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# Michigan State Housing Development Authority

(a component unit of the State of Michigan)

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**Financial Report**

**with Supplemental Information**

**June 30, 2018**

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## Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors and  
Mr. Doug A. Ringler, CPA, CIA,  
Auditor General, State of Michigan  
Michigan State Housing Development Authority

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of the Michigan State Housing Development Authority (the "Authority"), a component unit of the State of Michigan, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Michigan State Housing Development Authority's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of the Michigan State Housing Development Authority as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 and the changes in its financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 17, during the year ended June 30, 2018, the Authority adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*, which established accounting and financial reporting standards for defined benefit OPEB plans provided to the employees of governmental employers. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

To the Board of Directors and  
Mr. Doug A. Ringler, CPA, CIA,  
Auditor General, State of Michigan  
Michigan State Housing Development Authority

**Other Matters**

**Required Supplemental Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

**Other Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Michigan State Housing Development Authority's basic financial statements. The other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplemental information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

**Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards**

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 22, 2018 on our consideration of the Michigan State Housing Development Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Michigan State Housing Development Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



October 22, 2018

# Michigan State Housing Development Authority

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

The Michigan State Housing Development Authority (the "Authority") provides financial and technical assistance through public and private partnerships to create and preserve decent, affordable housing for low- and moderate-income Michigan residents. The Authority was created under the terms of Act 346, Public Acts of Michigan of 1966, as amended. The Authority is authorized to issue its bonds and notes to the investing public in order to create a flow of private capital through the Authority into mortgage loans to qualified housing sponsors and to certain qualified individuals.

The Authority offers a variety of programs to provide affordable housing opportunities, such as single-family lending, low-interest property improvement lending, multifamily lending, mortgage credit certificates, and pass-through obligations.

The enclosed financial statements present the Authority's net position, revenue, expenses, changes in net position, and cash flows. The following is a condensed summary of financial information as of and for the years ended June 30, 2018, 2017, and 2016:

### Condensed Financial Information

(in thousands of dollars)

	2018	2017	2016
<b>Assets</b>			
Investments	\$ 878,005	\$ 808,575	\$ 968,764
Loans receivable - Net	2,617,819	2,413,644	2,285,923
Other assets	367,989	125,030	202,143
Capital assets	20,956	-	-
Total assets	3,884,769	3,347,249	3,456,830
<b>Accumulated Decrease in Fair Value of Hedging Derivatives</b>	12,564	52,634	134,547
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	51,638	42,214	15,365
Total assets, hedging derivatives, and deferred outflows	<b>\$ 3,948,971</b>	<b>\$ 3,442,097</b>	<b>\$ 3,606,742</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Bonds payable	\$ 2,603,963	\$ 2,049,494	\$ 2,065,320
Hedging derivatives	12,564	52,634	134,547
Other liabilities	617,783	579,139	637,437
Total liabilities	3,234,310	2,681,267	2,837,304
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	18,985	13,573	12,930
<b>Net Position</b>			
Net investment in capital assets	20,956	-	-
Restricted for bond repayment	434,314	434,389	438,204
Unrestricted	240,406	312,868	318,304
Total net position	695,676	747,257	756,508
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position	<b>\$ 3,948,971</b>	<b>\$ 3,442,097</b>	<b>\$ 3,606,742</b>

## Michigan State Housing Development Authority

### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

	2018	2017	2016
<b>Operating Revenue</b>			
Net investment income	\$ 49,835	\$ 61,404	\$ 64,188
Federal and state assistance programs revenue	542,661	536,694	552,727
Section 8 program administrative fees	16,985	17,572	18,282
Contract administration fees	8,046	8,143	6,880
Other income	<u>15,472</u>	<u>30,329</u>	<u>46,197</u>
Total revenue	632,999	654,142	688,274
<b>Operating Expenses</b>			
Federal and state assistance programs expenses	542,661	536,655	552,953
Salaries and benefits	35,927	34,607	37,230
Other general operating expenses	31,222	35,408	29,880
Other expenses	<u>6,228</u>	<u>13,701</u>	<u>24,617</u>
Total expenses	616,038	620,371	644,680
<b>Nonoperating Expenses - Grants and subsidies</b>	<u>7,526</u>	<u>43,022</u>	<u>9,664</u>
<b>Change in Net Position</b>	<u><b>\$ 9,435</b></u>	<u><b>\$ (9,251)</b></u>	<u><b>\$ 33,930</b></u>

### Financial Analysis

Total assets, hedging derivatives, and deferred outflows increased from \$3.44 billion at June 30, 2017 to \$3.95 billion at June 30, 2018. This was an increase of approximately \$506.9 million, or 14.7 percent. Total assets, hedging derivatives, and deferred outflows decreased from \$3.61 billion at June 30, 2016 to \$3.44 billion at June 30, 2017. This was a decrease of approximately \$164 million, or 4.56 percent.

Net loans receivable increased from \$2.40 billion at June 30, 2017 to \$2.61 billion at June 30, 2018. Loans receivable increased due to an increase in the closing of both multifamily and single-family mortgages (net increase of \$38.20 million and \$178.03 million, respectively).

Net loans receivable increased from \$2.29 billion at June 30, 2016 to \$2.40 billion at June 30, 2017. Loans receivable increased due to an increase in the closing of both multifamily and single-family mortgages (net increase of \$49.11 million and \$65.59 million, respectively).

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the Authority purchased its previously leased building for \$21.0 million. The capital assets reflect the purchase less accumulated depreciation.

Bonds payable increased from \$2.0 billion at June 30, 2017 to \$2.6 billion at June 30, 2018, a net increase of approximately \$554 million. The increase in bonds outstanding for the year ended June 30, 2018 was due primarily to the issuance of \$714.8 million in debt to fund the lending activities of the Authority, partially offset by early redemptions and maturities. Bonds payable is \$2.1 billion at June 30, 2016 to \$2.0 billion at June 30, 2017, a net decrease of approximately \$15.8 million.

Escrow funds, which are recorded in other liabilities, decreased by \$20.6 million from a year earlier to \$452.2 million at June 30, 2018 due to the market value of investments. Escrow funds decreased by \$36.8 million from a year earlier to \$472.8 million at June 30, 2017 due to the market value of investments.

## Michigan State Housing Development Authority

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### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

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The Authority's net position totaled \$695.7 million at June 30, 2018, equal to 17.9 percent of total assets and 21.5 percent of total liabilities. A significant portion of net position is restricted. At June 30, 2018, \$434.3 million of net position was pledged for payment against the various bond indentures. In addition, \$257.9 million is designated by board resolution represented by the Mortgage Resource Fund.

The Authority's net position totaled \$747.3 million at June 30, 2017, equal to 22.3 percent of total assets and 27.9 percent of total liabilities. A significant portion of net position is restricted. At June 30, 2017, \$434.4 million of net position was pledged for payment against the various bond indentures. In addition, \$249.2 million is designated by board resolution represented by the Mortgage Resource Fund.

The Authority's June 30, 2018 net position reflects a \$61.0 million negative entry in order to recognize the Authority's portion of the net healthcare and life insurance other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability as a result of implementing GASB 75. This action is further discussed in Note 17.

#### **Operating Results**

Operations for the year ended June 30, 2018 resulted in excess revenue over expenses of \$9.4 million, compared to prior year results of excess expenses over revenue of \$9.3 million. Operations for the year ended June 30, 2017 resulted in excess expenses over revenue of \$9.3 million, compared to prior year results of \$33.9 million. Under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31, the Authority is required to present investments at fair market value and reflect this adjustment in the statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position. This presentation increased expenses over revenue by approximately \$8.9 million. Results for the year ended June 30, 2017 were negatively impacted by a decrease of approximately \$19.7 million. Currently, GASB Statement No. 31 has had a cumulative negative effect of \$6.4 million on the Authority's net position; however, the Authority generally intends to hold these securities to maturity.

Net investment income decreased from \$61.4 million in 2017 to \$49.8 million in 2018, a decrease of \$11.6 million.

Total revenue decreased from \$654.1 million for the year ended June 30, 2017 to \$633.0 million for the year ended June 30, 2018, a net decrease of \$21.1 million. Total revenue decreased due primarily to a one-time event, where the Authority realized \$17.7 million of un-accrued interest in October of 2016. Total revenue decreased from \$688.3 million for the year ended June 30, 2016 to \$654.1 million for the year ended June 30, 2017, a net decrease of \$34.1 million. Total revenue decreased due primarily to the decrease in federal and state assistance program revenue and other income preservation fees of \$32.1 million.

## **Michigan State Housing Development Authority**

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### **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)**

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Total operating expenses decreased from \$620.4 million for the year ended June 30, 2017 to \$616.0 million for the year ended June 30, 2018, a net decrease of \$4.4 million. Total operating expenses decreased from \$644.7 million for the year ended June 30, 2016 to \$620.4 million for the year ended June 30, 2017, a net decrease of \$24.3 million. Total operating expenses decreased due primarily to a decrease in the federal and state assistance programs.



# Michigan State Housing Development Authority

## Statement of Net Position (in thousands of dollars)

June 30, 2018 and 2017

	2018	2017
<b>Assets, Hedging Derivatives, and Deferred Outflows</b>		
<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents</b> (Note 3)	\$ 299,603	\$ 70,673
<b>Investments</b> (Note 3)	878,005	808,575
<b>Loans Receivable</b> (Note 4)		
Multifamily mortgage loans	1,408,745	1,370,551
Single-family mortgage loans	1,200,914	1,022,882
Home improvement and moderate rehabilitation loans	3,804	4,549
Total	2,613,463	2,397,982
Accrued loan interest receivable	67,169	74,663
Allowance on loans receivable (Note 4)	(62,813)	(59,001)
Net loans receivable	2,617,819	2,413,644
<b>Other Assets</b>		
Real estate owned - Net	29,862	23,522
Other miscellaneous receivables and other assets	38,524	30,835
Total other assets	68,386	54,357
<b>Capital Assets, net</b> (Note 11)	20,956	-
Total assets	3,884,769	3,347,249
<b>Accumulated Decrease in Fair Value of Hedging Derivatives</b> (Note 15)	12,564	52,634
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>		
Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 9)	3,429	4,430
Deferred outflows related to OPEB (Note 10)	3,504	-
Deferred charges on refunding - Reassigned swaps (Note 15)	44,705	37,784
Total deferred outflows of resources	51,638	42,214
Total assets, hedging derivatives, and deferred outflows	<b>\$ 3,948,971</b>	<b>\$ 3,442,097</b>
<b>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position</b>		
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Bonds payable (Notes 5 and 6)	\$ 2,603,963	\$ 2,049,494
Hedging derivatives (Note 15)	12,564	52,634
Accrued interest payable	12,124	10,830
Escrow funds	452,175	472,767
Unamortized mortgage interest income (Note 7)	13,061	17,909
Net pension liability (Note 9)	34,606	37,029
Net OPEB liability (Note 10)	63,229	-
Other liabilities	42,588	40,604
Total liabilities	3,234,310	2,681,267
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>		
Deferred inflows related to pensions (Note 9)	2,180	76
Deferred inflows related to OPEB (Note 10)	1,663	-
Loan origination fees	15,142	13,497
Total deferred inflows of resources	18,985	13,573
<b>Net Position</b>		
Net investment in capital assets	20,956	-
Restricted for bond repayment (Note 12)	434,314	434,389
Unrestricted	240,406	312,868
Total net position	695,676	747,257
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position	<b>\$ 3,948,971</b>	<b>\$ 3,442,097</b>

See notes to financial statements.

## Michigan State Housing Development Authority

### Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (in thousands of dollars)

	Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017	
	2018	2017
<b>Operating Revenue</b>		
Investment income (loss):		
Loan interest income	\$ 129,138	\$ 152,263
Investment interest income	13,682	17,855
Decrease in fair value of investments - Including change in unrealized loss of \$8,884 in 2018 and \$19,682 in 2017	<u>(9,729)</u>	<u>(19,234)</u>
Total investment income	133,091	150,884
Less interest expense and debt financing costs	<u>83,256</u>	<u>89,480</u>
Net investment income	49,835	61,404
Other revenue:		
Federal and state assistance programs	542,661	536,694
Section 8 program administrative fees	16,985	17,572
Contract administration fees	8,046	8,143
Other income	<u>15,472</u>	<u>30,329</u>
Total other revenue	<u>583,164</u>	<u>592,738</u>
Total operating revenue	632,999	654,142
<b>Operating Expenses</b>		
Federal and state assistance programs	542,661	536,655
Salaries and benefits	35,927	34,607
Other general operating expenses	31,222	35,408
Loan servicing and insurance costs	6,151	5,353
Provision for possible losses on loans	<u>77</u>	<u>8,348</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>616,038</u>	<u>620,371</u>
<b>Operating Income - Before nonoperating expenses</b>	16,961	33,771
<b>Nonoperating Expenses - Grants and subsidies</b>	<u>(7,526)</u>	<u>(43,022)</u>
<b>Change in Net Position</b>	9,435	(9,251)
<b>Net Position - Beginning of year</b>	<u>747,257</u>	<u>756,508</u>
Restatement due to change in accounting principle (Note 16)	<u>(61,016)</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Net Position - End of year</b>	<u><b>\$ 695,676</b></u>	<u><b>\$ 747,257</b></u>

## Michigan State Housing Development Authority

### Statement of Cash Flows (in thousands of dollars)

Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

	2018	2017
<b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</b>		
Loan receipts	\$ 334,519	\$ 319,688
Other receipts	706,213	707,585
Loan disbursements	(421,210)	(314,957)
Payments to vendors	(68,770)	(104,516)
Payments to employees	(20,947)	(20,703)
Other disbursements	(668,619)	(649,413)
Net cash used in operating activities	(138,814)	(62,316)
<b>Cash Flows from Investing Activities</b>		
Purchase of investments	(515,076)	(588,216)
Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments	421,950	700,486
Interest received on investments	9,595	14,910
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(83,531)	127,180
<b>Cash Flows from Capital Financing Activities</b>		
Purchase of capital assets	(21,000)	-
<b>Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities</b>		
Proceeds from issuance of bonds - Less discounts	716,840	685,596
Principal repayments on bonds	(171,255)	(731,665)
Interest paid	(73,310)	(77,899)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	472,275	(123,968)
<b>Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>	228,930	(59,104)
<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of year</b>	70,673	129,777
<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of year</b>	<u>\$ 299,603</u>	<u>\$ 70,673</u>

## Michigan State Housing Development Authority

### Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

	2018	2017
<b>Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash from Operating Activities</b>		
Operating income	\$ 16,961	\$ 33,771
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash from operating activities:		
Change in deferred items	(2,277)	(11,335)
Arbitrage rebate expense	(146)	2,423
Investment interest income	(13,682)	(17,855)
Decrease in realized and unrealized gain on market value of investments	2,522	31,973
Interest expense on bonds and debt financing expense	84,882	89,560
Provision for possible losses on loans	77	8,348
Depreciation expense	44	-
Grants and subsidies	(7,526)	(43,022)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accrued loan interest receivable	7,494	(17,888)
Loans receivable	(215,481)	(113,838)
Other assets	(14,030)	18,010
Escrow funds	364	(36,853)
Other liabilities	1,984	(5,608)
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>\$ (138,814)</u>	<u>\$ (62,316)</u>

**Noncash Financing and Investing Activities** - During the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, the Authority foreclosed on various properties with mortgage values of approximately \$10.2 million and \$12.2 million, respectively.

## Michigan State Housing Development Authority

### Statement of Net Position – Michigan Homeowner Assistance Nonprofit Housing Corporation (Discretely Presented Component Unit) (in thousands of dollars)

	June 30, 2018 and 2017	
	2018	2017
<b>Assets</b>		
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Note 3)	\$ 95,021	\$ 161,560
Other Assets - Prepaid and other	133	517
Total assets	<u>\$ 95,154</u>	<u>\$ 162,077</u>
<b>Liabilities and Net Position</b>		
Liabilities - Accounts payable and other	\$ 331	\$ 393
Net Position - Restricted for Hardest Hit Program	94,823	161,684
Total liabilities and net position	<u>\$ 95,154</u>	<u>\$ 162,077</u>

## Michigan State Housing Development Authority

### Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Michigan Homeowner Assistance Nonprofit Housing Corporation (Discretely Presented Component Unit) (in thousands of dollars)

	Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017	
	2018	2017
<b>Operating Revenue</b>		
Hardest Hit Program	\$ -	\$ 152,241
Other income	1,084	6,559
Total operating revenue	1,084	158,800
<b>Operating Expenses</b>		
Program	61,761	66,893
Marketing	616	1,136
Contracted services	3,056	3,507
Other operating expenses	2,512	1,597
Total operating expenses	67,945	73,133
<b>Change in Net Position</b>	(66,861)	85,667
<b>Net Position</b> - Beginning of year	161,684	76,017
<b>Net Position</b> - End of year	<u>\$ 94,823</u>	<u>\$ 161,684</u>

## Michigan State Housing Development Authority

### Statement of Cash Flows – Michigan Homeowner Assistance Nonprofit Housing Corporation (Discretely Presented Component Unit) (in thousands of dollars)

Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

	2018	2017
<b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</b>		
Receipts of federal funds	\$ -	\$ 152,241
Payments to grantees	(61,761)	(66,893)
Payments to suppliers	(2,806)	(3,529)
Payments to contractors	(3,056)	(3,507)
Other receipts	1,084	6,559
	<u>(66,539)</u>	<u>84,871</u>
<b>Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>	<b>(66,539)</b>	<b>84,871</b>
<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of year</b>	<u>161,560</u>	<u>76,689</u>
<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of year</b>	<u><b>\$ 95,021</b></u>	<u><b>\$ 161,560</b></u>
<b>Reconciliation of Change in Net Position to Net Cash from Operating Activities</b>		
Change in net position	\$ (66,861)	\$ 85,667
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities - Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Prepaid expenses and other assets	384	(487)
Accounts payable	(62)	(309)
	<u>(66,539)</u>	<u>(309)</u>
Net cash and cash equivalents (used in) provided by operating activities	<u><b>\$ (66,539)</b></u>	<u><b>\$ 84,871</b></u>

June 30, 2018 and 2017

### Note 1 - Authorizing Legislation and Reporting Entity

The Michigan State Housing Development Authority (MSHDA or the "Authority") was created by the Michigan Legislature under the provisions of the State Housing Development Authority Act of 1966, as amended (the "Act"). The Authority, as a special purpose entity, is a component unit of the State of Michigan and is reported as an Enterprise Fund in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The Act empowers the Authority, among other things, to issue notes and bonds to finance housing for sale or rental to families with low and moderate income and to finance home improvements. The enabling legislation, along with the various bond and note resolutions adopted by the Authority, contains specific provisions pertaining to (a) the use of the proceeds from the sale of the notes and bonds, (b) the application of the revenue from mortgages, and (c) the creation of certain funds along with the accounting policies for such funds. The Authority is authorized by statute to have notes and bonds outstanding up to a total of \$4.2 billion.

#### Component Unit

**Michigan Homeowner Assistance Nonprofit Housing Corporation** - The Authority formed a nonprofit entity to operate the federal Hardest Hit Program. The entity, Michigan Homeowner Assistance Nonprofit Housing Corporation (the "Nonprofit"), was created on April 7, 2010 pursuant to the provisions of Act 162, Public Acts of 1982 and was formed as a 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The entity provides loans and grants, facilitates community development and revitalization in the state, and provides counseling, financial literacy education, and other services to prevent, reduce, and mitigate foreclosures and does not provide services to the Authority. The Authority is responsible for appointing, removing, and replacing the five members that make up the board of directors and can do so at will for any cause or without cause. The Authority's board of directors is not substantially the same as the Nonprofit's board of directors. The Nonprofit is considered a discretely presented component unit of the Michigan State Housing Development Authority and separately issues its own financial statements. The Nonprofit's separately issued financial statements can be obtained by contacting the Authority's management. The discretely presented component unit is reported in separate financial statements which follow the Authority's financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Authority.



**Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the Authority:

**Accounting and Reporting Principles** - The Authority follows accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. Accounting and financial reporting pronouncements are promulgated by the Government Accounting Standards Board. The Authority follows the business-type activities reporting requirements of GASB Statement No. 34, which provides a comprehensive one-line look at the Authority's financial activities.

**Basis of Accounting** - Proprietary funds use the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

**Report Presentation** - This report includes the fund-based statements of the Authority. In accordance with government accounting principles, a government-wide presentation with program and general revenue is not applicable to special purpose governments engaged only in business-type activities. The Authority presents all funds in a single-column presentation.

**Specific Balances and Transactions**

**Cash and Cash Equivalents** - The Authority considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents. The Authority also considers the U.S. government money market funds to be cash and cash equivalents.

**Investments** - The Authority reports investments at fair value. The collateralized and uncollateralized investment agreements are not transferable and are considered nonparticipating contracts. As such, both types of investment agreements are carried at contract value. The net decrease in the fair value of investments includes both realized and unrealized gains and losses.

June 30, 2018 and 2017

**Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

**Single-family Mortgage Loans Receivable** - Single-family mortgage loans receivable consist of the remaining principal due from each first mortgage and down payment assistance loan outstanding. Under the Authority's single-family program, participating lending institutions originate mortgages within underwriting parameters developed and provided by the Authority. Unless a mortgage loan meets the qualifying loan-to-value ratio, it must have private primary mortgage insurance or be insured by Federal Housing Administration (FHA) or guaranteed by the Veterans Administration (VA) or the United States Department of Agriculture. To date, the Authority has contracted with a sub-servicer to service the single-family mortgage portfolio.

**Multifamily Mortgage Loans Receivable** - Multifamily mortgage loans receivable consist of the remaining principal due from mortgagors of each completed development and construction advances for each development under construction under the multifamily program. Housing developments securing multifamily loans are subject to regulatory agreements under which the Authority has certain powers relating to rents, cash distributions, occupancy, management, and operations. Monies representing escrow funds for reserves for the payment of property taxes, insurance, property repairs and replacements, and income in excess of allowable cash distributions are required to be deposited with the Authority. Investment income earned on the deposited funds is credited to the respective mortgagor's escrow accounts.

**Allowance on Loans Receivable** - It is the Authority's policy to provide for future losses on mortgage loans based on an evaluation of the loan portfolio, current economic conditions, and such other factors, which, in the Authority's judgment, require consideration in estimating future mortgage loan losses. The allowance is maintained at a level considered by management to be adequate to provide for probable mortgage loan losses inherent in the portfolio.

**Capital Assets** - Capital assets are defined by the Authority as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$100,000 (except for land and land improvements at any cost and office furniture and intangible assets of more than \$5,000) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed.

**Real Estate Owned** - The Authority acquires real estate through foreclosure proceedings and holds that property until which time it can be sold at a fair price. These properties are valued at the lower of cost or fair market value and recorded net of estimated uncollectible amounts.

**Bonds Payable** - Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method; bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed at the time they are incurred.

June 30, 2018 and 2017

**Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

**Compensated Absences** - Authority employees accrue vacation and sick leave in varying amounts for each biweekly period worked. Employees may accumulate, subject to certain limitations, vacation and sick leave and, upon retirement, termination, or death, may be compensated for certain accumulated amounts at their then-current rates of pay. The Authority records an expense for all accumulated vacation and sick leave that the Authority would be required to pay if all employees terminated their employment. The compensated absences included in other liabilities at June 30, 2018 and 2017 totaled \$2,431,624 and \$2,415,350, respectively.

**Arbitrage Rebate** - Federal income tax rules limit the investment and loan yields which the Authority may retain for its own use from investing the proceeds from certain of its tax-exempt bond issues. The excess yields are payable to the U.S. Treasury and are recorded in other liabilities.

**Loan Origination Fees** - The Authority charges the mortgagor of each multifamily development a loan origination fee equal to 2 percent of the mortgage loan. These fees are amortized over the term of the loan receivable using the interest method.

**Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources** - In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Authority has four items that qualify for reporting in this category: the deferred outflows of resources related to the pension, deferred outflows of resources related to the other postemployment benefit costs, deferred charges on refunding - reassigned swaps, and the accumulated decrease in the fair value of hedging derivatives.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Authority has three items that qualify for reporting in this category: the deferred inflows of resources related to the pension, deferred inflows of resources related to the other postemployment benefit costs, and loan origination fees.

**Restricted Net Position** - Net position of the Authority is classified in three components. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and is reduced by the current balances of any outstanding borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets. The restricted component of net position consists of amounts pledged for payment against the various bond indentures. All of the net position of the component unit is restricted for eligible federal program expenditures. Unrestricted net position is the remaining net position that does not meet the definition of invested in capital or restricted. When an expense is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the Authority's policy is generally to first apply restricted resources.

June 30, 2018 and 2017

### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Federal and State Assistance Programs** - The Authority administers various federal and state programs and initiatives in its efforts to create decent affordable housing for low- to moderate-income families.

- Section 8 Program - The Authority receives federal financial assistance through various housing and rental programs to provide rental subsidies and tenant vouchers.
- Hardest Hit Program - A component unit of the Authority, Michigan Homeowner Assistance Nonprofit Housing Corporation administers funds under this program to prevent, reduce, and mitigate foreclosures.
- State Assistance Programs - Pursuant to PA 296 of 2012, the Authority received national foreclosure settlement funds through the State of Michigan's Homeowner's Protection Fund to provide foreclosure counseling and legal aid to homeowners, blight elimination, a home affordable refinance program, down payment assistance to homebuyers, and housing and community development.

**Pensions and Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)** - For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deduction from fiduciary net position of the State Employees' Retirement System (SERS) or the postemployment life insurance benefits plan (the "Plan") have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SERS or the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

**Operating Revenue and Expenses** - The Authority was created with the authority to issue bonds to the investing public in order to create a flow of private capital through the Authority into mortgage loans to qualified housing sponsors and to certain qualified individuals. The Authority's primary operation is to borrow funds in the bond market and use those funds to make single-family and multifamily loans. Its primary operating revenue is derived from loan interest income and the investment income from proceeds of bond funds. The primary cost of the program is interest expense on bonds outstanding. Net investment income is an important measure of performance under the Authority's primary operation. Investment income, interest expense, and net investment income are shown as operating revenue in the statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position.

**Nonoperating Expenses** - The nonoperating expenses are made up of nonfederal, nonrepayable grants and subsidies that the Authority awards on a discretionary basis. The awards are based on the amount of available authority funds and are not related to the operating activities of the Authority.

# Michigan State Housing Development Authority

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018 and 2017

### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Grants and Subsidies** - In January 2016, the Authority and the Michigan Strategic Fund entered into a Memo of Understanding (MOU) to combine certain community development-centered staff. As a part of this agreement, the Authority pledged to pay costs related to the staff that was to be transferred, annually over a 10-year period of time ending in January 2026. On June 28, 2017, the Authority approved a payment of \$30 million to satisfy the balance of the 10-year commitment. This payment was expensed during the year ended June 30, 2017.

**Other Income** - The Nonprofit component unit recovered disallowed program costs of \$6,372,146 during the year ended June 30, 2017. These costs were incurred by grant recipients in previous fiscal years. There were no recoveries for disallowed program costs during the year ended June 30, 2018.

**Use of Estimates** - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments held by the Authority were as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	MSHDA			Component Unit
	Cash and Cash Equivalents	Investments	Total	Cash and Cash Equivalents
<b>2018</b>				
Deposits	\$ 4,814	\$ -	\$ 4,814	\$ 6,944
Investments	<u>294,789</u>	<u>878,005</u>	<u>1,172,794</u>	<u>88,077</u>
Total	<u>\$ 299,603</u>	<u>\$ 878,005</u>	<u>\$ 1,177,608</u>	<u>\$ 95,021</u>
<b>2017</b>				
Deposits	\$ 10,670	\$ 260	\$ 10,930	\$ 3,068
Investments	<u>60,003</u>	<u>808,315</u>	<u>868,318</u>	<u>158,492</u>
Total	<u>\$ 70,673</u>	<u>\$ 808,575</u>	<u>\$ 879,248</u>	<u>\$ 161,560</u>

The investment noted above within the component unit relates to an investment pool valued at amortized cost under GASB 79. There are no limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals for the investment pool recorded at amortized cost.

June 30, 2018 and 2017

### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The Authority has designated eight banks for the deposit of its funds. The investment policy adopted by the board in accordance with state statutes has authorized investment of funds held in reserve or sinking funds, or monies not required for immediate use or disbursement in obligations of the State of Michigan or the United States government, in obligations of which the principal and interest are guaranteed by the State of Michigan or the United States government, and in other obligations as may be approved by the State Treasurer, bank accounts, and CDs. The Authority's deposits and investment policies are in accordance with state statutes and any exceptions have had special approval from the State Treasurer.

The Authority's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

**Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits** - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

At June 30, 2018, the Authority had approximately \$3,917,000 of bank deposits (certificates of deposit and checking and savings accounts), and of that balance, approximately \$3,520,000 was uninsured and uncollateralized. In addition, the Authority had \$294,789,000 of government money market funds. The component unit does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2018, the component unit had approximately \$7,237,000 of bank deposits (checking accounts), and of that balance, approximately \$6,987,000 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

At June 30, 2017, the Authority had approximately \$14,419,000 of bank deposits (certificates of deposit and checking and savings accounts), and of that balance, approximately \$6,914,000 was uninsured and uncollateralized. In addition, the Authority had \$60,003,000 of government money market funds. The component unit does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2017, the component unit had approximately \$3,068,000 of bank deposits (checking accounts), and of that balance, approximately \$2,818,000 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

The Authority believes that, due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of the FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. At June 30, 2018 and 2017, there was \$3,452,000 and \$6,370,000, respectively, of deposits which was collateralized with securities held by the Federal Reserve Bank or held in safekeeping for the Authority at a financial institution's trust department, but not in the Authority's name. To also limit its risk, the Authority evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

# Michigan State Housing Development Authority

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018 and 2017

### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

**Custodial Credit Risk of Investments** - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Authority will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Authority does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the following investment securities were uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the Authority's name:

<u>Type of Investment</u>	<u>Carrying Value</u> <u>(in thousands of dollars)</u>		<u>How Held</u>
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	
<b>MSHDA</b>			
U.S. government securities	\$ 275,451	\$ 319,128	Counterparty's trust dept.
Mortgage-backed securities	390,146	449,805	Counterparty's trust dept.
U.S. government agency securities	209,451	37,015	Counterparty's trust dept.
U.S. government money market funds	294,789	60,003	Counterparty's trust dept.
<b>Component Unit</b>			
U.S. government money market funds	88,077	158,492	Counterparty's trust dept.

# Michigan State Housing Development Authority

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018 and 2017

### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

**Interest Rate Risk** - Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The Authority's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities. At year end, the average maturities of investments are as follows (in thousands of dollars):

Type of Investment	Fair Value	Less than One Year	1-5 Years	6-10 Years	More Than 10 Years
<b>2018</b>					
<b>MSHDA</b>					
U.S. government securities	\$ 275,451	\$ 124,067	\$105,280	\$ 43,141	\$ 2,963
Mortgage-backed securities	390,146	-	29,239	6,942	353,965
U.S. government agency securities	209,451	162,255	21,908	-	25,288
U.S. government money market funds	294,789	294,789	-	-	-
<b>Component Unit</b>					
U.S. government money market funds	88,077	88,077	-	-	-
Type of Investment	Fair Value	Less than One Year	1-5 Years	6-10 Years	More Than 10 Years
<b>2017</b>					
<b>MSHDA</b>					
U.S. government securities	\$ 319,128	\$ 105,755	\$133,618	\$ 55,292	\$ 24,463
Mortgage-backed securities	449,805	1	186	2,939	446,679
U.S. government agency securities	37,015	-	-	-	37,015
U.S. government money market funds	60,003	60,003	-	-	-
<b>Component Unit</b>					
U.S. government money market funds	158,492	158,492	-	-	-



# Michigan State Housing Development Authority

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018 and 2017

### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

**Credit Risk** - The Authority has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices, except as noted in the state statute. As of year-end, the credit quality ratings of debt and equity securities are as follows (in thousands of dollars):

Investment	Fair Value	Rating	Rating Organization
<b>2018</b>			
<b>MSHDA</b>			
U.S. government securities	\$ 275,451	AA+	S&P
Mortgage-backed securities	390,146	AA+	S&P
U.S. government agency securities	209,451	AA+	S&P
U.S. government money market funds	294,789	Not rated	-

#### Component Unit

U.S. government money market funds	88,077	Not rated	-
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Investment	Fair Value	Rating	Rating Organization
<b>2017</b>			
<b>MSHDA</b>			
U.S. government securities	\$ 319,128	AA+	S&P
Mortgage-backed securities	449,805	AA+	S&P
U.S. government agency securities	37,015	AA+	S&P
U.S. government money market funds	60,003	Not rated	-

#### Component Unit

U.S. government money market funds	158,492	Not rated	-
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**Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)**

**Concentration of Credit Risk** - The Authority has 29 percent and 18 percent of its investment portfolio invested in the securities of government-sponsored enterprises as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. These include securities issued by the Federal Home Loan Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and the Federal National Mortgage Corporation. Excluding U.S. government securities, no other issuer represents over 5 percent of the Authority's investment portfolio.

**Escrow Funds** - Included in investments are funds held in trust for mortgagors with a carrying value of approximately \$468,547,000 and \$533,657,000 at June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

**Fair Value Measurements** - The Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

In instances whereby inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The Authority's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset.

The Authority has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2018 and 2017:

Type of Investment	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<b>2018</b>				
<b>MSHDA</b>				
U.S. government securities	\$ 275,451	\$ 275,451	\$ -	\$ -
Mortgage-backed securities	390,146	-	390,146	-
U.S. government agency securities	209,451	-	209,451	-
U.S. government money market funds	294,789	-	294,789	-

**June 30, 2018 and 2017**

**Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)**

Type of Investment	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<b>2017</b>				
<b>MSHDA</b>				
U.S. government securities	\$ 319,128	\$ 319,128	\$ -	\$ -
Mortgage-backed securities	449,805	-	449,805	-
U.S. government agency securities	37,015	-	37,015	-
U.S. government money market funds	60,003	-	60,003	-

U.S. government securities classified in Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

The fair value of mortgage-backed securities, U.S. government agency securities, and U.S. government money market funds is determined primarily based on Level 2 inputs. The Authority estimates the fair value of these investments using other inputs such as interest rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.

The Authority also has interest rate swaps reported as liabilities on the statement of net position based on Level 2 inputs. The methodology used to determine the fair values of these swaps as well as the fair values of investments are shown within Note 15.

**Note 4 - Loans Receivable**

All loans receivable are collateralized by first liens on the real property developed or purchased with the proceeds of the loans, except for certain home improvement and moderate rehabilitation loans. Substantially all single-family loans are insured by the Federal Housing Administration (FHA) or private mortgage insurance companies, or are guaranteed by the Veterans Administration (VA) or the United States Department of Agriculture. Substantially all multifamily loans are uninsured.

# Michigan State Housing Development Authority

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018 and 2017

### Note 4 - Loans Receivable (Continued)

A summary of loans receivable is as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
<b>Loans receivable:</b>		
FHA insured, VA, or U.S. Department of Agriculture guaranteed	\$ 973,117	\$ 853,195
Insured by private mortgage insurance companies	101,877	67,547
Uninsured	<u>1,538,469</u>	<u>1,477,240</u>
Total loans receivable	<u>\$ 2,613,463</u>	<u>\$ 2,397,982</u>

A summary of the allowance for possible loan losses is as follows:

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Beginning balance	\$ 59,001	\$ 54,996
Provision for possible losses	77	8,348
Write-offs of uncollectible losses - Net of recoveries	<u>3,735</u>	<u>(4,343)</u>
Ending balance	<u>\$ 62,813</u>	<u>\$ 59,001</u>

### Note 5 - Bonds Payable

The Authority issues revenue bonds to fund loans to finance multifamily housing developments and single-family housing units for persons of low and moderate income within the state of Michigan. Such bonds constitute a direct obligation of the Authority and are not a debt of the State of Michigan. Each bond issue is secured by the pledge of all repayments to the Authority of loans issued with the proceeds of the bond issue and all income earned by the Authority relating to those bonds. Interest on all bonds is payable semiannually. All bonds are subject to a variety of redemption provisions as set forth in the official statements for each of the issues. One such redemption provision is that each of the bond resolutions contains cross-default provisions which permit the acceleration of the maturity of all such bonds, as well as certain other remedies, in the event of a default by the Authority in the payment of principal or interest on any bond of the Authority.

# Michigan State Housing Development Authority

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018 and 2017

### Note 5 - Bonds Payable (Continued)

Changes in bonds are as follows (in thousands of dollars):

As of June 30, 2018

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Payments	Ending Balance
Revenue bonds:				
Single-family home ownership	\$ 21,060	\$ -	\$ 21,060	\$ -
Single-family mortgage	969,420	306,860	98,715	1,177,565
Multifamily housing	1,565	-	1,565	-
Rental housing	<u>1,015,495</u>	<u>407,900</u>	<u>49,915</u>	<u>1,373,480</u>
Total revenue bonds	<u>\$ 2,007,540</u>	<u>\$ 714,760</u>	<u>\$ 171,255</u>	<u>\$ 2,551,045</u>
Due within one year				<u>\$ 70,495</u>

As of June 30, 2017

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Payments	Ending Balance
Revenue bonds:				
Single-family home ownership	\$ 335,700	\$ -	\$ 314,640	\$ 21,060
Single-family mortgage	690,150	376,955	97,685	969,420
Multifamily housing	3,755	-	2,190	1,565
Rental housing	<u>1,027,630</u>	<u>305,015</u>	<u>317,150</u>	<u>1,015,495</u>
Total revenue bonds	<u>\$ 2,057,235</u>	<u>\$ 681,970</u>	<u>\$ 731,665</u>	<u>\$ 2,007,540</u>
Due within one year				<u>\$ 56,920</u>

# Michigan State Housing Development Authority

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018 and 2017

### Note 5 - Bonds Payable (Continued)

Bonds payable at June 30 are as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	2018	2017
Single-family Homeownership Revenue Bonds:		
2009 Series A-1/2010 Series A, B, and C**	\$ -	\$ 16,800
2009 Series A-2 and A-3/2011 Series A**	-	4,260
Total Single-family Homeownership Revenue Bonds	-	21,060
Single-family Mortgage Revenue Bonds:		
2006 Series C, 2035, variable rate (Note 6)	50,600	50,600
2007 Series B, 2038, variable rate (Note 6)	107,995	120,045
2007 Series D, E, and F, 2038, variable rate (Note 6)	157,320	183,825
2009 Series D, 2030, variable rate (Note 6)	47,950	56,700
2014 Series A, 2018 to 2044, 1.350 to 4.000 percent	22,065	26,960
2015 Series A, 2018 to 2046, 1.350 to 4.000 percent	65,350	71,805
2016 Series A, 2018 to 2046, 1.150 to 4.000 percent	86,800	94,780
2016 Series B and C, 2018 to 2047, 1.300 to 3.700 percent	334,240	364,705
2017 Series A, 2043, variable rate	45,000	-
2017 Series B, 2018 to 2048, 1.050 to 3.500 percent	90,245	-
2018 Series A, 2018 to 2048, 1.350 to 4.000 percent	120,000	-
2018 Series B, 2044, variable rate	50,000	-
Total Single-family Mortgage Revenue Bonds	1,177,565	969,420

\*\* These bonds were paid off during the 2017-2018 fiscal year

# Michigan State Housing Development Authority

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018 and 2017

### Note 5 - Bonds Payable (Continued)

	2018	2017
Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds - 1988 Series A, 4.500 percent**	\$ -	\$ 1,565
Rental Housing Revenue Bonds:		
2000 Series A, 2035, variable rate (Note 6)	33,795	34,770
2002 Series A, 2037, variable rate (Note 6)	44,660	46,105
2003 Series A, 2023, variable rate	17,330	20,365
2005 Series A, 2040, variable rate (Note 6)	59,450	60,705
2007 Series C, 2042, variable rate (Note 6)	71,455	72,670
2008 Series A, C and D, 2023 to 2039, variable rate (Note 6)	138,935	146,415
2009 Series A and B-1, 2018 to 2034, 4.500 to 5.625 percent	15,715	19,010
2010 Series A, 2018 to 2040, 3.125 to 5.125 percent	35,505	38,310
2011 Series A & B, 2018 to 2041, 4.200 to 6.050 percent	14,085	19,335
2012 Series A, B and C, 2018 to 2046, 2.125 to 5.622 percent	33,720	37,775
2012 Series D, 2018 to 2048, 1.850 to 4.500 percent	49,130	50,935
2014 Series A, 2018 to 2050, 1.700 to 4.875 percent	52,830	53,340
2015 Series A and B, 2018 to 2052, 1.450 to 4.600 percent	110,765	114,940
2016 Series A and B, 2018 to 2052, 0.800 to 3.736 percent	149,925	159,270
2016 Series C, D and E, 2040 to 2042, variable rate (Note 6)	138,280	141,550
2017 Series A, 2019 to 2053, 1.125 to 4.000 percent	92,770	-
2018 Series A, 2020 to 2053, 1.875 to 4.150 percent	185,460	-
2018 Series C, 2040, variable rate (Note 6)	129,670	-
Total Rental Housing Revenue Bonds	<u>1,373,480</u>	<u>1,015,495</u>
Total revenue bonds	2,551,045	2,007,540
Off-market borrowings (Note 15)	44,705	37,784
Deferred charges - Bond discounts and premiums net of amortization	<u>8,213</u>	<u>4,170</u>
Total	<u>\$ 2,603,963</u>	<u>\$ 2,049,494</u>

\*\* These bonds were paid off during the 2017-2018 fiscal year

# Michigan State Housing Development Authority

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018 and 2017

### Note 5 - Bonds Payable (Continued)

The annual requirements to service debt outstanding, including both principal and interest (in thousands of dollars), are as follows. Interest on variable rate bonds is based on the effective rate as of June 30, 2018.

Fiscal Years Ending	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 70,495	\$ 90,993	\$ 161,488
2020	85,500	90,715	176,215
2021	53,900	88,986	142,886
2022	75,385	87,339	162,724
2023	60,155	85,448	145,603
2024-2028	355,595	395,259	750,854
2029-2033	520,925	315,900	836,825
2034-2038	554,660	207,832	762,492
2039-2043	405,910	116,074	521,984
2044-2048	254,875	50,450	305,325
2049-2054	113,645	12,789	126,434
Total	<u>\$ 2,551,045</u>	<u>\$ 1,541,785</u>	<u>\$ 4,092,830</u>

**Early Retirement of Debt** - Under provisions of the Authority's bond issues, the Authority is able to retire bonds, without the payment of call premiums, prior to their maturity dates from the proceeds of loan prepayments and foreclosures and, for certain bonds, from excess program revenue. Bonds retired pursuant to such provisions total \$113,765,000 and \$662,425,000 during the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Such bond retirements, in the aggregate, resulted in a net gain of \$1,626,610 and \$205,815 for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.



# Michigan State Housing Development Authority

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018 and 2017

### Note 6 - Demand Bonds

The following table summarizes the demand bonds outstanding at June 30, 2018, which are included in the bonds payable disclosed in Note 5:

Debt Associated	Outstanding (in thousands)	Remarketing Agent	Standby Bond Purchase Agreement Provider	Remarketing Fee (1)	SBPA Fee	Expiration Date of Agreement
<b>Single-family Mortgage Revenue Bonds</b>						
2006 Series C	\$ 50,600	Barclays Capital Inc.	Barclays Bank PLC	0.07%	0.42% (7)	6/18/2020
2007 Series B	\$ 107,995	Jefferies LLC	ICBC	0.07%	Undisclosed (5)	11/1/2022
2007 Series D	\$ 21,300	Barclays Capital Inc.	Barclays Bank PLC	0.07%	0.45% (7)	8/27/2020
2007 Series E	\$ 93,705	Morgan Stanley	MUFG Bank, LTD	0.10%	0.45% (2)	6/29/2020
2007 Series F	\$ 42,315	Merrill Lynch & Co.	Bank of America, N.A.	0.07%	0.43% (4)	11/15/2019
2009 Series D	\$ 47,950	Jefferies LLC	ICBC	0.07%	Undisclosed (5)	11/1/2022
<b>Rental Housing Revenue Bonds</b>						
2000 Series A	\$ 33,795	JPMorgan	JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.	0.10%	0.46% (3)	5/15/2020
2002 Series A	\$ 44,660	Merrill Lynch & Co.	Bank of America, N.A.	0.07%	0.43% (6)	4/24/2020
2005 Series A	\$ 59,450	Merrill Lynch & Co.	MUFG Bank, LTD	0.07%	0.45% (2)	11/12/2019
2007 Series C	\$ 71,455	JPMorgan	JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.	0.10%	0.46% (3)	5/15/2020
2008 Series A	\$ 76,325	JPMorgan	JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.	0.10%	0.46% (3)	5/15/2020
2008 Series C	\$ 9,825	Morgan Stanley	MUFG Bank, LTD	0.10%	0.45% (2)	8/20/2019
2008 Series D	\$ 52,785	Morgan Stanley	MUFG Bank, LTD	0.10%	0.45% (2)	8/20/2019
2016 Series C	\$ 58,855	RBC Capital Markets, LLC	Royal Bank of Canada	0.07%	0.40% (9)	2/26/2020
2016 Series D	\$ 53,600	Merrill Lynch & Co.	Bank of America, N.A.	0.10%	0.43% (8)	4/24/2020
2018 Series C	\$ 129,670	Merrill Lynch & Co.	JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.	0.07%	0.34% (3)	5/15/2020

- (1) Fee is per annum based on the outstanding principal amount of the bonds.
- (2) While the MUFG Bank, LTD (f/k/a Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, LTD) ("MUFG") is holding the bonds, they will bear interest at the higher of MUFG's prime rate plus 3.00 percent, the federal funds rate plus 5.00 percent, or 8.00 percent per annum. Once MUFG becomes the owner of the bonds, the bonds will be subject to a mandatory redemption that begins 91 days after MUFG becomes the holder of the bonds and will amortize in 16 equal quarterly installments. The Authority is required to pay MUFG an annual liquidity fee per annum on the amount of bonds outstanding plus interest for 34 days at a rate of 14 percent. Standard & Poor's rating on the MUFG Bank, LTD is "A/A-1" at June 30, 2018.
- (3) While JPMorgan is holding the bonds, they will bear interest at the higher of the bank's prime rate plus 1.0 percent, the federal funds rate plus 0.50, or 8.50 percent per annum. Once the bank becomes the owner of the bonds, the bonds will be subject to a mandatory redemption 91 days after the bank becomes the holder of the bonds and will amortize in six equal semiannual installments. The Authority is required to pay the bank an annual liquidity fee per annum on the amount of bonds outstanding plus interest for 34 days at a rate of 14 percent. Standard & Poor's rating on JPMorgan is "A+/A-1" at June 30, 2018.

June 30, 2018 and 2017

### Note 6 - Demand Bonds (Continued)

- (4) While Bank of America, N.A. (Bank of America) is holding the bonds, they will bear interest at the higher of the Prime Rate plus 1.00 percent, the Federal Funds Rate plus 2.00 percent or 7.50 percent per annum. Once Bank of America becomes the owner of the bonds and has held such bonds for six months, the bonds become subject to mandatory redemption over a three-year period with principal payable in six equal semiannual installments. The Authority shall pay Bank of America a liquidity fee per annum on outstanding bonds plus 184 days of interest at 12 percent, based on a 365-day year. On October 5, 2017, the Authority extended this standby bond purchase agreement with an expiration date of November 15, 2019. Standard & Poor's rating on Bank of America, N.A. is "A+/A-1" at June 30, 2018.
- (5) While the Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited, New York Branch ("ICBC") is holding the bonds, they will bear interest at the Bank Rate, which will be the rate of interest per annum, based upon Daily One Month LIBOR or the Base Rate (as such terms are defined in the agreement), as determined by the Authority on the purchase date of the applicable bonds (i) for any day commencing on the purchase date to and including the 90th day next succeeding the purchase date, equal to: (x) Daily One Month LIBOR plus 1.50% or (y) the Base Rate from time to time in effect; (ii) for any day commencing on the 91st day next succeeding the purchase date to and including the 180th day next succeeding the purchase date, equal to: (x) Daily One Month LIBOR plus 1.75% or (y) the Base Rate from time to time in effect plus 0.25%; (iii) for any day commencing on the 181st day next succeeding the purchase date to and including the 365th day next succeeding the purchase date, equal to: (x) Daily One Month LIBOR plus 2.00% or (y) the Base Rate from time to time in effect plus 0.50%; (iv) for any day commencing on the 366th day next succeeding the purchase date to and including the 730th day next succeeding the purchase date, equal to: (x) Daily One Month LIBOR plus 2.50% or (y) the Base Rate from time to time in effect plus 1.00%; and (v) for any day commencing on the 731st day next succeeding the purchase date and thereafter, equal to the sum of the Base Rate from time to time in effect plus 2.00%; provided, however, that immediately upon the occurrence and continuation of an Event of Default (as defined in the agreement), the Bank Rate shall be equal to the Base Rate plus 5.00%; and provided further that, at no time shall the Bank Rate exceed the lesser of 25.00% per annum or the maximum rate permitted by law or be less than the applicable rate of interest on Eligible Bonds (as defined in the agreement) which are not bank bonds. At the request of ICBC, the Authority has agreed to not include the liquidity fee in its disclosure documents. Standard & Poor's rating of the ICBC is "A/A-1" at June 30, 2018.
- (6) While Bank of America, N.A. is holding the bonds, they will bear interest at the higher of the prime rate plus 1.00 percent, the Federal Funds Rate plus 3.00 percent, LIBOR plus 5.00 percent, or 7.50 percent per annum. Once Bank of America becomes the owner of the bonds and has held such bonds for six months, the bonds become subject to mandatory redemption over a three-year period with principal payable in six equal semiannual installments. The Authority shall pay Bank of America a liquidity fee per annum on outstanding bonds plus 34 days of interest at 14 percent, based on a 365-day year. Standard & Poor's rating on Bank of America, N.A. is "A+/A-1" at June 30, 2018.
- (7) While Barclays Bank PLC (Barclays) is holding the bonds, they will bear interest at the higher of the prime rate plus 5.00 percent, the federal funds rate plus 5.00 percent, or LIBOR plus 5.00 percent per annum. Once Barclays becomes the owner of the bonds and has held such bonds for 90 days, the bonds become subject to mandatory redemption in full on the third-year anniversary of the first purchase date. The Authority shall pay Barclays a liquidity fee per annum on outstanding bonds plus 186 days of interest at 12 percent, based on a 365-day year. Standard & Poor's rating on Barclays Bank PLC is "A/A-1" at June 30, 2018.

June 30, 2018 and 2017

### Note 6 - Demand Bonds (Continued)

- (8) While Bank of America, N.A. is holding the bonds, they will bear interest at the higher of the Prime Rate plus 1.00 percent, the Federal Funds Rate plus 3.00 percent, LIBOR plus 5.00 percent, or 7.50 percent per annum. Once Bank of America becomes the owner of the bonds and has held such bonds for six months, the bonds become subject to mandatory redemption over a three-year period with principal payable in six equal semiannual installments. The Authority shall pay Bank of America a liquidity fee per annum on outstanding bonds plus 184 days of interest at 12 percent, based on a 365-day year. Standard & Poor's rating on Bank of America, N.A. is "A+/A-1" at June 30, 2018.
- (9) While the Royal Bank of Canada (RBC) is holding the bonds, they will bear interest at the higher of 8 percent, Fed funds plus 2.50 percent, or the prime rate plus 2.50 percent. Once RBC becomes the owner of the bonds and has held such bonds for 365 days, the bonds become subject to mandatory redemption over six equal semiannual payments. The Authority shall pay RBC a liquidity fee per annum on outstanding bonds plus 185 days of interest at 12 percent, based on a 365-day year. Standard & Poor's rating on Royal Bank of Canada is "AA-/A-1+" at June 30, 2018.

### Note 7 - Unamortized Mortgage Interest Income

Since 1990, the Authority has refunded a substantial amount of high-yielding multifamily bond issues with lower-yielding bonds. In conjunction with the sale of certain refunding bonds, the Authority has sold additional bonds to provide funds for new multifamily mortgage loans, generally with interest rates below the interest rates on the bonds. The Authority is deferring the interest income on mortgage loans funded by the new bonds to the extent that the total exceeds the total interest income that would have been earned if the average interest rate on such loans was equal to the average interest rate paid on the new bonds plus approximately 1.5 percent. This interest income is and will continue to be amortized to income in the future as the average rate on the outstanding mortgage loans drops to a rate that is less than 1.5 percent above the average rate on the new bonds. The average rate will decline primarily because the higher-yielding mortgage loans have average remaining lives substantially shorter than the lower-yielding mortgage loans.

June 30, 2018 and 2017

### Note 8 - Limited Obligation Bonds

The Act, as amended, authorizes the Authority to issue limited obligation bonds to finance multifamily housing. Such bonds are not general obligations of the Authority and the Authority has no liability for this debt. Such bonds are secured solely by revenue and property derived from or obtained in connection with the housing projects. Thus, with the exception of limited obligation bond financing fees, transactions related to these bonds are not reflected in the Authority's financial statements. At June 30, 2018, limited obligation bonds had been issued totaling approximately \$909,097,000, of which 77 issues totaling \$730,587,000 have been retired. At June 30, 2017, limited obligation bonds had been issued totaling approximately \$889,397,000, of which 71 issues totaling \$689,382,000 have been retired.

### Note 9 - Pension Plans

#### Defined Benefit Pension Plan

**Plan Description** - The Michigan State Employees' Retirement System (the "System" or SERS) is a single-employer, statewide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (the "State") and created under Public Act 240 of 1943, as amended. Section 2 of this Act established the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. Executive Order 2015-13, signed by the Governor on October 27, 2015, established the State of Michigan Retirement Board. The board consists of nine members – five appointed by the Governor, which consist of two members of the State Employees' Retirement System at least one of whom is a retirant; one member of the Judges Retirement System; one current or former officer or enlisted person in the Michigan Military Establishment who is a member or retirant under the Military Retirement Provisions; one member of the general public; and the attorney general, state treasurer, legislative auditor general, and state personnel director, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The Michigan State Employees' Retirement System is accounted for in a separate pension trust fund and also issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by visiting [www.michigan.gov/ors](http://www.michigan.gov/ors) or by calling the Customer Information Center at (517) 322-5103 or (800) 381-5111.

#### **Benefits Provided**

**Introduction** - Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 240 of 1943, State Employees' Retirement Act, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit pension plan. Retirement benefits are determined by final average compensation and years of service. Members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides duty disability, nonduty disability, and survivor benefits.

**Note 9 - Pension Plans (Continued)**

A member who has separated from employment may request a refund of his or her member contribution account. A refund may cancel a former member's rights to future benefits. However, former members who return to employment and who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

Effective March 31, 1997, Public Act 487 of 1996 closed the plan to new entrants. All new employees become members of the defined contribution plan. The Public Act allows returning employees and members who left state employment on or before March 31, 1997 to elect the defined benefit plan instead of the defined contribution plan.

**Pension Reform of 2012** - On December 15, 2011, the governor signed Public Act 264 of 2011 into law. The legislation granted members a choice regarding their future retirement plan. They had the following options:

- Option 1: DB Classified - Members voluntarily elected to remain in the defined benefit (DB) plan for future service and contribute 4 percent of their annual compensation to the pension fund until they terminate state employment. The 4 percent contribution began on April 1, 2012.
- Option 2: DB 30 - Members voluntarily elected to remain in the DB plan for future service and contribute 4 percent of pay until they reach 30 years of service. When they reach 30 years of service, they will switch to the State's defined contribution (DC) plan. The 4 percent contribution began on April 1, 2012 and continues until they switch to the DC plan or terminate employment, whichever comes first.
- Option 3: DB/DC Blend - Members voluntarily elected not to pay the 4 percent and therefore became participants in the DC plan for future service beginning on April 1, 2012. As a DC plan participant, they receive a 4 percent employer contribution to their 401(k) account and are eligible for an additional dollar-for-dollar employer match of up to 3 percent of pay to the plan.

Deferred members of the DB plan (with 10 or more years of service) who are reemployed by the State on or after January 1, 2012 become participants in the DC plan. Their pension calculation is determined by their final average compensation (FAC) and years of service as of March 31, 2012. They retain their eligibility for the retiree health insurance premium subsidy offered by the State.

Former nonvested members of the DB plan (with less than 10 years of service) who are reemployed by the State on or after January 1, 2012 and before January 1, 2014, become participants in the DC plan. When they have earned sufficient service credit for vesting (10 years), they would be eligible for a pension based on their FAC and years of service in the DB plan as of March 31, 2012. They retain their eligibility for the retiree health insurance premium subsidy offered by the State.

June 30, 2018 and 2017

**Note 9 - Pension Plans (Continued)**

Former nonvested members (with less than 10 years of service) of the DB plan who are reemployed by the State on or after January 1, 2014 become members of the DC plan. Any service credit previously earned would count towards vesting for the DC plan. They will not be eligible for any pension or retiree health insurance coverage premium, but will become participants in the Personal Healthcare Fund wherein they will contribute up to 2 percent of their compensation to a 401(k) or 457 account, earning a matching 2 percent employer contribution. They will also receive a credit into a health reimbursement account (HRA) at termination if they terminate employment with at least 10 years of service. The credit will be \$2,000 for participants who are at least 60 years old or \$1,000 for participants who are less than 60 years old at termination.

**Regular Retirement** - The retirement benefit is based on a member's years of credited service (employment) and FAC. The normal benefit equals 1.5 percent of a member's FAC multiplied by the years and partial year of credited service and is payable monthly over the member's lifetime.

Under PA 264 of 2011, FAC is initially determined as the annual average of the highest three years of compensation (including overtime paid before January 1, 2012, but excluding overtime paid after December 31, 2011). If the end date for the initial FAC calculation is between January 1, 2012, and January 1, 2015, then a prorated amount of post-2008 average overtime will be added to the initial FAC calculation. If the end date for the initial FAC calculation is January 1, 2015 or later, then an annual average of overtime - for the six-year period ending on the FAC calculation date - will be added to that initial FAC calculation to get the final FAC number.

For members who switch to the DC plan for future service, the pension calculation (FAC times 1.5 percent times years of service) will be determined as of the point the member switches to the DC plan. If the FAC period includes the date of the switch to the DC plan, then the FAC will include up to 240 hours of accrued annual leave multiplied by the rate of pay as of the date of the switch. The hours will be paid at separation.

A member may retire and receive a monthly benefit after attaining the following:

1. Age 60 with 10 or more years of credited service
2. Age 55 with 30 or more years of credited service
3. Age 55 with at least 15 but less than 30 years of credited service. The benefit allowance is permanently reduced 0.5 percent for each month from the member's age on the effective date of retirement to the date the member will attain age 60.

June 30, 2018 and 2017

**Note 9 - Pension Plans (Continued)**

Employees in covered positions are eligible for supplemental benefits and may retire after attaining the following:

1. Age 51 with 25 or more years in a covered position
2. Age 56 with 10 or more years in a covered position

In either case, the three years immediately preceding retirement must have been in a covered position.

**Deferred Retirement** - Any member with 10 or more years of credited service who terminates employment but has not reached the age of retirement is a deferred member and is entitled to receive a monthly pension upon reaching age 60, provided the member's accumulated contributions have not been refunded. Deferred retirement is available after five years of service for state employees occupying unclassified positions in the executive and legislative branches and certain Department of Community Health employees subject to reduction in force lay-offs by reason of deinstitutionalization.

**Nonduty Disability Benefit** - A member with 10 or more years of credited service who becomes totally and permanently disabled not due to performing duties as a state employee is eligible for a nonduty disability pension. The nonduty disability benefit is computed in the same manner as an age and service allowance based upon service and salary at the time of disability.

**Duty Disability Benefit** - A member who becomes totally and permanently disabled from performing duties as a state employee as a direct result of state employment and who has not met the age and service requirement for a regular pension is eligible for a duty disability pension. Public Act 109 of 2004 amended the State Employees' Retirement Act to change the calculation of the pension benefit and increase the minimum annual payment. If the member is under age 60, the duty disability allowance is now a minimum of \$6,000 payable annually. At age 60 the benefit is recomputed under service retirement.

**Survivor Benefit** - Upon the death of a member who was vested, the surviving spouse shall receive a benefit calculated as if the member had retired the day before the date of death and selected a survivor pension. Certain designated beneficiaries can be named to receive a survivor benefit. Public Act 109 of 2004 amended the State Employees' Retirement Act to change the calculation of duty death benefits and redefines eligibility for deceased member's survivors. The new minimum duty-related death benefit has been increased to \$6,000.

**Note 9 - Pension Plans (Continued)**

***Pension Payment Options*** - When applying for retirement, an employee may name a person other than his or her spouse as a beneficiary if the spouse waives this right. If a beneficiary is named, the employee must choose whether the beneficiary will receive 100 percent, 75 percent, or 50 percent of the retiree's pension benefit after the retiree's death. The decision is irrevocable. A description of the options follows:

*Regular Pension* - The pension benefit is computed with no beneficiary rights. If the retiree made contributions while he or she was an employee and has not received the total accumulated contributions before death, a refund of the balance of the contributions is made to the beneficiary of record. If the retiree did not make any contributions, there will not be payments to beneficiaries.

*100 Percent Survivor Pension* - Under this option, after the retiree's death, the beneficiary will receive 100 percent of the pension for the remainder of the beneficiary's lifetime. If this option is elected, the normal retirement benefit is reduced by a factor based upon the ages of the retiree and of the beneficiary. If the beneficiary predeceases the retiree, the pension "pops-up" to the regular pension amount; another beneficiary cannot be named.

*75 Percent Survivor Pension* - Under this option, after the retiree's death, the beneficiary will receive 75 percent of the pension for the remainder of the beneficiary's lifetime. If this option is elected, the normal retirement benefit is reduced by a factor based upon the ages of the retiree and of the beneficiary. The reduction factor is lower than the factor used in the 100 percent option previously described. If the beneficiary predeceases the retiree, the pension "pops-up" to the regular pension amount; another beneficiary cannot be named.

*50 Percent Survivor Pension* - Under this option, after the retiree's death, the beneficiary will receive 50 percent of the pension for the remainder of the beneficiary's lifetime. If this option is elected, the normal retirement benefit is reduced by a factor based upon the ages of the retiree and of the beneficiary. The reduction factor is lower than the factor used in the 100 percent or 75 percent option previously described. If the beneficiary predeceases the retiree, the pension "pops-up" to the regular pension amount; another beneficiary cannot be named.



June 30, 2018 and 2017

### Note 9 - Pension Plans (Continued)

*Equated Pension* - An equated pension may be chosen by any member under age 65, except a disability retiree and an early supplemental retiree. Equated pensions provide an additional amount until age 65 and may be combined with the regular, 100 percent, 75 percent, or 50 percent options. At age 65, the monthly amount is permanently reduced. The initial and reduced amounts are based on an estimate of Social Security benefits at age 65, provided by the Social Security Administration Office. In order to calculate this benefit, members choosing this option must provide the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) with an estimate from the Social Security Administration Office. The actual amount received from social security may vary from the estimate.

*Postretirement Adjustments* - One-time upward benefit adjustments were made in 1972, 1974, 1976, 1977, and 1987. Beginning on October 1, 1988, a 3 percent noncompounding increase, up to a maximum of \$25 monthly, is paid each October to recipients who have been retired for 12 full months. Beginning in 1983, eligible benefit recipients share in a distribution of investment income earned in excess of 8 percent annually. This distribution is known as the supplemental payment. The supplemental payment is offset by one year's cumulative increases received after the implementation of the annual 3 percent increase in benefits. These adjustment payments were not issued during fiscal years 1991 through 1994. Members who retired on or after October 1, 1987 are not eligible for the supplemental payment.

### Contributions

*Member Contributions* - Under Public Act 264 of 2011, members who voluntarily elected to remain in the DB plan contribute 4 percent of compensation to the retirement system. In addition, members may voluntarily contribute to the System for the purchase of creditable service, such as military service or maternity leave, or a universal buy-in. If a member terminates employment before a retirement benefit is payable, the member's contribution and interest on deposit may be refunded. If the member dies before being vested, the member's contribution and interest are refunded to the designated beneficiaries.

*Employer Contributions* - The statute requires the employer to contribute to finance the benefits of plan members. These employer contributions are determined annually by the System's actuary and are based upon level-dollar value funding principles so the contribution rates do not have to increase over time. For fiscal year 2018, the Authority's contribution rate ranged from 24.6 to 25.5 percent of the defined benefit employee wages and 19.7 to 22.2 percent of the defined contribution employee wages. The Authority's contribution to SERS for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 was \$4,252,000.

**Note 9 - Pension Plans (Continued)**

For fiscal year 2017, the Authority's contribution rate ranged from 25.5 to 26.1 percent of the defined benefit employee wages and 22.2 to 22.8 percent of the defined contribution employee wages. The Authority's contribution to SERS for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 was \$4,823,000.

**Actuarial Assumptions** - The Authority's net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2018 was measured as of September 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2016 and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The Authority's net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2017 was measured as of September 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2015 and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability for both years was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Wage inflation rate	3.5 percent
Projected salary increases	3.5 to 12.5 percent
Investment rate of return	7.5 percent at September 30, 2017 and 8.0 percent at September 30, 2016
Cost-of-living pension adjustment	3 percent annual noncompounded with maximum annual increase of \$300 for those eligible
Mortality	RP-2000 male and female combined Healthy Life Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2015 projections scale BB. For retirees, 100 percent of the table rates were used. For active members, 50 percent of the table rates were used for male and females.

The actuarial assumptions were based upon the results of an experience study covering the period October 1, 2007 through September 30, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2017 and 2016 are summarized in the following tables:

# Michigan State Housing Development Authority

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018 and 2017

### Note 9 - Pension Plans (Continued)

September 30, 2017

Asset Allocation

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic equity pools	28.0 %	5.6 %
International equity pools	16.0	7.2
Private equity pools	18.0	8.7
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.0	4.2
Fixed-income pools	10.5	(0.1)
Absolute return pools	15.5	5.0
Short-term investment pools	2.0	(0.9)
Total	100 %	

\* Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.3% inflation.

September 30, 2016

Asset Allocation

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic equity pools	28.0 %	5.9 %
International equity pools	16.0	7.2
Private equity pools	18.0	9.2
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.0	4.3
Fixed-income pools	10.5	0.9
Absolute return pools	15.5	6.0
Short-term investment pools	2.0	-
Total	100 %	

\* Rate of return does not include 2.1% inflation.

**Note 9 - Pension Plans (Continued)**

**Discount Rate** - A discount rate of 7.5 and 8.0 percent was used to measure the total pension liability as of September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.5 and 8.0 percent, as of September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

**Net Pension Liability** - At June 30, 2018, the Authority reported a liability of \$34,605,684 for its proportionate share of SERS' net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2016 and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on MSHDA's required pension contributions received by SERS during the measurement period from October 1, 2016 through September 30, 2017, relative to the total required employer contributions from all of SERS' participating employers. At September 30, 2017, the Authority's proportion was 0.666 percent.

At June 30, 2017, the Authority reported a liability of \$37,029,300 for its proportionate share of SERS' net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2015 and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on MSHDA's required pension contributions received by SERS during the measurement period from October 1, 2015 through September 30, 2016, relative to the total required employer contributions from all of SERS' participating employers. At September 30, 2016, the Authority's proportion was 0.700 percent.

June 30, 2018 and 2017

**Note 9 - Pension Plans (Continued)**

**Pension Liability Sensitivity** - The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	June 30, 2018		
	1 Percent Decrease (6.5 Percent)	Current Discount (7.5 Percent)	1 Percent Increase (8.5 Percent)
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 45,210,638	\$ 34,605,684	\$ 25,465,778
	June 30, 2017		
	1 Percent Decrease (7 Percent)	Current Discount (8 Percent)	1 Percent Increase (9 Percent)
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 47,544,806	\$ 37,029,300	\$ 27,954,181

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position** - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that may be obtained by visiting [www.michigan.gov/ors](http://www.michigan.gov/ors).

# Michigan State Housing Development Authority

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018 and 2017

### Note 9 - Pension Plans (Continued)

**Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions** - For the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$4,941,440 and \$3,154,175, respectively. At June 30, 2018 and 2017, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>June 30, 2018</u>	
	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 7,936	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	284,863	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments	-	2,076,438
Changes in proportion and differences between actual contributions and proportion share of contributions	2,032	103,693
Authority's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>3,134,325</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 3,429,156</u>	<u>\$ 2,180,131</u>
	<u>June 30, 2017</u>	
	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 4,428	\$ -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments	831,917	-
Changes in proportion and differences between actual contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	76,131
Authority's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>3,593,920</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 4,430,265</u>	<u>\$ 76,131</u>

**Note 9 - Pension Plans (Continued)**

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Authority’s contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2018 will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Pension Expense Amount
2019	\$ (646,090)
2020	168,580
2021	(666,598)
2022	(741,192)

**Defined Contribution Plan**

The Authority participates in the State of Michigan’s defined contribution plan system. The Authority is required to contribute to the defined contribution plan 4.0 percent of payroll with an additional match of up to 3.0 percent. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Authority are established and may be amended by the State Legislature. The State Legislature establishes the extent to which the employer and employees are required to make contributions and establishes the benefit provisions for the plan. The Authority’s contributions to the plan were \$958,738 and \$895,749 for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and are recorded in salaries and benefits expense.

**Note 10 - Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans**

**Defined Benefit OPEB Plan - Healthcare**

**Plan Description** - The Michigan State Employees Retirement System (the “System” or “SERS”) is a single-employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) and created under Public Act 240 of 1943, as amended. Section 2 of this Act established the board’s authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. Executive Order 2015-13, signed by the Governor on October 27, 2016, established the State of Michigan Retirement Board. The board consists of nine members – five appointed by the Governor, which consist of two members of the State Employees’ Retirement System at least one of whom is a retiree; one member of the Judges Retirement System; one current or former officer or enlisted person in the Michigan Military Establishment who is a member or retiree under the Military Retirement Provisions; one member of the general public; and the attorney general, state treasurer, legislative auditor general, and state personnel director, who serves as an ex-officio member. The System’s OPEB plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, dental, and vision coverage under the Michigan State Employees’ Retirement Act.

June 30, 2018 and 2017

### Note 10 - Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Continued)

The Michigan State Employees' Retirement System is accounted for in a separate OPEB trust fund and also issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That reports may be obtained by visiting [www.michigan.gov/ors](http://www.michigan.gov/ors) or by calling the Customer Information Center at (517) 322-5103 or 1-800-381-5111.

**Benefits Provided** - Benefit provisions of the other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 240 of 1943, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the OPEB plan. Defined Benefit (Tier 1) members are eligible to receive health, prescription drug, dental, and vision coverage on the first day they start receiving pension benefits. Defined Contribution (Tier 2) participants who elected to retain the graded premium subsidy benefit under the reform elections of Public Act 264 of 2011 are also eligible to receive subsidized health prescription drug, dental and vision coverage after terminating employment, if they meet eligibility requirements. Retirees with the Premium Subsidy benefit contribute 20 percent of the monthly premium amount for the health (including prescription coverage), dental and vision coverage. Retirees with a graded premium subsidy benefit accrue credit towards insurance premiums in retirement, earnings a 30% subsidy with ten years of service, with an additional 3 percent subsidy for each year of service thereafter, not to exceed the maximum allowed by statute or 80 percent. There is no provision for ad hoc or automatic increases. The State Employees' Retirement Act requires joint authorization by DTMB and the Civil Service Commission to make changes to retiree medical benefit plans. Defined Contribution (Tier 2) participants who elected the Personal Healthcare Fund under Public Act 264 of 2011, and those hired on or after January 1, 2012, are not eligible for any subsidized health, prescription drug, dental or vision coverage in retirement, but may purchase it at their own expense (certain conditions apply).

Former nonvested members of the DB plan who are reemployed by the state on or after January 1, 2014 are not eligible for retiree health insurance coverage premium subsidy but will become a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund.

This plan is closed to new hires.

**Contributions** - The statute requires the employer to contribute to finance the benefits of plan members. These employer contributions are determined annually by the System's actuary and are based upon level-percent of payroll value funding principles so the contribution rates do not have to increase over time. For fiscal year 2018, the Authority's contribution rate ranged from 21.1 to 22.1 percent of the defined benefit employee wages and 21.1 to 22.1 percent of the defined contribution employee wages. The Authority's contribution to SERS for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018 was \$4,301,000. Active employees are not required to contribute to SERS OPEB.



**Note 10 - Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Continued)**

For fiscal year 2017, the Authority's contribution rate ranged from 20.6 to 21.1 percent of the defined benefit employee wages and 20.6 to 21.1 percent of the defined contribution employee wages. The Authority's contribution to SERS for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 was \$4,310,000.

**Actuarial Assumptions** - The Authority's net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2016, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Wage inflation rate	3.5 percent
Investment rate of return	7.5 percent
Projected salary increases	3.5 – 12.5 percent
Health care cost trend rate	9.0 percent Year 1 graded to 3.5 percent Year 10
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Life Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvements For active members, 50 percent of the male table rates were used. For women, 50 percent of the female table rates were used.

The actuarial assumptions were based upon the results of an experience study covering the period October 1, 2007 through September 30, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2017, are summarized in the following table:

June 30, 2018 and 2017

**Note 10 - Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Continued)**

September 30, 2017

Asset Allocation		
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic equity pools	28.0 %	5.6 %
International equity pools	16.0	7.2
Private equity pools	18.0	8.7
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.0	4.2
Fixed-income pools	10.5	(0.1)
Absolute return pools	15.5	5.0
Short-term investment pools	<u>2.0</u>	(0.9)
Total	<u>100 %</u>	

\* Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.3% inflation

**Discount Rate** - A Single Discount Rate of 7.5 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This Single Discount Rate was based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that in the future, plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member (retiree) rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

**Net OPEB Liability** - At June 30, 2018, the Authority reported a liability of \$54,803,287 for its proportionate share of SERS' net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2016, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The Authority's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the Authority's required OPEB contributions received by SERS during the measurement period October 1, 2016 through September 30, 2017, relative to the total required employer contributions from all of SERS's participating employers. At September 30, 2017, the Authority's proportion was 0.665 percent.

June 30, 2018 and 2017

**Note 10 - Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Continued)**

The investment return assumption was updated beginning with the September 30, 2016 valuation to reflect reductions in capital market assumptions for the asset classes in which the System invests. The investment return assumption was updated again beginning with the September 30, 2017 valuation in accordance with the Dedicated Gains Policy adopted by the Board of Trustees. This assumption change will increase the computed liabilities.

**Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate** - The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	June 30, 2018		
	1 Percent Decrease (6.5 Percent)	Current Discount (7.5 Percent)	1 Percent Increase (8.5 Percent)
Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 62,392,223	\$ 54,803,287	\$ 48,372,611

**Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Healthcare Cost Trend Rates** - The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rate as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current trend rate:

	June 30, 2018		
	1 Percent Decrease (8.0 to 2.5 Percent)	Current Trend Rate (9.0 to 3.5 Percent)	1 Percent Increase (10.0 to 4.5 Percent)
Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 47,998,481	\$ 54,803,287	\$ 62,607,528

**OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position** - Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that may be obtained by visiting ([www.michigan.gov/ors](http://www.michigan.gov/ors)).

# Michigan State Housing Development Authority

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018 and 2017

### Note 10 - Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Continued)

**OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred inflows of Resources Related to OPEB** - For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Authority recognized OPEB expense of \$4,489,560. At June 30, 2018, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>June 30, 2018</u>	
	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 397,544
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments	-	474,647
Changes in proportion and differences between actual contributions and proportion share of contributions	-	333,933
Authority's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>3,285,990</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 3,285,990</u>	<u>\$ 1,206,124</u>

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the Authority's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30</u>	<u>OPEB Expense Amount</u>
2019	\$ (265,380)
2020	(265,380)
2021	(265,380)
2022	(265,380)
2023	(144,604)

June 30, 2018 and 2017

**Note 10 - Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Continued)**

**Postemployment Life Insurance Benefits**

**Plan Description** - The State of Michigan provides postemployment life insurance benefits (the Plan) to eligible individuals upon retirement from State employment. Members of the State Employees Retirement System (SERS), the State Police Retirement System (SPRS), the Judges' Retirement System (JRS), and certain members of the Military Retirement Provisions (MMRP) may receive a life insurance benefit if they meet the benefit eligibility requirements. The Plan is a single-employer, state-wide, defined benefit other postemployment benefits (OPEB) plan. The State contracts with Minnesota Life to administer the payout of life insurance benefits. The Plan is administered by the Michigan Civil Service Commission under Article XI, Section 5 of the Michigan Constitution of 1963 and Michigan Civil Service Commission Rule 5-11.

Activity of the Plan is accounted for in the State Sponsored Group Insurance Fund (Fund), an internal service fund in the State of Michigan Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (SOMCAFR). The Fund was administratively established to account for employee insurance benefit programs, which are largely self-funded. Five group insurance programs are offered to State employees: health, dental, vision, long-term disability, and life.

The Plan is not a trust and has no assets.

**Benefits Provided** - The State's group policy with Minnesota Life includes any active employee in the category of classified State service with an appointment of at least 720 hours duration, but excluding employees with non-career appointments and those working less than 40% of full time; any active official or active unclassified employee of the State who has been approved for coverage by the Civil Service Commission; any retired employee or official who was insured under this policy or the prior policies it replaced prior to entry into a State Retirement System; and Wayne County employees who a) were State Judicial Council employees on October 1, 1996 and whose employment was transferred to the Recorder's Court on October 1, 1996 and b) whose employer subsequently became the Wayne County Clerk's Office.

Eligible retirees are provided with life insurance coverage equal to 25 percent of the active life insurance coverage (which amount is rounded to the next higher \$100 provided the retiree retired after July 1, 1974), \$1,000 for spouse and \$1,000 for each dependent under age 23.

The active life insurance amount is either a) two times the employee's basic annual salary, the result rounded to the next higher \$1,000 if not already a multiple thereof, with a minimum of \$100,000 and a maximum of \$200,000; or b) one times the employee's basic annual salary, the result rounded to the next higher \$1,000 if not already a multiple thereof, with a minimum of \$10,000 and a maximum of \$50,000.

June 30, 2018 and 2017

**Note 10 - Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Continued)**

**Contributions** - The State contributes 100 percent of the premiums for employee and retiree life insurance coverage. The premium rate for FY 2018 was \$.24 for each \$1,000 of coverage through October 8, 2017. It was then updated to \$.28 for each \$1,000 of coverage for the remainder of the fiscal year. The employee contributes 100 percent of the premiums for dependent life coverage, and an employee must have been enrolled in dependent life insurance to maintain eligibility for dependent coverage as a retiree. The State is liable for benefit payments that exceed premiums paid. The Michigan Civil Service Commission is responsible for establishing and amending funding policies.

More specific information concerning eligibility requirements, benefit level, and funding policies is included in employee collective bargaining agreements, benefit plan booklets, and rules and regulations issued by the Michigan Civil Service Commission.

**Actuarial Valuations and Assumptions** - The Authority's total OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2018 was measured as of September 30, 2017 and is based on an actuarial valuation performed as of that date.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The normal cost and the allocation of benefit values between service rendered before and after the valuation date was determined using an Individual Entry-Age Actuarial Cost Method with these characteristics: a) the annual normal cost for each individual active member, payable from the date of employment to the date of retirement, is sufficient to accumulate the value of the member's benefit at the time of retirement; and b) each annual normal cost is a constant percentage of the member's year by year projected covered pay.

The total OPEB liability was measured using the following actuarial assumptions:

Wage Inflation Rate: 3.5 percent

Investment Rate of Return (discount rate): 3.5 percent per year

Mortality: Healthy Life and Disabled Life Mortality, with 115 percent of the Male rates and 121 percent of the Female rates used in the pension valuations for SERS plan members.

IBNR: A liability equal to 25 percent of expected first year cash flow was held for postemployment life insurance benefits claims incurred but not reported (IBNR).

June 30, 2018 and 2017

**Note 10 - Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Continued)**

Spouse Benefits for Future Retirees: The liabilities for active members were loaded to account for potential postemployment life insurance benefits payable to spouses of future retirees at 3 percent for SERS retirees.

Spouse Benefits for Current Retirees: Data regarding postemployment life insurance benefits coverage for spouses of current retirees was not available. Liabilities for retired members were loaded to account for postemployment life insurance benefits payable to the spouses of current retirees at 4 percent for SERS retirees.

Compensation: For some SERS retirees, FAC was not reported. The FAC for these members was assumed to be \$51,045 (the average of all SERS retiree records reported with FAC).

For purposes of valuing the postemployment life insurance benefit policies for retirees, base wage at retirement was not available and was approximated by applying a factor to the reported FAC at retirement. The factor used to convert a FAC to a base wage is based on the length of the FAC period for each group. The factor used for SERS was 0.983092 (2 year FAC) for Conservation and 0.966565 (3 year FAC) for Corrections and All Others.

For SERS DC plan retirees, compensation at retirement and other information was not provided to the actuary. The postemployment life insurance benefit policies for this group were assumed to have the same average value as the policies for retirees in the SERS DB plan.

Other: The face values of The Plan policies currently in force were requested by the actuary but were not available for use in this valuation. The actuary estimated the value of the postemployment life insurance benefit policies for retirees as follows:

Individuals retired after July 1974: 50% x compensation at retirement (compensation reported for the 2017 retirement system valuations)

Spousal benefits: \$1,000

Individuals retired on or before July 1974: \$3,000

Spousal benefits: \$1,000

Data for current retiree members of the Plan was not available for use in this valuation. All current retiree members of the retirement plans deemed eligible for postemployment life insurance benefits and reported in connection with the 2017 retirement valuations were included in this valuation of the Plan.

June 30, 2018 and 2017

**Note 10 - Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Continued)**

**Discount Rate** - A discount rate of 3.50 percent was used to measure the ending total OPEB liability for Postemployment Life Insurance Benefits as of September 30, 2017. This discount rate was based on the tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date since the plan has no assets. The municipal bond rate of 3.1 percent was used for determining the beginning total OPEB liability for Postemployment Life Insurance Benefits as of September 30, 2016.

**Total OPEB Liability for Postemployment Life Insurance Benefits** - As of September 30, 2017, the Authority reported a liability of \$8,425,888 for its proportionate share of the State's Postemployment Life Insurance Benefit's total OPEB liability. The total OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2017 based on an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Authority's proportion of the total OPEB liability was determined by dividing the Authority's actual contributions to the Plan during the measurement period of October 1, 2016 through September 30, 2017, by the percent of OPEB actual contributions received from all applicable employers. At September 30, 2017, the Authority's proportion was 0.659 percent.

**Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability for Postemployment Life Insurance** - The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate as well as what the proportionate share of the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount:

	June 30, 2018		
	1 Percent Decrease (2.5 Percent)	Current Discount (3.5 Percent)	1 Percent Increase (4.5 Percent)
Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 9,903,786	\$ 8,425,888	\$ 7,247,794



# Michigan State Housing Development Authority

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018 and 2017

### Note 10 - Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Continued)

**OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB for Postemployment Life Insurance Benefits** - For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Authority recognized OPEB expense of \$453,043. At June 30, 2018, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	June 30, 2018	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 7,072	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	-	456,815
Authority's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	210,594	-
Total	\$ 217,666	\$ 456,815

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the Authority's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	OPEB Expense Amount
2019	\$ (92,293)
2020	(92,293)
2021	(92,293)
2022	(92,293)
2023	(80,571)

# Michigan State Housing Development Authority

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018 and 2017

### Note 10 - Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Continued)

Amounts reported for defined benefit postemployment benefits other than pensions and postemployment life insurance benefits are aggregated on the Statement of Net Position as follows:

	June 30, 2018		
	Net OPEB Liability	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Postemployment benefits other than pensions	\$ 54,803,287	\$ 3,285,990	\$ 1,206,124
Postemployment life insurance benefits	8,425,888	217,666	456,815
Total	<u>\$ 63,229,175</u>	<u>\$ 3,503,656</u>	<u>\$ 1,662,939</u>

### Defined Contribution OPEB Plan

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2012 will not be eligible for any retiree health insurance coverage, but will become participants in the Personal Healthcare Fund wherein they will contribute up to 2 percent of their compensation into a 401(k) or 457 account, earning a matching 2 percent employer contribution. Also, the employee will receive a credit into a health reimbursement at termination of employment if he or she has at least 10 years of service at termination. The credit will be \$2,000 for participants who are at least 60 years old or \$1,000 for participants who are less than 60 years old at termination.

### Note 11 - Capital Assets

The Authority previously leased its office building in Lansing, Michigan under an agreement that was set to expire on February 28, 2021. On May 30, 2018, the Authority purchased the office building for \$21,000,000. The building has an estimated useful asset life of 40 years. Accumulated depreciation and depreciation expense was \$44,000 for the year ended June 30, 2018. Expense incurred related to the building operating lease prior to the purchase was approximately \$3,108,000 and \$3,352,000 for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

# Michigan State Housing Development Authority

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018 and 2017

### Note 12 - Restricted Net Position

The components of restricted net position are as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	2018	2017
Pledged for payment of:		
All bond issues (capital reserve account)	\$ 97,830	\$ 98,389
Single-family Mortgage Revenue Bonds	104,033	97,089
Single-family Home Ownership Revenue Bonds (1)	-	23,730
Multifamily 1988 Housing Revenue Bonds (1)	-	1,762
Rental Housing Revenue Bonds	<u>232,451</u>	<u>213,419</u>
Total	<u>\$ 434,314</u>	<u>\$ 434,389</u>

(1) All bonds have been redeemed, net position is no longer restricted

### Note 13 - Contingencies

The Authority is involved in various legal proceedings, claims, and disputes arising in the ordinary course of its financing activities with real estate developers and others. Management does not expect the amount of the ultimate liability, with respect to the disposition of these matters, will have any material adverse impact on the financial condition or results of operations of the Authority.

### Note 14 - Commitments

As of June 30, 2018 and 2017, the Authority has commitments to issue multifamily mortgage loans in the amounts of \$129,977,056 and \$96,817,000, respectively, and single-family mortgage loans in the amounts of \$59,859,000 and \$27,133,000, respectively.

The Authority has committed up to approximately \$1,055,000 per year for up to 30 years from the date of completion of the respective developments (subject to three years' advance notice of termination) from its accumulated reserves and future income to subsidize operations or rents for certain tenants occupying units in certain developments funded under the Authority's multifamily program. Such developments receive funds either for the purpose of subsidizing rents so that some units can be afforded by families with incomes at 50 percent or less of median income or to subsidize operations in general. Subsidy disbursements began in 1985 and totaled approximately \$90,000 and \$94,000 for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 respectively.

June 30, 2018 and 2017

### **Note 14 - Commitments (Continued)**

In addition, the Authority makes available up to approximately \$1,000,000 per year for up to 30 years to subsidize rents in a similar fashion for 20 percent of the units in certain other developments financed or to be financed under its multifamily mortgage lending program. Under this program, the Authority is entitled to receive a portion of any excess cash flow generated by the developments as well as a share of the profits from the sale of the developments and is able to reduce the rent subsidies if the interest rates being charged by the Authority on the related mortgage loans are below certain preset levels. Subsidy repayment of \$2,000 and \$102,000 exceeded subsidy disbursements for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

### **Note 15 - Interest Rate Swaps**

In connection with the issuance of various debt, the Authority has entered into interest rate swap contracts. To date, the interest rate swap contracts have all been the type whereby the Authority pays a fixed rate and receives a variable rate. No amount of compensation was paid or received at the time the contracts were executed. Interest rate swap agreements are important tools that the Authority utilizes to accomplish its goals. The Authority entered into the agreements in connection with the issuance of certain variable rate debt, with the intent of creating a synthetic fixed-rate debt, at an interest rate that is lower than if fixed-rate debt were to have been issued directly. These contracts have reduced the Authority's cost of borrowing and reduced exposure to variable interest rate risk. This has allowed the Authority to finance developments, reduce single-family mortgage rates, and fund programs that otherwise would not have been feasible.

The Authority is issuing the June 30, 2018 and 2017 financial statements in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 53. This standard is used to determine whether a derivative instrument will result in an effective hedge. Changes in the market value of effective hedges are recognized in the year to which they relate. Effective hedge changes do not affect investment income, but are reported as deferrals in the statement of net position. Derivatives that are not deemed effective would be reported at fair market value and recognized as investments.

The fair values of the interest rate swaps were estimated using the zero-coupon method. This method calculates the future net settlement payments required by the swap, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot interest rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement on the swaps.

June 30, 2018 and 2017

## Note 15 - Interest Rate Swaps (Continued)

The following summarizes the interest rate swap contracts at June 30, 2018:

Associated Debt/Swap Agreement	Effective Date	Notional Amount		Rate	Fixed Rate	Optional Termination Date/Without Payment (9)	Market (Payment) to Terminate Swap	GASB No. 53 Presentation in Statement of Net Position	Type of Risk
		as of June 30, 2018	Termination Date						Associated With Swap Contract (4)(5)(6)(8)
Rental housing revenue bonds (effective hedges):									
2000 Series A (1)	09/25/00	\$ 33,795,000	10/01/20	70% of 1 M LIBOR	4.960%	N.A.	\$ (2,307,536)	\$ (2,307,536)	(7)
2002 Series A (1)	07/03/02	44,660,000	04/01/37	70% of 1 M LIBOR	4.560%	N.A.	(10,534,843)	(10,534,843)	
2008 Series A (1)(10)	04/01/01	17,020,000	04/01/23	SIFMA + 0.10%	5.350%	N.A.	(1,621,701)	(692,332)	
2008 Series D (3)(10)	11/18/04	19,805,000	10/01/39	65% of 1 M LIBOR+0.23%	3.705%	10/01/24	(1,677,339)	(1,225,955)	
2008 Series D (3)(10)	11/18/04	32,980,000	10/01/39	65% of 3 M LIBOR+0.16%	3.597%	10/01/24	(2,577,009)	(1,983,524)	
2008 Series C (1)(10)	04/01/01	8,830,000	04/01/23	SIFMA	4.770%	N.A.	(640,820)	(202,615)	
2016 Series C (3)(10)	03/16/06	58,855,000	10/01/40	65% of 3 M LIBOR+0.16%	3.514%	04/01/26	(5,222,346)	4,961,379	
2016 Series D (3)(10)	07/25/06	53,600,000	04/01/41	61% of 1 M LIBOR+0.40%	3.996%	10/01/26	(6,818,242)	5,265,975	
2016 Series E (3)(10)	07/02/07	25,825,000	04/01/42	65% of 3 M LIBOR+0.16%	3.378%	04/01/27	(2,277,276)	2,651,426	
2018 Series C (3)(10)	09/22/05	59,450,000	04/01/40	65% of 1 M LIBOR+0.23%	3.514%	10/01/25	(5,141,952)	(46,705)	
2018 Series C (3)(10)	01/23/08	71,455,000	10/01/42	61% of 1 M LIBOR+0.40%	3.564%	10/01/22	(6,826,950)	(54,752)	
Subtotal		426,275,000					(45,646,015)	(4,169,482)	
Single-family mortgage revenue bonds (effective hedges):									
2006 Series C (2)	12/01/06	48,470,000	06/01/33	Floating Rate	4.417%	12/01/19	(1,886,351)	(1,886,351)	(7)
2006 Series C (2)	12/01/19	35,000,000	12/01/27	SIFMA	2.703%	12/01/24	(458,810)	(458,810)	(7)
2007 Series B (2)	09/04/07	15,555,000	06/01/38	Floating Rate	4.156%	06/01/19	(376,057)	(376,057)	
2007 Series B (2)	01/01/08	8,375,000	06/01/38	Floating Rate	4.252%	06/01/19	(210,373)	(210,373)	
2007 Series B (2)	01/02/08	8,375,000	06/01/38	Floating Rate	4.444%	06/01/19	(226,076)	(226,076)	
2007 Series D (2)	12/01/08	15,880,000	12/01/38	Floating Rate	4.116%	12/01/18	(200,640)	(200,640)	
2007 Series E (2)	06/02/08	22,680,000	12/01/38	Floating Rate	3.846%	12/01/18	(460,539)	(460,539)	
2007 Series E (2)	12/01/19	40,000,000	12/01/27	SIFMA	2.726%	12/01/24	(527,951)	(527,951)	(7)
2007 Series F (2)	12/01/08	23,275,000	12/01/38	Floating Rate	4.165%	12/01/18	(299,730)	(299,730)	
2007 Series F (2)	12/01/08	15,875,000	12/01/38	Floating Rate	4.340%	N.A.	(3,346,281)	(3,346,281)	
2009 Series D (2)(10)	10/05/05	10,430,000	06/01/30	Floating Rate	4.064%	12/01/18	(130,462)	(90,855)	
2009 Series D (2)(10)	04/01/07	19,195,000	06/01/30	Floating Rate	4.574%	12/01/19	(762,074)	(327,918)	
2009 Series D (2)	12/01/19	20,000,000	06/01/30	SIFMA	2.746%	12/01/24	(262,773)	(262,773)	(7)
2017 Series A (2)(10)	10/05/17	45,000,000	12/01/32	70% of 1 M LIBOR+1.00%	3.559%	12/01/24	(656,019)	941,337	(7)
2018 Series B (2)	03/28/18	50,000,000	12/01/33	70% of 1 M LIBOR+0.85%	3.351%	12/01/25	(661,803)	(661,803)	(7)
Subtotal		378,110,000					(10,465,939)	(8,394,820)	
Total interest rate swaps		\$ 804,385,000					\$ (56,111,954)	(12,564,302)	(12)
						Unamortized off-market borrowings		(44,705,210)	(11)
Total swaps							\$ (57,269,512)		

- (1) Counterparty risk is the risk that the swap counterparty will not fulfill its obligations set forth under the terms and conditions of the swap contract. The counterparty associated with these bonds is Goldman Sachs Mitsui Marine Derivative Products, L.P. (GSMMDP). GSMMDP is currently rated AA- stable outlook by S&P and Aa2 by Moody's as of June 30, 2018.
- (2) Counterparty risk is the risk that the swap counterparty will not fulfill its obligations set forth under the terms and conditions of the swap contract. The counterparty associated with these bonds is Barclays Bank PLC (Barclays). Barclays is currently rated A stable outlook by S&P and A2 by Moody's as of June 30, 2018.
- (3) Counterparty risk is the risk that the swap counterparty will not fulfill its obligations set forth under the terms and conditions of the swap contract. The counterparty associated with these bonds is Merrill Lynch Capital Services, Inc. (MLCS) or Merrill Lynch Derivative Products (MLDP). MLDP is currently rated AA by S&P and Aa3 by Moody's as of June 30, 2018. MLCS is not rated by Moody's or S&P. MLCS's obligations under each agreement are guaranteed by Bank of America Corporation, which has a rating of A- by S&P and A3 by Moody's as of June 30, 2018.

**Note 15 - Interest Rate Swaps (Continued)**

- (4) Termination risk is the risk that the swap could be terminated by the counterparty due to any of several events, which may include an authority or counterparty ratings downgrade, covenant violation by either party, bankruptcy of either party, swap payment default by either party, and default events as defined in the Authority's bond indentures. All contracts have this risk.
- (5) Basis risk refers to a mismatch between the interest rate received from the swap contract and the interest actually paid on the Authority's debt. All contracts have this risk.
- (6) Tax event risk is the risk that a change in the marginal income tax rates or a change in the tax code impacts the trading value of tax-exempt bonds. All contracts have this risk.
- (7) Rollover risk is the risk that the swap contract is not coterminous with the related debt.
- (8) Amortization risk is the risk that there is a mismatch or potential mismatch between the Authority's bonds and the notional amount of the swap outstanding. This mismatch could expose the Authority to variable interest rates if the swap amortizes quicker than the bonds or subject the Authority to a payment to the counterparty to terminate a portion of the swap contract early if the bonds are redeemed more quickly than anticipated. All contracts have this risk.
- (9) The Authority has the option to terminate the contract in whole or in part without payment after the stated date.
- (10) These interest rate swap agreements have either been reassigned from their original bond issue as part of an economic refunding or have been executed at terms that do not reflect current market terms. GASB Statement No. 53 has termed these off-market swaps to be "in-substance hybrids." Essentially, the swaps have two components as follows:
  - a. On-market component - This is the component of the swap that requires a calculation on the effectiveness and to be valued at the market on an annual basis. In the case of the Authority, these twelve swaps' "on-market" components have been determined to be effective based on the calculation and are included in interest rate swaps in the table.
  - b. Off-market component - This is the component of the swap that, at the time of the reassignment, is determined to be "off-market" and takes on the characteristics of a "fixed contract." Therefore, at the time of reassignment, this component needs to be valued based on the rate differential, which compares the market rates to the original swap rates. This component is then considered a fixed contract and should be amortized over the life of the new debt and added to the deferred cost of issuance. See table below summarizing this component.

# Michigan State Housing Development Authority

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018 and 2017

### Note 15 - Interest Rate Swaps (Continued)

(11) Table of off-market borrowings:

	Off-market Borrowing Rate	On-market Borrowing rate	Unamortized Off-market Borrowing Balance
Rental Housing			
Revenue Bonds:			
2008 Series A	1.920%	3.433%	\$ (886,564)
2008 Series D	0.404%	3.301%	(687,012)
2008 Series D	0.331%	3.266%	(894,889)
2008 Series C	1.982%	2.788%	(425,294)
2016 Series C	2.143%	1.371%	(10,085,012)
2016 Series D	2.609%	1.387%	(11,880,147)
2016 Series E	2.122%	1.256%	(4,789,493)
2018 Series C	1.085%	2.429%	(4,738,156)
2018 Series C	1.079%	2.485%	(6,370,173)
Single-family Mortgage			
Revenue Bonds:			
2009 Series D	0.649%	3.415%	(474,329)
2009 Series D	1.320%	3.254%	(1,180,341)
2017 Series A	0.430%	3.129%	(2,293,800)
Total			<u>\$ (44,705,210)</u>

(12) Cumulative decrease in fair market value of hedging derivatives is a deferred outflow of resources per GASB Statement No. 53.

A comparative summary of the changes resulting from GASB Statement No. 53 is as follows:

		Changes in Fair Value		Fair Value at June 30, 2018		Notional
		Classification	Amount	Classification	Amount	
Cash flow hedges:						
Pay-fixed interest rate swaps (receive-variable)	Deferred charge		\$ 40,069,897	Bonds payable	\$ (12,564,302)	\$ 804,385,000
Off-market borrowings	Interest expense		-	Off-market borrowings	(44,705,210)	-
		Changes in Fair Value		Fair Value at June 30, 2017		Notional
		Classification	Amount	Classification	Amount	
Cash flow hedges:						
Pay-fixed interest rate swaps (receive-variable)	Deferred charge		\$ 81,912,742	Bonds payable	\$ (52,634,199)	\$ 806,370,000
Off-market borrowings	Interest expense		-	Off-market borrowings	(37,783,987)	-

June 30, 2018 and 2017

### Note 16 – Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, employee injuries (workers' compensation), and employee medical benefits. The State of Michigan is self-insured and provides coverage to the Authority for these potential losses. Additional information on risk management can be found in the footnotes of the State of Michigan Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Settled claims related to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

### Note 17 - Change in Accounting Principle

During the current year, the Authority adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. As a result, the financial statements now include a net other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability for the Authority's unfunded postemployment benefit plan legacy costs. Some of the changes in this net OPEB liability each year will be recognized immediately as part of the OPEB expense measurement, and part will be deferred and recognized over future years. Refer to Note 10 for further details. As a result of implementing this statement, the net position of the Authority as of July 1, 2017 has been restated by (\$61,016,000) to \$686,241,000. Of the (\$61,016,000) restatement, (\$64,415,000) was related to the beginning of year net OPEB liability and \$3,399,000 was related to the beginning of year deferred outflows for employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. The restatement of the fiscal year 2017 financial statements was not practical as all necessary information for such a restatement was not available from the OPEB plan. As such, the fiscal year 2017 financial statements have not been restated.

### Note 18 - Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which improves accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. This standard will not have a significant impact on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the Authority's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2021.



**Note 18 - Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)**

In March 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements*. This statement establishes criteria to improve the information that is disclosed in the notes to the government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The Authority is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the Authority's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2019.

**Note 19 - Subsequent Events**

Subsequent to the statement of net position date and through October 19, 2018, the date of the report, the Authority issued Rental Housing Revenue Bond 2018 Series B in the amount of \$12,925,000.

During August and October 2018, the Authority redeemed the outstanding portions of the 2005 Series A and 2007 Series C bonds. The total amount redeemed was \$130,905,000.

During July 2018, the Authority also entered into a short-term credit agreement with Barclays Bank, PLC for a \$100,000,000 credit line in order to fund the single-family housing program until additional funding from the Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bond 2018 Series C and D was available; the entire credit line of \$100,000,000 was outstanding as of the report date. The short-term credit agreement will expire no later than November 15, 2018.

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## Required Supplemental Information

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## Michigan State Housing Development Authority

### Schedule of the Authority's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability State Employees' Retirement System (in thousands of dollars)

	<u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>June 30, 2017</u>	<u>June 30, 2016</u>	<u>June 30, 2015</u>
Authority's proportion of the net pension liability	0.666%	0.700%	0.707%	0.685%
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 34,606	\$ 37,029	\$ 38,909	\$ 35,279
Authority's covered employee payroll	\$ 19,652	\$ 20,580	\$ 20,749	\$ 20,741
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	176%	180%	188%	170%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	69.45%	67.48%	66.11%	68.07%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of September 30 of the previous year. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Authority presents information for those years for which information is available.

## Michigan State Housing Development Authority

### Schedule of the Authority's Pension Contributions State Employees' Retirement System (in thousands of dollars)

	<u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>June 30, 2017</u>	<u>June 30, 2016</u>	<u>June 30, 2015</u>
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 4,252	\$ 4,823	\$ 5,030	\$ 5,161
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$ 4,252	\$ 4,823	\$ 5,030	\$ 5,161
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-
Authority's covered employee payroll	\$ 19,652	\$ 20,580	\$ 20,749	\$ 20,741
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	22%	23%	24%	25%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Authority presents information for those years for which information is available.

## Michigan State Housing Development Authority

### Notes to Pension Required Supplemental Information Schedules

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June 30, 2018

The comparability of trend information is affected by changes in actuarial assumptions, benefit provisions, actuarial funding methods, accounting policies, and other changes. Those changes usually affect trends in contribution requirements and in ratios that use the pension and other postemployment benefit obligations as a factor.

The Schedule of Contributions for Pension is presented to show the responsibility of the Authority in meeting the actuarial requirements to maintain the System on a sound financial basis.

The Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions for Pension are schedules that are required in implementing GASB Statement No. 68. The Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability represents, in actuarial terms, the accrued liability less the market value of assets. The Schedule of Contributions for Pension is a comparison of the Authority's contributions to the actuarially determined contributions.

The information presented in the schedule of contributions was used in the actuarial valuation for the purpose of determining the actuarially determined contribution rate. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation for the pension plan follows.

**Valuation** - Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of September 30 each year.

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution for Fiscal Year 2017

Actuarial cost method	Entry age, normal
Amortization method	Level dollar, closed
Remaining amortization period	20 years
Asset valuation method	Five-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary increases	3.5 - 12.5 percent wage inflation
Investment rate of return	8.0 percent net of investment and administrative expenses
Retirement age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition
Mortality	RP-2000 combined health life mortality table, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2015 using projection scale BB. For active members, 50 percent of the table rates were used for males and females.

**Michigan State Housing Development Authority**

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**Schedule of the Authority's Proportionate Share of  
Net OPEB Liability  
State Employees' Retirement System - Healthcare  
(in thousands of dollars)**

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	<u>June 30, 2018</u>
Authority's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.665%
Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 54,803
Authority's covered employee payroll	\$ 19,652
Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	279%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	20%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of September 30 of the previous year. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Authority presents information for those years for which information is available.

## **Michigan State Housing Development Authority**

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### **Schedule of the Authority's OPEB Contributions State Employees' Retirement System – Healthcare (in thousands of dollars)**

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	<u>June 30, 2018</u>
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 4,301
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$ 4,301
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-
Authority's covered employee payroll	\$ 19,652
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	22%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Authority presents information for those years for which information is available.

## Michigan State Housing Development Authority

### Notes to OPEB Required Supplemental Information Schedules

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June 30, 2018

The comparability of trend information is affected by changes in actuarial assumptions, benefit provisions, actuarial funding methods, accounting policies, and other changes. Those changes usually affect trends in contribution requirements and in ratios that use the other postemployment benefit obligations as a factor.

The Schedule of Contributions for OPEB is presented to show the responsibility of the Employer in meeting the actuarial requirements to maintain the System on a sound financial basis.

The Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of Contributions for OPEB are schedules that are required in implementing GASB Statement No. 75. The Schedule of Contributions is a comparison of the employer's contributions to the actuarially determined contributions.

The information presented in the Schedule of Contributions was used in the actuarial valuation for purposes of determining actuarially determined contribution rate. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation for the OPEB plan follows.

**Valuation** - Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of September 30 each year.

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution for Fiscal Year 2017

Actuarial cost method	Entry-age
Amortization method	Level-Percent of Payroll
Remaining amortization period	20 years
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets
Salary increases	3.5 percent
Investment rate of return	8.0 percent Per Year
Health care cost trend rate	9.0 percent Year 1 Graded to 3.5% Year 10
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2015 using projection scale BB. For men and women, 50% of the male table rates were used.



**Michigan State Housing Development Authority**

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**Schedule of the Authority's Proportionate Share of  
Total OPEB Liability  
Postemployment Life Insurance Benefit  
(in thousands of dollars)**

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	<u>June 30, 2018</u>
Authority's proportion of the total OPEB liability	0.659%
Authority's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability	\$ 8,426
Authority's covered employee payroll	\$ 19,374
Authority's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	43%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of September 30 of the previous year. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Authority presents information for those years for which information is available.

The Plan is not a trust and has no assets.

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## Other Supplemental Information

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# Michigan State Housing Development Authority

## Statement of Net Position Information (in thousands of dollars)

June 30, 2018

	Activities								Combined
	Single-family Mortgage Revenue Bonds	Single-family Homeownership Revenue Bonds	Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds	Rental Housing Revenue Bonds	General Operating	Capital Reserve	Mortgage Escrow and Reserve	Other	
<b>Assets, Hedging Derivatives, and Deferred Outflows</b>									
<b>Cash and Investments</b>									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 25,016	\$ 554	\$ -	\$ 201,295	\$ 11,696	\$ 1,525	\$ 50,423	\$ 9,094	\$ 299,603
Investments	130,046	-	-	198,786	7,220	96,305	445,646	2	878,005
Total cash and investments	155,062	554	-	400,081	18,916	97,830	496,069	9,096	1,177,608
<b>Loans Receivable</b>									
Multifamily mortgage loans:									
Construction in progress	-	-	-	131,080	4,045	-	-	-	135,125
Completed construction	-	-	-	1,074,904	52,987	-	-	143,477	1,271,368
Housing development loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,252	2,252
Single-family mortgage loans	1,153,887	35,450	-	-	11,577	-	-	-	1,200,914
Home improvement and moderate rehabilitation loans	-	-	-	-	3,804	-	-	-	3,804
Total	1,153,887	35,450	-	1,205,984	72,413	-	-	145,729	2,613,463
Accrued loan interest receivable	4,955	189	-	30,121	6,726	-	-	25,178	67,169
Allowance on loans receivable	(35,412)	(1,056)	-	(22,876)	(3,280)	-	-	(189)	(62,813)
Net loans receivable	1,123,430	34,583	-	1,213,229	75,859	-	-	170,718	2,617,819
<b>Capital Assets, net</b>	-	-	-	-	20,956	-	-	-	20,956
<b>Other Assets</b>									
Real estate owned	6,721	669	-	22,101	371	-	-	-	29,862
Other	18,223	222	-	-	11,294	-	-	8,785	38,524
Interfund accounts	(7,494)	(35,287)	1,872	(9,815)	16,850	-	34,951	(1,077)	-
Total other assets	17,450	(34,396)	1,872	12,286	28,515	-	34,951	7,708	68,386
Total assets	1,295,942	741	1,872	1,625,596	144,246	97,830	531,020	187,522	3,884,769
<b>Accumulated Decrease in Fair Value of Hedging Derivatives</b>									
Hedging Derivatives	8,395	-	-	4,169	-	-	-	-	12,564
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>									
Deferred outflows related to pensions	-	-	-	-	3,429	-	-	-	3,429
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	-	-	-	-	3,504	-	-	-	3,504
Deferred charges on refunding - Reassigned swaps	3,948	-	-	40,757	-	-	-	-	44,705
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,948	-	-	40,757	6,933	-	-	-	51,638
Total assets, hedging derivatives, and deferred outflows	<u>\$ 1,308,285</u>	<u>\$ 741</u>	<u>\$ 1,872</u>	<u>\$ 1,670,522</u>	<u>\$ 151,179</u>	<u>\$ 97,830</u>	<u>\$ 531,020</u>	<u>\$ 187,522</u>	<u>\$ 3,948,971</u>

# Michigan State Housing Development Authority

## Statement of Net Position Information (continued) (in thousands of dollars)

June 30, 2018

	Activities								Combined
	Single-family Mortgage Revenue Bonds	Single-family Homeownership Revenue Bonds	Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds	Rental Housing Revenue Bonds	General Operating	Capital Reserve	Mortgage Escrow and Reserve	Other	
<b>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position</b>									
<b>Liabilities</b>									
Bonds payable	\$ 1,192,146	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,411,817	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,603,963
Hedging derivatives	8,395	-	-	4,169	-	-	-	-	12,564
Accrued interest payable	3,711	-	-	8,413	-	-	-	-	12,124
Escrow funds	-	-	-	565	228	-	531,020	(79,638)	452,175
Deferred mortgage interest income	-	-	-	13,061	-	-	-	-	13,061
Net pension liability	-	-	-	-	34,606	-	-	-	34,606
Net OPEB liability	-	-	-	-	63,229	-	-	-	63,229
Other liabilities	-	741	11	-	32,545	-	-	9,291	42,588
Total liabilities	1,204,252	741	11	1,438,025	130,608	-	531,020	(70,347)	3,234,310
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>									
Deferred inflows related to pensions	-	-	-	-	2,180	-	-	-	2,180
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	-	-	-	-	1,663	-	-	-	1,663
Loan origination fees	-	-	-	46	15,096	-	-	-	15,142
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	-	-	46	18,939	-	-	-	18,985
<b>Net Position</b>	104,033	-	1,861	232,451	1,632	97,830	-	257,869	695,676
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position	<b>\$ 1,308,285</b>	<b>\$ 741</b>	<b>\$ 1,872</b>	<b>\$ 1,670,522</b>	<b>\$ 151,179</b>	<b>\$ 97,830</b>	<b>\$ 531,020</b>	<b>\$ 187,522</b>	<b>\$ 3,948,971</b>

# Michigan State Housing Development Authority

## Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Information

(in thousands of dollars)

June 30, 2018

	Activities							Combined
	Single-family Mortgage Revenue Bonds	Single-family Homeownership Revenue Bonds	Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds	Rental Housing Revenue Bonds	General Operating	Capital Reserve	Other	
<b>Operating Revenue</b>								
Investment income (loss):								
Loan interest income	\$ 45,107	\$ 1,935	\$ 78	\$ 71,864	\$ 4,513	\$ -	\$ 5,641	\$ 129,138
Investment interest income (loss)	4,163	(97)	-	3,124	220	2,658	3,614	13,682
(Decrease) increase in fair value of investments - Including change in unrealized (losses) gains	<u>(3,764)</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(2,747)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,217)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(9,729)</u>
Total investment income	45,506	1,837	78	72,241	4,733	(559)	9,255	133,091
Less interest expense and debt financing costs	<u>37,013</u>	<u>787</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>45,151</u>	<u>283</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>83,256</u>
Net investment income (loss)	8,493	1,050	56	27,090	4,450	(559)	9,255	49,835
Other revenue:								
Federal and state assistance programs	-	-	-	-	588	-	542,073	542,661
Section 8 program administrative fees	-	-	-	-	16,985	-	-	16,985
Contract administration fees	-	-	-	-	8,046	-	-	8,046
Other income	<u>2</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>72</u>	<u>10,290</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,108</u>	<u>15,472</u>
Total operating revenue	8,495	1,050	56	27,162	40,359	(559)	556,436	632,999
<b>Operating Expenses (Revenue)</b>								
Federal and state assistance programs	-	-	-	-	590	-	542,071	542,661
Salaries and benefits	-	-	-	-	35,927	-	-	35,927
Other general operating expenses	-	-	-	-	31,222	-	-	31,222
Loan servicing and insurance costs	1,640	35	-	-	4,476	-	-	6,151
Provision for possible losses on loans	<u>2,633</u>	<u>(372)</u>	<u>(43)</u>	<u>(1,870)</u>	<u>(273)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>77</u>
Total operating expenses (revenue)	4,273	(337)	(43)	(1,870)	71,942	-	542,073	616,038
<b>Operating Income (Loss) - Before nonoperating expenses</b>	4,222	1,387	99	29,032	(31,583)	(559)	14,363	16,961
<b>Nonoperating Expenses - Grants and subsidies</b>	-	-	-	-	(262)	-	(7,264)	(7,526)
<b>Change in Net Position</b>	4,222	1,387	99	29,032	(31,845)	(559)	7,099	9,435
<b>Net Position - Beginning of year</b>	97,089	23,730	1,762	213,419	63,635	98,389	249,233	747,257
<b>Restatement Due to Change in Accounting Principle</b>	-	-	-	-	(61,016)	-	-	(61,016)
<b>Transfers to Other Funds for Payment of Operating Fund Expenses</b>	-	(25,301)	-	(10,000)	35,301	-	-	-
<b>Funding to Provide Additional Cash Flow and Payment of Bond Issuance Costs</b>	<u>2,722</u>	<u>184</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(4,443)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,537</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Net Position - End of year</b>	<b>\$ 104,033</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 1,861</b>	<b>\$ 232,451</b>	<b>\$ 1,632</b>	<b>\$ 97,830</b>	<b>\$ 257,869</b>	<b>\$ 695,676</b>

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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and  
on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of  
Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with  
*Government Auditing Standards*

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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of  
Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

**Independent Auditor's Report**

To Management, the Board of Directors, and  
Mr. Doug A. Ringler, CPA, CIA,  
Auditor General, State of Michigan  
Michigan State Housing Development Authority

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of the Michigan State Housing Development Authority (the "Authority") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 22, 2018.

**Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Michigan State Housing Development Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Authority's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

**Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Michigan State Housing Development Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

To Management, the Board of Directors, and  
Mr. Doug A. Ringler, CPA, CIA,  
Auditor General, State of Michigan  
Michigan State Housing Development Authority

**Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Plante & Moran, PLLC*

October 22, 2018