SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

### SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT EXPENSES

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020  
(in thousands)

Real Estate Operating Expenses	\$ 1,362
Securities Lending Expenses	21,418
Other Investment Expenses <sup>1</sup>	
ORS-Investment Expenses <sup>2</sup>	14,085
Custody Fees	1,254
Management Fees	153,548
Research Fees	5,058
	<hr/>
<b>Total Investment Expenses</b>	<b>\$ 196,724</b>

<sup>1</sup> Refer to the Investment Section for fees paid to investment professionals.

<sup>2</sup> Does not exclude Treasury Civil Service fees recorded as a pass through in the Schedule of Investment Fee - State Treasurer. As of September 30, 2020, fees totaled \$225,876.

### SCHEDULE OF PAYMENTS FOR PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020  
(in thousands)

Accounting	\$ 1,979
Actuary	374
Attorney General	258
Independent Auditors	464
Consulting	1,632
Medical Advisor	236
	<hr/>
<b>Total Payments</b>	<b>\$ 4,945</b>

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

### DETAIL OF CHANGES IN PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

(Pension and other Postemployment Benefits)

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020  
(in thousands)

	Employee Contributions	Employee Contributions Pension Plus	Employee Contributions Pension Plus 2	Member Investment Plan	Employer Contributions
<b>Additions:</b>					
Contributions:					
Member contributions	\$ 5,152	\$ 62,233	\$ 14,786	\$ 319,455	\$ -
Employer contributions:					
Colleges and universities	-	-	-	-	214,420
School districts and other	-	-	-	-	2,528,862
Other governmental contributions	-	-	-	-	-
Total contributions	5,152	62,233	14,786	319,455	2,743,282
Investment income (loss):					
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	-	-	-	-	-
Interest, dividends, and other	-	-	-	-	-
Investment expenses:					
Real estate operating expenses	-	-	-	-	-
Other investment expenses	-	-	-	-	-
Securities lending activities:					
Securities lending income	-	-	-	-	-
Securities lending expenses	-	-	-	-	-
Net investment income (loss)	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous income	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total additions</b>	<b>5,152</b>	<b>62,233</b>	<b>14,786</b>	<b>319,455</b>	<b>2,743,282</b>
<b>Deductions:</b>					
Benefits paid to plan members and beneficiaries:					
Retirement benefits	-	-	-	-	-
Health benefits	-	-	-	-	-
Dental/vision benefits	-	-	-	-	-
Refund of contributions	3,139	2,380	69	21,893	434
Administrative and other expenses	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total deductions</b>	<b>3,139</b>	<b>2,380</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>21,893</b>	<b>434</b>
<b>Net Increase (Decrease) before other changes</b>	<b>2,012</b>	<b>59,853</b>	<b>14,718</b>	<b>297,562</b>	<b>2,742,848</b>
<b>Other Changes in Net Position:</b>					
Interest allocation	69,618	24,219	354	425,685	-
Transfers upon retirement	(101,132)	(237)	-	(492,619)	-
Transfers of employer shares	-	-	-	-	834,055
<b>Total other changes in net position</b>	<b>(31,514)</b>	<b>23,983</b>	<b>354</b>	<b>(66,934)</b>	<b>834,055</b>
<b>Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position</b>	<b>(29,502)</b>	<b>83,836</b>	<b>15,072</b>	<b>230,628</b>	<b>3,576,903</b>
<b>Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB:</b>					
Beginning of Year - restated	1,550,908	356,142	8,492	7,871,600	(25,254,967)
End of Year	\$ 1,521,406	\$ 439,978	\$ 23,565	\$ 8,102,228	\$ (21,678,065)

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

Employer Contributions Pension Plus	Employer Contributions Pension Plus 2	Retired Benefit Payments	Retired Benefit Payments Pension Plus	Retired Benefit Payments Pension Plus 2	Undistributed Investment Income	OPEB	Total
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 204,752	\$ 606,379
3,378	698	-	-	-	-	55,046	273,542
47,090	14,392	-	-	-	-	653,463	3,243,806
-	-	-	-	-	-	254,348	254,348
50,467	15,090	-	-	-	-	1,167,609	4,378,075
-	-	-	-	-	1,751,042	259,249	2,010,291
-	-	-	-	-	940,705	135,980	1,076,685
-	-	-	-	-	(1,192)	(169)	(1,362)
-	-	-	-	-	(152,428)	(21,517)	(173,945)
-	-	-	-	-	25,714	3,835	29,550
-	-	-	-	-	(18,609)	(2,808)	(21,418)
-	-	-	-	-	2,545,231	374,570	2,919,801
-	-	74	-	-	-	118	192
50,467	15,090	74	-	-	2,545,231	1,542,297	7,298,068
-	-	5,183,109	20	-	-	-	5,183,129
-	-	-	-	-	-	226,141	226,141
-	-	-	-	-	-	60,324	60,324
-	-	2	-	-	-	113	28,029
-	-	-	-	-	23,119	163,713	186,832
-	-	5,183,111	20	-	23,119	450,291	5,684,455
50,467	15,090	(5,183,037)	(20)	-	2,522,113	1,092,007	1,613,613
17,025	512	2,986,027	6	-	(3,523,446)	-	-
-	-	593,751	237	-	-	-	-
4	-	(834,055)	(4)	-	-	-	-
17,029	512	2,745,723	238	-	(3,523,446)	-	-
67,496	15,603	(2,437,314)	218	-	(1,001,333)	1,092,007	1,613,613
244,715	8,827	58,549,549	112	-	7,599,245	6,927,020	57,861,643
\$ 312,210	\$ 24,429	\$ 56,112,235	\$ 330	\$ -	\$ 6,597,912	\$ 8,019,027	\$ 59,475,256

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

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# INVESTMENT SECTION

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**Prepared by Michigan Department of Treasury, Bureau of Investments  
Jon M. Braeutigam, Chief Investment Officer**

Report on Investment Activity  
Asset Allocation  
Investment Results  
Largest Assets Held  
Schedule of Investment Fees  
Schedule of Investment Commissions  
Investment Summary

# INVESTMENT SECTION

## REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

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### INTRODUCTION

The State of Michigan Investment Board (Board) was created by Executive Order 2018-10 (Order) and serves as the investment fiduciary over the assets of the State sponsored defined benefit retirement system (System). The Board is responsible for investing the System's assets in accordance with the duties and powers enumerated in the Order and State law. Pursuant to powers provided in the Order, the Board duly authorized and delegated duties to the Department of Treasury's Bureau of Investments (BOI) to invest, prudently manage, and oversee the assets of the System and to take certain other actions that support the BOI's mandate in this regard. In furtherance of these duties, the BOI delivers quarterly investment activity reports to the Board that detail the investments, goals, and objectives of the System.

The Board is comprised of five members: three (3) public members appointed by the Governor and two (2) ex-officio members. The public members serve four (4) year terms and are limited to two (2) such terms. The State Treasurer, as the chair of the Board, and the State Budget Director are the ex-officio members. As of September 30, 2020, members of the Board were as follows: Rachael Eubanks (chair, ex-officio member), Chris Kolb (ex-officio member), James B. Nicholson (public member), Reginald G. Sanders, CFA, CAIA (public member), and Dina L. Richard, CPA (public member). The public members serve without pay but may receive reasonable reimbursement for actual and necessary travel and other expenses to attend official Board meetings.

### INVESTMENT POLICY & GOALS

The Board's Investment Policy Statement states that it and the BOI will operate in accordance with Public Employee Retirement System Investment Act (Act No. 314 of 1965) and within standard investment practices of the prudent person. This includes being authorized to invest in government obligations, corporate obligations, various short-term obligations, corporate (domestic and international) stocks, private equity interests, mutual funds, real estate interests, and other investments subject to specific parameters. Above all, System assets are to be invested in a fiduciary capacity for the sole and exclusive benefit of the members of the System.

The System's Proxy Voting Policy sets forth directives on various issues as holders of publicly traded securities, including but not limited to: Boards of Directors, corporate governance, social issues, and various corporate actions. All proxies are reviewed and voted in accordance with the System's policy.

The primary function of the System is to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits along with health and other postemployment benefits to its members. The Board is investment fiduciary and custodian of the System's investments pursuant to the Order and other State law. The goals of the System are to:

1. Maintain sufficient liquidity to pay benefits.
2. Meet or exceed the actuarial assumption over the long term.
3. Perform in the top half of the public plan universe over the long term.
4. Diversify assets to preserve capital and avoid large losses.
5. Exceed individual asset class benchmarks over the long term.

The strategy for achieving these goals is supported by investing the assets of the System according to a five-year asset allocation model. The System currently invests in eight different asset classes, which provides for a well-diversified portfolio.

# INVESTMENT SECTION

## REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

### ASSET ALLOCATION

(Excludes Collateral on Loaned Securities)

<b>Investment Category</b>	<b>As of 9/30/20 Actual %</b>	<b>Five-Year Target %</b>
Domestic Equity Pools	21.6%	25.0%
International Equity Pools	16.1	15.0
Private Equity Pools	19.9	16.0
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	8.1	10.0
Fixed Income Pools	12.4	10.5
Absolute Return Pools	4.8	9.0
Real Return and Opportunistic Pools	12.4	12.5
Short-Term Investment Pools	4.7	2.0
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

### INVESTMENT AUTHORITY

Pursuant to State law (Executive Order 2018-10, which in part transferred to the Board the powers enumerated in (i) Section 91 of Act No. 380 of the Public Acts of 1965, as amended, and (ii) Section 12c of Act No. 314 of 1965), the Board is the investment fiduciary for the System, which is comprised of the State sponsored defined benefit retirement systems: Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System, State Employees' Retirement System, Michigan State Police Retirement System, Michigan Judges' Retirement System, and the Michigan Military Retirement Provisions. The State Treasurer, State of Michigan, is custodian and ex officio treasurer of the retirement system for the Legislators, State of Michigan (Section 47 of Act no. 261 of the Public Acts of 1957, as amended).

Act No. 314 of the Public Acts of 1965, as amended, authorizes the investment of assets of public employee retirement systems or plans created and established by the State or any political subdivision.

### INVESTMENT RESULTS

#### TOTAL PORTFOLIO RESULTS

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the total System's rate of return was 5.0% for the Pension Plan and 4.9% for the OPEB Plan as compiled by State Street Investment Analytics. Annualized rates of return for the Pension Plan for the three, five, and ten year periods ending September 30, 2020 were: 7.0%, 8.3%, and 9.0% respectively.

Investment return calculations are prepared using a Time-Weighted rate of return.

#### DOMESTIC EQUITY POOLS

The objective for investments made in domestic equities is to meet or exceed the total return of the S&P 1500 Super Composite for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle.

For active management strategies, the objective is to earn returns that exceed the most relevant S&P Index (or the most relevant Russell Index), adjusting for market capitalization and style, for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle. Another objective is to rank above median in a universe of managers possessing a similar market cap and style characteristics.

For index, or passive return strategies, the objective is to return within 20 basis points of the S&P 500 Index, 50 basis points for the S&P 400 mid-cap, and 60 basis points for the S&P 600 small-cap over one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle.

The pools are invested primarily in equities or equity-related securities of U.S. companies through internal and externally managed strategies. The goal is to build a portfolio of strategies that will provide excess returns relative to the S&P 1500 while providing minimal tracking error to the index. At times a portion of these pools may be

# INVESTMENT SECTION

## REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

invested in exchange traded funds (ETFs) and fixed-income short-term securities with maturities of less than one year.

The pools invest in equities and equity related securities that are listed on U.S. national securities exchanges, including American Depositary Receipts (ADRs). They may also invest in stocks that are traded over-the-counter. The pools diversify their investments by allocating their equity strategies with consideration of the capitalization weightings of the S&P 1500 Index.

The following summarizes the weightings of the pools as of September 30, 2020:

Active	50.6 %
Passive	49.4
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>100.0 %</u></b>

Large-Cap	61.4 %
Multi-Cap	28.0
Mid-Cap	8.2
Small-Cap	2.4
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>100.0 %</u></b>

The System's Domestic Equity pools total rate of return was 10.4% for the Pension and OPEB Plans for fiscal year 2020. This compared with 13.4% for the S&P 1500 Index.

At the close of fiscal year 2020, the Domestic Equity pools represented 21.6% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 76.9% ownership share of the Domestic Equity pools at September 30, 2020:

### ***Domestic Equity Pools***

(In thousands)

Short-Term Pooled Investments	\$ 227,397
Equities	12,449,365
Long Term Obligations	42,291
Settlement Principal Payable	(15,442)
Settlement Proceeds Receivable	18,432
Accrued Dividends	11,007
Accrued Interest	234
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>\$ 12,733,284</u></b>

### **INTERNATIONAL EQUITY POOLS**

The objective for investments made in International Equity pools is to meet or exceed the total return of the MSCI ACWI Ex-US Net for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle.

For active management strategies, the objective is to earn returns that exceed the most relevant S&P Index (or the most relevant Russell Index), adjusting for market capitalization, style and geography for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle. Another objective is to rank above median in a universe of managers possessing a similar market capitalization, style and geography characteristics.

For index, or passive return strategies, the objective is to return within 250 basis points of the S&P/Citigroup BMI-EPAC Index with 25% of the currency hedged for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle. Another



# INVESTMENT SECTION

## REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

objective is to return within 400 basis points of the MSCI Emerging Markets Index, for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle.

Active exposure is invested primarily in equities or equity-related securities of non-U.S. companies through externally managed strategies.

Passive exposure to International Equity returns is achieved primarily by investing in a combination of fixed income LIBOR notes, short-term fixed income investments, and equity swap agreements on foreign stock indices in developed markets. Interest on the dedicated notes and short-term fixed income investments is exchanged for international stock returns, and the total notional amount of the swap agreements is invested in the approximate proportions of the S&P Broad Market Index (BMI) Europe and Pacific Composite (EPAC) country weightings in related indices. Use of swap agreements for a core position began in 1993, an American Depositary Receipts (ADR) and index-related security portfolio was added in June of 1999 to increase portfolio management flexibility, and a multiple country fund portfolio with smaller capitalization stocks was added in September of 2002 to improve exposure to the smallest companies in the BMI index. Use of futures as an investment to hedge cash flows and balances began in December of 2008, and this use is expected to continue in the future. The combined Swap agreements, notes and short-term investments together continue to perform like a stock index fund that realizes all gains and losses on a rolling three year basis.

The pools diversify their investments by allocating their equity strategies with consideration of the economic development status weightings of the S&P/Citigroup BMI -World ex-US Index.

The following summarizes the weightings of the pool as of September 30, 2020:

Active	77.4 %
Passive	22.6
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>100.0 %</u></b>

Developed	95.5 %
Emerging	4.5
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>100.0 %</u></b>

The System's International Equity pools total rate of return was 5.9% for the Pension and OPEB Plans for fiscal year 2020. This compared with 3.0% for the MSCI ACWI Ex US Net.

At the close of fiscal year 2020, the International Equity pools represented 16.1% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 77.1% ownership share of the International Equity Pools at September 30, 2020:

### ***International Equity Pools***

(in thousands)

Short-Term Pooled Investments	\$ 303,054
Equities	8,029,815
Fixed Income Securities	1,100,711
Market Value of Equity Contracts	70,167
Accrued Dividends and Interest	5,554
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>\$ 9,509,301</u></b>

# INVESTMENT SECTION

## REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

### PRIVATE EQUITY POOLS

The Private Equity pools objective is to meet or exceed the benchmark for all private equity investments over long time periods. The benchmark is a blend of the S&P 500 Index plus 300 basis points and the 10 Year Yield plus 300 basis points using ending weights of equity and fixed income holdings within the portfolio.

Private Equity Investments are investments in the private equity market, primarily through limited partnerships. The following summarizes the weightings of the pools as of September 30, 2020:

Buyout Funds	47.1 %
Special Situation Funds	12.1
Fund of Funds	22.0
Venture Capital Funds	11.2
Liquidation Portfolio	5.5
Mezzanine Funds	2.1
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0 %</b>

The Private Equity pools had a return of 5.9% for the Pension and OPEB Plans for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, versus the benchmark of 10.7%.

At the close of fiscal year 2020, the Private Equity pools represented 19.9% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 77.8% ownership share of the Private Equity pools at September 30, 2020:

#### *Private Equity Pools*

(in thousands)

Short-Term Pooled Investments	\$ 174,009
Equities	11,561,441
Long Term Obligations	3,645
Accrued Interest	667
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 11,739,762</b>

### REAL ESTATE AND INFRASTRUCTURE POOLS

The objective of the Real Estate and Infrastructure pools is to provide diversification and favorable risk adjusted returns primarily through income and appreciation of investments. Investments are typically held through investment entities, such as limited partnerships or limited liability companies, established for the specific purpose of owning, leasing, managing, financing, or developing real estate and infrastructure related investments.

The Real Estate and Infrastructure pools diversify its holdings by:

- **Geography** – The pools are invested globally and are diversified geographically so that it is not concentrated in a limited number of markets or geographic areas.
- **Size and Value** – The pools diversify its holdings by size so that it is not concentrated in a limited number of large investments.

# INVESTMENT SECTION

## REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

- **Investment Type** – The pools are diversified by investment type as summarized below.

Multi-family apartments	42.7 %
Commercial office buildings	12.1
Hotel	8.5
Infrastructure	11.2
Industrial warehouse buildings	15.9
Single Family	1.7
Retail shopping centers	5.2
Land	1.6
Short Term Investments	1.1
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>100.0 %</u></b>

The Real Estate and Infrastructure pools generated a return of (7.0%) for the Pension and OPEB Plans for fiscal year 2020. The two benchmark returns from the National Council of Real Estate Investment Fiduciaries: the National Property Blended Index (less 130 basis points) was 0.7% and the Open-End Diversified Core Equity Index was 0.5%.

At the close of fiscal year 2020, the Real Estate and Infrastructure pools represented 8.1% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 77.2% ownership share of the Real Estate and Infrastructure pools at September 30, 2020:

### ***Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools***

(in thousands)

Short-Term Pooled Investments	\$ 52,306
Real Estate Equities	4,186,191
Infrastructure Equities	532,865
Dividend Receivable	745
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>\$ 4,772,107</u></b>

### **FIXED INCOME POOLS**

The objective for investments made in the Fixed Income pools is to meet or exceed the Barclays Aggregate Bond Index over one, three, and five-year periods and market cycles. Another objective is to rank above median in a nationally recognized universe of managers possessing a similar style.

For Fixed Income sub-strategies, the objective return is to meet or exceed the most relevant Barclays benchmark index.

The pools are invested primarily in fixed income securities of U.S. companies through internal and externally managed strategies. The goal is to build a portfolio of strategies that will provide excess returns relative to the blended benchmark while providing minimal tracking error to the index. At times a portion of the pools may be invested in exchange traded funds (ETFs) and fixed-income short-term securities with maturities of less than one year.

The pools invest in fixed income and related securities in a diversified portfolio of investment grade corporate issues, treasuries, agencies, government sponsored enterprises and government guaranteed mortgages. The pools diversify its investments by allocating its strategies with consideration of credit risk.

The System's Fixed Income pools total rate of return was 3.2% for the Pension and OPEB Plans for fiscal year 2020 this compared with 7.0% for the Barclays Aggregate Bond benchmark.

# INVESTMENT SECTION

## REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

At the close of fiscal year 2020, the Fixed Income pools represented 12.4% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 76.8% ownership share of the Fixed Income pools at September 30, 2020:

### ***Fixed Income Pools***

(in thousands)

Short-Term Pooled Investments	\$ 63,707
Fixed Income Securities	7,225,881
Settlement Principal Payable	(9,291)
Accrued interest	15,116
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>\$ 7,295,413</u></b>

### **ABSOLUTE RETURN POOLS**

The primary investment objective of the Absolute Return Strategies Pool is to generate a rate of return that meets or exceeds T-bills by 400 basis points net of fees over the one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle. Another objective is to exceed the appropriate HFN Fund of Funds Conservative Index median net of fees over one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle.

The Absolute Return Strategies pool rate of return for the fiscal year was 2.8% for the Pension and OPEB Plans versus the benchmark's 2.2%.

At the close of fiscal year 2020, the Absolute Return Pools represented 4.8% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 77.2% ownership share of the Absolute Return Pools at September 30, 2020:

### ***Absolute Return Pools***

(in thousands)

Short-Term Pooled Investments	\$ 19,329
Equities	2,843,850
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>\$ 2,863,179</u></b>

### **REAL RETURN AND OPPORTUNISTIC POOLS**

The primary investment objective of the Real Return and Opportunistic Pool is to generate a rate of return that meets or exceeds the increase in the CPI by at least four percent (4%) annually net of fees over one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle. If a peer universe is available, the objective is to rank above median in a nationally recognized universe of managers possessing a similar style.

For sub-strategies targeting a commodities index, the objective is to generate a rate of return that meets or exceeds the Dow Jones-AIG Total Return Commodities Index over one, three, and five year periods and a market cycle. Another objective is to rank above median in a nationally recognized universe of managers possessing a similar style.

The Real Return and Opportunistic Investments pool rate of return for the fiscal year was 6.9% for the Pension and OPEB Plans versus the benchmark's 6.2%.

At the close of fiscal year 2020, the Real Return and Opportunistic Pools represented 12.4% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 77.2% ownership share of the Real Return and Opportunistic Pools at September 30, 2020:

# INVESTMENT SECTION

## REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

### *Real Return and Opportunistic Pools*

(in thousands)

Short-Term Pooled Investments	\$ 115,838
Equities	<u>7,185,529</u>
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>\$ 7,301,367</u></b>

### SHORT-TERM INVESTMENT POOLS

The objective of the Short Term Investment pools is to closely match the return performance of its benchmark, the 30 day Treasury bill. The Short Term Investment pools return for the fiscal year was 1.5% for the Pension and OPEB plans versus the benchmark's 0.9%.

Potential areas of investment are:

- Obligations of the United States or its agencies
- Banker's acceptances, commercial accounts, certificates of deposit or depository receipts
- Repurchase agreements for the purchase of securities issued by the US government or its agencies
- Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two national rating services as determined by the State Treasurer
- Short duration investment grade corporate issues

At the close of fiscal year 2020, the Short Term Investment pools represented 4.7% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 38.9% ownership share of the Short Term Investment pools at September 30, 2020:

### *Short-Term Investment Pools*

(in thousands)

Short-Term Pooled Investments	\$ 1,772,721
Fixed Income Securities	977,329
Accrued interest	<u>425</u>
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>\$ 2,750,475</u></b>

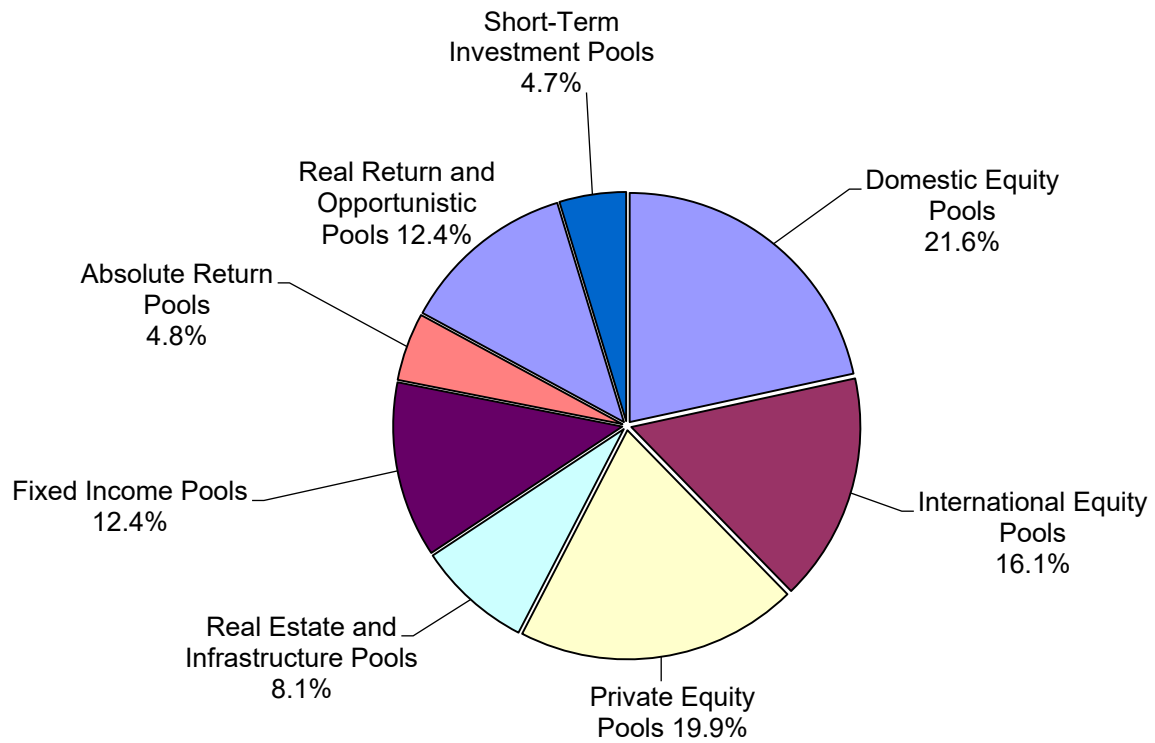
# INVESTMENT SECTION

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## REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

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### ASSET ALLOCATION – SECURITY TYPE ONLY



# INVESTMENT SECTION

## INVESTMENT RESULTS

### PENSION PLAN INVESTMENT RESULTS

For the Period Ending September 30, 2020

Investment Category	Current Year	Annualized Rate of Return <sup>1</sup>		
		3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Total Portfolio	5.0 %	7.0 %	8.3 %	9.0 %
Domestic Equity Pools	10.4	11.0	12.9	13.0
S&P 1500 Index	13.4	11.3	13.6	13.5
International Equity Pools	5.9	2.2	7.1	5.2
International Blended Benchmark <sup>2</sup>	3.0	1.2	6.2	4.2
Private Equity Pools	5.9	11.3	10.2	13.0
Private Equity Blended Benchmark <sup>3</sup>	10.7	14.0	14.0	17.4
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	(7.0)	3.4	5.4	8.8
NCREIF Property Blended Index <sup>4</sup>	0.7	3.8	4.9	8.0
Fixed Income Pools	3.2	4.5	4.7	4.1
Barclays Aggregate Bond	7.0	5.2	4.2	3.6
Absolute Return Pools	2.8	4.2	3.7	4.6
HFRI Fund of Funds Cons 1 month lag	2.2	2.5	2.1	2.8
Real Return and Opportunistic	6.9	10.0	9.3	9.3
Real Return and Opportunistic Benchmark <sup>5</sup>	6.2	6.8	7.1	7.2
Short Term Investment Pools	1.5	2.0	1.5	0.9
30 Day Treasury Bill	0.9	1.6	1.1	0.6

<sup>1</sup> Calculations used a time-weighted rate of return based on the market rate of return in accordance with industry standards. Excludes income and investment gains and losses from securities lending.

<sup>2</sup> As of 7/1/14 index is MSCI ACWI Ex-US Net. History 10/1/10 to 6/30/14 is MSCI ACWI Ex US Gross. History 1/1/10 to 9/30/10 is S&P Developed BMI-EPAC Net 75/25. History prior to 1/1/10 is S&P Developed BMI-EPAC Net 50/50.

<sup>3</sup> Index is blend of S&P 500 plus 300 bps with a 3 month lag.

<sup>4</sup> As of 10/1/05, index is NCREIF less 130 bp. History prior to 10/1/05 reflects NCREIF less 75 bp.

<sup>5</sup> As of 12/1/18 Benchmark is 50% (CPI + 4%) and 50% (actuarial rate 7.05%) History prior to 12/1/18 reflects 50% (CPI + 5%) and 50% (actuarial rate 8%).

# INVESTMENT SECTION

## INVESTMENT RESULTS

### OPEB INVESTMENT RESULTS

For the Period Ending September 30, 2020

Investment Category	Annualized Rate of Return <sup>1</sup>		
	Current Year	3 Years	5 Years
Total Portfolio	4.9 %	7.0 %	8.2 %
Domestic Equity Pools	10.4	11.0	12.9
S&P 1500 Index	13.4	11.3	13.6
International Equity Pools	5.9	2.1	7.1
International Blended Benchmark <sup>2</sup>	3.0	1.2	6.2
Private Equity Pools	5.9	11.3	10.2
Private Equity Blended Benchmark <sup>3</sup>	10.7	14.0	14.0
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	(7.0)	3.4	5.4
NCREIF Property Blended Index <sup>4</sup>	0.7	3.8	4.9
Fixed Income Pools	3.2	4.5	4.7
Barclays Aggregate Bond	7.0	5.2	4.2
Absolute Return Pools	2.8	4.2	3.7
HFRI Fund of Funds Cons 1 month lag	2.2	2.5	2.1
Real Return and Opportunistic	6.9	10.0	9.3
Real Return and Opportunistic Benchmark <sup>5</sup>	6.2	6.8	7.1
Short-Term Investment Pools	1.5	1.9	1.4
30-Day Treasury Bill	0.9	1.6	1.1

<sup>1</sup> Calculations used a time-weighted rate of return based on the market rate of return in accordance with industry standards. Excludes income and investment gains and losses from securities lending.

<sup>2</sup> As of 7/1/14, index is MSCI ACWI Ex-US Net. History 10/1/10 to 6/30/14 is MSCI ACWI Ex-US Gross. History 1/1/10 to 9/30/10 is S&P Developed BMI-EPAC Net 75/25. History prior to 1/1/10 is S&P Developed BMI-EPAC Net 50/50.

<sup>3</sup> Index is blend of S&P 500 plus 300 bps with a 3 month lag.

<sup>4</sup> As of 10/1/05, index is NCREIF less 130 bp. History prior to 10/1/05 reflects NCREIF less 75 bp.

<sup>5</sup> As of 12/1/18 Benchmark is 50% (CPI + 4%) and 50% (actuarial rate 7.05%). History prior to 12/1/18 reflects 50% (CPI + 5%) and 50% (actuarial rate 8%).



# INVESTMENT SECTION

## LARGEST ASSETS HELD

### LARGEST STOCK HOLDINGS

(By Fair Value)  
September 30, 2020

Rank	Shares	Stocks	Fair Value
1	4,311,283	Apple Inc.	\$ 499,289,723
2	2,357,449	Microsoft Corp.	495,842,251
3	117,996	Amazon.com Inc.	371,538,784
4	678,036	Facebook Inc. CL A	177,577,633
5	658,978	Berkshire Hathaway Inc. CL B	140,322,867
6	698,317	Visa Inc. CL A	139,642,462
7	90,623	Alphabet Inc. CL A	132,817,081
8	460,723	Home Depot Inc.	127,947,346
9	782,405	Johnson & Johnson	116,484,507
10	323,279	Mastercard Inc. CL A	109,323,175

A complete list of holdings is available from the Michigan Department of Treasury.

The System's investments are commingled in various pooled accounts. Amounts, par value and number of shares represent the System's pro-rata share based on its ownership of the investment pools.

### LARGEST BOND HOLDINGS

(By Fair Value)  
September 30, 2020

Rank	Par Amount	Bonds & Notes	Fair Value
1	152,096,120	FNMA TBA 30 YR 3 Single Family Mortgage	\$ 159,359,303
2	117,185,353	US Treasury N/B 2.375% Due 05/15/2029	134,895,905
3	118,165,247	FNMA TBA 30 YR 2.5 Single Family Mortgage	123,780,710
4	104,264,570	US Treasury N/B 2% Due 02/15/2050	118,291,413
5	77,420,398	US Treasury N/B 3.375% Due 11/15/2048	112,937,005
6	77,420,398	US Treasury N/B 2.875% Due 05/15/2049	103,939,908
7	96,540,235	FNMA TBA 30 YR 2 Single Family Mortgage	99,645,988
8	96,607,062	US Treasury N/B 2.75% Due 08/15/2021	98,818,458
9	92,710,043	FNMA TBA 30 YR 2.5 Single Family Mortgage	96,956,618
10	77,808,790	US Treasury N/B 3% Due 09/30/2025	88,312,976

A complete list of holdings is available from the Michigan Department of Treasury.

Largest Bond Holdings are exclusive of securities lending collateral.

The System's investments are commingled in various pooled accounts. Amounts, par value and number of shares represent the System's pro-rata share based on its ownership of the investment pools.

# INVESTMENT SECTION

## SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT FEES

The State of Michigan Investment Board (Board) is the investment fiduciary and custodian of the System's funds pursuant to State law. Outside advisors are utilized to augment the State of Michigan's internal staff. 69.8% of the total investment portfolio is managed by fully discretionary outside advisors. The Michigan Department of Treasury's cost of operations applicable to the retirement system for the fiscal year end amounted to \$14,085 thousand or seven and nine tenths basis points (.079%) of the fair value of the Assets under Management by the Board.

### SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT FEES

#### Investment Managers' Fees:

	<u>Assets under Management (in thousands)</u>	<u>Fees (in thousands)</u>	<u>Basis Points*</u>
State of Michigan	\$ 17,809,885	\$ 14,085	7.9
Outside Advisors for			
Fixed Income	4,083,727	11,540	28.3
Absolute Return	2,863,179	2,231	7.8
Real Return and Opportunistic	7,250,487	29,672	40.9
International Equity	7,478,646	13,397	17.9
Domestic Equity	2,967,096	6,902	23.3
Private Equity	11,739,762	63,664	54.2
Real Estate and Infrastructure	4,772,107	26,142	54.8
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 58,964,887</b>	<b>\$ 167,633</b>	

#### Other Investment Services Fees:

Assets in Custody	\$ 51,578,125	\$ 6,312
Securities Lending Collateral	2,452,057	1,432

\* Private Equity partnership agreements that define the management fees, the asset management fees range from 0 to 250 basis points of the committed capital. For Real Estate/Infrastructure, the asset management fees range from 12 to 150 basis points. For Absolute Return, the asset management fees range from 0 to 200 basis points. These fees, in most cases, are netted against income.

# INVESTMENT SECTION

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## SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT COMMISSIONS

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Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Actual Commissions Paid <sup>1</sup>	Actual Number of Shares Traded <sup>1</sup>	Average Commission Per Share	Estimated Trade Costs Per Share	Estimated Research Costs Per Share	Estimated Trade Costs	Estimated Research Costs
<b>Investment Brokerage Firms:</b>							
Banc Of America Securities LLC	\$ 503	20,111	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.02	\$ 201	\$ 380
BTIG LLC	386,883	44,349,731	0.01	0.01	-	443,497	-
Capital Institutional Services Inc.	148,411	29,455,729	0.01	0.01	-	3,434	-
Cowen & Company LLC	184,688	9,234,386	0.02	0.01	0.01	92,344	92,344
Credit Suisse Securities LLC	96,205	2,332,550	0.04	0.01	0.03	23,325	69,976
Drexel Hamilton LLC	13,795	2,758,802	0.01	0.01	-	27,588	3,428
J. P. Morgan Securities Inc.	180,446	9,214,804	0.02	0.01	0.01	92,148	92,148
Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Inc.	131,345	5,498,657	0.02	0.01	0.01	54,987	54,987
Mischler Financial Group Inc.	18,853	1,885,383	0.01	0.01	-	18,853	-
MKM Partners LLC	326,223	16,311,062	0.02	0.01	0.01	163,110	163,110
Morgan Stanley & Co. Inc.	54,774	2,763,732	0.02	0.01	0.01	27,637	27,637
Raymond James and Associates Inc.	7,931	317,199	0.03	0.01	0.02	3,172	6,344
Roberts & Ryan Inv.	102,607	5,130,286	0.02	0.01	0.01	51,303	51,303
Stifel, Nicolaus & Co. Inc.	3,158	126,311	0.02	0.01	0.02	1,263	2,383
Wayne & Company	408,939	139,140,803	0.00	0.01	0.01	13,914	13,914
Glen Eagle Wealth	39	15,359	0.00	0.01	0.01	153	153
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 2,064,800</b>	<b>268,554,905</b>	<b>\$ 0.02</b>	<b>\$ 0.01</b>	<b>\$ 0.01</b>	<b>\$ 1,016,929</b>	<b>\$ 578,107</b>

<sup>1</sup> Commissions are included in purchase and sale prices of investments. The commissions and shares represent the System's pro-rata share based on ownership of commission and share transactions in the investment pools.

<sup>2</sup> The average commission per share for all brokerage firms.

# INVESTMENT SECTION

## INVESTMENT SUMMARY

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	<b>Fair Value <sup>1</sup></b>	<b>Percent of Fair Value</b>	<b>Investment &amp; Interest Income <sup>2</sup></b>	<b>Percent of Total Investment &amp; Income</b>
Fixed Income Pools	\$ 7,295,412,898	12.4 %	\$ 323,962,654	10.5 %
Domestic Equity Pools	12,733,284,058	21.6	1,269,680,223	41.1
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	4,772,106,584	8.1	(321,554,348)	(10.4)
Private Equity Pools	11,739,761,553	19.9	707,280,058	22.9
International Equity Pools	9,509,300,910	16.1	555,133,624	18.0
Absolute Return Pools	2,863,179,009	4.8	53,625,492	1.7
Real Return and Opportunistic Pool	7,301,366,973	12.4	473,858,653	15.4
Short Term Investment Pools	2,750,475,335 <sup>3</sup>	4.7	25,252,613	0.8
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 58,964,887,319</b>	<b>100.0 %</b>	<b>\$ 3,087,238,969</b>	<b>100.0 %</b>

<sup>1</sup> Fair value excludes \$2,452,152,262 in securities lending collateral for fiscal year 2020.

<sup>2</sup> Total Investment & Interest Income excludes net security lending income of \$8,131,673 and unrealized gain of \$262,870 for securities lending collateral.

<sup>3</sup> Short term investment pools fair value includes \$136,275,403 of equity in common cash and excludes \$1,135,445 of warrants outstanding and cash in transit.

# ACTUARIAL SECTION

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Actuary's Certification  
Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods  
Schedules of Active Member Valuation Data  
Prioritized Solvency Test  
Analysis of System Experience  
Summary of Plan Provisions

# ACTUARIAL SECTION

## ACTUARY'S CERTIFICATION



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October 23, 2020

Mr. Brom Stibitz, Director  
Department of Technology, Management and Budget  
and  
The Retirement Board  
Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System  
P.O. Box 30171  
Lansing, Michigan 48909

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The basic financial objective of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPERS) is to establish and receive contributions which when combined with present assets and future investment return will be sufficient to meet the financial obligations of the System to present and future benefit recipients. The progress toward meeting these financial objectives is illustrated in the Schedules of Funding Progress and the Schedules of Employer Contributions.

We performed actuarial funding valuations and issued actuarial funding reports for the MPERS pension and retiree health (i.e., OPEB) plans as of September 30, 2019. The purpose of the September 30, 2019 annual actuarial valuations was to determine the annual required contributions for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022, to measure the System's funding progress, and to provide actuarial information in connection with applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements. The valuations should not be relied upon for any other purpose. The valuation process develops employer contributions that are sufficient to fund the System's normal cost (i.e., the costs assigned by the valuation method to the year of service about to be rendered), as well as to fund any unfunded accrued liabilities over a reasonable period. The valuation was completed based upon population data, asset data and plan provisions in effect on September 30, 2019.

In addition to the funding valuation reports, separate reports are issued to provide financial reporting information for MPERS in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Nos. 67 and 68 (pension benefits) and Nos. 74 and 75 (retiree health benefits, or OPEB). Reports containing the actuarial results of the financial reporting valuations are produced annually after the publication of this letter. The GASB Statement Nos. 67, 68, 74 and 75 financial reporting valuations are based upon a measurement date of September 30, 2020.

The valuations were based upon information provided by the System's administrative staff concerning System benefit provisions, financial transactions, and individual members, terminated members, retirees and beneficiaries. We checked the data for internal and year to year consistency, but did not audit the data. As a result, we do not assume responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the data provided by the System's administrative staff. The actuary summarizes and tabulates population data in order to analyze long term trends. The System's auditor audits the actuarial data annually.

One Towne Square | Suite 800 | Southfield, Michigan 48076-3723

# ACTUARIAL SECTION

## ACTUARY'S CERTIFICATION

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Annual actuarial valuations are based upon assumptions regarding future activity in specific risk areas including the rate of investment return and payroll growth, eligibility for the various classes of benefits and longevity among retired lives. These assumptions are adopted by the Board and the Department after considering the advice of the actuary and other professionals. Each actuarial valuation takes into account all prior differences between actual and assumed experience in each risk area and adjusts the contribution requirements as needed.

The following schedules in the Financial Section, the Actuarial Section, and the Statistical Section of the CAFR were prepared by the Department of Financial Services based upon certain information presented in the previously mentioned funding and financial reporting valuation reports:

### Financial Section

- Note 1 - Table of System's Membership
- Note 4 - Net Pension Liability; Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods
- Note 5 - Net OPEB Liability; Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods
- Note A – Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contributions for Fiscal Year 2020
- Schedules of Changes in the Net Pension Liability (NPL) and the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
- Schedules of Contributions Multiyear
- Sensitivity of the NPL to Changes in the Discount Rate
- Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate
- Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Assumption

### Actuarial Section

- Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods used in the September 30, 2019 Pension Funding Valuation
- Percent of Eligible Active Members Retiring Within Next Year
- Separation from Active Employment Before Age and Service Retirement and Individual Pay Increase Assumptions
- Schedule of Active Member Pension Valuation Data
- Schedule of Changes in the Retirement Rolls
- Prioritized Solvency Tests
- Schedule of Active Member OPEB Valuation Data
- Schedule of Changes in the OPEB Rolls
- Analyses of System Experience

### Statistical Section

- Schedule of Retired Members by Type of Pension Benefit
- Schedule of Retired Members by Type of Health Benefit
- Schedules of Average Benefit Payments – Pension, Medical/Rx and Dental/Vision
- Schedules of Funding Progress



# ACTUARIAL SECTION

## ACTUARY'S CERTIFICATION

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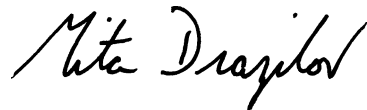
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Page 3

The September 30, 2019 funding valuations and the September 30, 2020 financial reporting valuations were based upon assumptions that were recommended in connection with a study of System experience covering the period from October 1, 2012 through September 30, 2017. Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from those presented in the annual valuations due to such factors as experience differing from that anticipated by actuarial assumptions, or changes in plan provisions, actuarial assumptions/methods or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of the assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements.

The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor.

The actuarial valuations of MPSERS were performed by qualified actuaries in accordance with standards of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board and in compliance with applicable State statutes. The assumptions and methods used for funding and financial reporting purposes are in conformity with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board. Mita D. Drazilov and Louise M. Gates are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA) and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. It is our opinion that the calculated employer contribution meets the financial objective of the Retirement System.

Respectfully submitted,



Mita D. Drazilov, ASA, FCA, MAAA



Louise M. Gates, ASA, FCA, MAAA





# ACTUARIAL SECTION

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## SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

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1. The investment return rate used in the pension valuations of the MIP, Basic and Pension Plus plans was 6.80% per year (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan) net of investment expenses, compounded annually. This rate of return is not the assumed real rate of return. Considering a wage inflation assumption of 2.75%, the nominal rate of investment return translates to a real rate of return of 4.05% for the Basic, MIP and the Pension Plus plan (3.25% for the Pension Plus 2 plan) over wage inflation. Adopted 2018.
2. The healthy life mortality table used in evaluating allowances to be paid was the RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females, adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006. Adopted 2018.
3. Sample probabilities of regular, unreduced retirement are shown in Schedule 1 on the next page. Adopted 2018.
4. Sample probabilities of withdrawal from service and disability, together with individual pay increase assumptions, are shown in Schedule 2 on the next page. Adopted 2018.
5. Total active member payroll is assumed to increase 2.75% per year. This represents the portion of the individual pay increase assumptions attributable to inflation. In effect, this assumes no change in the number of active members. Adopted 2018.
6. An individual entry age actuarial cost method of valuation was used in determining actuarial liabilities and normal cost. Adopted 1975. Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities are financed over a declining 17-year period ending September 30, 2038. Adopted 2012.
7. The Department of Technology, Management and Budget approved the use of market value of assets as of September 30, 2006 for valuation purposes. For investment gains and losses that occur after that date, a 5-year smoothing technique will be used. Specifically, the excess (shortfall) of actual investment income (including interest, dividends, realized and unrealized gains or losses) over the imputed-income at the valuation interest rate is considered the gain (loss), which is spread over five years. Adopted 2007.
8. The data about persons now covered and about present assets was furnished by the System's administrative staff. Although examined for general reasonableness, the data was not audited by the actuary.
9. The actuarial valuation computations were made by or under the supervision of a Member of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA). The assumptions used in the actuarial valuations were adopted by the System's Board and the Department of Technology, Management and Budget after consulting with the actuary.
10. A 5-year experience investigation, covering the period from October 1, 2012 through September 30, 2017 was completed in 2018. The purpose of the study was to analyze the actual experience of MPSERS versus that anticipated by actuarial assumptions then in use.
11. Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company was awarded the actuarial and consulting services contract beginning October 4, 2006.

# ACTUARIAL SECTION

## SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

### SCHEDULE 1

#### PERCENT OF ELIGIBLE ACTIVE MEMBERS RETIRING WITHIN NEXT YEAR

Retirement Ages	Basic		MIP <sup>1</sup> and Pension Plus		Years of Service	MIP <sup>2</sup>	
	Teachers	Non-Teachers	Teachers	Non-Teachers		Teachers	Non-Teachers
55	25 %	20 %	- %	- %	30	25 %	25 %
58	16	18	-	-	32	20	20
61	20	18	20	17	34	19	20
64	25	24	23	20	36	21	20
67	25	28	25	20	38	24	20
70	25	20	25	16	40	30	25
71	21	20	25	16	42	30	30
72	21	20	25	16	44	30	30
73	21	20	20	16	46	30	30
74	21	20	20	16	48	30	30
75 and over	100	100	100	100	50 and over	100	100

<sup>1</sup> Applies to MIP members with fewer than 30 years of service.

<sup>2</sup> Applies to MIP members with 30 or more years of service.

### SCHEDULE 2

#### SEPARATION FROM ACTIVE EMPLOYMENT BEFORE AGE & SERVICE RETIREMENT & INDIVIDUAL PAY INCREASE ASSUMPTIONS

Sample Ages	Years of Service	Percent of Active Members Withdrawing Within Next Year				Percent Becoming Disabled Within Next Year	Percent Increase in Pay During Next Year
		Pay More than \$20,000		Pay Less than \$20,000			
		Teachers	Non-Teachers	Teachers	Non-Teachers		
All	0	15.00 %	35.00 %	30.00 %	40.00 %	- %	- %
	1	10.00	14.00	25.00	26.00	-	-
	2	6.50	8.20	22.00	19.00	-	-
	3	6.00	6.80	22.00	16.00	-	-
	4	4.50	5.70	22.00	14.00	-	-
25	5 & Over	3.00	4.76	22.00	14.00	.01	11.55
35	"	1.82	2.78	20.80	13.40	.02	5.85
45	"	1.08	1.88	16.40	9.80	.10	3.89
55	"	1.00	1.80	16.00	8.00	.26	2.93
60	"	1.00	1.80	16.00	8.00	.36	2.75

# ACTUARIAL SECTION

## SCHEDULES OF ACTIVE MEMBER VALUATION DATA

### SCHEDULE OF ACTIVE MEMBER PENSION VALUATION DATA

Valuation Date Sept. 30	Number	Reported Annual Payroll*	Average Annual Pay	Increase (Decrease)	Average Age	Average Service
2010	242,568	\$ 8,845,019	\$ 36,464	(1.1)	45.2	11.1
2011	236,660	9,155,691	38,687	6.1	45.3	11.3
2012	223,769	8,649,029	38,652	(0.1)	45.7	11.9
2013	212,525	8,225,140	38,702	0.1	46.0	12.3
2014	199,674	7,943,922	39,784	2.8	46.1	12.7
2015	194,957	8,005,009	41,060	3.2	46.1	12.8
2016	189,761	7,912,565	41,698	1.6	46.2	13.0
2017	187,735	7,880,041	41,974	0.7	46.2	13.0
2018	182,930	7,884,550	43,101	2.7	46.4	13.1
2019	174,189	8,039,478	46,154	7.1	47.0	13.6

\* In thousands of dollars.

### SCHEDULE OF ACTIVE MEMBER OPEB VALUATION DATA

Valuation Date Sept. 30	Number	Reported Annual Payroll*	Average Annual Pay	Increase (Decrease)	Average Age	Average Service
2012	223,769	\$ 8,649,029	\$ 38,652	- %	45.7	11.9
2013	214,906	8,273,017	38,496	(0.4)	46.0	12.3
2014	191,551	7,618,224	39,771	3.3	45.7	12.6
2015	191,403	7,780,961	40,652	2.2	45.6	12.5
2016	189,458	7,745,962	40,885	0.6	45.6	12.5
2017	190,537	7,778,000	40,821	(0.2)	45.5	12.3
2018	190,291	7,873,900	41,378	1.4	45.6	12.2
2019	192,750	8,255,900	42,832	3.5	45.6	11.9

\* In thousands of dollars.

# ACTUARIAL SECTION

## SCHEDULES OF ACTIVE MEMBER VALUATION DATA

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN RETIREMENT ROLLS

Year	Added to Rolls		Removed from Rolls		Rolls - End of Year		Increase in Annual Allowances	Average Annual Allowances
Ended Sept. 30	No.	Annual Allowances*	No.	Annual Allowances*	No.	Annual Allowances*		
2010	19,946	\$ 553,900	4,146	\$ 75,310	187,722	3,814,755	14.3	\$ 20,321
2011	9,533	256,356	4,820	83,884	192,435	3,987,227	4.5	20,720
2012	9,007	236,023	4,781	89,032	196,661	4,134,218	3.7	21,022
2013	9,182	244,937	4,891	89,874	200,952	4,289,281	3.8	21,345
2014	8,852	241,473	5,292	99,689	204,512	4,431,065	3.3	21,667
2015	8,761	244,010	5,622	106,223	207,651	4,568,852	3.1	22,003
2016	8,836	248,739	5,480	107,923	211,007	4,709,668	3.1	22,320
2017	8,793	247,289	5,811	117,543	213,989	4,839,414	2.8	22,615
2018	8,741	254,248	6,112	126,607	216,618	4,967,055	2.6	22,930
2019	8,477	252,140	6,158	131,828	218,937	5,087,367	2.4	23,237

\* In thousands of dollars.

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE OPEB ROLLS

Year	Added to Rolls		Removed from Rolls		Rolls - End of Year		Increase in Annual Allowances	Average Annual Allowances
Ended Sept. 30	No.	Annual Allowances*	No.	Annual Allowances*	No.	Annual Allowances*		
2011	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	154,589	\$ 979,578	- %	\$ -
2012	7,263	73,106	4,401	74,841	157,451	977,843	(0.2)	6,210
2013	6,996	59,203	4,695	156,890	159,752	880,156	(10.0)	5,510
2014	6,634	57,331	5,042	88,058	161,344	849,429	(3.5)	5,265
2015	6,617	65,670	5,159	69,497	162,802	845,602	(0.5)	5,194
2016	6,633	74,740	5,072	68,879	164,363	851,463	0.7	5,180
2017	6,572	65,051	5,382	69,797	165,553	846,717	(0.6)	5,114
2018	5,927	58,668	5,559	99,257	165,921	806,128	(4.8)	4,859
2019	6,981	62,342	5,645	116,702	167,257	751,768	(6.7)	4,495

\* In thousands of dollars.

#### Notes:

No. refers to number of retiree health contracts

Annual allowances added to rolls includes increases due to medical inflation and contract changes.

Annual allowances removed from rolls includes decreases due to contract changes

# ACTUARIAL SECTION

## PRIORITIZED SOLVENCY TEST

MPERS's funding objective is to meet long-term benefit promises through contributions that remain approximately level from year to year as a percent of member payroll. If the contributions to MPERS are level in concept and soundly executed, MPERS will pay all promised benefits when due, the ultimate test of financial soundness. Testing for level contribution rates is the long-term solvency test.

A prioritized solvency test is another means of checking a system's progress under its funding program. In a short condition test, the plan's present assets (cash and investments) are compared with: (1) active member contributions on deposit; (2) the liabilities for future benefits to present retired lives; and (3) the liabilities for service already rendered by active and inactive members. In a system that has been following the discipline of level percent of payroll financing, the liabilities for active member contributions on deposit (liability 1) and the liabilities for future benefits to present retired lives (liability 2) will be fully covered by present assets (except in rare circumstances). In addition, the liabilities for service already rendered by active members (liability 3) are normally partially covered by the remainder of present assets. Generally, if MPERS has been using level-cost financing, the funded portion of liability 3 will increase over time. Liability 3 being fully funded is not necessarily a by-product of level percent of payroll funding methods.

The schedules that follow illustrate the history of the liabilities of MPERS and are indicative of the MPERS policy of following the discipline of level percent of payroll financing.

### PENSION BENEFITS

(\$ in millions)

Valuation Date	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)				Valuation Assets	Portion of AAL Covered by Assets										
	(1)	(2)	(3)	Active and Inactive Members (Employer Financed Portion)		(1)			(2)			(3)			(4) <sup>1</sup>	
	Active Member Contributions	Retirants and Beneficiaries														
Sept. 30																
2010	\$	5,055	\$	38,315	\$	15,173	\$	43,294	100	%	99.8	%	0.0	%	74.0	%
2010 <sup>2</sup>		5,055		38,589		16,233		43,294	100		99.1		0.0		72.3	
2010 <sup>3</sup>		5,055		39,639		16,233		43,294	100		96.5		0.0		71.1	
2011		5,217		41,043		17,167		41,038	100		87.3		0.0		64.7	
2012		5,296		42,076		16,909		38,450	100		78.8		0.0		59.8	
2012 <sup>2</sup>		5,296		42,076		15,905		38,450	100		78.8		0.0		60.8	
2012 <sup>3</sup>		5,296		42,076		15,344		38,450	100		78.8		0.0		61.3	
2013		4,909		43,198		15,733		38,044	100		76.7		0.0		59.6	
2014		5,225		44,126		15,699		39,626	100		78.0		0.0		60.9	
2014 <sup>2</sup>		5,225		45,545		15,335		39,626	100		75.5		0.0		59.9	
2015		5,738		46,538		15,452		41,006	100		75.8		0.0		60.5	
2016		6,189		47,431		15,238		43,204	100		78.0		0.0		62.7	
2016 <sup>2</sup>		6,189		49,299		16,822		43,204	100		75.1		0.0		59.7	
2017		6,730		50,069		16,528		45,397	100		77.2		0.0		61.9	
2017 <sup>2</sup>		6,730		51,878		18,085		47,255	100		78.1		0.0		61.6	
2018		7,479		52,633		17,753		49,313	100		79.5		0.0		63.3	
2018 <sup>2</sup>		7,479		56,834		19,062		50,630	100		75.9		0.0		60.7	
2019		8,106		57,716		19,380		51,422	100		75.1		0.0		60.4	

<sup>1</sup> Percent funded on a total valuation asset and total actuarial accrued liability basis

<sup>2</sup> Revised actuarial assumptions and/or methods.

<sup>3</sup> Applies to MIP members with fewer than 30 years of service.

# ACTUARIAL SECTION

## PRIORITIZED SOLVENCY TEST

### OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

(\$ in millions)

Valuation Date Sept. 30	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)			Valuation Assets	Portion of AAL Covered by Assets			
	(1)	(2)	(3)		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4) <sup>1</sup>
	Active Member Contributions	Retirants and Beneficiaries	Active and Inactive Members (Employer Financed Portion)					
2010 \$	-	\$ 15,591	\$ 13,036	\$ 999	0.0	% 6.4	% 0.0	% 3.5
2011	-	14,496	12,550	1,156	0.0	8.0	0.0	4.3
2012 <sup>2</sup>	-	8,848	5,940	1,348	0.0	15.2	0.0	9.1
2013	691	8,766	5,077	2,041	100	15.4	0.0	14.0
2014 <sup>2</sup>	874	8,829	4,458	2,982	100	23.9	0.0	21.1
2015	1,042	7,867	3,923	3,531	100	31.6	0.0	27.5
2016 <sup>2</sup>	1,186	8,548	5,592	4,279	100	36.2	0.0	31.1
2017	1,320	7,879	3,594	5,178	100	49.0	0.0	40.5
2017 <sup>2</sup>	1,320	8,279	3,989	5,178	100	46.6	0.0	38.1
2018	1,441	7,794	3,638	5,944	100	57.8	0.0	46.2

<sup>1</sup> Percent funded on a total valuation asset and total actuarial accrued liability basis

<sup>2</sup> Revised actuarial assumptions and/or methods.

# ACTUARIAL SECTION

## ANALYSIS OF SYSTEM EXPERIENCE – PENSION

### GAINS/(LOSSES) IN ACCRUED LIABILITIES

During Year Ended September 30, 2019

Resulting from Differences Between Assumed Experience & Actual Experience

Type of Activity	Gain/(Loss)
1. <b>Retirements (including Disability Retirement).</b> If members retire at older ages or with lower final average pay than assumed, there is a gain. If younger ages or higher average pays, a loss	\$ 27,644,982
2. <b>Withdrawal From Employment (including death-in-service).</b> If more liabilities are released by withdrawals and deaths than assumed, there is a gain. If smaller releases, a loss	(55,760,482)
3. <b>Pay Increases.</b> If there are smaller pay increases than assumed, there is a gain. If greater increases, a loss	(477,672,386)
4. <b>Investment Income.</b> If there is greater investment income than assumed, there is a gain. If less income, a loss	(577,288,988)
5. <b>Death After Retirement.</b> If retirants live longer than assumed, there is a loss. If not as long, a gain	20,777,918
6. <b>Rehires.</b>	9,568,743
7. <b>Other.</b> Miscellaneous gains and losses resulting from data adjustments, timing of financial transactions, etc.	(48,618,577)
8. <b>Composite Gain (or Loss) During Year.</b>	<u>\$ (1,101,348,790)</u>

# ACTUARIAL SECTION

## ANALYSIS OF SYSTEM EXPERIENCE – OPEB

### GAINS/(LOSSES) IN ACCRUED LIABILITIES

During Year Ended September 30, 2019  
Resulting from Differences Between Assumed Experience & Actual Experience

Type of Activity	Gain/(Loss)
1. <b>Premiums.</b> Gains and losses resulting from actual premiums in valuation year versus that assumed from prior valuation	\$ 1,827,495,668
2. <b>Investment Income.</b> If there is greater investment income than assumed, there is a gain. If less income, a loss	(15,083,577)
3. <b>Demographic and Other.</b> Gains and losses resulting from demographic experience, data adjustments, timing of financial transactions, etc.	259,169,928
4. <b>Composite Gain (or Loss) During Year.</b>	<u>\$ 2,071,582,019</u>



# ACTUARIAL SECTION

## SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

---

Our actuarial valuation of MPSERS as of September 30, 2019, is based on the present provisions of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended).

### REGULAR RETIREMENT

(No reduction factor for age)

- **Eligibility** – Age 55 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service. For Member Investment Plan (MIP) members, any age with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service; or age 60 with 5 years of credited service provided member worked through 60th birthday and has credited service in each of the last 5 years. For Pension Plus and Pension Plus 2 members, age 60 with 10 years of credited service
- **Mandatory Retirement Age** – None
- **Transition Date** – February 1, 2013 (Basic and MIP members only)
- **Annual Amount, Basic and MIP** – Total credited service as of the Transition Date  $\times$  1.5% of final average compensation (FAC)

### PLUS

An amount determined by the member's election of Option 1, 2, 3, or 4 described below.

**Option 1** – Credited Service after the Transition Date  $\times$  1.5%  $\times$  FAC

**Option 2** – Credited Service after the Transition Date (until total service reaches 30 years)  $\times$  1.5%  $\times$  FAC, PLUS Credited Service after the Transition Date and over 30 years  $\times$  1.25%  $\times$  FAC

**Option 3** – Credited Service after the Transition Date  $\times$  1.25%  $\times$  FAC

**Option 4** – None (Member will receive benefit through a Defined Contribution plan)

- **Annual Amount, Pension Plus Plan** – Credited service  $\times$  1.5  $\times$  FAC
- **Final Average Compensation** – Average of highest 60 consecutive months (36 months for MIP members). FAC is calculated as of the last day worked unless the member elected option 4, in which case the FAC is calculated at the Transition Date

### EARLY RETIREMENT

(Age reduction factor used)

- **Eligibility** – Age 55 with 15 or more years credited service and earned credited service in each of the last 5 years. Pension Plus members are not eligible for early retirements
- **Annual Amount** – Regular retirement benefit reduced by 0.5% for each month by which the commencement age is less than 60

### DEFERRED RETIREMENT

(Vested benefit)

- **Eligibility** – 10 years of credited service. Benefit commences at the time age qualification is met
- **Annual Amount** – Regular retirement benefit based on service and final average compensation at time of termination

### DUTY DISABILITY RETIREMENT

- **Eligibility** – No age or service requirement; in receipt of workers' disability compensation
- **Annual Amount** – Computed as regular retirement benefit with minimum benefit based on 10 years credited service. Additional limitation such that disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings limited to 100% of final average compensation (increased by 2% each year retired)

# ACTUARIAL SECTION

## SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

---

### NONDUTY DISABILITY RETIREMENT

- **Eligibility** – 10 years of credited service
- **Annual Amount** – Computed as regular retirement benefit based on credited service and final average compensation at time of disability. Additional limitation such that disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings limited to 100% of final average compensation (increased by 2% each year retired)

### DUTY DEATH BEFORE RETIREMENT

- **Eligibility** – No age or service requirement. Beneficiary is in receipt of workers' compensation. Also applies to "duty disability" retirees during first three years of disability
- **Annual Amount** – Spouse benefit computed as regular retirement benefit with minimum benefit based on ten years of credited service, reduced for 100% joint and survivor election. If no surviving spouse, children under 18 share in benefit; if no spouse or children, a disabled and dependent parent is eligible

### NONDUTY DEATH BEFORE RETIREMENT

- **Eligibility** – For Basic plan members, 15 years of credited service, or age 60 and 10 years of credited service. For MIP members, 10 years of credited service, or age 60 and 5 years of credited service. For Pension Plus members, 10 years of credited service, or age 60 and 10 years of credited service
- **Annual Amount** – Computed as regular retirement benefit, reduced in accordance with a 100% joint and survivor election, with payments commencing first of month following death. For the beneficiary of a deferred member, benefit commences at the time a member would have attained the minimum age qualification

### POSTRETIREMENT COST-OF-LIVING ADJUSTMENTS

One-time upward adjustments have been made in 1972, 1974, 1976 and 1977 for members retired on or after July 1, 1956, and prior to July 1, 1976, who were eligible for Social Security benefits. For members who retired prior to July 1, 1956, and not eligible for Social Security benefits based upon membership service, the minimum base pension was increased in 1965, 1971, 1972, 1974 and 1981, and in 1976 and 1977 one-time upward adjustments were made.

Beginning in 1983, eligible recipients received an annual distribution of investment earnings in excess of 8% (supplemental payment). On January 1, 1986, all members who retired prior to January 1, 1986, were given a permanent 8% increase. On January 1, 1990, a one-time upward adjustment for members who retired prior to October 1, 1981, was made.

Currently members receive annual increases based on the following schedule:

- Retired before January 1, 1987: greater of supplemental payment or automatic 3% increase
- Retired on or after January 1, 1987 under MIP: automatic 3% increase only
- Retired on or after January 1, 1987 not under MIP: supplemental payment only
- Retired under Pension Plus: no increases

### POSTRETIREMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

Members hired before July 1, 2008 are eligible for 80% System paid Master Health Plan and Dental and Vision coverage for themselves and their dependents. However, those retirees Medicare eligible at January 1, 2013 receive 90% System-paid coverage.

Members hired before July 1, 2008 who retired from deferred vested status with less than 30 years of service, who terminate employment after October 31, 1980 with vested deferred benefits, are eligible for partially System-paid health benefit coverage (no payment if less than 21 years of service, 10% of maximum employer payment for each year of service over 20 up to 80% for 28 or more years of service).

Members hired after June 30, 2008, but before September 4, 2012, are eligible for 80% System paid Master Health Plan and Dental and Vision coverage for themselves and their dependents, but the premium subsidy is graded based on career length as described below:

- a. Member is age 60 or older at retirement

# ACTUARIAL SECTION

## SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

---

- If member has 10 or more years of total service, MPSERS pays 30% of the monthly premium for the first 10 years of total service, plus 4% × next 13 years of total service, to a maximum of 80% of the monthly premium if 22.5 years of total service or more
- If a member has fewer than 10 years of total service, there is no System paid coverage
- b. Member is under age 60 at retirement
  - If member has 25 years of actual service, MPSERS pays 80% of the monthly premium
  - If the member has under 25 years of actual service, upon attainment of age 60 the member may apply for System paid coverage (as described by the schedule above in a.)

Dependents are eligible for 80% System paid employer health benefits (partial payments for dependents of deferred vested members who had 21 or more years of service and dependents of members hired on or after July 1, 2008, as per the above schedule).

Members hired on or after September 4, 2012 will become participants of the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF) and will not be eligible for insurance premium subsidy in retirement. For members hired on or after September 4, 2012, the maximum insurance subsidy is payable to the surviving spouse and health dependents of members who die as a result of injury or illness resulting from job activities. For all other members hired on or after September 4, 2012, the defined benefit portion of their post-retirement health benefits coverage is limited to a credit to a Health Reimbursement Account at termination if they have at least 10 years of service. The credit will be \$2,000 for participants who are at least age 60 at termination or \$1,000 for participants who are less than age 60 at termination.

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 4, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 4, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between i. and ii. below:

- i. Maintaining eligibility for the premium subsidy described above, and contributing 3% of their compensation while still working, or
- ii. Entering the PHF

Members not making an election will default into the premium subsidy arrangement.

If a member who elected the subsidy terminates prior to becoming eligible for the subsidy, dies before the total value of the subsidy received equals the total value of contributions made, or retires and declines coverage, the member or beneficiary may request a refund of unused funds. Refunds of member contributions to the healthcare funding account are issued as a supplemental pension benefit (payable at age 60 and payable from the pension plan) paid out over a 60-month period.

A delayed subsidy applies to retirees who became a member of the retirement system before July 1, 2008 and who purchased service credit on or after July 1, 2008. Such individuals are eligible for premium subsidy benefits at age 60 or when they would have been eligible to retire without having made a service purchase, whichever comes first. They may enroll in the insurances earlier but are responsible for the full premium until the premium subsidy begins.

### MEMBER CONTRIBUTIONS BEFORE TRANSITION DATE

(February 1, 2013)

- **Basic Participants** – None
- **MIP Participants hired before January 1, 1990** – 3.9% of pay
- **MIP Participants hired on or after January 1, 1990 and before July 1, 2008** – 3.0% of first \$5,000 of pay, plus 3.6% of next \$10,000 of pay, plus 4.3% pay in excess of \$15,000
- **MIP and PENSION PLUS Participants hired on or after July 1, 2008** – 3.0% of first \$5,000 of pay, plus 3.6% of next \$10,000 of pay, plus 6.4% pay in excess of \$15,000

# ACTUARIAL SECTION

## SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

---

### MEMBER CONTRIBUTIONS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE RETIREE HEALTH PLANS

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between i. and ii. below:

- i. Maintaining eligibility for premium subsidy retiree medical coverage, and contributing 3% of their compensation while still working, or
- ii. Entering the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)

Members not making an election defaulted into the premium subsidy arrangement.

If a member who elected the subsidy terminates prior to becoming eligible for the subsidy, dies before the total value of the subsidy received equals the total value of contributions made, or retires and declines coverage, the member or beneficiary may request a refund of unused funds. Refunds of member contributions to the healthcare funding account are issued as a supplemental pension benefit (payable at age 60 and payable from the pension plan) paid out over a 60-month period.

### MEMBER CONTRIBUTIONS ON OR AFTER TRANSITION DATE

(February 1, 2013)

#### BASIC AND MIP MEMBERS

Contributions depend on member election of Option 1, 2, or 3. Members electing Option 4 will not contribute to the Plan.

**Option 1** – Basic plan members – 4%  
All MIP members – 7%

**Option 2** – Contributions as in Option 1 until member reaches 30 years of service. At 30 years of service, contribution reverts to pre-transition date level

**Option 3** – Post-transition date contribution is the same as the pre-transition date contribution

- **Pension Plus Members** – 3% of first \$5,000 of pay, plus 3.6% of next \$10,000 of pay, plus 6.4% of pay in excess of \$15,000

# STATISTICAL SECTION

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Schedules of Additions by Source
Schedules of Deductions by Type
Schedules of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Schedules of Benefits and Refunds by Type
Schedules of Retired Members by Type of Benefit
Schedules of Funding Progress
Schedule of Other Postemployment Benefits
Schedules of Average Benefit Payments
Schedule of Principal Participating Employers
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Schedule of Participating Employers

# STATISTICAL SECTION

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## CONTENTS

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This part of the System's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the System's overall financial health.

### FINANCIAL TRENDS

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the System's financial performance and fiscal health has changed over time. The schedules are presented for the last ten fiscal years. Schedules included are:

- Schedule of Pension Plan Additions by Source
- Schedule of OPEB Plan Additions by Source
- Schedule of Pension Plan Deductions by Type
- Schedule of OPEB Plan Deductions by Type
- Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Pension Plan
- Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – OPEB Plan
- Schedule of Pension Benefit and Refunds by Type
- Schedule of OPEB Benefits and Refunds by Type

### OPERATING INFORMATION

These schedules contain contextual information to assist the reader's understanding of how the System's financial information relates to the combination of participating members and the benefits it provides. Schedules are presented for the last ten fiscal years, except where noted. Schedules included are:

- Schedule of Retired Members by Type of Pension Benefit
- Schedule of Retired Members by Type of Other Postemployment Benefits
- Schedule of Funding Progress – Pension Plan
- Schedule of Funding Progress – OPEB Plan
- Schedule of Other Postemployment Benefits
- Schedule of Average Benefit Payments – Pension
- Schedule of Average Benefit Payments – Health
- Schedule of Average Benefit Payments – Dental/Vision
- Schedule of Principal Participating Employers
- Ten Year History of Membership
- Schedule of Participating Employers

# STATISTICAL SECTION

## SCHEDULES OF ADDITIONS BY SOURCE

### SCHEDULE OF PENSION PLAN ADDITIONS BY SOURCE

Last Ten Years

#### Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	Member Contributions	Dollars	% of Annual Reported Payroll	Net Investment & Other Income	Total
2011	\$ 332,209,134	\$ 1,156,060,903	12.62	\$ 1,332,452,213	\$ 2,820,722,250
2012	335,470,879	1,454,438,907	16.82	5,387,076,055	7,176,985,841
2013	385,007,587	1,364,136,462	16.58	4,859,919,060	6,609,063,109
2014	405,443,771	1,600,375,132	19.60	6,192,710,861	8,198,529,764
2015	395,722,292	1,967,610,696	23.81	938,143,040	3,301,476,028
2016	398,893,138	2,308,657,030	28.13	3,095,177,500	5,802,727,668
2017	427,988,238	2,398,950,106	28.38	5,583,470,138	8,410,408,482
2018	393,059,173	2,791,508,863	32.52	5,136,369,857	8,320,937,893
2019	403,146,565	2,706,712,537	30.21	2,519,522,310	5,629,381,412
2020	401,626,288	2,808,839,412	30.91	2,545,305,150	5,755,770,850

### SCHEDULE OF OPEB PLAN ADDITIONS BY SOURCE

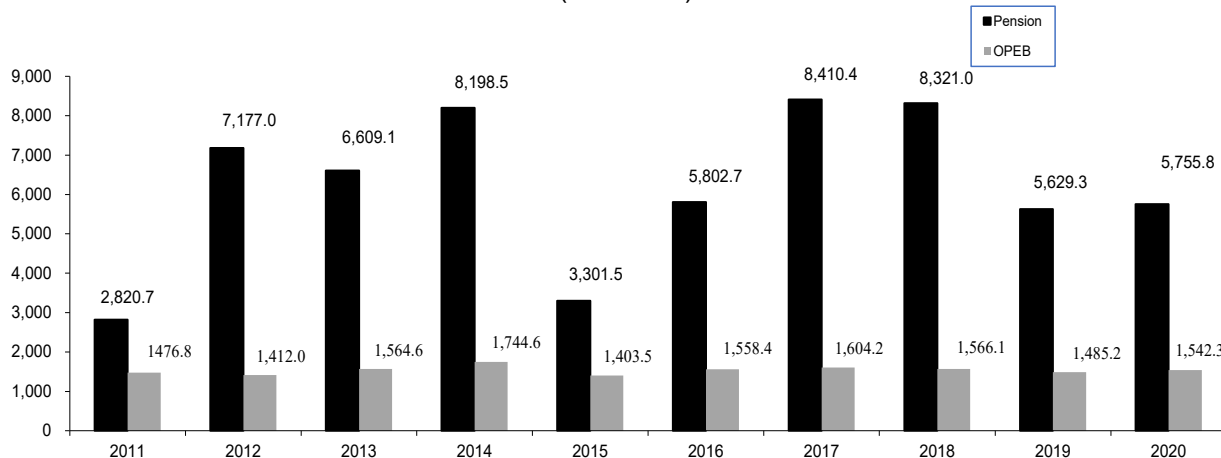
Last Ten Years

#### Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	Member Contributions	Dollars	% of Annual Reported Payroll	Net Investment & Other Income	Total
2011	\$ 384,978,107	\$ 794,839,611	8.68	\$ 297,025,962	\$ 1,476,843,680
2012	387,566,872	795,595,368	9.20	228,838,969	1,412,001,209
2013	394,839,047	973,002,719	11.76	196,731,989	1,564,573,755
2014	390,844,206	1,000,031,808	12.24	353,732,646	1,744,608,660
2015	381,630,848	969,418,632	11.73	52,443,410	1,403,492,890
2016	382,257,166	883,943,202	10.77	292,214,037	1,558,414,405
2017	214,248,867	794,661,944	9.40	595,269,533	1,604,180,344
2018	210,679,842	663,708,218	7.73	691,696,835	1,566,084,896
2019	208,197,137	707,714,340	7.90	569,334,003	1,485,245,480
2020	204,752,249	708,508,889	7.80	629,036,142	1,542,297,280

### TOTAL ADDITIONS

Year Ended September 30  
(in millions)



# STATISTICAL SECTION

## SCHEDULES OF DEDUCTIONS BY TYPE

### SCHEDULE OF PENSION PLAN DEDUCTIONS BY TYPE

Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	Benefit Payments	Refunds and Transfers	Administrative and Other Expenses	Total
2011	\$ 3,942,027,101	\$ 36,591,206	\$ 22,926,393	\$ 4,001,544,700
2012	4,082,242,506	31,865,139	37,119,630	4,151,227,275
2013	4,238,482,066	30,451,235	25,002,153	4,293,935,454
2014	4,388,328,517	28,840,650	23,711,249	4,440,880,415
2015	4,530,914,738	136,902,057	24,487,325	4,692,304,120
2016	4,671,299,698	26,996,969	26,213,125	4,724,509,792
2017	4,806,958,754	26,112,046	26,133,359	4,859,204,159
2018	4,934,638,368	28,632,230	25,951,960	4,989,222,559
2019	5,058,624,097	29,344,631	27,740,993	5,115,709,721
2020	5,183,129,306	27,916,861	23,118,595	5,234,164,762

### SCHEDULE OF OPEB PLAN DEDUCTIONS BY TYPE

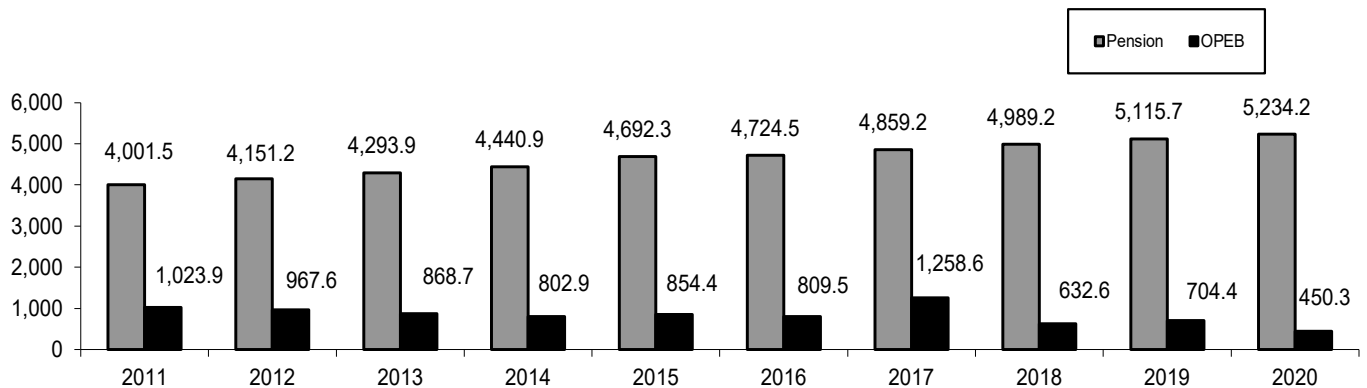
Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	Benefit Payments	Refunds and Transfers	Administrative and Other Expenses	Total
2011	\$ 910,023,134	\$ 39,133	\$ 113,790,777	\$ 1,023,853,044
2012	785,896,356	2,461,527	179,259,224	967,617,107
2013	711,578,683	9,177,658	147,972,842	868,729,183
2014	669,240,164	68,930	133,623,320	802,932,413
2015	700,904,663	95,860	153,410,971	854,411,494
2016	653,086,198	93,387	156,358,057	809,537,642
2017	548,269,421	553,960,659	156,354,596	1,258,584,675
2018	477,124,380	344,297	155,149,286	632,617,963
2019	542,033,925	33,591	162,320,970	704,388,486
2020	286,464,930	112,571	163,713,058	450,290,559

### TOTAL DEDUCTIONS

Year Ended September 30

(in millions)





# STATISTICAL SECTION

## SCHEDULES OF DEDUCTIONS BY TYPE

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# STATISTICAL SECTION

## SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – PENSION PLAN

Last Ten Years  
(in thousands)

	Fiscal Year			
	2011	2012	2013	2014
Member contributions	\$ 332,209	\$ 335,471	\$ 385,008	\$ 405,444
Employer contributions	1,156,061	1,454,439	1,364,136	1,600,375
Net investment income	1,331,744	5,386,497	4,858,463	6,190,449
Transfer from other systems	5	-	-	-
Miscellaneous income	704	579	1,356	2,262
<b>Total Additions</b>	<b>2,820,722</b>	<b>7,176,986</b>	<b>6,609,063</b>	<b>8,198,530</b>
Pension benefits	3,942,027	4,082,243	4,238,482	4,388,329
Refunds of contributions	36,591	31,865	30,450	28,841
Transfer to other systems	2	-	1	-
Administrative and Other Expenses	22,926	37,120	25,002	23,711
<b>Total Deductions</b>	<b>4,001,546</b>	<b>4,151,228</b>	<b>4,293,935</b>	<b>4,440,880</b>
<b>Changes in net position</b>	<b>\$ (1,180,823)</b>	<b>\$ 3,025,758</b>	<b>\$ 2,315,128</b>	<b>\$ 3,757,650</b>

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – OPEB PLAN

Last Ten Years  
(in thousands)

	Fiscal Year			
	2011	2012	2013	2014
Member contributions				
Employer contributions	\$ 384,978	\$ 387,567	\$ 394,839	\$ 390,844
Other governmental contributions	794,840	795,595	973,303	1,000,032
Net investment income	163,949	17,406	9	138
Miscellaneous income	132,993	210,642	196,646	353,064
<b>Total Additions</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>790</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>531</b>
	<b>1,476,844</b>	<b>1,412,001</b>	<b>1,564,574</b>	<b>1,744,609</b>
Health care benefits	910,023	785,896	711,579	699,240
Refunds of contributions	39	2,462	1,095	68
Transfers to other systems	-	-	8,083	1
Uncollectible receivables	-	37,551	-	-
Administrative and Other Expenses	113,791	141,708	147,973	133,623
<b>Total Deductions</b>	<b>1,023,853</b>	<b>967,617</b>	<b>868,729</b>	<b>832,932</b>
<b>Changes in net position</b>	<b>\$ 452,991</b>	<b>\$ 444,384</b>	<b>\$ 695,845</b>	<b>\$ 941,676</b>

# STATISTICAL SECTION

## SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Fiscal Year (continued)					
2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 395,722	\$ 398,893	\$ 427,988	\$ 393,059	\$ 403,147	\$ 401,626
1,967,611	2,308,657	2,398,950	2,791,509	2,706,713	2,808,839
937,663	3,094,694	5,582,660	5,135,866	2,519,320	2,545,231
-	-	-	-	-	-
480	484	811	504	202	74
3,301,476	5,802,728	8,410,408	8,320,938	5,629,381	5,755,771
4,530,915	4,671,300	4,806,959	4,934,638	5,058,624	5,183,129
136,901	26,994	26,092	28,632	29,345	27,917
1	3	20	-	-	-
24,487	26,213	26,133	25,952	27,741	23,119
4,692,304	4,724,510	4,859,204	4,989,223	5,115,710	5,234,165
\$ (1,390,828)	\$ 1,078,218	\$ 3,551,204	\$ 3,331,715	\$ 513,672	\$ 521,606

Fiscal Year (continued)					
2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 381,631	\$ 382,257	\$ 214,249	\$ 210,680	\$ 208,197	\$ 204,752
969,419	883,943	794,662	663,708	707,714	708,509
213	2,411	5	96,708	233,196	254,348
52,064	289,644	595,089	594,893	336,063	374,570
166	159	176	96	74	118
1,403,493	1,558,414	1,604,180	1,566,085	1,485,245	1,542,297
700,904	653,086	548,269	477,124	542,034	286,465
96	93	553,961	344	34	113
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
153,411	156,358	156,355	155,149	162,321	163,713
854,411	809,538	1,258,585	632,618	704,388	450,291
\$ 549,081	\$ 748,877	\$ 345,596	\$ 933,467	\$ 780,857	\$ 1,092,007

# STATISTICAL SECTION

## SCHEDULES OF BENEFITS AND REFUNDS BY TYPE

### SCHEDULE OF PENSION BENEFITS AND REFUNDS BY TYPE

Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	Regular Benefits*	Disability Benefits	Survivor Benefits	Refunds		Retired Benefits	Total
				Employer	Employee		
2011	\$ 3,655,588,461	\$ 60,232,300	\$ 226,200,505	\$ 1,311,729	\$ 35,249,374	\$ 29,934	\$ 3,978,612,303
2012	3,779,064,349	62,414,881	240,763,276	98,202	31,720,355	46,582	4,114,107,645
2013	3,919,541,949	65,421,037	253,519,080	96,131	30,340,582	13,507	4,268,932,286
2014	4,052,801,025	68,329,595	267,197,897	459,114	28,380,803	732	4,417,169,166
2015	4,179,445,527	70,240,170	281,229,041	112,468,242	24,416,139	17,016	4,667,816,135
2016	4,303,690,804	71,924,352	295,684,541	2,478,596	24,507,177	7,771	4,698,293,241
2017	4,422,445,301	73,317,357	311,196,097	126,312	25,971,639	14,096	4,833,070,801
2018	4,532,304,321	74,811,652	327,522,395	217,568	28,375,762	38,900	4,963,270,599
2019	4,642,670,631	74,985,320	340,968,146	109,747	29,218,328	16,556	5,087,968,728
2020	4,750,068,120	75,601,669	357,459,517	434,172	27,480,393	2,297	5,211,046,168

\* Includes prior post retirement adjustments

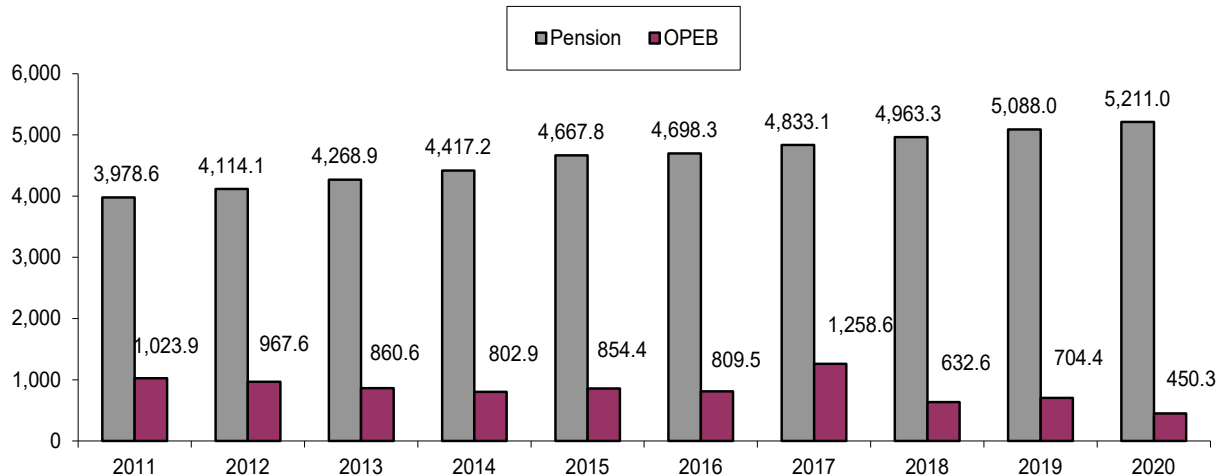
### SCHEDULE OF OPEB BENEFITS AND REFUNDS BY TYPE

Last Ten Years

Ended Sept. 30	Health Benefits	Dental/Vision Benefits	Administrative Expenses	OPEB Refunds	Total
2011	\$ 815,311,950	\$ 94,711,184	\$ 113,790,777	\$ 39,133	\$ 1,023,853,044
2012	690,268,502	95,627,854	179,259,224	2,461,527	967,617,107
2013	612,955,516	98,623,167	147,972,842	1,095,145	860,646,670
2014	582,398,966	86,841,198	133,623,320	68,141	802,931,624
2015	617,493,539	83,411,124	153,410,971	95,860	854,411,494
2016	567,230,086	85,856,112	156,358,057	93,387	809,537,642
2017	474,032,868	74,236,553	156,354,596	553,960,659	1,258,584,675
2018	402,747,129	74,377,251	155,149,286	344,297	632,617,963
2019	469,017,033	73,016,892	162,320,970	33,591	704,388,486
2020	226,140,881	60,324,050	163,713,058	112,571	450,290,559

### TOTAL BENEFIT DEDUCTIONS

Year Ended September 30  
(in millions)



# STATISTICAL SECTION

## SCHEDULES OF RETIRED MEMBERS BY TYPE OF BENEFIT

### SCHEDULE OF RETIRED MEMBERS BY TYPE OF PENSION BENEFITS

September 30, 2019

Monthly Pension Benefit Amt	Number of Retirees	Type of Retirement *						Selected Option**				
		1	2	3	4	5	6	Opt. 1	Opt. 2	Opt. 3	Opt. 4	Opt.1E 2E,3E,4E
\$ 1 - 400	34,323	29,940	2,543	152	1,293	6	389	18,232	8,052	5,431	851	1,757
401 - 800	32,450	27,504	2,078	152	2,080	2	634	16,547	6,902	6,130	1,193	1,678
801 - 1,200	22,131	18,546	1,625	76	1,305	2	577	10,367	4,622	4,577	1,064	1,501
1,201 - 1,600	17,280	14,262	1,681	27	861	3	446	7,237	3,776	3,513	1,067	1,687
1,601 - 2,000	15,901	13,487	1,481	16	550	-	367	6,074	3,425	3,223	1,083	2,096
2,001 - 2,400	16,677	14,797	1,164	1	437	3	275	6,132	3,652	3,266	1,253	2,374
2,401 - 2,800	17,557	16,115	957	5	240	-	240	6,547	3,914	3,516	1,458	2,122
2,801 - 3,200	17,100	16,044	799	2	133	-	122	7,019	3,544	3,558	1,428	1,551
3,201 - 3,600	14,705	13,971	588	1	52	1	92	6,548	2,887	3,082	1,263	925
3,601 - 4,000	10,879	10,426	382	-	14	-	57	5,267	1,915	2,200	962	535
over 4,000	19,934	19,282	560	-	4	-	88	10,845	2,998	3,771	1,690	630
Totals	218,937	194,374	13,858	432	6,969	17	3,287	100,815	45,687	42,267	13,312	16,856

\* Type of Retirement

- 1 – Normal retirement for age and service
- 2 – Survivor payment – normal retirement
- 3 – Duty disability retirement (including survivors)
- 4 – Nonduty disability retirement (including survivors)
- 5 – Survivor payment – duty death in service
- 6 – Survivor payment – nonduty death in service

\*\* Selected Option

- Opt. 1 – Straight life allowance
- Opt. 2 – 100% survivor option
- Opt. 3 – 50% survivor option
- Opt. 4 – 75% survivor option
- Opt. 1E, 2E, 3E, 4E – Equated retirement plans

Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

### SCHEDULE OF RETIRED MEMBERS BY TYPE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

September 30, 2019

Monthly Pension Benefit Amt	Number of Retirees	Type of Other Postemployment Benefits	
		Medical/Rx	Dental/Vision
\$ 1 - 400	34,323	14,931	18,030
401 - 800	32,450	18,629	21,571
801 - 1,200	22,131	14,858	16,590
1,201 - 1,600	17,280	12,625	13,842
1,601 - 2,000	15,901	12,332	13,299
2,001 - 2,400	16,677	13,356	14,215
2,401 - 2,800	17,557	14,170	15,089
2,801 - 3,200	17,100	13,960	14,798
3,201 - 3,600	14,705	12,193	12,790
3,601 - 4,000	10,879	9,181	9,628
Over 4,000	19,934	17,152	17,680
Totals	218,937	153,387	167,532

Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

# STATISTICAL SECTION

## SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS

### SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS – PENSION PLAN

Last Ten Years  
(\$ in millions)

Valuation Date Sept. 30	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded (Overfunded) Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)		Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
2010	\$ 43,294	\$ 58,543	\$ 15,250	74.0	%	\$ 8,845	172.4
2010 <sup>1</sup>	43,294	59,877	16,583	72.3		8,845	187.5
2010 <sup>2</sup>	43,294	60,927	17,633	71.1		8,845	199.4
2011	41,038	63,427	22,389	64.7		9,156	244.5
2012	38,450	62,716	24,266	61.3		8,649	280.6
2013	38,044	63,840	25,796	59.6		8,273	311.8
2014	39,626	65,050	25,424	60.9		8,167	311.3
2014 <sup>1</sup>	39,626	66,105	26,479	59.9		8,167	324.2
2015	41,006	67,728	26,721	60.5		8,264	323.3
2016	43,204	68,858	25,654	62.7		8,206	312.6
2016 <sup>1</sup>	43,204	72,310	29,107	59.7		8,206	354.7
2017	45,397	73,327	27,930	61.9		8,221	339.7
2017 <sup>2</sup>	47,255	76,693	29,438	61.6		8,221	358.1
2018	49,313	77,865	28,552	63.3		8,300	344.0
2018 <sup>2</sup>	50,630	83,375	32,745	60.7		8,300	394.5
2019	51,422	85,202	33,780	60.4		8,691	388.7

<sup>1</sup> Revised actuarial assumptions and/or methods

<sup>2</sup> Revised benefit provisions

Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

### SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS – OPEB PLAN

Last Ten Years  
(\$ in millions)

Valuation Date Sept. 30	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded (Overfunded) Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)		Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
2010	\$ 999	\$ 28,627	\$ 27,627	3.5	%	\$ 8,845	312.4
2011	1,156	27,046	25,890	4.3		9,156	282.8
2012 <sup>1</sup>	1,348	14,788	13,440	9.1		8,649	155.4
2013	2,041	14,534	12,493	14.0		8,273	151.0
2014 <sup>2</sup>	2,982	14,161	11,180	21.1		8,167	136.9
2015	3,531	12,832	9,302	27.5		8,264	112.6
2016 <sup>2</sup>	4,279	13,776	9,497	31.1		8,206	115.7
2017	5,178	13,116	7,938	39.5		8,221	96.6
2017 <sup>2</sup>	5,178	15,588	8,410	38.1		8,221	102.3
2018	5,944	12,873	6,928	46.2		8,300	83.4
2018 <sup>2</sup>	6,089	13,749	7,659	44.3		8,300	92.3
2019	6,958	13,010	6,052	53.5		8,691	69.6

<sup>1</sup> Revised investment rate of return from 4% to 8% due to prefunding

<sup>2</sup> Revised actuarial assumptions and/or methods

Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

# STATISTICAL SECTION

## SCHEDULE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

For Year Ended September 30, 2020

### Claims

Health Insurance	\$ 35,912,025
Vision Insurance	3,396,089
Dental Insurance	<u>54,685,851</u>

<b>Total Claims</b>	<u>93,993,964</u>
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### Estimated Claims Liability

Health Insurance	190,228,856
Vision Insurance	331,759
Dental Insurance	<u>1,910,351</u>

<b>Total Estimated Claims Liability</b>	<u>192,470,966</u>
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### Administrative Fees

Staff Salaries	1,474,797
Retirement and Social Security	797,717
Other Fringe Benefits	298,307
Accounting	242,055
Actuarial	45,794
Audit	56,808
Consulting	1,539,203
Medical	31,805
Building Rentals	113,102
Equipment Purchase, Maintenance, and Rentals	4,721
Travel and Board Meetings	1,870
Office Supplies	863
Printing	27,035
Postage, Telephone, and Other	219,260
Technological Support	1,360,236
Health Insurance	152,610,330
Vision Insurance	4,676,858
Dental Insurance	<u>212,297</u>

<b>Total Administrative Fees</b>	<u>163,713,058</u>
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<b>Subtotal</b>	450,177,988
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Refunds	<u>112,570</u>
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<b>Grand Total</b>	<u><u>\$ 450,290,559</u></u>
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# STATISTICAL SECTION

## SCHEDULES OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENTS

### SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENTS – PENSION

Last Ten Years

Payment Periods	Credited Service (Years) as of September 30							Total
	0 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 15	15 - 20	20 - 25	25 - 30	30+	
Period 10/1/09 to 9/30/10:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,205	\$ 209	\$ 351	\$ 630	\$ 1,039	\$ 1,561	\$ 2,669	\$ 1,693
Average Final Average Salary	37,222	19,559	20,269	26,822	33,777	40,271	57,785	42,731
Number of Active Retirants	1,909	6,421	20,817	25,838	25,368	20,058	87,311	187,722
Period 10/1/10 to 9/30/11:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,296	\$ 219	\$ 363	\$ 647	\$ 1,068	\$ 1,602	\$ 2,720	\$ 1,727
Average Final Average Salary	38,093	20,161	21,020	27,580	34,720	41,391	58,505	43,471
Number of Active Retirants	2,389	6,632	21,460	26,403	25,886	20,654	89,011	192,435
Period 10/1/11 to 9/30/12:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,385	\$ 226	\$ 375	\$ 667	\$ 1,096	\$ 1,639	\$ 2,766	\$ 1,752
Average Final Average Salary	39,388	20,586	21,774	28,601	35,728	42,408	59,109	44,113
Number of Active Retirants	2,941	6,824	22,030	27,276	26,604	21,049	89,937	196,661
Period 10/1/12 to 9/30/13:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,266	\$ 234	\$ 390	\$ 687	\$ 1,122	\$ 1,671	\$ 2,808	\$ 1,779
Average Final Average Salary	35,857	21,024	22,588	29,490	36,703	43,385	59,676	44,771
Number of Active Retirants	832	7,145	22,991	28,363	27,684	21,754	92,183	200,952
Period 10/1/13 to 9/30/14:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 141	\$ 219	\$ 396	\$ 699	\$ 1,139	\$ 1,689	\$ 2,846	\$ 1,806
Average Final Average Salary	10,750	20,617	23,263	30,235	37,612	44,258	60,156	45,423
Number of Active Retirants	200	6,971	23,668	29,017	28,219	22,022	94,415	204,512
Period 10/1/14 to 9/30/15:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 140	\$ 223	\$ 405	\$ 715	\$ 1,162	\$ 1,718	\$ 2,891	\$ 1,834
Average Final Average Salary	10,985	20,900	23,773	30,934	38,452	45,125	60,759	46,045
Number of Active Retirants	187	7,021	24,081	29,535	28,853	22,465	95,509	207,651
Period 10/1/15 to 9/30/16:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 126	\$ 228	\$ 414	\$ 729	\$ 1,183	\$ 1,741	\$ 2,933	\$ 1,860
Average Final Average Salary	11,346	21,161	24,205	31,512	39,139	45,895	61,328	46,613
Number of Active Retirants	178	7,100	24,401	30,106	29,407	22,989	96,826	211,007
Period 10/1/16 to 9/30/17:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 129	\$ 233	\$ 423	\$ 743	\$ 1,203	\$ 1,762	\$ 2,974	\$ 1,885
Average Final Average Salary	11,825	21,365	24,663	32,032	39,890	46,663	61,894	47,166
Number of Active Retirants	176	7,163	24,784	30,551	29,998	23,461	97,856	213,989
Period 10/1/17 to 9/30/18:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 127	\$ 237	\$ 432	\$ 756	\$ 1,222	\$ 1,785	\$ 3,013	\$ 1,911
Average Final Average Salary	12,020	21,612	25,128	32,528	40,512	47,435	62,500	47,754
Number of Active Retirants	170	7,172	25,043	30,860	30,559	23,873	98,941	216,618
Period 10/1/18 to 9/30/19:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 136	\$ 243	\$ 440	\$ 769	\$ 1,241	\$ 1,808	\$ 3,051	\$ 1,936
Average Final Average Salary	11,966	21,911	25,515	32,959	41,069	48,209	63,064	48,292
Number of Active Retirants	165	7,111	25,398	31,109	31,044	24,233	99,877	218,937

Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.



# STATISTICAL SECTION

## SCHEDULES OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENTS

### SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENTS – MEDICAL/Rx\*

Payment Periods	Last Ten Years							Total
	Credited Service (Years) as of September 30							
	0 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 15	15 - 20	20 - 25	25 - 30	30+	
Period 10/1/09 to 9/30/10:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,318	\$ 227	\$ 395	\$ 673	\$ 1,087	\$ 1,825	\$ 2,767	\$ 1,841
Average Final Average Salary	39,573	19,994	21,582	27,699	34,383	44,302	58,280	44,642
Number of Active Retirants	1,423	4,527	11,064	17,419	19,071	23,284	63,983	140,771
Period 10/1/10 to 9/30/11:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,407	\$ 238	\$ 412	\$ 693	\$ 1,119	\$ 1,860	\$ 2,825	\$ 1,890
Average Final Average Salary	40,812	20,557	22,546	28,618	35,375	45,063	59,127	45,605
Number of Active Retirants	1,810	4,551	10,939	17,498	19,279	23,591	65,246	142,914
Period 10/1/11 to 9/30/12:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,476	\$ 247	\$ 430	\$ 716	\$ 1,149	\$ 1,898	\$ 2,875	\$ 1,925
Average Final Average Salary	41,556	21,162	23,562	29,744	36,497	45,793	59,805	46,394
Number of Active Retirants	2,248	4,625	11,007	17,996	19,835	23,855	66,308	145,874
Period 10/1/12 to 9/30/13:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,430	\$ 257	\$ 452	\$ 738	\$ 1,178	\$ 1,931	\$ 2,921	\$ 1,968
Average Final Average Salary	41,834	21,668	24,615	30,728	37,590	46,550	60,458	47,289
Number of Active Retirants	534	4,677	11,071	18,375	20,387	24,342	67,874	147,260
Period 10/1/13 to 9/30/14:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 137	\$ 242	\$ 459	\$ 750	\$ 1,201	\$ 1,964	\$ 2,965	\$ 2,009
Average Final Average Salary	19,937	21,414	25,426	31,541	38,682	47,376	61,032	48,129
Number of Active Retirants	180	4,477	10,953	18,562	20,546	24,482	69,273	148,473
Period 10/1/14 to 9/30/15:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 143	\$ 247	\$ 472	\$ 769	\$ 1,229	\$ 1,997	\$ 3,013	\$ 2,049
Average Final Average Salary	20,324	21,674	26,017	32,333	39,632	48,032	61,695	48,900
Number of Active Retirants	173	4,379	10,840	18,687	20,835	24,764	70,063	149,741
Period 10/1/15 to 9/30/16:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 138	\$ 253	\$ 485	\$ 787	\$ 1,256	\$ 2,026	\$ 3,057	\$ 2,088
Average Final Average Salary	19,783	22,021	26,590	33,032	40,491	48,659	62,296	49,636
Number of Active Retirants	168	4,304	10,690	18,791	21,025	24,987	71,001	150,966
Period 10/1/16 to 9/30/17:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 142	\$ 259	\$ 499	\$ 805	\$ 1,278	\$ 2,056	\$ 3,100	\$ 2,124
Average Final Average Salary	20,030	22,248	27,216	33,716	41,304	49,312	62,902	50,339
Number of Active Retirants	162	4,255	10,581	18,890	21,292	25,221	71,753	152,154
Period 10/1/17 to 9/30/18:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 146	\$ 265	\$ 513	\$ 819	\$ 1,300	\$ 2,088	\$ 3,143	\$ 2,161
Average Final Average Salary	20,088	22,594	27,854	34,257	41,980	49,988	63,534	51,048
Number of Active Retirants	161	4,166	10,442	18,843	21,521	25,389	72,412	152,934
Period 10/1/18 to 9/30/19:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 151	\$ 272	\$ 525	\$ 837	\$ 1,323	\$ 2,120	\$ 3,184	\$ 2,199
Average Final Average Salary	20,389	22,967	28,368	34,809	42,641	50,682	64,136	51,756
Number of Active Retirants	155	4,032	10,279	18,747	21,652	25,516	73,006	153,387

\* Average monthly benefits shown are pension benefits

Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

# STATISTICAL SECTION

## SCHEDULES OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENTS

### SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENTS – DENTAL/VISION\*

Last Ten Years

Payment Periods	Credited Service (Years) as of September 30							Total
	0 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 15	15 - 20	20 - 25	25 - 30	30+	
Period 10/1/09 to 9/30/10:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,281	\$ 225	\$ 389	\$ 662	\$ 1,072	\$ 1,816	\$ 2,754	\$ 1,804
Average Final Average Salary	38,901	19,894	21,438	27,429	34,054	44,112	58,156	44,062
Number of Active Retirants	1,526	5,047	12,555	19,237	20,621	24,738	66,628	150,352
Period 10/1/10 to 9/30/11:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,373	\$ 236	\$ 405	\$ 681	\$ 1,103	\$ 1,850	\$ 2,809	\$ 1,846
Average Final Average Salary	40,098	20,552	22,297	28,253	35,020	44,819	58,936	44,916
Number of Active Retirants	1,943	5,143	12,672	19,538	21,050	25,226	68,305	153,877
Period 10/1/11 to 9/30/12:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,449	\$ 244	\$ 421	\$ 703	\$ 1,131	\$ 1,887	\$ 2,858	\$ 1,879
Average Final Average Salary	40,959	21,086	23,246	29,330	36,063	45,532	59,582	45,648
Number of Active Retirants	2,407	5,217	12,781	20,098	21,642	25,426	69,194	156,765
Period 10/1/12 to 9/30/13:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,350	\$ 253	\$ 441	\$ 724	\$ 1,159	\$ 1,918	\$ 2,904	\$ 1,917
Average Final Average Salary	40,355	21,515	24,190	30,282	37,083	46,244	60,205	46,448
Number of Active Retirants	597	5,363	13,021	20,696	22,399	26,065	71,011	159,152
Period 10/1/13 to 9/30/14:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 136	\$ 238	\$ 449	\$ 737	\$ 1,181	\$ 1,948	\$ 2,948	\$ 1,955
Average Final Average Salary	20,147	21,195	24,997	31,104	38,155	47,009	60,778	47,262
Number of Active Retirants	220	5,161	12,983	20,960	22,660	26,333	72,599	160,916
Period 10/1/14 to 9/30/15:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 141	\$ 244	\$ 461	\$ 755	\$ 1,208	\$ 1,981	\$ 2,995	\$ 1,994
Average Final Average Salary	20,322	21,538	25,579	31,868	39,101	47,659	61,425	48,020
Number of Active Retirants	208	5,090	12,883	21,114	23,037	26,641	73,532	162,505
Period 10/1/15 to 9/30/16:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 144	\$ 250	\$ 473	\$ 773	\$ 1,233	\$ 2,009	\$ 3,038	\$ 2,030
Average Final Average Salary	20,388	21,837	26,085	32,530	39,877	48,255	62,021	48,717
Number of Active Retirants	206	5,025	12,743	21,322	23,304	26,977	74,629	164,206
Period 10/1/16 to 9/30/17:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 149	\$ 256	\$ 486	\$ 790	\$ 1,256	\$ 2,037	\$ 3,081	\$ 2,065
Average Final Average Salary	20,719	22,078	26,677	33,178	40,686	48,880	62,629	49,409
Number of Active Retirants	201	4,958	12,655	21,460	23,578	27,235	75,445	165,532
Period 10/1/17 to 9/30/18:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 154	\$ 262	\$ 499	\$ 805	\$ 1,276	\$ 2,067	\$ 3,121	\$ 2,101
Average Final Average Salary	21,083	22,461	27,269	33,734	41,325	49,520	63,233	50,095
Number of Active Retirants	199	4,880	12,520	21,459	23,884	27,482	76,327	166,751
Period 10/1/18 to 9/30/19:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 157	\$ 269	\$ 510	\$ 822	\$ 1,297	\$ 2,097	\$ 3,161	\$ 2,137
Average Final Average Salary	21,251	22,782	27,766	34,278	41,940	50,189	63,814	50,763
Number of Active Retirants	194	4,749	12,414	21,389	24,108	27,656	77,022	167,532

\*Average monthly benefits shown are pension benefits

Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

# STATISTICAL SECTION

## SCHEDULE OF PRINCIPAL PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS

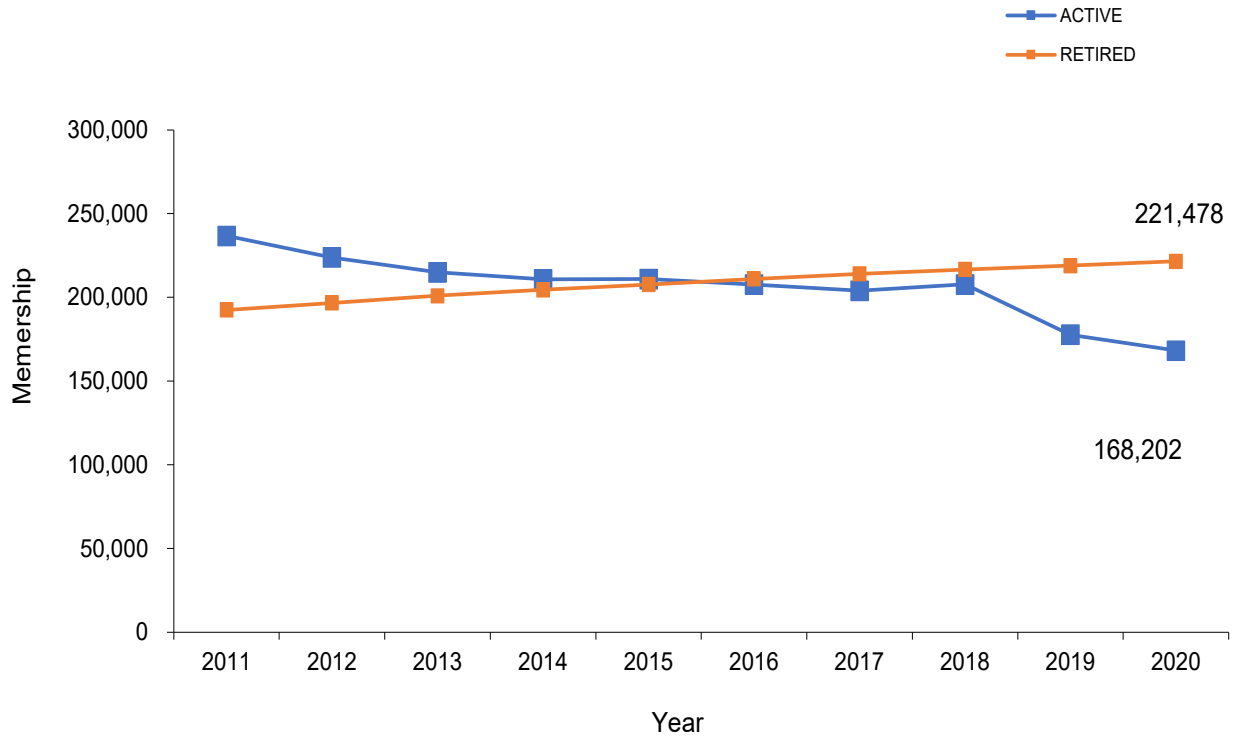
For Fiscal Years Ending September 30, 2019 and 2010

Participating Employer	2019		2010	
	Employees	Percentage of Total System	Employees	Percentage of Total System
Detroit Public Schools Community District	7,721	3.34 %	14,246	5.05 %
Dearborn Public Schools	3,268	1.41	2,795	0.99
Ann Arbor Public Schools	2,964	1.28	3,290	1.17
Grand Rapids Public Schools	2,801	1.21	3,357	1.19
Utica Community Schools	2,789	1.21	4,099	1.45
Kalamazoo Public Schools	2,235	0.97	2,335	0.83
Macomb Community College	2,138	0.92	2,548	0.90
Plymouth-Canton Community SD	2,100	0.91	2,488	0.88
Chippewa Valley Schools	2,053	0.89	1,961	0.69
Oakland Community College	2,015	0.87	2,844	1.01
All other	201,233	86.99	242,313	85.84
<b>Total</b>	<b>231,317</b>	<b>100.00 %</b>	<b>282,276</b>	<b>100.00 %</b>

# STATISTICAL SECTION

## TEN YEAR HISTORY OF MEMBERSHIP

Fiscal Year Ended September 30



Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

# STATISTICAL SECTION

## TEN YEAR HISTORY OF MEMBERSHIP

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# STATISTICAL SECTION

## SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS

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At 9/30/2020

### Universities:

Central Michigan University  
Eastern Michigan University  
Ferris State University  
Lake Superior State University  
Michigan Technological University  
Northern Michigan University  
Western Michigan University

### Community Colleges:

Alpena Community College  
Bay De Noc Community College  
Charles S Mott Community College  
Delta College  
Glen Oaks Community College  
Gogebic Community College  
Grand Rapids Community College  
Henry Ford College  
Jackson College  
Kalamazoo Valley Community College  
Kellogg Community College  
Kirtland Community College  
Lake Michigan College  
Lansing Community College  
Macomb Community College  
Mid-Michigan Community College  
Monroe County Community College  
Montcalm Community College  
Muskegon Community College  
North Central Michigan College  
Northwestern Michigan College  
Oakland Community College  
Schoolcraft Community College  
Southwestern Michigan College  
St Clair County Community College  
Washtenaw Community College  
Wayne County Community College  
West Shore Community College

### Intermediate School Districts:

Allegan Area Educational Service Agency  
Alpena-Montmorency-Alcona ESD  
Barry Intermediate School District  
Bay-Arenac Intermediate School District  
Berrien RESA  
Branch Intermediate School District  
Calhoun Intermediate School District  
Charlevoix-Emmet Intermediate School District  
Cheboygan-Otsego-Presque Isle ESD  
Clare-Gladwin Intermediate School District  
Clinton County RESA  
COOR Intermediate School District  
Copper Country Intermediate School District

Delta-Schoolcraft Intermediate School District  
Dickinson-Iron Intermediate School District  
Eastern U P Intermediate School District  
Eaton Intermediate School District  
Genesee Intermediate School District  
Gogebic-Ontonagon Intermediate School District  
Gratiot-Isabella RESD  
Hillsdale Intermediate School District  
Huron Intermediate School District  
Ingham Intermediate School District  
Ionia Intermediate School District  
Iosco RESA  
Jackson Intermediate School District  
Kalamazoo RESA  
Kent Intermediate School District  
Lapeer Intermediate School District  
Lenawee Intermediate School District  
Lewis Cass Intermediate School District  
Livingston ESA  
Macomb Intermediate School District  
Manistee Intermediate School District  
Marquette-Alger Intermediate School District  
Mecosta-Osceola Intermediate School District  
Menominee Intermediate School District  
Midland County Educational Service Agency  
Monroe Intermediate School District  
Montcalm Area Intermediate School District  
Muskegon Area Intermediate School District  
Newaygo County RESA  
Oakland Intermediate School District  
Ottawa Area Intermediate School District  
Saginaw Intermediate School District  
Sanilac Intermediate School District  
Shiawassee Regional Educational Service District  
St Clair County RESA  
St Joseph Intermediate School District  
Traverse Bay Area Intermediate School District  
Tuscola Intermediate School District  
Van Buren Intermediate School District  
Washtenaw Intermediate School District  
Wayne RESA  
West Shore Educational Service District  
Wexford-Missaukee Intermediate School District

# STATISTICAL SECTION

## SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS

### K-12 School Districts:

Adams Township School District	Big Bay De Noc School District
Adams-Sigel #3 School	Big Burning-Colfax School District #1F
Addison Community Schools	Big Jackson School District
Adrian Public Schools	Big Rapids Public Schools
Airport Community Schools	Birch Run Area Schools
Akron-Fairgrove Schools	Birmingham Public Schools
Alanson Public Schools	Blissfield Community School District
Alba Public Schools	Bloomfield Hills School District
Alcona Community Schools	Bloomington Public Schools
Algonac Community Schools	Bois Blanc Pines School District
Allegan Public Schools	Boyne City Public Schools
Allen Park Public Schools	Boyne Falls Public Schools
Allendale Public Schools	Brandon School District
Alma Public Schools	Brandywine Public Schools
Almont Community Schools	Breckenridge Community Schools
Alpena Public Schools	Breitung Township Schools
Anchor Bay School District	Bridgeport-Spaulding Community School District
Ann Arbor Public Schools	Bridgman Public Schools
Arenac-Eastern High School	Brighton Area Schools
Armada Area Schools	Brimley Public Schools
Arvon Township Schools	Britton-Deerfield Schools
Ashley Community Schools	Bronson Community Schools
Athens Area Schools	Brown City Community Schools
Atherton Community Schools	Buchanan Community Schools
Atlanta Community Schools	Buckley Community Schools
Au Gres-Sims School District	Bullock Creek School District
Autrain-Ontario Public Schools	Burr Oak Community Schools
Avondale School District	Burt Township School District
Bad Axe Public Schools	Byron Area Schools
Baldwin Community Schools	Byron Center Public Schools
Bangor Public Schools	Cadillac Area Public Schools
Bangor Township Schools	Caledonia Community Schools
Baraga Township Schools	Calumet Public Schools
Bark River-Harris Schools	Camden-Frontier School
Bath Community Schools	Capac Community Schools
Battle Creek Public Schools	Carman-Ainsworth Community School District
Bay City Public Schools	Carney-Nadeau Public Schools
Beal City Schools	Caro Community Schools
Bear Lake School District	Carrollton School District
Beaver Island Community Schools	Carson City-Crystal Area Schools
Beaverton Rural School District	Carsonville-Port Sanilac School
Bedford Public Schools	Caseville Public Schools
Beecher Community School District	Cass City Public Schools
Belding Area Schools	Cassopolis Public Schools
Bellaire Public Schools	Cedar Springs Public Schools
Bellevue Community Schools	Center Line Public Schools
Bendle Public Schools	Central Lake-Antrim County Public Schools
Bentley Community Schools	Central Montcalm Public Schools
Benton Harbor Area Schools	Centreville Public Schools
Benzie County Central Schools	Charlevoix Public Schools
Berkley School District	Charlotte Public Schools
Berrien Springs Public Schools	Chassell Township Schools
Bessemer Area School District	Cheboygan Area School District
	Chelsea School District
	Chesaning-Union Schools

# STATISTICAL SECTION

## SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS

### K-12 School Districts (continued):

Chippewa Hills School District	Ecorse Public Schools
Chippewa Valley Schools	Edwardsburg Public Schools
Church School	Elk Rapids Schools
Clare Public Schools	Ellsworth Community Schools
Clarenceville School District	Elm River Township Schools
Clarkston Community Schools	Engadine Consolidated School District #4
Clawson City School District	Escanaba Area Public Schools
Climax-Scotts Community Schools	Essexville-Hampton Public Schools
Clinton Community Schools	Evart Public Schools
Clintondale Community Schools	Ewen-Trout Creek Consolidated School District
Clio Area School District	Fairview Area Schools
Coldwater Community Schools	Farmington Public Schools
Coleman Community Schools	Farwell Area Schools
Coloma Community Schools	Fennville Public Schools
Colon Community School	Fenton Area Public Schools
Columbia School District	Ferndale City School District
Comstock Park Public Schools	Fitzgerald Public Schools
Comstock Public Schools	Flat Rock Community Schools
Concord Community Schools	Flint Community Schools
Constantine Public Schools	Flushing Community Schools
Coon-Berlin Township School District #3	Forest Area Schools
Coopersville Public Schools	Forest Hills Public Schools
Corunna Public Schools	Forest Park School District
Covert Public Schools	Fowler Public Schools
Crawford-AuSable School District	Fowlerville Community Schools
Crawford-Excelsior School District #1	Frankenmuth School District
Crestwood School District	Frankfort-Elberta Area Schools
Croswell-Lexington Schools	Fraser Public Schools
Dansville Schools	Freeland Community Schools
Davison Community Schools	Fremont Public Schools
Dearborn Heights School District #7	Fruitport Community Schools
Dearborn Public Schools	Fulton Schools
Decatur Public Schools	Galesburg-Augusta Community School District
Deckerville Community School District	Garden City Public Schools
Delton-Kellogg Schools	Gaylord Community Schools
DeTour Area Schools	Genesee School District
Detroit Public Schools Community District	Gibraltar School District
Dewitt Public Schools	Gladstone Area Schools
Dexter Community Schools	Gladwin Community Schools
Dollar Bay-Tamarack School District	Glen Lake Community Schools
Dowagiac-Union School District	Glenn-Ganges School District #4
Dryden Community Schools	Gobles Public Schools
Dundee Community Schools	Godfrey-Lee Public Schools
Durand Area Schools	Godwin Heights Public Schools
East China School District	Goodrich Area Schools
East Grand Rapids Public Schools	Grand Blanc Community Schools
East Jackson Public Schools	Grand Haven Public Schools
East Jordan Public Schools	Grand Ledge Public Schools
East Lansing Public Schools	Grand Rapids Public Schools
Eastpointe Community Schools	Grandville Public Schools
Eaton Rapids Public Schools	Grant Public Schools
Eau Claire Public Schools	Grant Township School
Eccles-Sigel #4 School	Grass Lake Community Schools
	Greenville Public Schools



# STATISTICAL SECTION

## SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS

### K-12 School Districts (continued):

Grosse Ile Township Schools	Kalkaska Public Schools
Grosse Pointe Public Schools	Kearsley Community Schools
Gull Lake Community Schools	Kelloggsville Public Schools
Gwinn Area Community Schools	Kenowa Hills Public Schools
Hale Area Schools	Kent City Community Schools
Hamilton Community Schools	Kentwood Public Schools
Hamtramck Public Schools	Kingsley Area Schools
Hancock Public Schools	Kingston Community Schools
Hanover Horton School District	Laingsburg Community Schools
Harbor Beach Community School District	Lake City Area Schools
Harbor Springs Public Schools	Lake Fenton Community School District
Harper Creek Community Schools	Lake Linden-Hubbell Public Schools
Harper Woods Public Schools	Lake Orion Community School #3
Harrison Community Schools	Lake Shore Public Schools
Hart Public Schools	Laker Schools
Hartford Public Schools	Lakeshore Public Schools
Hartland Consolidated Schools	Lakeview Community Schools
Haslett Public Schools	Lakeview Public Schools
Hastings Area School District	Lakeview School District
Haynor Easton Township School District #6	Lakeville Community Schools
Hazel Park Public Schools	Lakewood School District
Hemlock Public Schools	Lamphere Public Schools
Hesperia Community Schools	L'Anse Creuse Public Schools
Hillman Community Schools	L'Anse Public Schools
Hillsdale Community Schools	Lansing Public Schools
Holland Public Schools	Lapeer Public Schools
Holly Area Schools	Lawrence Public Schools
Holt Public Schools	Lawton Community Schools
Holton Public Schools	Leland Public Schools
Homer Community Schools	Les Cheneaux Community Schools
Hopkins Public Schools	Leslie Public Schools
Houghton Lake Community Schools	Lincoln Consolidated Schools
Houghton-Portage Township School District	Lincoln Park Public Schools
Howell Public Schools	Linden Community Schools
Hudson Area Schools	Litchfield Community Schools
Hudsonville Public Schools	Livonia Public Schools
Huron School District	Lowell Area Schools
Huron Valley School District	Ludington Area Schools
Ida Public Schools	Mackinaw City Public Schools
Imlay City Community Schools	Mackinac Island Public Schools
Inland Lakes Schools	Madison District Public Schools
Ionia Public Schools	Madison School District #2
Iron Mountain Public Schools	Mancelona Public Schools
Ironwood-Gogebic City Area Schools	Manchester Community Schools
Ishpeming Public Schools	Manistee Public Schools
Ithaca Public Schools	Manistique Area Schools
Jackson Public Schools	Manton Consolidated School District
Jefferson Schools	Maple Valley Schools
Jenison Public Schools	Mar Lee School District
Johannesburg-Lewiston Area Schools	Marcellus Community Schools
Jonesville Community Schools	Marion Public Schools
Kalamazoo Public Schools	Marlette Community Schools
Kaleva Norman Dickson School District	Marquette Area Public Schools
	Marshall Public Schools
	Martin Public Schools

# STATISTICAL SECTION

## SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS

### K-12 School Districts (continued):

Marysville Public Schools	Northwest School District
Mason Co.-Eastern-Custer #5 School District	Norway-Vulcan Area Schools
Mason Consolidated Schools	Nottawa Community Schools
Mason County Central School District	Novi Community School District
Mason Public Schools	Oak Park School District
Mattawan Consolidated Schools	Oakridge Public Schools
Mayville Community Schools	Okemos Public Schools
McBain Rural Agricultural School	Olivet Community Schools
Melvindale-Northern Allen Park School District	Onaway Area Community Schools
Memphis Community Schools	Onkama Consolidated Schools
Mendon Community School	Onsted Community Schools
Menominee Area Public Schools	Ontonagon Area School District
Meridian Public Schools	Orchard View Schools
Merrill Community Schools	Oscoda Area Schools
Mesick Consolidated Schools	Otsego Public Schools
Michigan Center School District	Ovid-Elsie Area Schools
Mid Peninsula Schools	Owendale-Gagetown Area Schools
Midland City Schools	Owosso Public Schools
Milan Area Schools	Oxford Area Community Schools
Millington Community School District	Parchment School District
Mio-AuSable Schools	Paw Paw Public Schools
Mona Shores School District #29	Peck Community Schools
Monroe Public Schools	Pellston Public Schools
Montabella Community Schools	Pennfield Public Schools
Montague Area Public Schools	Pentwater Public Schools
Montrose Community Schools	Perry Public Schools
Moran Township School District	Petoskey Public Schools
Morenci Area Schools	Pewamo-Westphalia Community School District
Morley-Stanwood Community Schools	Pickford Public Schools
Morrice Area Schools	Pinckney Community Schools
Mt Clemens Community Schools	Pinconning Area Schools
Mt Morris Consolidated Schools	Pine River Area Schools
Mt Pleasant Public Schools	Pittsford Area Schools
Munising Public Schools	Plainwell Community Schools
Muskegon City Public Schools	Plymouth-Canton Community School District
Muskegon Heights City Public Schools	Pontiac City School District
Napoleon Community School District	Port Huron Area Schools
Negaunee Public Schools	Portage Public Schools
New Buffalo Area Schools	Portland Public Schools
New Haven Community Schools	Posen Consolidated Schools
New Lothrop Area Public Schools	Pottersville Public Schools
Newaygo Public Schools	Powell Township School District
Nice Community Schools	Quincy Community Schools
Niles Public Schools	Rapid River Public Schools
North Adams-Jerome Public Schools	Ravenna Public Schools #24
North Branch Area Schools	Reading Community Schools
North Central Area Schools	Redford-Union School District #1
North Dickinson School	Reed City Public School District
North Huron Schools	Reese Public Schools
North LeValley School #2	Reeths-Puffer Schools
North Muskegon Public Schools	Republic-Michigamme Schools
Northport Public Schools	Richmond Community Schools
Northview Public Schools	River Rouge Public Schools
Northville Public Schools	River School

# STATISTICAL SECTION

## SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS

### K-12 School Districts (continued):

River Valley School District	Thornapple-Kellogg School
Riverside-Hagar School District #6	Three Rivers Community Schools
Riverview Public Schools	Traverse City Public Schools
Rochester Community Schools	Trenton Public Schools
Rockford Public Schools	Tri-County Area Schools
Rogers City Area Schools	Troy City School District
Romeo Community Schools	Ubly Community Schools
Romulus Community Schools	Union City Community Schools
Roscommon Area Public Schools	Unionville-Sebewaing Area Schools
Roseville Community Schools	Utica Community Schools
Royal Oak City School District	Van Buren Public Schools
Rudyard Public Schools	Vanderbilt Area Schools
Saginaw City Schools	Vandercook Lake Public Schools
Saginaw Township Community Schools	Van Dyke Public Schools
Saline Area Schools	Vassar Public Schools
Sand Creek Community Schools	Verona Mills School
Sandusky Community Schools	Vestaburg Community Schools
Saranac Community Schools	Vicksburg Community Schools
Saugatuck Public Schools	Wakefield-Marenisco School District
Sault Ste Marie Public Schools	Waldron Area Schools
Schoolcraft Community Schools	Walkerville Public Schools
Shelby Public Schools	Walled Lake Consolidated Schools
Shepherd Public Schools	Warren Consolidated Schools
South Haven Public Schools	Warren Woods Public Schools
South Lake Public Schools	Waterford School District
South Lyon Community Schools	Watersmeet Township School District
South Redford School District	Watervliet Public Schools
Southfield Public Schools	Waverly Community Schools
Southgate Community School District	Wayland Union Schools
Sparta Area Schools	Wayne-Westland Community Schools
Spring Lake Public Schools	Webberville Community Schools
Springport Public Schools	Wells Township School #18
St Charles Community Schools	West Bloomfield Schools
St Ignace Public Schools	West Branch-Rose City Area Schools
St Johns Public Schools	West Iron County Public Schools
St Joseph Public Schools	West Ottawa Public Schools
St Louis Public Schools	Western School District
Standish-Sterling Community School District	Westwood Community Schools
Stanton Township Public Schools	Westwood Heights Schools
Stephenson Area Public Schools	White Cloud Public Schools
Stockbridge Community Schools	White Pigeon Community Schools
Strange-Oneida School #3	Whitefish Township School
Sturgis Public Schools	Whiteford Agricultural School
Summerfield Schools	Whitehall District Schools
Superior Central School District	Whitmore Lake Public Schools
Suttons Bay Public Schools	Whitemore-Prescott Area Schools
Swan Valley School District	Williamston Community Schools
Swartz Creek Community Schools	Wolverine Community Schools
Tahquamenon Area School District	Wood School District #8, Bangor Township
Tawas Area Schools	Woodhaven-Brownstown School District
Taylor School District	Wyandotte Public Schools
Tecumseh Public Schools	Wyoming Public Schools
Tekonsha Community Schools	Yale Public School District
	Ypsilanti Community
	Zeeland Public Schools

# STATISTICAL SECTION

## SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS

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**Libraries:**

Ann Arbor District Library  
Bacon Memorial District Library  
Cheboygan Area Public Library  
Flint Public Library  
Grosse Pointe Public Library  
Hackley Public Library  
Kalamazoo Public Library  
Mt Clemens Public Library  
Public Libraries of Saginaw  
Willard District Library

West Michigan Aviation Academy  
West Village Academy  
Woodland Park Academy

**Public School Academies:**

AGBU Alex & Marie Manoogian School  
Arts Academy in the Woods  
Battle Creek Area Learning Center  
Bay-Arenac Community High School  
Blue Water Middle College Academy  
Central Academy  
Countryside Charter School  
Covenant House Academy Grand Rapids  
Creative Technologies Academy  
Crescent Academy  
Da Vinci Institute  
Dearborn Academy  
Edison Public School Academy  
El-Hajj Malik El-Shabazz Academy  
Flat River Academy  
Flint Cultural Center Academy  
George Washington Carver Academy  
Grand Rapids Child Discovery Center  
Greater Heights Academy  
Henry Ford Academy  
Holly Academy  
Honey Creek Community School  
Hope of Detroit Academy  
Joseph K. Lumsden Public School Academy  
Macomb Academy  
Martin Luther King, Jr. Public School Academy  
Muskegon Heights Public School Academy  
Nah Tah Wahsh Public School Academy  
New High School  
North Star Academy  
Outlook Academy  
Presque Isle Academy II  
Relevant Academy of Eaton County  
Richfield Public School Academy  
Rising Stars Academy  
Summit Academy  
Summit Academy North  
Three Lakes Academy  
Virtual Learning Academy of St Clair  
Walden Green Day School  
Washtenaw Technical Middle College  
Waterford Montessori Academy

# **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

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# ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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The *Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* is prepared by Financial Services, Fiscal Management Division. Staff of the division for the fiscal year 2020 report included:

## **Management:**

Jacqueline Huhn, Director  
Aver Hamilton, Accounting Manager

## **Accountants:**

Dan Harry  
Rick Legal  
Cindy Molzan  
Hope Richardson  
Paula Webb  
Carol Wheaton

## **Technical and Support Staff:**

Jamin Schroeder

Special thanks are also extended to the Office of Retirement Services personnel, accounting and support personnel throughout Financial Services, Investments Division of Treasury, Department of Health and Human Services cashing personnel, Office of the Auditor General, Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co., and the staff at the Office of Financial Management. Preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efforts of these individuals.

This report may be viewed online at: [www.michigan.gov/ors](http://www.michigan.gov/ors)