Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

A Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Fund of the State of Michigan

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2015



MPSERS

Prepared by:
Financial Services
for
Office of Retirement Services
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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Certificate of Achievement Public Pension Standards Award Letter of Transmittal Retirement Board Members Advisors and Consultants Organization Chart

Certificate of Achievement



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO

Public Pension Standards Award



Public Pension Coordinating Council

Public Pension Standards Award For Funding and Administration 2015

Presented to

Michigan Office of Retirement Services

In recognition of meeting professional standards for plan funding and administration as set forth in the Public Pension Standards.

Presented by the Public Pension Coordinating Council, a confederation of

National Association of State Retirement Administrators (NASRA)
National Conference on Public Employee Retirement Systems (NCPERS)
National Council on Teacher Retirement (NCTR)

Alan H. Winkle Program Administrator

alan Helinple

Letter of Transmittal

Michigan Public School Employees'
Retirement System
P.O. Box 30171
Lansing, Michigan 48909-7671
Telephone 517- 322-5103
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STATE OF MICHIGAN

RICK SNYDER, Governor

DEPARTMENT OF TECHNOLOGY, MANAGEMENT & BUDGET

December 30, 2015

The Honorable Rick Snyder Governor, State of Michigan,

Members of the Legislature State of Michigan,

Retirement Board Members and Members, Retirees and Beneficiaries

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We are pleased to present the comprehensive annual financial report of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System) for fiscal year 2015.

INTRODUCTION TO REPORT

The System was established by legislation under Public Act 136 of 1945, and is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS). The number of active and retired members and beneficiaries of the System is presented in Note 1 of the financial statements in the Financial Section of this report. The purpose of the System is to provide benefits for all public school employees. The services performed by ORS staff provide benefits to members.

Responsibility

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the leadership team of the System. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the System.

Internal Control Structure

The leadership team of the System is responsible for maintaining adequate internal accounting controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are executed in accordance with management's general or specific authorization, and are recorded as necessary to maintain accountability for assets and to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the safekeeping of assets and reliability of all financial records.

Letter of Transmittal (continued)

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. This internal control structure includes maintaining written policies and procedures. Discussion and analysis of fiduciary net position and related additions and deductions are presented in the Management Discussion and Analysis which can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

Independent Auditors and Actuary

The Office of the Auditor General (OAG), independent auditors, conducted an annual audit of the System. The independent auditor's report on the System's financial statements is included in the Financial Section of this report.

Statute requires that an annual actuarial valuation be conducted. The purpose of the valuation is to evaluate the mortality, service, compensation and other financial experience of the System and to recommend employer-funding rates for the subsequent year. The annual actuarial valuation was completed by Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014. Actuarial certification and supporting statistics are included in the Actuarial Section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the Basic Financial Statements in the form of MD&A. This letter of transmittal is intended to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

In accordance with Public Act 300 of 1980, on October 31, 1980, the Public School Employees' Chapter I Retirement Fund merged with the Public School Employees' Chapter II Retirement Fund to establish the Public School Employees' Retirement System. Public Acts 136 of 1945 and 259 of 1974, respectively, created the two original funds. A twelve-member board governs administrative policy.

Employee contributions, employer contributions, and investment earnings provide financing for the System. Under Public Act 91 of 1985, employees may contribute additional amounts into a "member investment plan." Public Act 75 of 2010 established a new Pension Plus Plan which provides all individuals hired on or after July 1, 2010, with a combined Defined Benefit and Defined Contribution benefit structure.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

Despite challenging economic times, the System continues to show steady performance over the long-term.

Investments

The State Treasurer is the investment fiduciary and custodian of all investments of the System pursuant to State law. The primary investment objective is to maximize the rate of return on the total investment portfolio, consistent with a high degree of prudence and sufficient diversity to eliminate inordinate risks and to meet the actuarial assumption for the investment return rate. The investment activity for the year produced a total rate of return on the portfolio of 2.6% for the Pension Plan and 2.5% for the Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan. For the last five years, the System has experienced an annualized rate of return of 10.0% for the Pension Plan. A summary of asset allocation and rates of return can be found in the Investment Section of this report.

Accounting System

Transactions of the System are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when incurred. Participants' benefits are recorded when payable by law. We believe that the accounting and administrative internal controls established by the System provide reasonable assurance the System is

Letter of Transmittal (continued)

carrying out its responsibilities in safeguarding its assets, in maintaining the reliability of the financial records for preparing financial statements, and in maintaining accountability for its assets.

Funding

Funds are derived from the excess of additions to plan fiduciary net position over deductions from plan fiduciary net position. Funds are accumulated by the System to meet future benefit obligations to retirees and beneficiaries. The percentage computed by dividing the actuarial value of assets by the actuarial accrued liability is referred to as the "funded ratio." This ratio provides an indication of the funding status of the System and generally, the greater this percentage, the stronger the System.

Pension - The actuarial value of the assets and actuarial accrued liability were \$39.6 billion and \$66.1 billion, respectively, resulting in a funded ratio of 59.9% at September 30, 2014. A historical perspective of funding levels for the Pension Plan is presented on the Schedule of Funding Progress in the Statistical Section of this report.

Postemployment Benefits - Prefunding for postemployment benefits began in fiscal year 2013. As of September 30, 2014, the actuarial value of the assets and actuarial accrued liability for postemployment benefits were \$3.0 billion and \$14.2 billion, respectively, resulting in a funded ratio of 21.1%. GASB Statement No. 43 (implemented in fiscal year 2007) does not require retroactive application of the reporting changes. Therefore, only nine valuation years are presented on the Schedule of Funding Progress in the Required Supplementary Information of the Financial Section in this report.

MAJOR GOALS ACCOMPLISHED

<u>We Moved!</u> - During June and July, ORS relocated from the General Office Building to the newly renovated Stevens T. Mason Building in the Capitol Complex, downtown Lansing. Staff, vendors and the DTMB Move Team coordinated to make the move efficient, low-stress, and with minimal interruption of service for our customers.

ORS Launches Twitter and YouTube Channel - The next steps in the social media plan for ORS included the launch of the @MichiganORS Twitter account and the ORS YouTube channel. @MichiganORS has now passed 1,000 followers and the YouTube channel now hosts seven videos with over 5,000 views.

Business Process Reengineering (BPR) Deployed - The Business Process Reengineering (BPR) project went live on Monday, September 14. BPR deployed enhancements to the Employer Reporting website, which is how reporting units submit their retirement reports to ORS. The enhancements will save hours of work for DTMB Financial Services and ORS staff, reporting units and our members. The enhancements include a Defined Contribution (DC) component that brings DC records into our retirement database and transfers member's contributions to Voya Financial® sooner. In addition to the DC components, reporting units have an automated notification system and tools to help them report and make accurate and ontime payments.

<u>miAccount Surpasses 400,000 Registered Users</u> - ORS recently surpassed the milestone of 400,000 registered miAccount users. miAccount is our online portal that connects members with their retirement account information and also allows members to update their personal information.

Address Processes Upgraded - Upgrades were made to systems to allow up to three addresses for members (instead of one). The physical address will be where the member permanently resides including the county that the member resides in based on the member's zip code. The mailing address will be where the member wants their mail sent to, which includes a PO Box, or their "snowbird" address for the winter months. The legal address will store the address of a member's power of attorney (POA), guardian, or conservator.

<u>Insurance Billing Auto-Allocation Implemented</u> - An automated batch process was implemented in January 2015 to automatically allocate insurance bills to the appropriate receivable. This eliminates ORS's need for manual processing of all insurance payments deposited by Financial Services. Instead, ORS now only works those payments identified on an exception report. On the first run, over 1,400 payments were automatically allocated.

Letter of Transmittal (continued)

MPSERS Celebrates 100 Years - This year the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) turned 100 years old. Public Act 174 of 1915 established the Michigan Teachers' Retirement Law. It became MPSERS in 1945, and the Detroit Public School Employees' Retirement System began participating in 1980.

ORS Helps Public School Employers with GASB 68 Compliance - In July, ORS rolled out a comprehensive guide to complying with new regulations from the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), known as GASB Statement No. 68. Although all retirement systems must comply, the rules for cost-sharing multiple-employer systems like the MPSERS are uniquely challenging and substantial. Informational presentations were made at Michigan School Business Officials and the Michigan Association of Certified Public Accountants conferences throughout the state. The conferences provided participants with in-depth reporting recommendations and background on GASB's new standards.

Educating Reporting Units on Changes Due to GASB 68 - The GASB has established new accounting and financial reporting standards that require, for the first time, that the net pension liability is reported in financial statements for governments across the country, including the participating employers in the MPSERS effective for reporting unit's fiscal year ending on June 30, 2015. ORS staff has provided information and tools to reporting units on how this change affects them. This communication will continue as changes are phased in.

New Hire Retirement Plan Election Materials Improved - New public school employees have an important decision to make: they have 75 days from their first payroll date to decide if they want to stay in the Pension Plus retirement plan or switch to the Defined Contribution plan. In an effort to help these new employees make informed, educated choices, ORS worked with Voya Financial® to revamp the election materials. These materials include a New Hire Retirement Plan Election brochure and a corresponding eBook available at www.PickMiPlan.org. A supply of the brochures was sent to all public school reporting units.

<u>Insurance Communications Improved</u> - ORS undertook an initiative to improve insurance communications with customers. This project included several parts. First, website improvements to the insurance section include clearer, searchable headings, more links to relevant content, new graphics, and better organized information. Second, ORS coordinated with Blue Cross Blue Shield of MI to improve communication on the verification of coverage process. Third, personalized, timely and targeted insurance rate information was mailed out in September, earlier than in past years.

2016-2017 Strategic Initiatives Package - The MPSERS Board approved a two-year strategic initiative package that will save MPSERS an estimated cost goal of \$50 million over the course of two years. The mission for the strategic initiatives package is to (1) maintain a quality health care plan that is affordable to the members, the schools, and MPSERS, (2) measurably improve the quality of care enjoyed by members, and (3) limit the rate of cost growth to the compound rate of inflation and real economic growth. The package implements cost sharing, cost reduction, and cost avoidance strategies to ensure a sustainable plan for the members' future.

MPSERS Prescription Drug Plan Implemented the SECURE Program - The MPSERS implemented the Safe & Effective Compound Use Reassurance Effort (SECURE) program in April of 2015. This initiative combats and manages the rising cost and utilization of compound drugs. A compound drug is the custom mixing of two or more drugs for an individual. Many ingredients used in compound drugs are not approved by the Food and Drug Administration. The SECURE initiative is estimated to continue to reduce the costs related to compound drugs by 70%. ORS has identified savings associated with this program in FY 2015 to be over \$850,000. This initiative is extremely important as it improves quality and safety for the members, as well as lowered costs to the ORS.

HONORS

Public Pension Standards Award - ORS has recently been awarded the 2015 Public Pension Coordinating Council Standards Award from the Public Pension Coordinating Councils Standards Program (PPCC) for both funding and administration. ORS has received this award every year since 2004. The PPCC Standards reflect expectations for public retirement system management and administration, and serve as a benchmark for all defined benefit public plans to be measured.

Letter of Transmittal (continued)

Government Finance Officers Association Award - The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada awarded the retirement system with the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for our fiscal year 2014 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). This marks the 24th consecutive year ORS has received this prestigious award.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report was accomplished with the dedication and cooperation of many people. It is intended to provide complete and reliable information as a basis for making management decisions, as a means of determining compliance with legal provisions, and as a means for determining responsible stewardship of the funds of the System.

We would, therefore, like to express our appreciation for the assistance given by staff, the advisors and the many people who contributed to its preparation. We believe their combined efforts have produced a report that will enable employers and plan members to better evaluate and understand the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System. Their cooperation contributes significantly to the success of the System.

Sincerely,

David B. Behen, Director

Department of Technology, Management & Budget

Keine X. Vanden Bosch

Kerrie Vanden Bosch, Director Office of Retirement Services

Administrative Organization

Retirement Board Members*

Ivy Bailey Active Classroom Teacher Term Expired March 30, 2012

Timothy Raymer Retired Finance/Operations Term Expires March 30, 2019

Timothy Nelson Community College Trustee Term Expires March 30, 2016

Christine Veld Retired Non-Certified Support Term Expires March 30, 2017 Scott Koenigsknecht, Chair Active Superintendent Term Expires March 30, 2017

Stephen Epstein General Public - Investments Term Expires March 30, 2016

Kevin Philipps Active Finance/Operations, Non-Superintendent Term Expires March 30, 2016

Larry Ward Reporting Unit Board of Control

Term Expires March 30, 2016

Mike Engle

Active Classroom Teacher Term Expires March 30, 2017

Michael Ringuette, Vice Chair

General Public -

Actuary/Health Insurance Term Expires March 30, 2018

Charles Christner Retired Teacher

Term Expires March 30, 2018

Brian Whiston Ex-officio Member Representing State Superintendent of Education

*Statute provides that board members may continue to serve after their term expires until they are replaced or reappointed.

Administrative Organization

Department of Technology, Management & Budget
Office of Retirement Services
P.O. Box 30171
Lansing, Michigan 48909-7671
517-322-5103
1-800-381-5111

Advisors and Consultants

Actuaries
Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.
Mita D. Drazilov
Southfield, Michigan

Legal AdvisorBill Schuette
Attorney General
State of Michigan

Independent AuditorsDoug A. Ringler, C.P.A., C.I.A.
Auditor General

State of Michigan

Investment Manager and Custodian Nick A. Khouri

State Treasurer State of Michigan

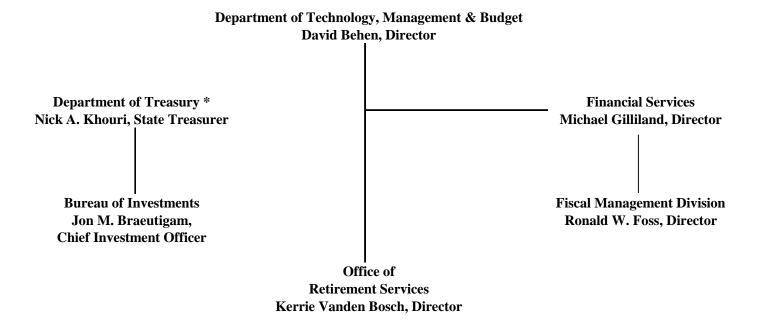
Investment Performance Measurement

State Street Corporation State Street Investment Analytics

Boston, MA

Administrative Organization (continued)

Organization Chart



^{*}The investments of the System are managed by the Michigan Department of Treasury. Information on the investments and the fiduciary, Michigan Department of Treasury, can be found in the Investment Section, Introduction. In addition, see the Investment Section, Schedule of Investment Fees and Schedule of Investment Commissions, for information regarding the investment fees and commissions paid as well as investment professionals utilized by the System.

Independent Auditor's Report
Management's Discussion and Analysis
Basic Financial Statements
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
Required Supplementary Information
Note to Required Supplementary Information
Supporting Schedules



Doug A. Ringler, CPA, CIA Auditor General

201 N. Washington Square, Sixth Floor . Lansing, Michigan 48913 . Phone: (517) 334-8050 . www.audgen.michigan.gov

Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements and Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Mr. Scott Koenigsknecht, Chair Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System Board and Mr. David B. Behen, Director Department of Technology, Management, and Budget and Ms. Kerrie L. Vanden Bosch, Director Office of Retirement Services

Dear Mr. Koenigsknecht, Mr. Behen, and Ms. Vanden Bosch:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the System's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System as of September 30, 2015 and the changes in fiduciary net position for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Mr. Scott Koenigsknecht, Chair Mr. David B. Behen, Director Ms. Kerrie L. Vanden Bosch, Director Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 16 through 19 and the schedule of funding progress - other postemployment benefit plan, schedule of changes in net pension liability, schedule of net pension liability, schedules of contributions, schedule of investment returns, and related note on pages 46 through 50 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the System's basic financial statements. The supporting schedules and the introductory, investment, actuarial, and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supporting schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supporting schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory, investment, actuarial, and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we will also issue a report on our consideration of the System's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the System's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sincerely.

Doug Ringler Auditor General December 30, 2015

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our discussion and analysis of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System's (System) financial performance provides an overview of the System's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter in the Introductory Section on page 6 and the basic financial statements, which follow this discussion.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- System assets exceeded liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2015 by \$46.5 billion (reported as net position restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB). Fiduciary net position is restricted to meet future benefit payments.
- Additions for the year were \$4.7 billion, which are comprised primarily of contributions of \$3.7 billion and investment gains of \$1.0 billion.
- Deductions increased over the prior year from \$5.2 billion to \$5.5 billion or 5.8%. This increase is the result of increased pension and OPEB benefit payments, contribution refunds, and administrative expenses.

THE STATEMENT OF PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AND THE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) consists of two financial statements; *The Statement of Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position* (page 20) and *The Statement of Changes in Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position* (page 21). These financial statements report information about the System, as a whole, and about its financial condition that should help answer the question: Is the System, as a whole, better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities? These statements include all assets and liabilities using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, all revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position presents all of the System's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as fiduciary net position. Over time, increases and decreases in fiduciary net position measure whether the System's financial position is improving or deteriorating. The Statement of Changes in Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position presents how the System's fiduciary net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. These two financial statements should be reviewed along with the Schedule of Net Pension Liability (page 48), Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (page 46), and Schedules of Contributions (pages 48-49) to determine whether the System is becoming financially stronger or weaker.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

System total assets as of September 30, 2015, were \$49.4 billion and were mostly comprised of cash, investments, and contributions due from employers. Total assets decreased \$1.4 billion or 2.7% between fiscal years 2014 and 2015, due primarily to lower net investment gains.

Total liabilities as of September 30, 2015, were \$3.0 billion and were comprised of warrants outstanding, accounts payable, unearned revenue, and obligations under securities lending. Total liabilities decreased \$0.5 billion or 15.6% between fiscal years 2014 and 2015 primarily due to decreased obligations under securities lending.

System assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2015 by \$46.5 billion. Total fiduciary net position restricted for pension and OPEB decreased \$0.8 billion or 1.8% from the previous year, primarily due to net investment gains.

Plan Fiduciary Net Position (in thousands)

	2015	2014	Increase (Decrease)
Assets			
Equity in			
common cash	\$ 163,640	\$ 246,675	(33.7) %
Receivables	410,520	370,268	10.9
Investments	46,140,381	47,060,268	(2.0)
Securities			
lending collateral	2,720,434	3,149,098	(13.6)
Total Assets	49,434,974	50,826,309	(2.7)
Liabilities			
Warrants outstanding	630	605	4.1
Unearned revenue	3,153	2,590	21.8
Accounts payable and			
other accrued liabilities	245,499	256,791	(4.4)
Obligations under			
securities lending	2,720,029	3,258,914	(16.5)
Total Liabilities	2,969,311	3,518,899	(15.6)
Net Position Restricted for			
Pension Benefits and OPEB	\$ 46,465,663	\$47,307,410	(1.8) %

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

ADDITIONS TO PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

The reserves needed to finance pension and other postemployment benefits are accumulated through the collection of employer and employee contributions and through earnings on investments. Contributions and net investment income for fiscal year 2015 totaled approximately \$4.7 billion.

Total additions for fiscal year 2015 decreased approximately \$5.2 billion or 52.7% from those of fiscal year 2014 due primarily to decreased net investment income. Total contributions increased between fiscal years 2014 and 2015 by \$317.8 million or 9.4%, while net investment income decreased \$5.6 billion or 84.9%. The Investment Section of this report reviews the results of investment activity for fiscal year 2015.

DEDUCTIONS FROM PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

The primary expenses of the System include the payment of pension benefits to members and beneficiaries, payment for health, dental and vision benefits, refund of contributions, and the cost of administering the System. Total deductions for fiscal year 2015 were \$5.5 billion, an increase of 5.8% over fiscal year 2014 deductions.

The health, dental and vision care expenses during the year increased by \$31.7 million or 4.7%, from \$669.2 million to \$700.9 million. The payment of pension benefits increased by \$142.6 million or 3.2% between fiscal years 2014 and 2015. In fiscal year 2015, the increase in pension benefit expenses resulted from an increase in retirees (3,139) and an increase in benefit payments to retirees. Administrative expenses increased by \$20.6 million or 13.1% between fiscal years 2014 and 2015, primarily due to increased health administrative fees. Refunds and transfers to other systems increased by \$108.1 million or 373.9% between fiscal years 2014 and 2015, due to a refund of overpaid university employer contributions.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Changes in Plan Fiduciary Net Position (in thousands)

	2015	 2014	Increase (Decrease)	
Additions				
Member contributions	\$ 777,353	\$ 796,288	(2.4)	%
Employer contributions	2,937,029	2,600,407	12.9	
Other governmental contributions	213	138	54.3	
Net investment income (loss)	989,727	6,543,513	(84.9)	
Miscellaneous income	646	2,793	(76.9)	
Total additions	4,704,969	9,943,138	(52.7)	
Deductions				
Pension benefits	4,530,916	4,388,329	3.2	
Health care benefits	700,904	669,240	4.7	
Refunds and transfers to other systems	136,998	28,910	373.9	
Administrative and other expenses	177,898	157,335	13.1	
Total deductions	 5,546,716	 5,243,813	5.8	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(841,747)	4,699,325	(117.9)	
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB:				
Beginning of Year	47,307,410	42,608,084	11.0	
End of Year	\$ 46,465,663	\$ 47,307,410		%

RETIREMENT SYSTEM AS A WHOLE

The System's overall Fiduciary Net Position experienced a decrease in fiscal year 2015. The System's rate of return for the Pension Plan's investments decreased an overall 13.0% from a 15.6% return in fiscal year 2014 to a 2.6% return during fiscal year 2015. The System's rate of return for the OPEB Plan's investments decreased an overall 12.9% from a 15.4% return in fiscal year 2014 to a 2.5% return during fiscal year 2015. Management believes that the System remains financially sound and positioned to meet its ongoing benefit obligations due, in part, to a prudent investment program, cost controls, and strategic planning.

CONTACTING SYSTEM FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the Retirement Board, our membership, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the System's finances and to demonstrate the System's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Office of Retirement Services, P.O. Box 30171, Lansing, MI 48909-7671.

Statement of Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position As of September 30, 2015 (in thousands)

	 Pension Plan	OPEB Plan	Total
Assets:			_
Equity in common cash	\$ 111,196	\$ 52,443	\$ 163,640
Receivables:	_	_	
Amounts due from members	2,722		2,722
Amounts due from employers	180,228	19,668	199,896
Amounts due from other		77,922	77,922
Amounts due from employer long term	67,526		67,526
Amounts due from other long term		56,768	56,768
Interest and dividends	 5,294	 391	 5,684
Total receivables	255,770	 154,749	 410,520
Investments:			
Short term investment pools	1,678,301	673,164	2,351,465
Fixed income pools	5,145,832	438,623	5,584,455
Domestic equity pools	11,785,255	1,007,428	12,792,682
Real estate and infrastructure pools	4,265,411	364,613	4,630,024
Private equity pools	7,113,518	607,867	7,721,385
International equity pools	5,823,675	497,714	6,321,390
Absolute return pools	6,208,387	 530,593	6,738,980
Total investments	 42,020,379	 4,120,002	 46,140,381
Securities lending collateral	 2,509,398	 211,036	2,720,434
Total assets	 44,896,743	 4,538,231	 49,434,974
Liabilities:			
Warrants outstanding	627	2	630
Unearned revenue	3,153	_	3,153
Accounts payable and	2,222		2,222
other accrued liabilities	1,577	243,922	245,499
Obligations under	2.500.025	211.004	2 720 020
securities lending	 2,509,025	211,004	2,720,029
Total liabilities	 2,514,382	 454,928	2,969,311
Net Position Restricted for			
Pension Benefits and OPEB:	\$ 42,382,361	\$ 4,083,302	\$ 46,465,663

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2015 (in thousands)

Member contributions		Pension Plan	OPEB Plan	Total
Member contributions \$ 395,722 \$ 381,631 \$ 777,353 Employer contributions: 165,740 86,203 251,943 School districts and other Other governmental contributions 1,801,870 883,216 2,685,086 Other governmental contributions 2,363,333 1,351,262 3,714,595 Investment income (loss): Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments 79,836 (12,759) 67,077 Interest, dividends, and other 933,155 70,650 1,003,805 Investment expenses: (871) (68) (939) Investment expenses (126,785) (9,647) (136,432) Securities lending activities: Securities lending income 73,370 5,692 79,062 Securities lending expenses (21,043) (1,804) (22,846) Net investment income (loss) 937,663 52,064 989,727 Miscellaneous income 480 166 646 Total additions 3,301,476 1,403,493 4,704,969 Deductions: Benefits paid to plan members and benefits 4,530,915	Additions:			
Employer contributions: Colleges, universities and federal School districts and other 165,740 86,203 251,943 School districts and other Other governmental contributions 1,801,870 883,216 2,685,086 Other governmental contributions 2,363,333 1,351,262 3,714,595 Investment income (loss): Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments 79,836 (12,759) 67,077 Interest, dividends, and other 933,155 70,650 1,003,805 Investment expenses: (871) (68) (939) Real estate operating expenses (871) (68) (939) Other investment expenses: (126,785) (9,647) (136,432) Securities lending activities: Securities lending activities: Securities lending activities: 3,370 5,692 79,062 Securities lending expenses (21,043) (1,804) (22,846) Net investment income (loss) 937,663 52,064 989,727 Miscellaneous income 480 166 646 Total additions 3,301,476 1,403,493				
Colleges, universities and federal School districts and other Other governmental contributions 165,740 883,216 2,685,886 213 213 Total contributions 2,363,333 1,351,262 3,714,595 Investment income (loss): 3,714,595 Investment income (loss): 8,3333 1,351,262 3,714,595 Investment income (loss): 8,366 (12,759) 67,077 Interest, dividends, and other 933,155 70,650 1,003,805 1,003,805 Investment expenses: (871) (68) (939) (10,438) Real estate operating expenses (126,785) (9,647) (136,432) (126,785) (9,647) (136,432) Securities lending activities: 73,370 (9,647) (136,432) Securities lending expenses (21,043) (1,804) (22,846) (22,846) Net investment income (loss) 937,663 52,064 989,727 989,727 Miscellaneous income 480 166 646 646 Total additions 3,301,476 1,403,493 4,704,969 4,509,916 Benefits paid to plan members and benefits 4,530,915 1 4,530,916 4,530,916 Health benefits 1 4,530,915 1 1 8,3411 83,411 83,411 83,411 Retirement benefits 2 136,901 96 136,997 17 14,92 Transfers to other systems 1 1 1 177,898 1 1 177,898 Total deductions 4,692,304 854,411 5,546,716 5,546,716	Member contributions	\$ 395,722	\$ 381,631	\$ 777,353
School districts and other Other governmental contributions 1,801,870 883,216 2,685,086 Other governmental contributions 2,363,333 1,351,262 3,714,595 Investment income (loss): Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments Interest, dividends, and other Investment expenses: Real estate operating expenses (871) (68) (939) Other investment expenses Real estate operating expenses (126,785) (9,647) (136,432) Securities lending activities: Securities lending income Securities lending expenses (21,043) (1,804) (22,846) Net investment income (loss) Net investment income (loss) Securities lending expenses (21,043) (1,804) (22,846) Net investment income (loss) Securities lending expenses (21,043) (1,804) (22,846) Net investment income (loss) Securities lending expenses (21,043) (1,804) (22,846) Net investment income (loss) Securities lending expenses (21,043) (1,804) (22,846) Net investment income (loss) Securities lending expenses (21,043) (1,804) (22,846) Net positions Securities lending expenses (21,043) (1,804) (22,846) S				
Other governmental contributions 213 213 Total contributions 2,363,333 1,351,262 3,714,595 Investment income (loss): Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments 79,836 (12,759) 67,077 Interest, dividends, and other 933,155 70,650 1,003,805 Investment expenses: (871) (68) (939) Other investment expenses (871) (68) (939) Other investment expenses (126,785) (9,647) (136,432) Securities lending income 73,370 5,692 79,062 Securities lending expenses (21,043) (1,804) (22,846) Net investment income (loss) 937,663 52,064 989,727 Miscellaneous income 480 166 646 Total additions 3,301,476 1,403,493 4,704,969 Deductions: Benefits paid to plan members and beneficiaries: 81,411 83,411 83,411 83,411 83,411 83,411 83,411 83,411 81,499 166 17,492 17,492 </td <td>=</td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td>•</td>	=		•	•
Total contributions 2,363,333 1,351,262 3,714,595		1,801,870	•	
Investment income (loss): Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investment expenses 126,785 70,650 1,003,805 Securities lending expenses (871) (68) (939) Other investment expenses (126,785) (9,647) (136,432) Securities lending activities: Securities lending expenses (21,043) (1,804) (22,846) Net investment income (loss) 937,663 52,064 989,727 Miscellaneous income 480 166 646 Total additions 3,301,476 1,403,493 4,704,969 Deductions: Benefits paid to plan members and beneficiaries: Retirement benefits 4,530,915 1 4,530,916 Health senefits 136,901 96 136,997 Transfers to other systems 1 1 17,898 Total deductions 4,692,304 854,411 5,546,716 Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position (1,390,828) 549,081 (841,747) Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB: Beginning of Year 43,773,189 3,534,221 47,307,410	Other governmental contributions	 	 213	 213
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments 79,836 (12,759) 67,077 Interest, dividends, and other Investment expenses: 93,155 70,650 1,003,805 Investment expenses: 871 (68) (939) Other investment expenses (126,785) (9,647) (136,432) Securities lending expenses (126,785) (9,647) (136,432) Securities lending income Securities lending expenses 73,370 5,692 79,062 Securities lending expenses (21,043) (1,804) (22,846) Net investment income (loss) 937,663 52,064 989,727 Miscellaneous income 480 166 646 Total additions 3,301,476 1,403,493 4,704,969 Deductions: Benefits paid to plan members and beneficiaries: Retirement benefits 4,530,915 1 4,530,916 Health benefits 617,492 617,492 Dental/vision benefits 83,411 83,411 Refunds of contributions 136,901 96 136,997	Total contributions	2,363,333	1,351,262	 3,714,595
value of investments 79,836 (12,759) 67,077 Interest, dividends, and other 933,155 70,650 1,003,805 Investment expenses: 82 82 1,003,805 Real estate operating expenses (871) (68) (939) Other investment expenses (126,785) (9,647) (136,432) Securities lending activities: 3,370 5,692 79,062 Securities lending expenses (21,043) (1,804) (22,846) Net investment income (loss) 937,663 52,064 989,727 Miscellaneous income 480 166 646 Total additions 3,301,476 1,403,493 4,704,969 Deductions: Benefits paid to plan members and beneficiaries: Retirement benefits 4,530,915 1 4,530,916 Health benefits 4,530,915 1 4,530,916 617,492 617,492 Dental/vision benefits 83,411 83,411 83,411 83,411 Refunds of contributions 136,901 96 136,997	Investment income (loss):			
Interest, dividends, and other 933,155 70,650 1,003,805 Investment expenses: Real estate operating expenses (871) (68) (939) Other investment expenses (126,785) (9,647) (136,432) Securities lending activities: Securities lending income 73,370 5,692 79,062 Securities lending expenses (21,043) (1,804) (22,846) Net investment income (loss) 937,663 52,064 989,727 Miscellaneous income 480 166 646 G46 Total additions 3,301,476 1,403,493 4,704,969 Deductions: Benefits paid to plan members and beneficiaries: Retirement benefits 4,530,915 1 4,530,916 Health benefits 617,492 617,492 Dental/vision benefits 83,411 83,411 83,411 82,411 82,411 82,411 82,411 82,411 82,411 83,411 83,411 84,411	Net increase (decrease) in fair			
Investment expenses: Real estate operating expenses (871) (68) (939) Other investment expenses (126,785) (9,647) (136,432) Securities lending activities: Securities lending income 73,370 5,692 79,062 Securities lending expenses (21,043) (1,804) (22,846) Net investment income (loss) 937,663 52,064 989,727 Miscellaneous income 480 166 646 Total additions 3,301,476 1,403,493 4,704,969 Deductions: Benefits paid to plan members and beneficiaries: Retirement benefits 4,530,915 1 4,530,916 Health benefits 617,492 617,492 Dental/vision benefits 83,411 83,411 Refunds of contributions 136,901 96 136,997 Transfers to other systems 1 1 Administrative and other expenses 24,487 153,411 177,898 Total deductions 4,692,304 854,411 5,546,716 Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position (1,390,828) 549,081 (841,747) Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB: Beginning of Year 43,773,189 3,534,221 47,307,410		79,836	(12,759)	67,077
Real estate operating expenses Other investment expenses (871) (68) (939) Other investment expenses (126,785) (9,647) (136,432) Securities lending activities: 3,370 (1,804) (22,846) Securities lending income Securities lending expenses (21,043) (1,804) (22,846) Net investment income (loss) 937,663 (1,804) (22,846) Net investment income (loss) 937,663 (1,804) (1,804) (22,846) Miscellaneous income 480 (166) (646) Total additions 3,301,476 (1,403,493) (1,404,969) Deductions: 88,411 (1,403,493) (1,404,969) Deductions: 88,411 (1,403,493) (1,404,969) Retirement benefits 4,530,915 (1,402) (Interest, dividends, and other	933,155	70,650	1,003,805
Other investment expenses (126,785) (9,647) (136,432) Securities lending activities: 73,370 5,692 79,062 Securities lending income 73,370 5,692 79,062 Securities lending expenses (21,043) (1,804) (22,846) Net investment income (loss) 937,663 52,064 989,727 Miscellaneous income 480 166 646 Total additions 3,301,476 1,403,493 4,704,969 Deductions: Benefits paid to plan members and beneficiaries: 8 4,530,915 1 4,530,916 Health benefits 617,492	Investment expenses:			
Securities lending activities: 73,370 5,692 79,062 Securities lending income 73,370 5,692 79,062 Securities lending expenses (21,043) (1,804) (22,846) Net investment income (loss) 937,663 52,064 989,727 Miscellaneous income 480 166 646 Total additions 3,301,476 1,403,493 4,704,969 Deductions: 8enefits paid to plan members and beneficiaries: 8etirement benefits 4,530,915 1 4,530,916 Health benefits 617,492		(871)	(68)	(939)
Securities lending income 73,370 5,692 79,062 Securities lending expenses (21,043) (1,804) (22,846) Net investment income (loss) 937,663 52,064 989,727 Miscellaneous income 480 166 646 Total additions 3,301,476 1,403,493 4,704,969 Deductions: 8 8 8 4,704,969 Deductions: 8 8 8 4,704,969 Deductions: 8 8 8 1 4,530,916 Health benefits 4,530,915 1 4,530,916 1,492 617,492 617,492 617,492 617,492 617,492 Dental/vision benefits 83,411 83,411 83,411 83,411 83,411 81,6997 1		(126,785)	(9,647)	(136,432)
Securities lending expenses (21,043) (1,804) (22,846) Net investment income (loss) 937,663 52,064 989,727 Miscellaneous income 480 166 646 Total additions 3,301,476 1,403,493 4,704,969 Deductions: Benefits paid to plan members and beneficiaries: Retirement benefits 4,530,915 1 4,530,916 Health benefits 617,492 617,492 617,492 617,492 Dental/vision benefits 83,411 83,411 83,411 83,411 83,411 83,411 83,411 83,411 81,6997 136,997 1				
Net investment income (loss) 937,663 52,064 989,727 Miscellaneous income 480 166 646 Total additions 3,301,476 1,403,493 4,704,969 Deductions: Benefits paid to plan members and beneficiaries: Retirement benefits 4,530,915 1 4,530,916 Health benefits 617,492 617,492 617,492 Dental/vision benefits 83,411 83,411 83,411 Refunds of contributions 136,901 96 136,997 Transfers to other systems 1 1 1 Administrative and other expenses 24,487 153,411 177,898 Total deductions 4,692,304 854,411 5,546,716 Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position (1,390,828) 549,081 (841,747) Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB: 843,773,189 3,534,221 47,307,410		73,370	5,692	79,062
Miscellaneous income 480 166 646 Total additions 3,301,476 1,403,493 4,704,969 Deductions: Benefits paid to plan members and beneficiaries: Retirement benefits 4,530,915 1 4,530,916 Health benefits 617,492 617,492 617,492 Dental/vision benefits 83,411 83,411 83,411 Refunds of contributions 136,901 96 136,997 Transfers to other systems 1 1 1 Administrative and other expenses 24,487 153,411 177,898 Total deductions 4,692,304 854,411 5,546,716 Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position (1,390,828) 549,081 (841,747) Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB: 88,411 47,307,410	Securities lending expenses	 (21,043)	 (1,804)	 (22,846)
Total additions 3,301,476 1,403,493 4,704,969 Deductions: Benefits paid to plan members and beneficiaries: Retirement benefits 4,530,915 1 4,530,916 Health benefits 617,492 617,492 617,492 Dental/vision benefits 83,411 83,411 83,411 Refunds of contributions 136,901 96 136,997 Transfers to other systems 1 1 1 Administrative and other expenses 24,487 153,411 177,898 Total deductions 4,692,304 854,411 5,546,716 Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position (1,390,828) 549,081 (841,747) Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB: 43,773,189 3,534,221 47,307,410	Net investment income (loss)	937,663	 52,064	989,727
Deductions: Benefits paid to plan members and beneficiaries: 4,530,915 1 4,530,916 Health benefits 617,492 617,492 617,492 Dental/vision benefits 83,411 83,411 83,411 Refunds of contributions 136,901 96 136,997 Transfers to other systems 1 1 1 Administrative and other expenses 24,487 153,411 177,898 Total deductions 4,692,304 854,411 5,546,716 Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position (1,390,828) 549,081 (841,747) Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB: Beginning of Year 43,773,189 3,534,221 47,307,410	Miscellaneous income	480	166	646
Benefits paid to plan members and beneficiaries: Retirement benefits 4,530,915 1 4,530,916 Health benefits 617,492 617,492 Dental/vision benefits 83,411 83,411 Refunds of contributions 136,901 96 136,997 Transfers to other systems 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Total additions	3,301,476	1,403,493	4,704,969
Health benefits 617,492 617,492 Dental/vision benefits 83,411 83,411 Refunds of contributions 136,901 96 136,997 Transfers to other systems 1 1 1 Administrative and other expenses 24,487 153,411 177,898 Total deductions 4,692,304 854,411 5,546,716 Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position (1,390,828) 549,081 (841,747) Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB: 43,773,189 3,534,221 47,307,410	Benefits paid to plan			
Dental/vision benefits 83,411 83,411 Refunds of contributions 136,901 96 136,997 Transfers to other systems 1 1 1 Administrative and other expenses 24,487 153,411 177,898 Total deductions 4,692,304 854,411 5,546,716 Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position (1,390,828) 549,081 (841,747) Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB: 43,773,189 3,534,221 47,307,410	Retirement benefits	4,530,915	1	4,530,916
Refunds of contributions 136,901 96 136,997 Transfers to other systems 1 1 1 Administrative and other expenses 24,487 153,411 177,898 Total deductions 4,692,304 854,411 5,546,716 Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position (1,390,828) 549,081 (841,747) Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB: 43,773,189 3,534,221 47,307,410	Health benefits		617,492	617,492
Transfers to other systems 1 1 1 Administrative and other expenses 24,487 153,411 177,898 Total deductions 4,692,304 854,411 5,546,716 Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position (1,390,828) 549,081 (841,747) Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB: 43,773,189 3,534,221 47,307,410	Dental/vision benefits		83,411	83,411
Administrative and other expenses 24,487 153,411 177,898 Total deductions 4,692,304 854,411 5,546,716 Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position (1,390,828) 549,081 (841,747) Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB: 43,773,189 3,534,221 47,307,410	Refunds of contributions	136,901	96	136,997
Total deductions 4,692,304 854,411 5,546,716 Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position (1,390,828) 549,081 (841,747) Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB: 3,534,221 47,307,410 Beginning of Year 43,773,189 3,534,221 47,307,410	Transfers to other systems	1		1
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position (1,390,828) 549,081 (841,747) Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB: Beginning of Year 43,773,189 3,534,221 47,307,410	Administrative and other expenses	 24,487	 153,411	 177,898
in Net Position (1,390,828) 549,081 (841,747) Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB: 43,773,189 3,534,221 47,307,410	Total deductions	4,692,304	 854,411	5,546,716
Pension Benefits and OPEB: 43,773,189 3,534,221 47,307,410	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(1,390,828)	549,081	(841,747)
End of Year \$ 42,382,361 \$ 4,083,302 \$ 46,465,663	Pension Benefits and OPEB:	 43,773,189	3,534,221	47,307,410
	End of Year	\$ 42,382,361	\$ 4,083,302	\$ 46,465,663

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - PLAN DESCRIPTION

ORGANIZATION

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members – eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member. The Governor appointed board members consist of:

- Two active classroom teachers or other certified school personnel.
- One active member or retirant from a non-certified support position.
- One active school system superintendent.
- One active finance or operations (non-superintendent) member.
- One retirant from a classroom teaching position.
- One retirant from a finance or operations management position.
- One administrator or trustee of a community college that is a reporting unit of the System.
- Two from the general public, one with health insurance or actuarial science experience and one with institutional investment experience.
- One elected member of a reporting unit's board of control.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act. There are 680 participating employers. A list of employers is provided in the Statistical Section. The System is a qualified pension trust fund under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. By statute, employees of K-12 public school districts, public school academies, district libraries, tax-supported community colleges and seven universities may be members. The seven universities are: Eastern Michigan, Central Michigan, Northern Michigan, Western Michigan, Ferris State, Michigan Technological and Lake Superior State. Employees, who first become employed by one of the seven universities on or after January 1, 1996, become members of an alternative plan.

The System's financial statements are included as a pension and other employee benefit trust fund in the State of Michigan Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

MEMBERSHIP

At September 30, 2015, the System's membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or their

beneficiaries currently receiving benefits:

Regular benefits	184,496
Survivor benefits	16,960
Disability benefits	6,195
Total	207,651

Inactive plan members entitled

to but not yet receiving benefits: 17,445

Active plan members:

 Vested
 106,671

 Non-vested
 104,303

 Total
 210,974

Total plan members 436,070

Enrollment in the health plan is voluntary. The number of participants is as follows:

Health, Dental and Vision Plan

Eligible participants	204,974
Participants receiving benefits:	
Health	149,741
Dental/Vision	162,505

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

BENEFIT PROVISIONS - PENSION

Introduction

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Retirement benefits for DB plan members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB member or Pension Plus plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

Pension Reform 2010

On May 19, 2010, the Governor signed Public Act 75 of 2010 into law. As a result, any member of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) who became a member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010 is a Pension Plus member. Pension Plus is a hybrid plan that contains a pension component with an employee contribution (graded, up to 6.4% of salary) and a flexible and transferable defined contribution (DC) tax-deferred investment account that earns an employer match of 50% (up to 1% of salary) on employee contributions. Retirement benefits for Pension Plus members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. Disability and survivor benefits are available to Pension Plus members.

Pension Reform 2012

On September 4, 2012, the Governor signed Public Act 300 of 2012 into law. The legislation grants all active members who first became a member before July 1, 2010 and who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their pension. Any changes to a member's pension are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under the reform, members voluntarily chose to increase, maintain, or stop their contributions to the pension fund.

Option 1 members voluntarily elected to increase their contributions to the pension fund as noted below, and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they terminate public school employment.

- Basic Plan members: 4% contribution
- Member Investment Plan (MIP)-Fixed, MIP-Graded, and MIP-Plus members: a flat 7% contribution

Option 2 members voluntarily elected to increase their contribution to the pension fund as stated in Option 1 and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they reach 30 years of service. If and when they reach 30 years of service, their contribution rates will return to the previous level in place as of the day before their transition date (0% for Basic Plan members, 3.9% for MIP-Fixed, up to 4.3% for MIP-Graded, or up to 6.4% for MIP-Plus). The pension formula for any service thereafter would include a 1.25% pension factor.

Option 3 members voluntarily elected not to increase their contribution to the pension fund and maintain their current level of contribution to the pension fund. The pension formula for their years of service as of the day before their transition date will include a 1.5% pension factor. The pension formula for any service thereafter will include a 1.25% pension factor.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Option 4 members voluntarily elected to no longer contribute to the pension fund and therefore are switched to the Defined Contribution plan for future service as of their transition date. As a DC participant they receive a 4% employer contribution to a tax-deferred 401(k) account and can choose to contribute up to the maximum amounts permitted by the IRS to a 457 account. They vest in employer contributions and related earnings in their 401(k) account based on the following schedule: 50% at 2 years, 75% at 3 years, and 100% at 4 years of service. They are 100% vested in any personal contributions and related earnings in their 457 account. Upon retirement, if they meet age and service requirements (including their *total* years of service), they would also receive a pension (calculated based on years of service and Final Average Compensation as of the day before their transition date and a 1.5% pension factor).

Members who did not make an election before the deadline defaulted to Option 3 as described above. Deferred or nonvested public school employees on September 3, 2012, who return to public school employment on or after September 4, 2012, will be considered as if they had elected Option 3 above. Returning members who made the retirement plan election will retain whichever option they chose.

Employees who first work on or after September 4, 2012, choose between two retirement plans: the Pension Plus plan described above and a Defined Contribution (DC) plan that provides a 50% employer match (up to 3% of salary) on employee contributions. New employees are automatically enrolled as members in the Pension Plus plan as of their date of hire. They have 75 days from the last day of their first pay period, as reported to ORS, to elect to opt out of the Pension Plus plan and become a qualified participant in the DC plan; if no election is made they will remain in the Pension Plus plan. If they elect to opt out of the Pension Plus plan, their participation in the DC plan will be retroactive to their date of hire.

Regular Retirement

The pension benefit for DB and Pension Plus plan members is based on a member's years of credited service (employment) and final average compensation (FAC). The FAC is calculated based on the member's highest total wages earned during a specific period of consecutive calendar months divided by the service credit accrued during that same time period. For a MIP member, who became a member of MPSERS prior to July 1, 2010, the averaging period is 36 consecutive months. For a Pension Plus member, who became a member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010, the averaging period is 60 consecutive months. For a Basic Plan member, this period is the 60 consecutive months yielding the highest total wages. The annual pension is paid monthly for the lifetime of a retiree. The calculation of a member's pension is determined by their pension election under PA 300 of 2012 and is shown below:

Option 1: FAC x total years of service x 1.5%

Option 2: FAC x 30 years of service x 1.5% + FAC x years of service beyond 30 x 1.25%

Option 3: FAC x years of service as of transition date x 1.5% + FAC x years of service after transition date x 1.25%

Option 4: FAC as of transition date x years of service as of transition date x 1.5%

A MIP member who became a member of MPSERS prior to July 1, 2010 may retire at:

- 1. age 46 with 30 or more years of credited service; or
- 2. age 60 with 10 or more years of credited service; or
- age 60 with 5 years of credited service provided the member has worked through his or her 60th birthday and has credited service in each of the five school fiscal years immediately preceding the retirement effective date.

A Pension Plus member who became a member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010 may retire at age 60 with 10 or more years of credited service.

A Basic Plan member may retire at:

- 1. age 55 with 30 or more years of credited service; or
- 2. age 60 with 10 or more years of credited service.

There is no mandatory retirement age.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Early Retirement

A MIP or Basic member may retire with an early permanently reduced pension:

- 1. after completing at least 15 but less than 30 years of credited service; and
- 2. after attaining age 55; and
- 3. with credited service in each of the 5 school years immediately preceding the pension effective date.

The early pension is computed in the same manner as a regular pension, but is permanently reduced 0.5% for each full and partial month between the pension effective date and the date the member will attain age 60.

Deferred Retirement

If a member terminates employment before attaining the age qualification, but after accruing 10 or more years of credited service, the member becomes a deferred member and is eligible for a pension at the time the age qualification is attained.

Non-Duty Disability Benefit

Any member with 10 or more years of credited service who becomes totally and permanently disabled due to any non-duty related cause and who has not met the age requirement for a regular pension is eligible for a non-duty disability pension computed in the same manner as an age and service pension, upon recommendation from the member's personal physician and the Retirement Board physician and the approval of the Retirement Board. An Annual Certification of Disability is conducted each January. Upon prior approval, total disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings are limited to 100% of final average compensation (increased by two percent for each year retired; first year 100%, next year 102%, etc.).

Duty Disability Benefit

Any member who becomes totally and permanently disabled as a result of a duty-related cause, who has not met the age and service requirement for a regular pension, and who is in receipt of weekly workers' compensation is eligible for a duty disability pension computed in the same manner as an age and service pension (but based upon a minimum of 10 years of service) upon recommendation from the member's personal physician and the Retirement Board physician and the approval of the Retirement Board. An Annual Certification of Disability is conducted each January. Upon prior approval, total disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings are limited to 100% of final average compensation (increased by two percent for each year retired; first year 100%, next year 102%, etc.).

Forms of Payment

The election of a pension option is made at the time of application. Once a member has retired, the option choice is irrevocable. The pension effective date is the first of the calendar month following the date the member has satisfied the age and service requirements, has terminated public school employment and has the completed application forms on file with the System for a period of 15 days. A retroactive pension can be paid for no more than 12 calendar months. Thus, delay in filing the application can result in a loss of some retroactive pension benefits. An applicant may select only one of the following options.

<u>Straight Life Pension</u> - The Straight Life Pension pays the largest level pension a retiree can receive during his or her lifetime and stops with the month of a retiree's death. There are no monthly benefits for a beneficiary. The pension benefit is computed with no beneficiary rights. If the retiree made contributions while an employee and has not received the total accumulated contributions before death, a refund of the balance of the contributions is made to the beneficiary of record. If the retiree did not make any contributions, there will not be payments to any beneficiaries.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Survivor Options - Under the Survivor Options, 100% Survivor Pension, 100% Equated, 75% Survivor Pension, 75% Equated, 50% Survivor Pension and 50% Equated, the reduction is an actuarial determination dependent upon the combined life expectancies of a retiree and a beneficiary, and varies from case to case. A beneficiary may only be a spouse, brother, sister, parent or child (including an adopted child) of a retiring member. If the beneficiary pre-deceases a retiree, the pension will revert to either the Straight Life or Straight Life Equated amount ("pop-up" provision). If, however, a retiree was single at the time of retirement and subsequently married, the retiree can request to nominate a new spouse if they elected the straight life option at retirement. Also, if a retiree was married at the time of retirement and has since been widowed and remarried, the retiree can request to nominate a new spouse as a pension beneficiary as long as they elected a survivor option for the spouse at the time of retirement.

<u>100% Survivor Pension</u> - pays a reduced pension to a retiree. The month after a retiree's death, the same amount will be paid to a designated beneficiary for the remainder of his or her lifetime.

<u>75% Survivor Pension</u> - pays a reduced pension to a retiree. The month after a retiree's death, 75% of the pension amount will be paid to a designated beneficiary for the remainder of his or her lifetime.

<u>50% Survivor Pension</u> - pays a reduced pension to a retiree. The month after a retiree's death, 50% of the pension amount will be paid to a designated beneficiary for the remainder of his or her lifetime.

Equated Plan – For MIP and Basic members, the Equated Plan may be combined with the Straight Life, 100% Survivor, 75% Survivor, or 50% Survivor Pension by any member under age 61, except a disability applicant. The Equated Plan provides a higher pension every month until age 62, at which time the monthly pension is permanently decreased to a lower amount than the Straight Life, 100%, 75%, or 50% Survivor alone would provide.

The intent of the Equated Plan is for the retiree's pension to decrease at age 62 by approximately the same amount as that person's Social Security benefit will provide. The System pension until age 62 should be about the same as the combined System pension and Social Security after age 62.

The projected Social Security pension the retiring member obtains from the Social Security Administration and furnishes to the System is used in the Equated Plan calculation. The actual Social Security pension may vary from the estimate.

NOTE: The reduction in the pension at age 62 pertains to the Equated Plan only and affects only the retiree. A beneficiary under 100% Equated, 75% Equated or 50% Equated will receive the 100%, 75%, or 50% Survivor amount the month following the retiree's death as if the Equated Plan had not been chosen. A beneficiary does not participate in the Equated Plan.

Survivor Benefit

A non-duty survivor pension is available if a MIP member has 10 years of credited service or, if age 60 or older, with five years of credited service; the date they became a MIP member does not matter. The Basic Plan provides a survivor pension with 15 years of credited service or, if age 60 or older, with 10 years of credited service. The Pension Plus plan provides for a survivor pension with 10 years of credited service. An active member may nominate as a survivor beneficiary a spouse, child(ren) (including adopted child(ren)), brother, sister, or parent. If other than the spouse is nominated and a spouse exists, the spouse must waive this benefit. If no beneficiary has been nominated, the beneficiary is automatically the spouse; or, if there is no spouse, unmarried children under age 18 share the benefit equally until age 18. The benefit is computed as a regular pension but reduced in accordance with a 100% survivor pension factor. The pension begins the first of the month following the member's death. In the event of the death of a deferred member, the System begins payment to the nominated beneficiary at the time the member would have attained the minimum age qualification.

A duty survivor pension is payable if weekly Workers' Compensation is being paid to the eligible beneficiary due to the member's death. A spouse receives the benefit (based on a minimum of 10 years of service credit) reduced in accordance with a 100% survivor pension factor. If there is no spouse, unmarried children under age 18 share the benefit equally until age 18; if there is no spouse or child(ren), a disabled and dependent parent is eligible.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Post Retirement Adjustments

A retiree who became a MIP member prior to July 1, 2010, receives an annual post-retirement non-compounded increase of three percent of the initial pension in the October following twelve months of retirement. Basic Plan members do not receive an annual post-retirement increase, but are eligible to receive a supplemental payment in those years when investment earnings exceed actuarial assumptions. Pension Plus members do not receive an annual post-retirement increase.

On January 1, 1990, pre-October 1, 1981 retirees received an increase that ranged from 1% to 22% dependent upon the pension effective date. On October 1, 1990, the base pension of all retirees with an effective pension date of January 1, 1987, or earlier was increased to include all prior post-retirement adjustments.

On January 1, 1986, all recipients through calendar year 1985 received a permanent 8% increase that established the 1986 base pension. In addition, each October, retirees with a pension effective date of January 1, 1987, or earlier receive a fixed increase equal to 3% of the base pension. Both increases are deducted from the distribution of excess investment income, if any. Beginning in 1983, eligible recipients receive an annual distribution of excess investment income, if any.

Member Contributions

Mandatory member contributions were phased out between 1974 and 1977, with the plan remaining noncontributory until January 1, 1987, when the Member Investment Plan (MIP) was enacted. MIP members enrolled prior to January 1, 1990, contribute at a permanently fixed rate of 3.9% of gross wages. The MIP contribution rate was 4.0% from January 1, 1987, the effective date of the MIP, until January 1, 1990, when it was reduced to 3.9%. Members first hired between January 1, 1990 and June 30, 2008, and returning members who did not work between January 1, 1987, through December 31, 1989, contribute at the following graduated permanently fixed contribution rates: 3% of the first \$5,000; 3.6% of \$5,001 through \$15,000; 4.3% of all wages over \$15,000. Members first hired July 1, 2008, or later including Pension Plus Plan members, contribute at the following graduated permanently fixed contribution rates: 3% of the first \$5,000; 3.6% of \$5,001 through \$15,000; 6.4% of all wages over \$15,000.

For a limited period ending December 31, 1992, an active Basic Plan member could enroll in the MIP by paying the contributions that would have been made had enrollment occurred initially on January 1, 1987, or on the date of hire, plus interest. MIP contributions at the rate of 3.9% of gross wages begin at enrollment. Actuarial rate of interest is posted to member accounts on July 1st on all MIP monies on deposit for 12 months. If a member leaves public school service and no pension is payable, the member's accumulated contributions plus interest, if any, are refundable.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, eligible members voluntarily chose between increasing, maintaining, or stopping their contributions to the pension fund as of the transition date. Their options are described in detail under *Pension Reform 2012* beginning on page 24. Members who elected to increase their level of contribution contribute 4% (Basic Plan) or 7% (MIP); by doing so they maintain a 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. Members who elected to maintain their level of contribution will receive a 1.25% pension factor in their pension formula for their years of service as of their transition date. Their contribution rates are described above. Members who elected to stop their contributions became participants in the Defined Contribution plan as of their transition date.

Employer Contributions

Each school district or reporting entity is required to contribute the full actuarial funding contribution amount to fund pension benefits.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

BENEFIT PROVISIONS – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT

Introduction

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree health care recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP-Graded plan members) the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008, (MIP-Plus plan members) have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date

Public Act 75 of 2010 requires each actively employed member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010, to annually contribute 3% of their compensation to offset employer contributions for health care benefits of current retirees.

Dependents are eligible for health care coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended.

The number of participants and other relevant financial information are as follows:

		2015
Health, Dental and Vision Plan		
Eligible participants		204,974
Participants receiving benefits:		
Health		149,741
Dental/Vision		162,505
Expenses for the year (in thousands)	\$	854,410
Employer payroll contribution rates	2	2.2 - 11.42%

Applications for enrollment after retirement are accepted anytime during the year, with coverage effective six months following the receipt of the application.

Retiree Healthcare Reform of 2012

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) account.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Members who did not make an election before the deadline retain the premium subsidy benefit and continue making the 3% contribution toward retiree healthcare. Deferred or nonvested members on September 3, 2012 who are rehired on or after September 4, 2012, will contribute 3% to retiree healthcare and will retain the premium subsidy benefit. Returning members who made the retirement healthcare election will retain whichever option they chose.

Those who elected to retain the premium subsidy continue to annually contribute 3% of compensation into the health care funding account. A member or former member age 60 or older, who made the 3% healthcare contributions but who does not meet eligibility requirements may request a refund of their contributions. Similarly, if a retiree dies before the total value of the insurance subsidy paid equals the total value of the contributions the member made, and there are no eligible dependents, the beneficiary may request a refund of unused funds. Refunds of member contributions to the healthcare funding account are issued as a supplemental benefit paid out over a 60 month period.

- 1. Retirees with at least 21 years of service, who terminate employment after October 31, 1980, with vested deferred benefits, are eligible for subsidized employer paid health benefit coverage.
- 2. A delayed subsidy applies to retirees who became a member of the retirement system before July 1, 2008 and who purchased service credit on or after July 1, 2008. Such individuals are eligible for premium subsidy benefits at age 60 or when they would have been eligible to retire without having made a service purchase, whichever comes first. They may enroll in the insurances earlier, but are responsible for the full premium until the premium subsidy begins.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, the state no longer offers an insurance premium subsidy in retirement for public school employees who first work on or after September 4, 2012. Instead, all new employees will be placed into the Personal Healthcare Fund where they will have support saving for retirement healthcare costs in the following ways:

- They will be automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into a 457 account as of their date of hire, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account.
- They will receive a credit into a Health Reimbursement Account (HRA) at termination if they have at least 10 years of service at termination. The credit will be \$2,000 for participants who are at least 60 years of age at termination or \$1,000 for participants who are less than 60 years of age at termination.

Participants in the Personal Healthcare Fund, who become disabled for any reason, are not eligible for any employer funded health insurance premium subsidy. If a PHF participant suffers a non-duty related death, his or her health benefit dependents are not eligible to participate in any employer funded health insurance premium subsidy. If a PHF participant suffers a duty death, the state will pay the maximum health premium allowed by statute for the surviving spouse and health benefit dependents. The spouses' insurance subsidy may continue until his or her death, the dependents' subsidy may continue until their eligibility ends (through marriage, age, or other event). Upon eligibility for a duty death benefit, the 2% employer matching contributions and related earnings in the member's 401(k) are forfeited and the state will pay for the subsidy payments. The beneficiaries receive the member's personal contributions and related earnings in the member's 457 account.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The System's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions from the employers are recognized as revenue when due and payable. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the System. The reserves are described below and details are provided in the supporting schedules.

GASB Statement No. 67, which was adopted during the year ended September 30, 2014, addresses accounting and financial reporting requirements for pension plans. The requirements for GASB Statement No. 67 require changes in presentation of the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and required supplementary information. Significant changes include an actuarial calculation of total and net pension liability. It also includes comprehensive footnote disclosure regarding the pension liability, the sensitivity of the net pension liability to the discount rate, and increased investment activity disclosures. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 67 did not significantly impact

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

the accounting for accounts receivable and investment balances. The total pension liability, determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, is presented in Note 4 and in the Required Supplementary Information on page 47.

Reserves

Reserve for Employee Contributions - This reserve represents active member contributions and interest less amounts transferred to the Reserve for Retired Benefit Payments for regular and disability retirement, amounts refunded to terminated members, and amounts transferred to the Reserve for Employer Contributions representing unclaimed funds. Members no longer contribute to this reserve except to purchase eligible service credit or repay previously refunded contributions. At September 30, 2015, the balance in this reserve was \$1.5 billion.

Reserve for Pension Plus Employee Contributions - This reserve represents active member contributions and interest less amounts transferred to the Reserve for Pension Plus Retired Benefit Payments for regular retirement, amounts refunded to terminated members, and amounts transferred to the Reserve for Pension Plus Employer Contributions representing unclaimed funds. This reserve was established under the provisions of Public Act 75 of 2010. At September 30, 2015, the balance in this reserve was \$95.1 million.

<u>Reserve for Member Investment Plan</u> - This reserve represents MIP contributions and interest less refunds and transfers to the Reserve for Retired Benefit Payments. At September 30, 2015, the balance in this reserve was \$5.3 billion.

Reserve for Employer Contributions - This reserve represents all reporting unit contributions, except payments for health benefits. Interest from the Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income reserve is credited annually. Amounts are transferred annually to the Reserve for Retired Benefit Payments to bring the balance of that reserve into balance with the actuarial present value of retirement allowances. At September 30, 2015, the balance in this reserve was (\$24.9) billion.

Reserve for Pension Plus Employer Contributions - This reserve represents all reporting unit contributions for Pension Plus members, except payments for health benefits. Interest from the Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income reserve is credited annually at a rate of 7%. Amounts are transferred annually to the Reserve for Retired Pension Plus Benefit Payments to bring the balance of that reserve into balance with the actuarial present value of retirement allowances. This reserve was established under the provisions of Public Act 75 of 2010. At September 30, 2015, the balance in this reserve was \$69.8 million.

Reserve for Retired Benefit Payments - This reserve represents payments of future retirement benefits to current retirees. At retirement, a member's accumulated contributions plus interest are transferred into this reserve. Monthly benefits, which are paid to the retiree, reduce this reserve. At the end of each fiscal year, an amount, determined by an annual actuarial valuation, is transferred from the Reserve for Employer Contributions to bring the balance of this reserve into balance with the actuarial present value of retirement allowances. At September 30, 2015, the balance in this reserve was \$48.3 billion.

Reserve for Retired Pension Plus Benefit Payments - This reserve represents payments of future retirement benefits to current Pension Plus retirees. At retirement, a member's accumulated contributions plus interest are transferred into this reserve. Monthly benefits, which are paid to the retiree, reduce this reserve. At the end of each fiscal year, an amount, determined by an annual actuarial valuation, is transferred from the Reserve for Pension Plus Employer Contributions to bring the balance of this reserve into balance with the actuarial present value of retirement allowances. This reserve was established under the provisions of Public Act 75 of 2010. Currently, there are no participants qualified to retire under this program. At September 30, 2015, the balance in this reserve was \$0.

Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income - This reserve represents all investment earnings. Interest is transferred annually to the other reserves. Administrative expenses of the System are paid from the Reserve for Administrative Expenses, which is credited with amounts from the Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income to cover the expenses. For ease of reporting and understanding, the two reserves are presented as one reserve in the supporting schedules. Public Act 143 of 1997 established a stabilization subaccount within the Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

to which any over funding is credited. As of September 30, 2015, the balance in the subaccount was zero. At September 30, 2015, the balance in this reserve was \$12.0 billion.

Reserve for Health (OPEB) Related Benefits - This reserve is credited with employee and employer contributions for retirees' health, dental, and vision benefits. Starting in fiscal year 2013, the employer contribution is based on a prefunded basis and represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. In addition, in fiscal year 2015, federal funding for Medicare Part D and Employer Group Waiver Plan (EGWP) was paid directly to a third party vendor. The third party vendor uses the EGWP funding for any claims submitted and bills the system for any remaining claims outstanding. Premiums for health, dental and vision benefits are paid from this reserve. At September 30, 2015, the balance in this reserve was \$4.1 billion.

Reporting Entity

The System is a pension and other employee benefit trust fund of the State. As such, the System is considered part of the State and is included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as a pension and other employee benefit trust fund. The System and its Board are not financially accountable for any other entities or other organizations. Accordingly, the System is the only entity included in this financial report.

Benefit Protection

Public Act 100 of 2002 was passed by the Michigan Legislature to protect pension benefits of public employees from alienation (being transferred). Alienation is attachment, garnishment, levy, execution, bankruptcy or other legal process except for divorce orders or eligible domestic relation orders. The statutes governing the System contained an "antialienation" clause to provide for this protection; however, many smaller public pension systems did not have the benefit of this protection. Therefore, Public Act 100 of 2002 was passed to establish legal protection of pension assets that encompasses all public employees.

Fair Value of Investments

Plan investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Corporate bonds not traded on a national or international exchange are based on equivalent values of comparable securities with similar yield and risk. The fair value of private investments is based on the net asset value reported in the financial statements of the respective investment entity. The net asset value is determined in accordance with governing documents of the investment entity, and is subject to an independent annual audit. Securities purchased with cash collateral under securities lending activities are recorded at estimated fair value. Other investments not having an established market are recorded at estimated fair value.

Investment Income

Dividend and interest income is recognized on the accrual basis. Fair value changes are recorded as investment income or loss. Purchases and sales of investments are recorded as of the trade date (the date upon which the transaction is initiated), except for purchase and sale of mortgages, real estate, and private equity investments which are recorded as of the settlement date (the date upon which the transaction is ultimately completed). The effect of recording such transactions as of the settlement date does not materially affect the financial statements.

Costs of Administering the System

Each year a restricted general fund appropriation is requested to fund the on-going business operations of the System. These administrative costs are ultimately funded by the System through the regular transfer of funds from the System to the State's general fund based on either a direct cost or allocation basis depending on the nature of the expense. Costs of administering the System are financed by undistributed investment income of the System.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Property and Equipment

Office space is leased from the State on a year to year basis. Office equipment is capitalized if the value exceeds \$5,000. These assets are recorded at cost and are reported net of depreciation in the Statement of Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Such assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over 10 years. As of September 30, 1998, all capitalized equipment was fully depreciated. No additional equipment has been capitalized for the System since that date.

Related Party Transactions

<u>Leases and Services</u> - The System leases operating space and purchases certain administrative, data processing, legal and investment services from the State. The space and services are not otherwise available by competitive bid. The schedule below summarizes costs incurred by the System for such services.

	2015	
	(in th	ous ands)
Building Rentals	\$	883
Technological Support		10,432
Attorney General		418
Investment Services		13,821
Personnel Services		9,696

<u>Cash</u> - At September 30, 2015, the System had \$163.6 million in a common cash investment pool maintained for various State operating funds. The participating funds in the common cash pool earn interest at various rates depending upon prevailing short-term interest rates. Earnings (Losses) from these activities amounted to (\$16.9) thousand for the year ended September 30, 2015.

NOTE 3 - CONTRIBUTIONS AND FUNDED STATUS

Contributions

The majority of the members currently participate on a contributory basis. Reporting units are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of members and retiree OPEB. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. For retirement and OPEB benefits, the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2015 valuation will be amortized over a 21 year period for the 2015 fiscal year. The schedule below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2015.

Pension Contribution Rates

Benefit Structure	Member	Employer
		-
Basic	0.0 - 4.0 %	22.52 - 23.07 %
Member Investment Plan	3.0 - 7.0	22.52 - 23.07
Pension Plus	3.0 - 6.4	21.99
Defined Contribution	0.0	17.72 - 18.76

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Actual employer contributions for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) were \$969.4 million for fiscal year 2015. The fiscal year 2015 annual covered payroll is not yet available. Required employer contributions based on previous year actuarial valuations for OPEB included:

- 1. \$37.3 million for fiscal year 2015 for the normal cost of OPEB representing 0.5% of annual covered payroll for fiscal year 2014.
- 2. \$937.7 million for fiscal year 2015 for amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liability representing 11.5% (before reconciliation, if any) of annual covered payroll for fiscal year 2014.

The System may reconcile with actuarial requirements annually. If the system reconciles in a year, any funding excess or deficiency for pension benefits is smoothed over a maximum of 5 years, with at least one-fifth (20%) of the funding excess or deficiency included in the subsequent year's contribution. This payment is not recognized as a payable or receivable in the accounting records. If the System does not reconcile in a year, any funding excess or deficiency for pension benefits is accounted for in subsequent required contributions over the remaining amortization period. For fiscal year 2015, the System did not reconcile.

In May 1996, the Internal Revenue Service issued a private letter ruling allowing the System's members to purchase service credit and repay refunds using tax-deferred (pre-tax) dollars. The program was implemented in fiscal year 1998, and payments began in fiscal year 1999.

The program allows members to purchase service credit and repay refunds on a tax-deferred basis. Members sign an irrevocable agreement that identifies the contract duration, monthly payment, total contract amount and years of service credit being purchased. The duration of the contract can range from 1 to 20 years. The amounts are withheld from members' paychecks and are treated as employer pick-up contributions pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 414(h). At September 30, 2015, there were 13,725 agreements. The agreements were discounted using the assumed actuarial rate of return of 8% for September 30, 2015. The average remaining length of a contract was approximately 5.8 years for 2015. The short-term receivable was \$24.9 million and the discounted long-term receivable was \$67.5 million at September 30, 2015.

Funded Status - Other Postemployment Benefits

Participating employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate for OPEB. For fiscal year 2014, the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for OPEB was \$14.2 billion, and the actuarial value of assets was \$3.0 billion, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$11.2 billion and a funded ratio of 21.1%. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$8.2 billion, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 136.9%.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

NOTE 4 – NET PENSION LIABILITY

Measurement of the Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is to be measured as the total pension liability, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. In actuarial terms, this will be the accrued liability less the market value of assets (not the smoothed actuarial value of assets that is often encountered in actuarial valuations performed to determine the employer's contribution requirement).

Net Pension Liability (in thousands)

Total Pension Liability	\$ 67,355,988
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Net Pension Liability	\$ 42,382,361 24,973,627
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	 62.92%
Net Pension Liability as a percentage of Covered Payroll	296.36%
Total Covered Payroll	\$ 8,426,755

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2015, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Allocation

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	28.0 %	5.9 %
Alternative Investment Pools	18.0	9.2
International Equity	16.0	7.2
Fixed Income Pools	10.5	0.9
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0	4.3
Absolute Return Pools	15.5	6.0
Short Term Investment Pools	2.0	0.0
TOTAL	100.0 %	

^{*} Long term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.1% inflation.

Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investment, net of pension plan investment expense, was (.02)%. The money weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Discount Rate

A discount rate of 8.0% was used to measure the total pension liability (7.0% for the Pension Plus Plan). This discount rate was based on the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 8.0% (7.0% for the Pension Plus Plan). The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

As required by GASB Statement No. 67, the following presents the plan's net pension liability, in thousands, calculated using a discount rate of 8.0% (7.0% for the Pension Plus Plan), as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

	Current Discount	
1% Decrease	Rate Assumption	1% Increase
7.0% / 6.0%	8% / 7.0%	9.0% / 8.0%
\$32,133,813	\$24,973,627	\$18,935,384

Timing of the Valuation

An actuarial valuation to determine the total pension liability is required to be performed at least every two years. If the actuarial valuation is not calculated as of the plan's fiscal year end, the total pension liability is required to be rolled forward from the actuarial valuation date to the pension plan's fiscal year end.

The total pension liability as of September 30, 2015, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2014, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures.

Actuarial Valuations and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations for both the pension and OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions (ARC) are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The Schedule of Funding Progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets for the OPEB plan is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

The Schedules of Contributions in Required Supplementary Information present trend information about the amounts contributed to the plan by employers in comparison to the ARC, an amount that is actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 67 for pension contributions and GASB Statement No. 43 for OPEB contributions.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation Date 9/30/2014

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age, Normal

Amortization Method - OPEB Level Percent of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period - OPEB 22 years¹ Asset Valuation Method - OPEB Market

Actuarial Assumptions:

Wage Inflation Rate 3.5%

Investment Rate of Return - Pension

- MIP and Basic Plans 8.0% - Pension Plus Plan 7.0% Investment Rate of Return - OPEB 8.0%

Projected Salary Increases 3.5 - 12.3%, including wage inflation at 3.5% Cost-of-Living Pension Adjustments 3% Annual Non-Compounded for MIP Members

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate 7.5% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 12

Mortality - Pension and OPEB RP-2000 Combined Healthy Life Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvements

to 2020 using projection scale AA (for men, 140% of the table rates for ages 0-79, 133% of the table rates for ages 80-84, and 121.8% of the table rates for ages over 84

were used and for women, 96% of the table rates were used).

Other Assumptions OPEB only: ²

Opt Out Assumption 21% of eligible participants hired before 7/1/2008

and 30% of those hired after 6/30/2008 are assumed to opt out of the retiree health plan 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees

Survivor Coverage are assumed to have coverage continuing after the

retiree's death

Coverage Election at Retirement 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are

assumed to elect coverage for 1 or more

dependents

Notes: Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods 2007 through

2012 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension valuations

beginning with the September 30, 2014 valuation.

1 Based on the provisions of GASB Statement Nos. 43 and 45 when the actuarial accrued liability for the OPEB plan is underfunded or overfunded, the difference should be amortized over a period not to exceed thirty years for the fiscal periods beginning on or after June 15, 2006.

2 Applies to individuals hired before September 4, 2012.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

NOTE 5 - INVESTMENTS

Investment Authority

Under Public Act 380 of 1965, as amended, the authority for the purchase and the sale of investments resides with the State Treasurer. Investments are made subject to the Public Employee Retirement System Investment Act, Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended. The Public Employee Retirement System Investment Act authorizes, with certain restrictions, the investment of pension fund assets in stocks, corporate and government bonds and notes, mortgages, real estate, and certain short-term and private equity investments. Investments must be made for the exclusive purposes of providing benefits to active members, retired members and beneficiaries, and for defraying the expenses of investing the assets.

Derivatives

The State Treasurer employs the use of derivatives in the investment of the pension and other employee benefit trust funds (the trust funds).

Derivatives are used in managing the trust fund portfolios, but uses do not include speculation or leverage of investments. Less than 12% of the total trust funds' portfolio has been invested from time to time in future contracts, swap agreements, structured notes, option and forward contracts. State investment statutes limit total derivative exposure to 15% of a fund's total asset value, and restrict uses to replication of returns and hedging of assets. Swap agreements represent the largest category of derivative investments subject to this limitation. Option and Future contracts traded daily on an exchange and settling in cash daily or having a limited and fully defined risk profile at an identified, fixed cost are not subject to the derivative exposure limitation.

The derivative fair values are reported on the Statement of Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position as of September 30, 2015, in their respective investment pool's fair value. Derivative net increase and decrease are reported on the Statement of Changes in Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position for fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, under "Investment income (loss)", in "Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments". Bond interest, swap payments, and dividends are reported under "Investment income (loss)", in "Interest, dividends, and other".

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Derivative Investment Table as of September 30, 2015 (in millions):

				Net		
	Percentage			Increase		Fair Value
Investment and	of Fair	Notional	Investments	(Decrease)	Investment	Subject to
Investment Type	Value	Value	At Fair Value	in Fair Value	Income	Credit Risk
U.S. Treasury Bond Future Contracts						
Fixed Income Investments	0.0%	\$ 6.8		\$ (0.4)		
Option Contracts						
Equity Investments	0.0%	170.8	\$ 0.5	(3.8)		
Swap Agreements						
International Equity Investments	1.8%	1,033.9	852.9	(45.9)	\$ (2.6)	\$ 27.3
Swap Agreements						
Equity Investments	0.0%	1,126.4	(22.6	(48.8)	16.0	

To diversify the trust funds' portfolio, the State Treasurer has entered into international swap agreements with investment grade counterparties, which are tied to stock market indices in forty-two foreign countries. Generally, one quarter or less of the notional amount tied to foreign stock market indices is usually hedged against foreign currency fluctuations. The swap agreements provide that the System will pay quarterly over the term of the swap agreements, interest indexed to the three month London Inter-Bank Offer Rate (LIBOR), adjusted for an interest rate spread, on the notional amount stated in the agreements. International equity swap agreement maturity dates range from October 2015 to September 2016. The U.S. Domestic LIBOR based floating rate notes and other investments are held to correspond with the notional amount of the international swap agreements. The value of the international synthetic equity structures is a combination of the value of the swap agreements and the value of the notes and other investments. The book value represents the cost of the notes and other investments. The current value represents the current value of the notes and other investments and the change in the value of the underlying indices from the inception of the swap agreements. The current value is used as a representation of the fair value based on the intention to hold all swap agreements until maturity. At the maturity of the swap agreements, the trust funds will either receive the increase in the value of the equity indices from the level at the inception of the agreements, or pay the decrease in the value of the indices. The combined swap structure generally realizes gains and losses on a rolling basis.

Domestic Equity Pool swap agreements provide that the System will pay interest quarterly or annually over the term of the swap agreements, interest indexed to the LIBOR, adjusted for an interest rate spread, on the notional amount stated in the agreements. Domestic equity swap agreement maturity dates range from October 2015 to July 2016. Domestic equity swaps value is a combination of the value of the swap agreements and the value of short-term investments. Book value represents the cost of short-term and equity investments. Current value represents the fair value of the short-term investments and the change in the value of the underlying indices from the inception of the swap agreements. Domestic equity swaps' increase (decrease) primarily reflects the net changes in the domestic indices and short-term investments.

Counterparty credit risk is the maximum loss amount that would be incurred if the counterparties to the derivative instrument failed to perform according to the terms of the contract, without respect to any collateral or other security, or netting arrangement.

The State Treasurer traded U. S. Treasury bond future contracts to manage duration and yield curve exposure.

To provide downside protection and enhance current income, the State Treasurer traded covered equity options on single securities for the Equity Investment pools. Put options are used to protect against large negative moves in single

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

stocks, as well as, to express interest in a security that is trading well below its intrinsic value. Call options have been used to achieve current income on single equity securities that are trading near their intrinsic value.

Securities Lending

State statutes allow the System to participate in securities lending transactions, and the System has, by way of an Agreement, authorized Credit Suisse, the agent bank, to lend the System's securities to broker-dealers and banks pursuant to a form of loan agreement.

During the fiscal year, the agent bank lent, at the direction of the State Treasurer, the System's securities and received cash (United States) as collateral. The types of securities lent were equity, and fixed income, which includes government and corporate bonds and notes. Borrowers were required to deliver collateral for each loan equal to (i) in case of loaned securities denominated in United States dollars or whose primary trading market was located in the United States or sovereign debt issued by foreign governments, 102% of the fair value of the loaned securities; and (ii) in the case of loaned securities not denominated in United States dollars or whose primary trading market was not located in the United States, 105% of the fair value of the loaned securities.

The agent bank agreed to indemnify the System by purchasing replacement securities, or returning cash collateral in the event borrower failed to return the loaned security or pay distributions thereon, due to the borrower's insolvency.

Under Master Securities Lending Agreements between the System and each borrower, the System and the borrowers have the right to terminate all securities lending transactions on demand. The cash collateral received on each loan was invested in assets held in a collateral account dedicated to the System. As of September 30, 2015, such assets had an average weighted maturity to next reset of 2.8 years and an average weighted maturity of 12.0 years. Because the loans are terminable at will, their duration did not generally match the duration of the investments made with cash collateral. On September 30, 2015, the System had no credit risk exposure to borrowers. The cash received for securities on loan for the System as of September 30, 2015 was \$2,720,029,308. The fair value of assets held in the dedicated collateral account at the custodian for the System as of September 30, 2015 was \$2,720,433,773. The carrying amount, which is the fair value, of securities on loan for the System as of September 30, 2015, was \$2,675,304,323.

Risk

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, investments require certain disclosures regarding policies and practices and the risks associated with them. The credit risk, (including custodial credit risk and concentration of credit risk), the interest rate risk, and the foreign currency risk are discussed in the following paragraphs. Amounts represent the prorata share of the underlying investments as required by GASB Statement No. 40. These investments are held in internal investment pools and reported as such in the financial statements.

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer will not fulfill its obligations.

- Short-Term Fixed Income Investments Prime commercial paper investments must be rated A-1 or P-1 at the time of purchase as rated by two national rating services as specified in Public Act 314. Borrowers must have at least \$400.0 million in commercial paper outstanding, and the State Treasurer may not invest in more than 10% of the borrower's outstanding debt. The investments are further limited to \$200.0 million in any borrower, unless the borrower has an A-1+ rating in which case the investment is not to exceed \$300.0 million.
- Long-Term Fixed Income Investments Investment grade and noninvestment grade securities may be acquired in compliance with the parameters set forth in Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended, and the State Treasurer's Investment Policy Statement for the System. Public Act 314 defines investment grade as investments in the top four major grades, rated by two national rating services. At September 30, 2015, the System was in compliance with Public Act 314 and the Investment Policy Statement in all material aspects.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Rated Debt Investments (in thousands) As of September 30, 2015

Investment Type		Fair Value	S&P		Fair Value	Moody's
Short Term	\$	1,995,509	A-1	\$	1,995,509	P-1
Government Securities						
U.S. Agencies - Sponsored		-	AAA		129,719	Aaa
		129,719	AA		-	Aa
Corporate Bonds & Notes						
•		103,025	AAA		165,634	Aaa
		307,040	AA		185,755	Aa
		1,234,784	A		1,046,475	Α
		1,151,072	BBB		1,424,171	Baa
		302,529	BB		327,754	Ba
		354,516	В		405,047	В
		97,593	CCC		116,758	Caa
		10,484	CC		52,761	Ca
		84	C		2,259	C
		40,198	D		-	D
		448,183	NR		322,895	NR
International *						
		135,202	AA		158,393	Aa
		311,875	A		280,926	A
		197,128	BBB		247,481	Baa
		80,496	NR		37,901	NR
Securities Lending Collaters	al					
Short Term						
		74,319	AAA		228,594	Aaa
		231,411	AA		77,137	Aa
		-	BB		2,334,681	Ba
		80,022	CCC		80,022	Caa
		2,334,681	NR		-	NR
Total	\$	9,619,871		\$	9,619,871	
- V ****	Ψ	7,017,071		Ψ	7,017,071	

NR - not rated

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> - Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the State will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government and are held by either:

^{*} International Investment types consist of domestic floating rate note used as part of a Swap strategy.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

- The counterparty or
- The counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the government name.

The State Treasurer does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. However, the State's custodial bank had a credit rating of A+ at September 30, 2015. As of September 30, 2015, no securities were exposed to custodial credit risk.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

Other than obligations issued, assumed or guaranteed by the United States, its agencies or United States government sponsored enterprises, the System is prohibited by Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended, from investing more than 5% of the outstanding obligations of any one issuer or investing more than 5% of a System's assets in the obligations of any one issuer. When calculating the amount of outstanding obligations, the System includes publicly issued and privately held debt.

At September 30, 2015, there were no investments in any single issuer that accounted for more than 5% of the System's assets. The System held one investment that exceeded the 5% cap in obligations of any one issuer. The System is aware of the breach and in accordance with MCL 38.1133(3)(g), is developing a prudent plan for reallocating assets to comply with the prescribed limitation.

<u>Interest Rate Risk - Fixed Income Investments</u> - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The State Treasurer's policy states that cash equivalents are invested in short-term fixed income securities with an average weighted maturity of less than one year to provide liquidity and safety of principal from capital market and default risk. At September 30, 2015, the fair value of the System's prime commercial paper was \$1,995.5 million with the weighted average maturity of 12 days.

The State Treasurer does not have a policy regarding interest rate risk for long-term debt investments. However, the trust funds are invested with a long-term strategy. The goal is to balance higher returns while accepting minimum risk for the return. Analyzing the yield curve on individual securities as compared to U.S. Treasuries determines, in part, what is an acceptable risk for the return. Therefore, market conditions such as lower interest rates result in shorter duration and higher interest rates result in longer duration.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Debt Securities (in thousands) As of September 30, 2015

			Effective Duration in
	F	air Value	Years
Government			
U. S. Treasury	\$	1,398,047	3.9
U. S. Agencies - Backed		373,399	5.1
U. S. Agencies - Sponsored		129,719	2.1
Corporate		4,049,510	4.6
International*			
Corporate		724,701	0.2
Total	\$	6,675,376	

Debt securities are exclusive of securities lending collateral.

<u>Foreign Currency Risk</u> - Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit.

The System invests in various securities denominated in foreign currencies. Authorized global securities include equities, fixed income, mutual funds, real estate, and limited partnerships. These investments are limited to 30% of the total assets of the System with additional limits of not more than 5% of the outstanding global securities of any one issuer and no more than 5% of the System's assets in the global securities of any one issuer. In addition to these limits, the State Treasurer cannot acquire securities with companies that have active business operations in the state sponsors of terror as identified by the United States Secretary of State. At September 30, 2015, the total amount of foreign investment subject to foreign currency risk was \$7,348.6 million, which amounted to 15.9% of total investments (exclusive of securities lending collateral) of the System.

^{*}International contains Corporate Debt Securities as a part of their derivative strategies.

The interest rates reset on a quarterly basis for these securities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Foreign Currency Risk (in thousands) As of September 30, 2015

Region	gion <u>Country</u> <u>Curre</u>		Rea Infr Fa	rate Equity, al Estate, & castructure air Value n U.S. \$	Fa	Equity air Value n U.S. \$	Fa	ed Income air Value n U.S. \$	International & Absolute Return Fair Value in U.S. \$*	
AMERICA										
	Canada Mexico	Dollar Peso			\$	2,791	\$	110,053	\$	(1,906)
CARIBBEAN	Mexico	Peso					Þ	110,055		4,222
CARIBBEAN	Cayman Islands	Dollar				17,495				33,346
EUROPE						,				22,213
	European Union	Euro	\$	544,996		13,379				37,431
	Switzerland	Franc				2,162				9,909
	Sweden	Krona				366				8,077
	Denmark	Krone								3,207
	Norway	Krone				317				
	U.K.	Sterling		10,509		59,533				17,831
PACIFIC										
	Australia	Dollar								(2,022)
	China	Renminbi		43,540						
	Hong Kong	Dollar		47,099		(4)				(8,162)
	Japan	Yen								(8,658)
	New Zealand	Dollar								(803)
	Philippines	Peso						51,705		
	Singapore	Dollar								6,758
	South Korea	Won								3,427
<u>AFRICA</u>	0 4 40:	D 1				47.4				
	South Africa	Rand				474				
	Liberia	Dollar				967				
OTHER	Various			989,609		97,526		159,606		5,093,861
	Total		\$	1,635,753	\$	195,006	\$	321,364	\$	5,196,518

^{*} International includes derivatives whose market value exposure to foreign currency risk is the net amount of unrealized gains and unrealized losses. Maturity dates on these investments range from October 2015 through September 2016 with an average maturity of .6 years.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

NOTE 6 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Under the Administrative Procedures Act, members may appeal a decision made by the Board. Once the administrative procedure has been exhausted, the decision may be appealed in Michigan's court system. Various cases that have exhausted the administrative procedures have been appealed in the court system. These cases are in the normal course of business and the System does not anticipate any material loss as a result of the contingent liabilities.

Pending Litigation

Michigan Supreme Court No. 145924

Three cases have been consolidated and are pending in the Michigan Court of Appeals following the Michigan Supreme Court's remand instructions. Plaintiffs are contesting the 3% contribution required by MCL 38.1343e, as enacted by 2010 PA 75, to be made by members of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System. Plaintiffs allege that the underlying retiree healthcare contribution is unconstitutional on grounds that it allegedly violates the contracts, takings, and substantive due process clauses of the State and Unites States Constitutions. The trial court ruled in Plaintiffs' favor and entered a preliminary injunction requiring that the Plaintiffs' contributions not be applied toward the funding of retiree healthcare, but instead to be placed in an interest bearing account. The trial court ruling was affirmed by the Michigan Court of Appeals (COA). On application for leave to the Michigan Supreme Court (MSC), the MSC ordered that the COA's decision be vacated and that the constitutionality of PA 75 be reexamined in light of the enactment of 2012 PA 300 and MSC's April 2015 decision regarding the same. The 3% contribution collected under PA 75, which continues to be held in escrow, totals approximately \$552 million (including interest).

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

Expressing the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability provides one indication of the OPEB Plan's funding status. Analysis of this percentage over time indicates whether the Plan is becoming financially stronger or weaker. Generally, the greater this percentage, the stronger the Plan. Trends in unfunded actuarial accrued liability and annual covered payroll are both affected by inflation. Expressing the unfunded or overfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of annual covered payroll approximately adjusts for the effects of inflation and aids analysis of progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Generally, the smaller this percentage, the stronger the Plan.

Other Postemployment Benefits (\$ in millions)

Valuation Date Sept 30	7	ctuarial Value of Assets (a)	A L	ctuarial ccrued iability) Entry Age (b)	(Ov Accru	nfunded erfunded) led Liability UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	_	overed ayroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Pay ((b-a)/c)	-
2006	\$	630	\$	25,387	\$	24,757	2.5 %	\$	9,806	252.5	%
2007		776		25,733		24,957	3.0		9,851	253.3	
2008		832		26,811		25,979	3.1		9,958	260.9	
2009		713		28,295		27,582	2.5		9,884	279.1	
2010		999		28,627		27,627	3.5		8,845	312.4	
2011		1,156		27,046		25,890	4.3		9,156	282.8	
2012	1	1,348		14,788		13,440	9.1		8,649	155.4	
2013		2,041		14,534		12,493	14.0		8,273	151.0	
2014	2	2,982		14,161		11,180	21.1		8,167	136.9	

¹ Revised investment rate of return from 4% to 8% due to prefunding.

² Revised actuarial assumptions and/or methods.

Required Supplementary Information (continued)

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (in thousands)

	Fiscal Year			
	2014	2015		
Total Dangian Linkility				
Total Pension Liability Service Cost	\$ 738,574	\$ 674,943		
Interest	4,959,187	5,137,527		
Changes of benefit terms	4,939,107	3,137,327		
Differences between expected				
and actual experience		(75,932)		
Changes of assumptions	1,054,479	(10,302)		
Benefit payments, including	, ,			
refunds of member contributions	(4,417,169)	(4,555,349)		
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	2,335,070	1,181,189		
•				
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	63,839,728	66,174,798		
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 66,174,798	\$ 67,355,988		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - Employer	\$ 1,600,375	\$ 1,967,611		
Contributions - Member	405,444	395,722		
Net Investment Income	6,192,711	938,143		
Benefit payments, including				
refunds of member contributions	(4,417,169)	(4,555,349)		
Administrative and Other Expenses	(23,711)	(24,487)		
Other ¹		(112,468)		
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	2 757 640	(1 200 929)		
Fiductary Net Position	3,757,649	(1,390,828)		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	40,015,540	43,773,189		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 43,773,189	\$ 42,382,361		
•				
Net Pension Liability -				
Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 22,401,609	\$ 24,973,627		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage				
of the Total Pension Liability	66.15%	62.92%		
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 8,895,091	\$ 8,426,755		
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage	_			
of Covered Employee Payroll	251.84%	296.36%		

¹ University employer contribution refund.

Required Supplementary Information (continued)

Schedule of Net Pension Liability (in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Total			Plan Net Position as % of Total		Net Pension Liability as % of
Ended	Pension	Plan Net	Net Pension	Pension	Covered	Covered
Sept. 30	Liability	Position	Liability	Liability	Payroll	Payroll
2014	\$66,174,798	\$ 43,773,189	\$ 22,401,609	66.15%	\$8,895,091	251.84%
2015	67,355,988	42,382,361	24,973,627	62.92	8,426,755	296.36

Schedules of Contributions

Pension Benefits (in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	Annual Required ontribution (ARC) ¹	. <u>-</u>	E	Actual imployer itribution ²	De	ntribution eficiency Excess)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2006	\$ 1,161,843		\$	995,932	\$	165,911	\$ 9,806,452	10.2 %
2007	919,561	3		835,366		84,195	9,851,471	8.5
2008	904,409	3		999,375		(94,966)	9,958,132	10.0
2009	989,150			1,000,375		(11,225)	9,883,674	10.1
2010	1,182,164			1,001,252		180,912	8,845,019	11.3
2011	1,418,355			1,156,061		262,294	9,155,691	12.6
2012	1,744,512			1,454,439		290,073	8,649,029	16.8
2013	1,931,894			1,364,136		567,758	8,225,140	16.6
2014	2,117,097			1,600,375		516,722	8,895,091	18.0
2015	2,184,029			1,967,611		216,418	8,426,755	23.4

¹ The ARC has been recalculated for all years presented in order to reflect only the employer's share of the annual required contributions and current assumptions.

² Differences between the ARC and the actual contributions are the result of a timing difference between when the actuarial valuation is completed and the contributions are made. In addition, for fiscal year 2006, a transfer from the stabilization sub-account in the amount of \$54.2 million was made to intentionally stabilize the contribution rates.

The sub-account has no balance or activity since 2006.

³ Pursuant to Public Act 15 of 2007, the System's assets were revalued to their actual market value as of September 30, 2006. The five-year smoothing began again in fiscal year 2008.

Required Supplementary Information (continued)

Schedules of Contributions (continued)

Other Postemployment Benefits (in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	Ended Contribution		E	Actual Employer atributions ²	Gov	Other ernmental tributions	Percentage Contributed
2007	\$	2,497,158	\$	671,680	\$	63	26.9 %
2008		2,425,677		649,571		102	26.8
2009		2,501,980		705,464		55	28.2
2010		2,363,039		675,117		39,980	30.3
2011		2,149,489		794,840		163,949	44.6
2012		2,038,873		795,595		17,406	39.9
2013	1	1,466,840		973,003		9	66.3
2014		944,571		1,000,032		138	105.9
2015		974,957		969,419		213	99.5

¹ Revised investment rate of return from 4% to 8% due to prefunding.

Schedule of Investment Returns

	Annual
Fiscal Year	Return ¹
2014	12.58%
2015	(0.02)

1 Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses

² Differences between the ARC and the actual contributions are the result of a timing difference between when the actuarial valuation is completed and the contributions are made.

Note to Required Supplementary Information

NOTE A - DESCRIPTION

Ten year historical trend information designed to provide information about the System's progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the preceding schedules. Other ten year historical trend information related to the System is presented in the Statistical and Actuarial Sections of the report. This information is presented to enable the reader to assess the progress made by the System in accumulating sufficient assets to pay pension and other postemployment benefits as they become due. Because this is the ninth year the System is reporting other postemployment benefits in accordance with GASB Statement No. 43, only nine years of historical trend information is provided.

The comparability of trend information is affected by changes in actuarial assumptions, benefit provisions, actuarial funding methods, accounting policies, and other changes. Those changes usually affect trends in contribution requirements and in ratios that use the pension and other postemployment benefit obligations as a factor.

The Schedule of Funding Progress and Schedules of Contributions are reported as historical trend information. The Schedule of Funding Progress is presented to measure the progress being made to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The Schedules of Contributions are presented to show the responsibility of the Employer in meeting the actuarial requirements to maintain the System on a sound financial basis.

The Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Contributions, and Schedule of Investment Returns are schedules that are required in implementing GASB Statement No. 67. These schedules are required to show information for ten years, additional years will be displayed as it becomes available. The two schedules of the Net Pension Liability represents in actuarial terms, the accrued liability less the market value of assets. The Schedule of Contributions is a comparison of the employer's contributions to the actuarially determined contributions. The Schedule of Investment Returns represents a money-weighted rate of return that expresses investment performance, net of pension plan investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

The information presented in the Schedule of Contributions was used in the actuarial valuation for purposes of determining actuarially determined contribution rate. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation for the pension plan follows.

Valuation:

Mortality

Actuarially determined contribution amounts as of September 30 each year, which is two years and one day prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contributions for Fiscal Year 2015:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age, Normal
Amortization Method Level Percent of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 24 Years (attributable to non-window unfunded actuarial accrued liability) and 8 Years (attributable to window unfunded actuarial accrued liability).

Asset Valuation Method 5-Year Smoothed Market

Inflation 2.5%

Salary Increases 3.5% Wage Inflation

Investment Rate of Return

(net of investment and administrative expenses)

- MIP and Basic Plans 8.0%
- Pension Plus Plan 7.0%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility conditions.

RP-2000 Combined Healthy Life Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2020 using projection scale AA (for men, 140% of the table rates for ages 0-79, 133% of the table rates for ages 80-84, and 121.8% of the table rates for ages over 84

were used and for women, 96% of the table rates were used).

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Supporting Schedules

Summary Schedule of Pension Plan Administrative and Other Expenses For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2015 (in thousands)

Personnel Services:	
Staff Salaries	\$ 1,580
Retirement and Social Security	4,316
Other Fringe Benefits	1,443
Total	7,339
Professional Services:	
Accounting	1,495
Actuarial	502
Attorney General	418
Audit	211
Consulting	69
Medical	365
Total	3,059
Building and Equipment:	
Building Rentals	883
Equipment Purchase, Maintenance, and Rentals	410
Total	1,293
Miscellaneous:	
Travel and Board Meetings	45
Office Supplies	54
Postage, Telephone, and Other	1,977
Printing	289
Technological Support	10,432
Total	12,796
Total Administrative and Other Expenses	\$ 24,487

Summary Schedule of OPEB Plan Administrative and Other Expenses For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2015 (in thousands)

Staff Salaries	\$ 2,357
Health Fees	146,197
Dental Fees	4,195
Vision Fees	 662
Total Administrative and Other Expenses	\$ 153,411

Supporting Schedules (continued)

Schedule of Investment Expenses For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2015 (in thousands)

Real Estate Operating Expenses	\$ 939
Securities Lending Expenses	22,846
Other Investment Expenses ¹	
ORS-Investment Expenses ²	13,821
Custody Fees	1,000
Management Fees	118,618
Research Fees	2,993
Total Investment Expenses	\$ 160,217

¹ Refer to the Investment Section for fees paid to investment professionals

Schedule of Payments for Professional Services For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2015 (in thousands)

Accounting	\$ 1,495
Actuary	502
Attorney General	418
Independent Auditors	211
Consulting	69
Medical Advisor	 365
Total Payments	\$ 3,059

Does not exclude Treasury Civil Service fees recorded as a pass through in the Schedule of Investment Fees - State Treasurer. As of September 30, 2015, fees totaled \$184,128.

Supporting Schedules (continued)

Detail of Changes in Plan Fiduciary Net Position (Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2015 (in thousands)

		mployee ntributions	Con	nployee tributions sion Plus	Member Investment Plan		Employer ontributions
Additions:							
Contributions:							
Member contributions	\$	27,189	\$	30,577	\$ 337,957		
Employer contributions:							
Colleges, universities and federal						\$	163,612
School districts and other							1,793,646
Other governmental contributions					 		
Total contributions		27,189		30,577	337,957		1,957,258
Investment income (loss):	<u>-</u>				 		
Net increase (decrease) in fair							
value of investments							
Interest, dividends, and other							
Investment expenses:							
Real estate operating expenses							
Other investment expenses							
Securities lending activities:							
Securities lending income							
Securities lending expenses							
Net investment income (loss)		-		-	-		-
Transfers from other systems		_			 		_
Miscellaneous income					 		
Total additions		27,189		30,577	337,957		1,957,258
Deductions: Benefits paid to plan members and beneficiaries: Retirement benefits Health benefits Dental/vision benefits							
Refund of contributions		2,719		975	20,722		112,468
Transfers to other systems		2,717		713	20,722		112,400
Administrative and other expenses		1					
Total deductions		2,720		975	 20,722		112,468
Net Increase (Decrease) before other changes		24,469		29,602	317,234		1,844,790
Other Changes in Net Position:		24,409		27,002	317,234		1,044,770
Interest allocation		66,998		5,965	505,163		
Transfers upon retirement		(82,948)		0,700	(260,486)		
Transfers of employer shares		(02,7.0)			(200, 100)		(960,173)
Total other changes in net position		(15,951)		5,965	244,676		(960,173)
Net Increase (Decrease)							
in Net Position		8,518		35,567	561,911		884,617
Net Position Restricted for							
Pension Benefits and OPEB:							
Beginning of Year		1,531,219		59,486	4,746,766		(25,807,404)
End of Year	\$	1,539,737	\$	95,053	\$ 5,308,677	\$	(24,922,787)

Supporting Schedules (continued)

Con	mployer tributions asion Plus	Retired Benefit Payments	Retired Benefit Payments Pension Plus	Payments Investment		ayments Investment	Investment		ОРЕВ		Total
						\$	381,631	\$	777,353		
\$	2,128						86,203		251,943		
	8,225						883,216		2,685,086		
	10,352						213 1,351,262		213 3,714,595		
				\$	79,836		(12,759)		67,077		
					933,155		70,650		1,003,805		
					(871)		(68)		(939)		
					(126,785)		(9,647)		(136,432)		
					73,370		5,692		79,062		
					(21,043)		(1,804)		(22,846)		
					937,663		52,064		989,727		
		\$ 480					166		- 646		
	10,352	480			937,663		1,403,493		4,704,969		
		4.500.015							4.520.016		
		4,530,915					1 617,492		4,530,916 617,492		
							83,411		83,411		
		17					96		136,997		
					24,487		153,411		1 177,898		
	-	4,530,932			24,487		854,411		5,546,716		
	10,352	(4,530,452)	-		913,175		549,081		(841,747)		
	3,887	6,955,308			(7,537,320)						
		343,435									
		960,173									
	3,887	8,258,916			(7,537,320)				<u>-</u>		
	14,240	3,728,464	-		(6,624,144)		549,081		(841,747)		
	55,533	44,585,308			18,602,281		3,534,221		47,307,410		
\$	69,773	\$ 48,313,771	\$ -	\$	11,978,137	\$	4,083,302	\$	46,465,663		



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Prepared by Michigan Department of Treasury, Bureau of Investments Jon M. Braeutigam, Chief Investment Officer

Report on Investment Activity
Asset Allocation
Investment Results
List of Largest Stock Holdings
List of Largest Bond Holdings
Schedule of Investment Fees
Schedule of Investment Commissions
Investment Summary

Report on Investment Activity

INTRODUCTION

The State Treasurer reports investment activity quarterly to the Investment Advisory Committee (Committee), which reviews the investments, goals, and objectives of the retirement funds and may submit recommendations regarding them to the State Treasurer. The Investment Advisory Committee may also, by a majority vote, direct the State Treasurer to dispose of any holdings that, in the Committee's judgment, are not suitable for the funds involved, and may, by unanimous vote, direct the State Treasurer to make specific investments.

The Investment Advisory Committee was created by Act 380 of the Public Acts of 1965. The three public members of the five-member committee are appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate for three-year terms. The Director of the Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs and the Director of the Department of Technology, Management and Budget are ex-officio members. As of September 30, 2015, members of the Committee were as follows: James B. Nicholson (public member), L. Erik Lundberg, CFA (public member), Reginald G. Sanders, CFA, CAIA (public member), Mike Zimmer (ex-officio member), and David Behen (ex-officio member). The public members serve without pay, but may be paid actual and necessary travel and other expenses.

INVESTMENT POLICY & GOALS

Investment policy states that the fiduciary will operate within standard investment practices of the prudent person and in accordance with Public Employee Retirement System Investment Act 314 of 1965. The fiduciary is authorized to invest in government obligations, corporate obligations, various short-term obligations, corporate (domestic and international) stocks, private equity interests, mutual funds, real estate interests, and other investments subject to specific parameters. Above all, trust fund assets are to be invested for the exclusive benefit of the members of the System, in a fiduciary capacity.

The System's Proxy Voting Policy sets forth directives on various issues including: Boards of Directors, corporate governance, social issues, corporate restructurings and defenses. All proxies are reviewed and voted in accordance with the System's policy.

The primary function of the System is to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits along with health and other postemployment benefits to its members. The State Treasurer is the sole investment fiduciary and custodian of the System's investments pursuant to State law. The goals of the System are:

- 1. Maintain sufficient liquidity to pay benefits.
- 2. Meet or exceed the actuarial assumption over the long term.
- 3. Perform in the top half of the public plan universe over the long term
- 4. Diversify assets to preserve capital and avoid large losses.
- 5. Exceed individual asset class benchmarks over the long term.

The strategy for achieving these goals is carried out by investing the assets of the System according to a five year asset allocation model. The System currently invests in seven different asset classes, which provides for a well-diversified portfolio.

Report on Investment Activity (continued)

Asset Allocation (Excludes Collateral on Loaned Securities)

Investment Category	As of 9/30/15 Actual %	Five-Year Target %
	25 4 24	•••
Domestic Equity Pools	27.6 %	28.0 %
International Equity Pools	13.7	16.0
Private Equity Pools	16.7	18.0
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0	10.0
Fixed Income Pools	12.1	10.5
Absolute Return Pools	14.5	15.5
Short Term Investment Pools	5.4	2.0
TOTAL	100.0 %	100.0 %

INVESTMENT AUTHORITY

Pursuant to State Law (Section 91 of Act No. 380 of the Public Acts of 1965, as amended, and Section 12c of Act No. 314 of 1965, as amended), the State Treasurer, State of Michigan, is the investment fiduciary for the following four State sponsored retirement systems: Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System, Michigan State Employees' Retirement System, Michigan State Police Retirement System, and Michigan Judges' Retirement System.

Act No. 314 of the Public Acts of 1965, as amended, authorizes the investment of assets of public employee retirement systems or plans created and established by the State or any political subdivision.

INVESTMENT RESULTS

Total Portfolio Results

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, the total System's rate of return was 2.6% for the Pension Plan and 2.5% for the OPEB Plan as compiled by State Street Investment Analytics. Annualized rates of return for the Pension Plan for the three, five, and ten year periods ending September 30, 2015 were: 10.1%, 10.0%, and 6.7% respectively.

In the five years leading up to September 2014, the U.S. stock market had more than doubled in value. However, for fiscal year 2015, the market paused. The U.S. stock market returns were slightly negative, returning -0.3% including dividends. Returns in foreign stocks were worse, losing 11.7% in value. However, as interest rates fell, the price of bonds rose. The U.S. 10-year Treasury rate dropped to 2.0%, down from 2.5% the year before. Due to Federal Reserve policies, short-term investment returns continued to yield negligible returns.

The value of the U.S. dollar rose significantly over fiscal year 2015. On a trade-weighted basis, the dollar increased in value by more than 14%. Related to the dollar's strength, commodity prices across the board fell as well. The price of a barrel of crude oil, for example, fell by 50% to end September 2015 at around \$45 per barrel.

Despite the cool returns in the capital markets, the U.S. economy is doing fairly well. By the end of the fiscal year, real GDP was growing at a 2.7% year-over-year rate, and while partially due to the fall in commodity prices, headline inflation is virtually non-existent. The national unemployment rate is at 5.1%, its lowest level in over seven years.

Report on Investment Activity (continued)

The Federal Reserve Board has held down short-term interest rate to near zero for over six and a half years. At its September 2015 meeting, the Fed again voted to keep rates at these levels. However, it appears that the aggressive Fed policies that have been put in place may be slowly coming to an end. Barring a significant economic set-back, most Fed prognosticators expect the Fed to begin gradually increasing short-term rates to a more normal policy in the coming twelve months.

Investment return calculations are prepared using a Time-Weighted rate of return.

Domestic Equity Pools

The objective for investments made in domestic equities is to meet or exceed the total return of the S&P 1500 Super Composite for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle.

For active management strategies, the objective is to earn returns that exceed the most relevant S&P Index (or the most relevant Russell Index), adjusting for market capitalization and style, for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle. Rank above median in a universe of managers possessing a similar market cap and style characteristics.

For index, or passive return strategies, the objective is to return within 20 basis points of the S&P 500 Index, 50 basis points for the S&P 400 mid-cap, and 60 basis points for the S&P 600 small-cap over one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle.

The pools are invested primarily in equities or equity-related securities of U.S. companies through internal and externally managed strategies. The goal is to build a portfolio of strategies that will provide excess returns relative to the S&P 1500 while providing minimal tracking error to the index. At times a portion of these pools may be invested in exchange traded funds (ETFs) and fixed-income short-term securities with maturities of less than one year.

The pools invest in equities and equity related securities that are listed on U.S. national securities exchanges, including American Depository Receipts (ADRs). They may also invest in stocks that are traded over-the-counter. The pools diversify their investments by allocating their equity strategies with consideration of the capitalization weightings of the S&P 1500 Index.

The following summarizes the weightings of the pools as of September 30, 2015:

Active Passive Total	57.3 % 42.7 100.0 %
Large Cap	65.3 %
Multi Cap	25.0
Mid Cap	7.2
Small Cap	2.5
Total	100.0 %

The System's Domestic Equity pools total rate of return was -0.8% for the Pension and OPEB Plans for fiscal year 2015. This compared with -0.3% for the S&P 1500 Index.

Report on Investment Activity (continued)

At the close of fiscal year 2015, the Domestic Equity pools represented 27.6% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 77.3% ownership share of the Domestic Equity pools at September 30, 2015:

Domestic Equity Pools (in thousands)

Short Term Pooled Investments	\$ 54,061
Equities	12,758,034
Market Value of Equity Contracts	(37,493)
Settlement Principal Payable	(17,497)
Settlement Proceeds Receivable	17,243
Accrued Dividends	18,334
Total	\$ 12,792,682

International Equity Pools

The objective for investments made in International Equity pools is to meet or exceed the total return of the MSCI ACWI Ex-US Net for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle.

For active management strategies, the objective is to earn returns that exceed the most relevant S&P Index (or the most relevant Russell Index), adjusting for market capitalization, style and geography for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle. Rank above median in a universe of managers possessing a similar market capitalization, style and geography characteristics.

For index, or passive return strategies, the objective is to return within 250 basis points of the S&P/Citigroup BMI-EPAC Index with 25% of the currency hedged for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle. Return within 400 basis points of the MSCI Emerging Markets Index, for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle.

Active exposure is invested primarily in equities or equity-related securities of non-U.S. companies through externally managed strategies.

Passive exposure to International Equity returns is achieved primarily by investing in a combination of fixed income LIBOR notes, short-term fixed income investments, and equity swap agreements on foreign stock indices in developed markets. Interest on the dedicated notes and short-term fixed income investments is exchanged for international stock returns, and the total notional amount of the swap agreements is invested in the approximate proportions of the S&P Broad Market Index (BMI) Europe and Pacific Composite (EPAC) country weightings in related indices. Use of swap agreements for a core position began in 1993, an American Depository Receipts (ADR) and index-related security portfolio was added in June of 1999 to increase portfolio management flexibility, and a multiple country fund portfolio with smaller capitalization stocks was added in September of 2002 to improve exposure to the smallest companies in the BMI index. Use of futures as an investment to hedge cash flows and balances began in December of 2008, and this use is expected to continue in the future. The combined Swap agreements, notes and short-term investments together continue to perform like a stock index fund that realizes all gains and losses on a rolling three year basis.

The pools diversify their investments by allocating their equity strategies with consideration of the economic development status weightings of the S&P/Citigroup BMI -World ex-US Index.

Report on Investment Activity (continued)

The following summarizes the weightings of the pool as of September 30, 2015:

Active	47.2 %
Passive	52.8
Total	100.0 %
	
Developed	82.0 %
Emerging	18.0
Total	100.0 %

The System's International Equity pools total rate of return was -8.7% for the Pension and OPEB Plans for fiscal year 2015. This compared with -12.2% for the MSCI ACWI Ex US Net.

At the close of fiscal year 2015, the International Equity pools represented 13.7% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 76.9% ownership share of the International Equity Pools at September 30, 2015:

International Equity Pools (in thousands)

Short Term Pooled Investments	\$ 196,698
Equities	5,449,489
Fixed Income Securities	724,701
Market Value of Equity Contracts	(48,420)
Settlement Principal Payable	(2,869)
Accrued Dividends and Interest	1,791
Total	\$ 6,321,390

Private Equity Pools

The Private Equity pools objective is to meet or exceed the benchmark for all private equity investments over long time periods. The benchmark is a blend of the S&P 500 Index plus 300 basis points and the 10 Year Yield plus 300 basis points using ending weights of equity and fixed income holdings within the portfolio.

Private Equity Investments are investments in the private equity market, primarily through limited partnerships. The following summarizes the weightings of the pools as of September 30, 2015:

Buyout Funds	55.5 %
Special Situation Funds	19.2
Venture Capital Funds	15.7
Fund of Funds	5.3
Liquidation Portfolio	2.7
Mezzanine Funds	1.6
Total	100.0 %

The Private Equity pools had a return of 11.7% for the Pension and OPEB Plans for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, versus the benchmark of 10.6%.

Report on Investment Activity (continued)

At the close of fiscal year 2015, the Private Equity pools represented 16.7% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 78.1% ownership share of the Private Equity pools at September 30, 2015:

Private Equity Pools (in thousands)

Short Term Pooled Investments	\$ 104,682
Equities	7,608,199
Long Term Obligations	5,000
Settlement Proceeds Receivable	3,168
Accrued Interest	336
Total	\$ 7,721,385

Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools

The objective of the Real Estate and Infrastructure pools is to provide diversification and favorable risk adjusted returns primarily through income and appreciation of investments. Investments are typically held through investment entities, such as limited partnerships or limited liability companies, established for the specific purpose of owning, leasing, managing, financing, or developing real estate and infrastructure related investments.

The Real Estate and Infrastructure pools diversify its holdings by:

- Geography The pools are invested globally and are diversified geographically so that it is not concentrated in a limited number of markets or geographic areas.
- Size and Value The pools diversify its holdings by size so that it is not concentrated in a limited number of large investments.
- Investment Type The pools are diversified by investment type as summarized below.

Multi-family apartments	30.9 %
Hotel	15.2
Commercial office buildings	15.2
Infrastructure	9.8
Industrial warehouse buildings	5.5
Retail shopping centers	6.5
For Rent Homes	6.7
For Sale Homes	5.7
Land	2.2
Short Term Investments	2.3
Total	100.0 %

The Real Estate and Infrastructure pools generated a return of 11.1% for the Pension and OPEB Plans for fiscal year 2015. The two benchmark returns from the National Council of Real Estate Investment Fiduciaries: the National Property Blended Index (less 130 basis points) was 12.0% and the Open-End Diversified Core Equity Index was 13.9%.

Report on Investment Activity (continued)

At the close of fiscal year 2015, the Real Estate and Infrastructure pools represented 10.0% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 77.2% ownership share of the Real Estate and Infrastructure pools at September 30, 2015:

Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools (in thousands)

Short Term Pooled Investments	\$ 107,655
Real Estate Equities	4,072,721
Infrastructure Equities	 449,648
Total	\$ 4,630,024

Fixed Income Pools

The objective for investments made in the Fixed Income pools is to meet or exceed the Barclays Aggregate Bond Index over one, three, and five-year periods and market cycles. Rank above median in a nationally recognized universe of managers possessing a similar style.

For Fixed Income sub-strategies, the objective return is to meet or exceed the most relevant Barclays benchmark index.

The pools are invested primarily in fixed income securities of U.S. companies through internal and externally managed strategies. The goal is to build a portfolio of strategies that will provide excess returns relative to the blended benchmark while providing minimal tracking error to the index. At times a portion of the pools may be invested in exchange traded funds (ETFs) and fixed-income short-term securities with maturities of less than one year.

The pools invest in fixed income and related securities in a diversified portfolio of investment grade corporate issues, treasuries, agencies, government sponsored enterprises and government guaranteed mortgages. The pools diversify its investments by allocating its strategies with consideration of credit risk.

The System's Fixed Income pools total rate of return was 3.1% for fiscal year 2015. This compared with 2.9% for the Barclays Aggregate Bond benchmark.

At the close of fiscal year 2015, the Fixed Income pools represented 12.1% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 76.6% ownership share of the Fixed Income pools at September 30, 2015:

Fixed Income Pools (in thousands)

Short Term Pooled Investments	\$ 81,658
Fixed Income Securities	5,475,673
Accrued interest	 27,124
Total	\$ 5,584,455

Report on Investment Activity (continued)

Absolute Return Pools

The Absolute Return Pools consist of the Absolute Return Strategies Pool and the Real Return and Opportunistic Investment Pool.

The primary investment objective of the Absolute Return Strategies Pool is to generate a rate of return that meets or exceeds T-bills by 400 basis points net of fees over the one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle. Also, exceed the appropriate HFN Fund of Funds median net of fees over one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle.

The Absolute Return Strategies pool rate of return for the fiscal year was 2.4% versus the benchmark's 1.9%.

The primary investment objective of the Real Return and Opportunistic Pool is to generate a rate of return that meets or exceeds the increase in the CPI by at least five percent (5%) annually net of fees over one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle. If a peer universe is available, rank above median in a nationally recognized universe of managers possessing a similar style.

For sub-strategies targeting a commodities index, the objective is to generate a rate of return that meets or exceeds the Dow Jones-AIG Total Return Commodities Index over one, three, and five year periods and a market cycle. Rank above median in a nationally recognized universe of managers possessing a similar style.

The Real Return and Opportunistic Investments pool rate of return for the fiscal year was 7.3% for the Pension and OPEB Plans versus the benchmark's 6.5%.

At the close of fiscal year 2015, the Absolute Return Pools represented 14.5% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 77.2% ownership share of the Absolute Return Pools at September 30, 2015:

Absolute Return Pools (in thousands)

Total	\$ 6,738,980
Accrued Interest and Dividends	 2,169
Long Term Obligations	77,503
Equities	6,435,792
Short Term Pooled investments	\$ 223,516

Short Term Investment Pools

The objective of the Short Term Investment pools is to closely match the return performance of its benchmark, the 30 day Treasury bill. The Short Term Investment pools return for the fiscal year was 0.5% for the Pension Plan and 0.4% for the OPEB plan versus the benchmark's 0.0%.

Potential areas of investment are:

- Obligations of the United States or its agencies.
- Banker's acceptances, commercial accounts, certificates of deposit or depository receipts.
- Repurchase agreements for the purchase of securities issued by the US government or its agencies.
- Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two national rating services as determined by the State Treasurer.
- Short duration investment grade corporate issues.

Report on Investment Activity (continued)

At the close of fiscal year 2015, the Short Term Investment pools represented 5.4% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 90.8% ownership share of the Short Term Investment pools at September 30, 2015:

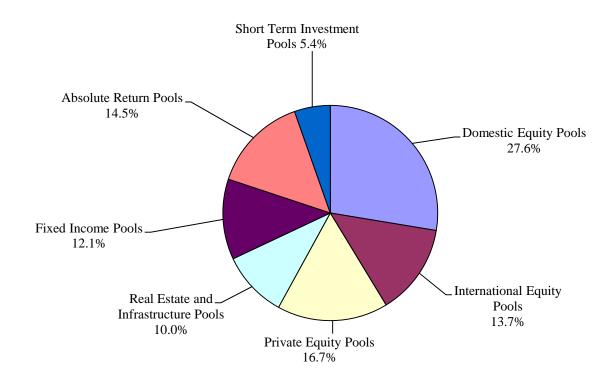
Short Term Investment Pools (in thousands)

Short Term Pooled Investments	\$ 1,216,064
Healthcare Contribution*	552,751
Fixed Income Securities	744,877
Accrued interest	 1,412
Total	\$ 2,515,104

^{*}PA 75 of 2010 required each actively employed member of MPSERS to contribute toward health care benefits. Amounts contributed to this account until September 3, 2012 are held and invested separately.

Report on Investment Activity (continued)

<u>Asset Allocation – Security Type Only</u>



Report on Investment Activity (continued)

Pension Plan Investment Results for the Period Ending September 30, 2015

		Annualized Rate of Return ¹							
Investment Category	Current Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years					
Total Portfolio	2.6 %	10.1 %	10.0 %	6.7 %					
Domestic Equity Pools	(0.8)	13.3	13.2	7.1					
S&P 1500 Index	(0.3)	12.5	13.3	7.0					
International Equity Pools	(8.7)	4.0	3.5	2.7					
International Blended Benchmark ²	(12.2)	2.6	2.2	1.8					
Private Equity Pools	11.7	17.2	16.8	13.4					
Private Equity Blended Benchmark ³	10.6	20.4	20.3	11.9					
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	11.1	12.7	12.4	5.7					
NCREIF Property Blended Index ⁴	12.0	10.5	11.1	6.6					
Fixed Income Pools	3.1	2.5	3.6	5.4					
Barclays Aggregate Bond	2.9	1.7	3.1	4.6					
Absolute Return Pools									
Total Absolute Return	2.4	7.2	5.7						
HFRI Fund of Funds Cons 1 month lag	1.9	4.9	3.4						
Total Real Return and Opportunistic	7.3	12.5	10.1						
Real Return and Opportunistic Benchmark ⁵	6.5	7.0	7.4						
Short Term Investment Pools	0.5	0.4	0.3	1.3					
30 Day Treasury Bill	0.0	0.0	0.1	1.2					

¹ Calculations used a time-weighted rate of return based on the market rate of return in accordance with industry standards. Excludes income and investment gains and losses from securities lending.

² As of 7/1/14, index is MSCI ACWI Ex-US Net. History 10/1/10 to 6/30/14 is MSCI ACWI Ex-US Gross. History 1/1/10 to 9/30/10 is S&P Developed BMI-EPAC Net 75/25. History prior to 1/1/10 is S&P Developed BMI-EPAC Net 50/50.

³ As of 1/1/07, index is blend of S&P 500 plus 300 bps and 10 year yield plus 300 bps based on ending weights. History prior to 1/1/07 is S&P500 plus 300 bps.

⁴ As of 10/1/05, index is NCREIF less 130 bp. History prior to 10/1/05 reflects NCREIF less 75 bp.

⁵ Benchmark is 50% (CPI + 5%) and 50% (actuarial rate 8%).

Report on Investment Activity (continued)

OPEB Investment Results for the Period Ending September 30, 2015

		Annualized Rate of Return ¹
Investment Category	Current Year	3 Years
Total Portfolio	2.5 %	9.9 %
Domestic Equity Pools	(0.8)	13.3
S&P 1500 Index	(0.3)	12.5
International Equity Pools	(8.7)	4.0
International Blended Benchmark ²	(12.2)	2.6
Private Equity Pools	11.7	17.2
Private Equity Blended Benchmark ³	10.6	20.4
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	11.1	12.6
NCREIF Property Blended Index ⁴	12.0	10.5
Fixed Income Pools	3.1	2.5
Barclays Aggregate Bond	2.9	1.7
Absolute Return Pools		
Total Absolute Return	2.4	7.2
HFRI Fund of Funds Cons 1 month lag	1.9	4.9
Total Real Return and Opportunistic	7.3	12.5
Real Return and Opportunistic Benchmark ⁵	6.5	7.0
Short Term Investment Pools	0.4	0.3
30 Day Treasury Bill	0.0	0.0

¹ Calculations used a time-weighted rate of return based on the market rate of return in accordance with industry standards. Excludes income and investment gains and losses from securities lending.

² As of 7/1/14, index is MSCI ACWI Ex-US Net. History 10/1/10 to 6/30/14 is MSCI ACWI Ex-US Gross. History 1/1/10 to 9/30/10 is S&P Developed BMI-EPAC Net 75/25.

History prior to 1/1/10 is S&P Developed BMI-EPAC Net 50/50.

³ As of 1/1/07, index is blend of S&P 500 plus 300 bps and 10 year yield plus 300 bps based on ending weights. History prior to 1/1/07 is S&P500 plus 300 bps.

⁴ As of 10/1/05, index is NCREIF less 130 bp. History prior to 10/1/05 reflects NCREIF less 75 bp.

⁵ Benchmark is 50% (CPI + 5%) and 50% (actuarial rate 8%).

Largest Assets Held¹

Largest Stock Holdings (By Market Value) September 30, 2015

Rank	Shares	Stocks	Market Value
1	4,426,255	Apple Inc	\$ 488,215,969
2	5,390,501	Wells Fargo & Co	276,802,246
3	4,673,266	Aflac Inc	271,656,937
4	2,476,580	Gilead Sciences Inc	243,175,411
5	2,672,511	Union Pacific Corp	236,276,680
6	1,675,342	Home Depot Inc	193,485,282
7	4,281,964	Verizon Communications Inc	186,308,261
8	4,076,280	Microsoft Corp	180,416,172
9	2,856,588	JP Morgan Chase & Co	174,166,145
10	255,699	Google Inc	163,230,388

Largest Bond Holdings (By Market Value)² September 30, 2015

Rank	Par Amount	Bonds & Notes	Market Value
1	\$ 150,947,535	US Treasury N/B 1.625% Due 07-31-2019	\$ 153,537,945
2	131,920,405	US Treasury N/B 2.125% Due 05-15-2025	132,714,038
3	96,761,240	US Treasury N/B 2.125% Due 06-30-2022	99,281,096
4	81,445,214	US Treasury N/B 2.000% Due 08-15-2025	81,014,694
5	77,408,992	US Treasury N/B 1.625% Due 06-30-2019	78,776,732
6	77,408,992	US Treasury N/B 1.000% Due 09-15-2017	77,954,261
7	77,408,992	US Treasury N/B 0.875% Due 10-15-2017	77,729,543
8	77,288,587	Barclays Bank PLC 1.005% FRN Due 01-22-2019	77,235,412
9	59,130,794	TSY Infl IX N/B 0.125% Due 04-15-2019	58,929,099
10	48,691,810	Suntrust Banks Inc. 0.9941% FRN Due 04-29-2019	47,963,185

¹ A complete list of holdings is available from the Michigan Department of Treasury.

The System's investments are commingled in various pooled accounts. Amounts, par value and number of shares represent the System's pro-rata share based on its ownership of the investment pools.

² Largest Bond Holdings are exclusive of securities lending collateral.

Schedule of Investment Fees

The State Treasurer is the investment fiduciary and custodian of the System's funds pursuant to State law. Outside advisors are utilized to augment the State Treasurer's internal staff. 62.49% of the total investment portfolio is managed by fully discretionary outside advisors. The Michigan Department of Treasury's cost of operations applicable to the System for the fiscal year amounted to \$14,005 thousand or eight and one tenth basis points (.081%) of the fair value of the Assets under Management of the State Treasurer.

Act 380 of the Public Acts of 1965 created an Investment Advisory Committee (Committee) comprised of the directors of the Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs and the Department of Technology, Management & Budget, or their duly authorized representatives, and three public members appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. The public members serve without pay, but may be paid actual and necessary travel and other expenses. The Committee meets quarterly to review investments, goals and objectives and may submit recommendations to the State Treasurer. The Committee may also, by a majority vote, direct the State Treasurer to dispose of any holding which, in the Committee's judgment, is not suitable for the fund involved, and may by unanimous vote direct the State Treasurer to make specific investments.

Schedule of Investment Fees

Investment Managers' Fees:

	N	ssets under Ianagement n thousands)	(in t	Fees housands)	Basis Points*		
State Treasurer	\$	17,366,853	\$	14,005	8.1		
Outside Advisors for							
Fixed Income		1,966,632		7,096	36.1		
Absolute Return		6,715,534		13,774	20.5		
International Equity		5,135,847		10,846	21.1		
Domestic Equity		2,767,745		7,494	27.1		
Private Equity		7,721,385		55,897	72.4		
Real Estate and Infrastructure		4,630,024		23,511	50.8		
Total	\$	46,304,020	\$	132,623			
Other Investment Services Fees:							
Assets in Custody	\$	45,587,630	\$	3,993			
Securities on Loan		2,675,304		7,391			

^{*} Private Equity partnership agreements that define the management fees, the asset management fees range from 75 basis points on remaining assets under management to 250 basis points of the committed capital. For Real Estate/Infrastructure, the asset management fees range from 40 to 200 basis points. For Absolute Return, the asset management fees range from 0 to 200 basis points. These fees, in most cases, are netted against income.

Schedule of Investment Commissions

	Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2015												
	Actual Nu Commissions S		Actual Number of Average Commissions Shares Commission		Commission	Estimated Trade Costs Per Share		Estimated Research Costs Per Share		Estimated Trade Costs		Estimated Research Costs	
Investment Brokerage Firms:													
Banc Of America Securities LLC	\$	30,962	839,456	\$	0.04	\$	0.01	\$	0.03	\$	8,395	\$	25,184
BNY Convergex Execution Solutions LLC		29,746	1,487,300		0.02		0.01		0.01		14,873		14,873
BTIG LLC		1,224,615	112,435,015		0.01		0.01				1,124,350		
Capital Institutional Services Inc.		154,404	9,430,246		0.02		0.01		0.01		94,302		94,302
Citigroup Global Markets Inc.		54,846	2,742,279		0.02		0.01		0.01		27,423		27,423
Cowen & Company LLC		179,321	8,966,074		0.02		0.01		0.01		89,661		89,661
Credit Suisse Securities LLC		459,764	24,114,500		0.02		0.01		0.01		241,145		241,145
Deutsche Bank - Alex Brown		1,496	49,809		0.03		0.01		0.02		498		996
Drexel Hamilton		78,153	10,949,263		0.01		0.01				109,493		
J. P. Morgan Securities Inc.		269,872	33,118,138		0.01		0.01				331,181		
Mischler Financial Group Inc.		115,931	5,796,540		0.02		0.01		0.01		57,966		57,966
Morgan Stanley & Co. Inc.		430,593	21,476,033		0.02		0.01		0.01		214,760		214,760
OTA LLC		144,560	4,955,709		0.03		0.01		0.02		49,557		99,113
Piper Jaffray & Co.		5,338	533,854		0.01		0.01				5,338		
Stifel, Nicolaus & Co. Inc.		12,925	323,224		0.04		0.01		0.03		3,232		9,697
UBS Securities LLC		1,981	49,520		0.04		0.01		0.03		495		1,485
Total	\$	3,194,507	237,266,960	\$	0.02	2 \$	0.01	\$	0.01	\$	2,372,669	\$	876,605

Commissions are included in purchase and sale prices of investments. The commissions and shares represent the System's pro-rata share based on ownership of commission and share transactions in the investment pools.

 $^{^{2}\,\,}$ The average commission per share for all brokerage firms.

INVESTMENT SECTION

Investment Summary

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2015

	Market Value ¹	Percent of Total Market Value	Investment & Interest Income ²	Percent of Total Investment & Interest Income
Fixed Income Pools	\$ 5,584,455,359	12.1 %	\$ 162,824,595	16.9 %
Domestic Equity Pools	12,792,682,226	27.6	(52,531,667)	(5.5)
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	4,630,024,171	10.0	464,821,628	48.4
Private Equity Pools	7,721,384,769	16.7	783,016,151	81.5
International Equity Pools	6,321,389,506	13.7	(610,908,847)	(63.6)
Absolute Return Pools	6,738,980,233	14.5	208,763,584	21.7
Short Term Investment Pools	2,515,104,364	35.4	4,677,381	0.6
Total	\$ 46,304,020,628	100.0 %	\$ 960,662,825	100.0 %

¹ Market value excludes \$2,720,433,773 in securities lending collateral for fiscal year 2015.

Total Investment & Interest Income excludes net security lending income of \$56,215,651 and unrealized gain of \$110,219,695 for securities lending collateral.

³ Short term investment pools market value includes \$163,639,793 of equity in common cash.



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Actuary's Certification
Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods
Schedules of Active Member Valuation Data
Schedules of Changes in the Retirement Rolls
Prioritized Solvency Test
Analysis of System Experience
Summary of Plan Provisions

Actuary's Certification

GRS

Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company Consultants & Actuaries One Towne Square Suite 800 Southfield, MI 48076-3723 248.799.9000 phone 248.799.9020 fax www.gabrielroeder.com

October 23, 2015

Mr. David Behen, Director
 Department of Technology, Management and Budget and
 The Retirement Board
 Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System
 P.O. Box 30171
 Lansing, Michigan 48909

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The basic financial objective of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) is to establish and receive contributions which when combined with present assets and future investment return will be sufficient to meet the financial obligations of the System to present and future benefit recipients. The progress toward meeting these financial objectives is illustrated in the Schedules of Funding Progress and the Schedules of Employer Contributions.

We performed actuarial valuations and issued actuarial reports for MPSERS as of September 30, 2014. The purpose of the September 30, 2014 annual actuarial valuations was to determine the annual required contributions for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2017, to measure the System's funding progress, and to provide actuarial information in connection with applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements. The valuations should not be relied upon for any other purpose. The valuation process develops employer contributions that are sufficient to fund the System's normal cost (i.e., the costs assigned by the valuation method to the year of service about to be rendered), as well as to fund any unfunded accrued liabilities over a reasonable period. The valuation was completed based upon population data, asset data and plan provisions in effect on September 30, 2014.

The valuation was based upon information provided by the System's administrative staff concerning System benefit provisions, financial transactions, and individual members, terminated members, retirees and beneficiaries. We checked the data for internal and year to year consistency, but did not otherwise audit the data. As a result, we do not assume responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the data provided by the System's administrative staff. The actuary summarizes and tabulates population data in order to analyze long term trends. The System's external auditor audits the actuarial data annually.

Annual actuarial valuations are based upon assumptions regarding future activity in specific risk areas including the rate of investment return and payroll growth, eligibility for the various classes of benefits and longevity among retired lives. These assumptions are adopted by the Board and the Department after considering the advice of the actuary and other professionals. The assumptions and the methods comply with the disclosure requirements of the applicable GASB Statements. Each actuarial valuation takes into account all prior differences between actual and assumed experience in each risk area and adjusts the contribution requirements as needed.

Actuary's Certification (continued)

Mr. David Behen October 23, 2015 Page 2

Our firm provided the following supporting schedules for use in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report:

Financial Section

- · Note 1 Table of System's Membership
- Note 3 Summary of Actuarial Assumptions
- Schedules of Funding Progress
- Schedules of Employer Contributions (Annual Required Contribution)

Actuarial Section

- Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods
- · Percent of Eligible Active Members Retiring Within Next Year
- Separation from Active Employment Before Age and Service Retirement and Individual Pay Increase Assumptions
- Schedule of Active Member Pension Valuation Data
- Schedule of Changes in the Retirement Rolls
- Prioritized Solvency Tests
- Schedule of Active Member OPEB Valuation Data
- Schedule of Changes in the OPEB Rolls
- Analysis of System Experience

Statistical Section

- Schedule of Retired Members by Type of Pension Benefit (Retirement Type and Option)
- Schedule of Retired Members by Type of Health Benefit
- Schedules of Average Benefit Payments Pension, Medical and Dental/Vision

The September 30, 2014 valuations were based upon assumptions that were recommended in connection with a study of System experience covering the period from October 1, 2007 through September 30, 2012. Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from those presented in the annual valuations due to such factors as experience differing from that anticipated by actuarial assumptions, or changes in plan provisions, actuarial assumption/methods or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of the assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements.

Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company

Actuary's Certification (continued)

Mr. David Behen October 23, 2015 Page 3

The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor.

The actuarial valuations of MPSERS as of September 30, 2014 were performed by qualified actuaries in accordance with standards of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board and in compliance with applicable State statutes. Mita Drazilov and Louise Gates are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA) and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. It is our opinion that the calculated employer contribution meets the financial objective of the Retirement System.

Respectfully submitted,

Nata Drajilor Louin Gates

Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

- 1. The investment return rate used in the valuations of the MIP and Basic Pension plans was 8% per year (7% for the Pension Plus plan) net of expenses, compounded annually. This rate of return is not the assumed real rate of return. The real rate of return is the rate of investment return in excess of the inflation rate. Considering other financial assumptions, this investment return rate translates to an assumed long-term real rate of return of 4.5% (3.5% for the Pension Plus plan). Adopted 2004 (2010 for the Pension Plus plan).
- 2. The healthy life mortality table used in evaluating allowances to be paid was the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table adjusted for improvements to 2025 using projection scale BB. Adopted 2014.
- 3. Sample probabilities of regular, unreduced retirement are shown in Schedule 1 on the next page. Adopted 2014.
- 4. Sample probabilities of withdrawal from service and disability, together with individual pay increase assumptions, are shown in Schedule 2 on the next page of this report. Adopted 2014.
- 5. Total active member payroll is assumed to increase 3.5% per year. This represents the portion of the individual pay increase assumptions attributable to inflation. In effect, this assumes no change in the number of active members. Adopted 2004.
- 6. An individual entry age actuarial cost method of valuation was used in determining age and service and deferred retirement actuarial liabilities and normal cost. Adopted 1975. Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities are financed over a declining 40-year period beginning October 1, 1996. Adopted 1996.
- 7. The Department of Technology, Management & Budget approved the use of fair value of assets as of September 30, 2006, for valuation purposes. For investment gains and losses that occur after that date, a 5-year smoothing technique will be used. Specifically, the excess (shortfall) of actual investment income (including interest, dividends, realized and unrealized gains or losses) over the imputed-income at the valuation interest rate is considered the gain (loss), which is spread over five years. Adopted 2007.
- 8. The data about persons now covered and about present assets was furnished by the System's administrative staff. Although examined for general reasonableness, the data was not audited by the actuary.
- 9. The actuarial valuation computations were made by or under the supervision of a Member of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA). The assumptions used in the actuarial valuations were adopted by the System's Board and the Department of Technology, Management & Budget after consulting with the actuary.
- 10. A 5-year experience investigation, covering the period from October 1, 2007, through September 30, 2012, was completed in 2014. The purpose of the study was to analyze the actual experience of the System versus that anticipated by actuarial assumptions then in use. Adopted 2014.
- 11. Gabriel Roeder Smith and Co. was awarded the actuarial and consulting services contract beginning October 4, 2006.

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods (continued)

SCHEDULE 1

Percent of Eligible Active Members Retiring Within Next Year

Retirement	В	Basic	MIP ¹ and	Pension Plus	Years of	MIP^2		
Ages	Teachers	Non-Teachers	Teachers	Non-Teachers	Service	Teachers	Non-Teachers	
55	25 %	30 %			30	25%	25 %	
58	16	22			32	25	25	
61	20	21	20 %	19 %	34	19	23	
64	23	24	22	21	36	21	26	
67	24	28	22	20	38	23	29	
70	21	25	15	18	40	30	33	
71	21	25	15	18	42	30	33	
72	21	25	15	18	44	30	33	
73	21	25	15	18	46	30	33	
74	21	25	15	18	48	30	33	
75 and over	100	100	100	100	50 and over	100	100	

¹ Applies to MIP members with fewer than 30 years of service

SCHEDULE 2

Separation From Active Employment Before Age & Service Retirement & Individual Pay Increase Assumptions

		_		_	_	Percent	Percent
Sample	Years of		tive Members Wi than \$20,000	than \$20,000	Becoming Disabled Within	Increase in Pay During	
Ages	Service	Teachers	Non-Teachers	Teachers	Non-Teachers	Next Year	Next Year
All	0	21.00 %	35.00 %	40.00 %	40.00 %		
	1	11.00	14.00	28.00	26.00		
	2	7.00	8.20	21.00	17.00		
	3	6.00	6.80	20.00	14.00		
	4	5.00	5.70	19.00	12.00		
25	5 & Over	3.00	4.76	18.00	12.00	.01 %	12.30 %
35	"	2.22	3.40	16.20	10.40	.02	6.80
45	"	1.32	2.20	12.80	7.40	.10	4.80
55	"	1.20	2.00	12.00	6.00	.26	3.70
60	"	1.20	2.00	12.00	6.00	.36	3.50

² Applies to MIP members with 30 or more years of service.

Actuarial Valuation Data

Schedule of Active Member Pension Valuation Data

Valuation Date Sept. 30	Number	Reported Annual Payroll*		Average Annual Pay	Increase (Decrease)	Average Age	Average Service
2005	316,151	\$	10,205,972	\$ 32,282	0.0 %	43.7	9.7
2006	308,233		9,806,452	31,815	(1.4)	44.1	9.9
2007	295,984		9,851,471	33,284	4.6	44.5	10.3
2008	278,642		9,958,132	35,738	7.4	44.9	10.8
2009	268,208		9,883,674	36,851	3.1	45.4	11.4
2010	242,568		8,845,019	36,464	(1.1)	45.2	11.1
2011	236,660		9,155,691	38,687	6.1	45.3	11.3
2012	223,769		8,649,029	38,652	(0.1)	45.7	11.9
2013	212,525		8,225,140	38,702	0.1	46.0	12.3
2014	199,674		7,943,922	39,784	2.8	46.1	12.7

^{*} In thousands of dollars.

Schedule of Active Member OPEB Valuation Data

Valuation Date Sept. 30	Number	Reported nual Payroll*	Average Annual Pay	Increase (Decrease)	Average Age	Average Service	
2012	223,769	\$ 8,649,029	\$ 38,652		45.7	11.9	
2013	214,906	8,273,017	38,496	(0.4) %	46.0	12.3	
2014	191,551	7,618,224	39,771	3.3	45.7	12.6	

^{*} In thousands of dollars.

Actuarial Valuation Data (continued)

Schedule of Changes in the Retirement Rolls

Year	Add	led to	Rolls	Remov	ed fr	om Rolls	Rolls-End of Year		Increase in	A	verage	
Ended			Annual		A	Annual		Annual		Annual	Annual	
Sept. 30	No.	All	lowances*	No.	Alle	owances*	No.	A	llowances*	Allowances	Allowances	
2005	10.165	\$	249.907	3,837	\$	36.843	151.706	\$	2,644,700	8.8 %	\$	17,433
2006	9,853	Ψ	248,852	4,396	Ψ	65,092	157,163	Ψ	2,828,460	6.9	Ψ	17,997
2007	9,704		247,807	4,023		63,192	162,844		3,013,075	6.5		18,503
2008	9,091		234,047	4,670		75,861	167,265		3,171,261	5.3		18,960
2009	8,817		239,774	4,160		74,870	171,922		3,336,165	5.2		19,405
2010	19,946		553,900	4,146		75,310	187,722		3,814,755	14.3		20,321
2011	9,533		256,356	4,820		83,884	192,435		3,987,227	4.5		20,720
2012	9,007		236,023	4,781		89,032	196,661		4,134,218	3.7		21,022
2013	9,182		244,937	4,891		89,874	200,952		4,289,281	3.8		21,345
2014	8,852		241,473	5,292		99,689	204,512		4,431,065	3.3		21,667

^{*} In thousands of dollars.

Schedule of Changes in the OPEB Rolls

Year	Ado	ded to	Rolls	Remov	ed fr	m Rolls Rolls-End of Year			Rolls-End of Year Increase in		Average		
Ended		A	nnual	Annual			Annual		Annual	Annual			
Sept. 30	No.	Allo	owances*	No.	All	owances*	No. Allowances*		Allowances	Allo	wances		
2011							154,589	\$	979,578				
2012	7,263	\$	73,106	4,401	\$	74,841	157,451		977,843	(0.2) %	\$	6,210	
2013	6,996		59,203	4,695		156,890	159,752		880,156	(10.0)		5,510	
2014	6,634		57,331	5,042		88,058	161,344		849,429	(3.5)		5,265	

^{*} In thousands of dollars.

Notes:

No. refers to number of retiree health contracts

Annual allowances added to rolls includes increases due to medical inflation and contract changes.

Annual allowances removed from rolls includes decreases due to contract changes.

Prioritized Solvency Test

The System's funding objective is to meet long-term benefit promises through contributions that remain approximately level from year to year as a percent of member payroll. If the contributions to the System are level in concept and soundly executed, the System will pay all promised benefits when due, the ultimate test of financial soundness. Testing for level contribution rates is the long-term solvency test.

A prioritized solvency test is another means of checking a system's progress under its funding program. In a short condition test, the plan's present assets (cash and investments) are compared with: (1) active member contributions on deposit; (2) the liabilities for future benefits to present retired lives; and (3) the liabilities for service already rendered by active and inactive members. In a system that has been following the discipline of level percent of payroll financing, the liabilities for active member contributions on deposit (liability 1) and the liabilities for future benefits to present retired lives (liability 2) will be fully covered by present assets (except in rare circumstances). In addition, the liabilities for service already rendered by active members (liability 3) are normally partially covered by the remainder of present assets. Generally, if the System has been using level-cost financing, the funded portion of liability 3 will increase over time. Liability 3 being fully funded is not necessarily a by-product of level percent of payroll funding methods.

The schedules that follow illustrate the history of the liabilities of the System and are indicative of the System's policy of following the discipline of level percent of payroll financing.

Pension Benefits (\$ in millions)

		Actua	rial A	Accrued Lia	bility (A.	AL)						
		(1)		(2)		(3)						
Valuation	A	ctive	R	etirants	Active	and Inactive						
Date	M	ember		and	Membe	ers (Employer	Valu	ıation	Por	tion of AAL	Covered by	Assets
Sept. 30	Cont	ributions	Ber	neficiaries	Financed Portion)		As	sets	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4) ¹
2005	\$	3,898	\$	28,047	\$	16,261	\$ 3	8,211	100 %	100 %	38.5 %	79.3 %
2006		4,082		29,505	·	15,549		9,893	100	100	40.6	81.2
2006 2		4,082		29,505		15,549	4	2,995	100	100	60.5	87.5
2007		4,376		31,254		15,477	4	5,335	100	100	62.7	88.7
2008		5,168		32,723		15,664	4	5,677	100	100	49.7	85.3
2008^{-3}		5,168		32,723		16,717	4	5,677	100	100	46.6	83.6
2009		5,449		34,159		17,077	4	4,703	100	100	29.8	78.9
2010		5,055		38,315		15,173	4	3,294	100	99.8	0.0	74.0
2010 2		5,055		38,589		16,233	4	3,294	100	99.1	0.0	72.3
2010^{-3}		5,055		39,639		16,233	4	3,294	100	96.5	0.0	71.1
2011		5,217		41,043		17,167	4	1,038	100	87.3	0.0	64.7
2012		5,296		42,076		16,909	3	8,450	100	78.8	0.0	59.8
2012^{-2}		5,296		42,076		15,905	3	8,450	100	78.8	0.0	60.8
2012^{-3}		5,296		42,076		15,344	3	8,450	100	78.8	0.0	61.3
2013		4,909		43,198		15,733	3	8,044	100	76.7	0.0	59.6
2014		5,225		44,126		15,699	3	9,626	100	78.0	0.0	60.9
2014^{-2}		5,225		45,545		15,335	3	9,626	100	75.5	0.0	59.9

¹ Percents funded on a total valuation asset and total actuarial accrued liability basis.

² Revised asset valuation method.

³ Revised benefit provisions.

Prioritized Solvency Test (continued)

Other Postemployment Benefits (\$ in millions)

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)

Valuation		(1)		(2)		(3)								
Valuation Date		ctive ember	R	etirants and		and Inactive rs (Employer	Val	uation	Portion of AAL Covered by Assets					
Sept. 30 Contribu					Financed Portion)		Assets		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					
2007	\$	_	\$	13,977	\$	11,755	\$	776	0.0 %	5.6 %	0.0 %	3.0 %		
2008		-		14,553		12,258		832	0.0	5.7	0.0	3.1		
2009		-		13,805		14,490		713	0.0	5.2	0.0	2.5		
2010		-		15,591		13,036		999	0.0	6.4	0.0	3.5		
2011		-		14,496		12,550		1,156	0.0	8.0	0.0	4.3		
2012 2		-		8,848		5,940		1,348	0.0	15.2	0.0	9.1		
2013		691		8,766		5,077		2,041	100	15.4	0.0	14.0		
2014 ²		874		8,829		4,458		2,982	100	23.9	0.0	21.1		

¹ Percents funded on a total valuation asset and total actuarial accrued liability basis.

² Revised actuarial assumptions and/or methods.

Analysis of System Experience

Gains/(Losses) in Accrued Liabilities During Year Ended September 30, 2014 Resulting from Differences Between Assumed Experience & Actual Experience

	Type of Activity	Gain/(Loss)
1.	Retirements (including Disability Retirement). If members retire at older ages or with lower final average pay than assumed, there is a gain. If younger ages or higher average pays, a loss.	\$ 40,620,470
2.	Withdrawal From Employment (including death-in-service). If more liabilities are released by withdrawals and deaths than assumed, there is a gain. If smaller releases, a loss.	(53,631,194)
3.	Pay Increases. If there are smaller pay increases than assumed, there is a gain. If greater increases, a loss.	333,053,520
4.	Investment Income. If there is greater investment income than assumed, there is a gain. If less income, a loss.	1,047,357,998
5.	Death After Retirement . If retirants live longer than assumed, there is a loss. If not as long, a gain.	(183,786,338)
6.	New entrants/Rehires. New entrants into the System will generally result in an actuarial loss.	(12,860,026)
7.	Other. Miscellaneous gains and losses resulting from data adjustments, timing of financial transactions, etc.	(87,119,200)
8.	Composite Gain (or Loss) During Year	\$ 1,083,635,230

Summary of Plan Provisions

Our actuarial valuation of the System as of September 30, 2014, is based on the present provisions of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended).

Regular Retirement (no reduction factor for age)

<u>Eligibility</u> - Age 55 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service. For Member Investment Plan (MIP) members, any age with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service; or age 60 with 5 years of credited service provided member worked through 60th birthday and has credited service in each of the last 5 years. For Pension Plus (PPP) members, age 60 with 10 years of credited service.

Mandatory Retirement Age - None.

Transition Date - February 1, 2013

Annual Amount - Total credited service as of the Transition Date times 1.5% of final average compensation,

Plus

An amount determined by the member's election of Option 1, 2, 3, or 4 described below.

Option 1 – Credited Service after the Transition Date times 1.5% times FAC

Option 2 – Credited Service after the Transition Date (until total service reaches 30 years) times 1.5% times FAC, PLUS Credited Service after the Transition Date and over 30 years times 1.25% times FAC.

Option 3 – Credited Service after the Transition Date times 1.25% times FAC.

Option 4 – None (Member will receive benefit through a Defined Contribution plan).

<u>Final Average Compensation</u> - Average of highest 60 consecutive months (36 months for MIP members). FAC is calculated as of the last day worked unless the member elected option 4, in which case the FAC is calculated at the Transition Date.

Early Retirement (age reduction factor used)

<u>Eligibility</u> - Age 55 with 15 or more years credited service and earned credited service in each of the last 5 years. PPP members are not eligible for early retirements.

<u>Annual Amount</u> - Regular retirement benefit, reduced by 0.5% for each month by which the commencement age is less than 60.

Deferred Retirement (vested benefit)

Eligibility - 10 years of credited service. Benefit commences at the time age qualification is met.

<u>Annual Amount</u> - Regular retirement benefit based on service and final average compensation at time of termination.

Duty Disability Retirement

Eligibility - No age or service requirement; in receipt of workers' disability compensation.

<u>Annual Amount</u> - Computed as regular retirement benefit with minimum benefit based on 10 years credited service. Additional limitation such that disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings limited to 100% of final average compensation (increased by 2% each year retired).

Actuarial Section

Summary of Plan Provisions (continued)

Non-Duty Disability Retirement

Eligibility - 10 years of credited service.

<u>Annual Amount</u> - Computed as regular retirement benefit based on credited service and final average compensation at time of disability. Additional limitation such that disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings limited to 100% of final average compensation (increased by 2% each year retired).

Duty Death Before Retirement

<u>Eligibility</u> - No age or service requirement. Beneficiary is in receipt of workers' compensation. Also applies to "duty disability" retirees during first three years of disability.

<u>Annual Amount</u> - Spouse benefit computed as regular retirement benefit with minimum benefit based on ten years of credited service, reduced for 100% joint and survivor election. If no surviving spouse, children under 18 share in benefit; if no spouse or children, a disabled and dependent parent is eligible.

Non-Duty Death Before Retirement

<u>Eligibility</u> - For Basic members, 15 years of credited service, or age 60 and 10 years of credited service. For MIP members, 10 years of credited service, or age 60 and 5 years of credited service. For PPP members, 10 years of credited service, or age 60 and 10 years of credited service.

<u>Annual Amount</u> - Computed as regular retirement benefit, reduced in accordance with a 100% joint and survivor election, with payments commencing first of month following death. For the beneficiary of a deferred member, benefit commences at the time a member would have attained the minimum age qualification.

Post-Retirement Cost-of-Living Adjustments

One-time upward adjustments have been made in 1972, 1974, 1976 and 1977 for members retired on or after July 1, 1956, and prior to July 1, 1976, who were eligible for Social Security benefits. For members who retired prior to July 1, 1956, and not eligible for Social Security benefits based upon membership service, the minimum base pension was increased in 1965, 1971, 1972, 1974 and 1981, and in 1976 and 1977 one-time upward adjustments were made.

Beginning in 1983, eligible recipients received an annual distribution of investment earnings in excess of 8% (supplemental payment). On January 1, 1986, all members who retired prior to January 1, 1986, were given a permanent 8% increase. On January 1, 1990, a one-time upward adjustment for members who retired prior to October 1, 1981, was made.

Currently members receive annual increases based on the following schedule:

Retired before January 1, 1987 - Greater of Supplemental payment or automatic 3% increase.

Retired on or after January 1, 1987 under MIP - Automatic 3% increase only.

Retired on or after January 1, 1987 not under MIP - Supplemental payment only.

Retired under PPP - No increases.

Summary of Plan Provisions (continued)

Post-Retirement Health Benefits

Members hired before July 1, 2008 are eligible for 80% System paid Master Health Plan and Dental and Vision coverage for themselves and their dependents. However, those retirees Medicare eligible at January 1, 2013 receive 90% System paid coverage.

Members hired before July 1, 2008 who retired from deferred vested status with less than 30 years of service, who terminate employment after October 31, 1980 with vested deferred benefits, are eligible for partially System paid health benefit coverage (no payment if less than 21 years of service, 10% of maximum employer payment for each year of service over 20 up to 80% for 28 or more years of service).

Members hired after June 30, 2008, but before September 4, 2012, are eligible for 80% System paid Master Health Plan and Dental and Vision coverage for themselves and their dependents, but the premium subsidy is graded based on career length as described below:

- a. Member is age 60 or older at retirement
 - If member has 10 or more years of total service, the System pays 30% of the monthly premium for the first 10 years of total service, plus 4% times next 13 years of total service, to a maximum of 80% of the monthly premium if 22.5 years of total service or more.
 - If a member has fewer than 10 years of total service, there is no System paid coverage.
- b. Member is under age 60 at retirement
 - If member has 25 years of actual service, the System pays 80% of the monthly premium.
 - If the member has under 25 years of actual service, upon attainment of age 60 the member may apply for System paid coverage (as described by the schedule above in a.).

Dependents are eligible for 80% System paid employer health benefits (partial payments for dependents of deferred vested members who had 21 or more years of service and dependents of members hired on or after July 1, 2008, as per the above schedule).

Members hired on or after September 4, 2012 will become participants of the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF) and will not be eligible for insurance premium subsidy in retirement. For members hired on or after September 4, 2012, the maximum insurance subsidy is payable to the surviving spouse and health dependents of members who die as a result of injury or illness resulting from job activites. For all other members hired on or after September 4, 2012, the defined benefit portion of their post-retirement health benefits coverage is limited to a credit to a Health Reimbursement Account at termination if they have at least 10 years of service. The credit will be \$2,000 for participants who are at least age 60 at termination or \$1,000 for participants who are less than age 60 at termination.

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 4, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 4, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between i. and ii. below:

- i. Maintaining eligibility for the premium subsidy described above, and contributing 3% of their compensation while still working, or
- ii. Entering the PHF.

Members not making an election will default into the premium subsidy arrangement.

Actuarial Section

Summary of Plan Provisions (continued)

If a member who elected the subsidy terminates prior to becoming eligible for the subsidy, dies before the total value of the subsidy received equals the total value of contributions made, or retires and declines coverage, the member or beneficiary may request a refund of unused funds. Refunds of member contributions to the healthcare funding account are issued as a supplemental pension benefit (payable at age 60 and payable from the pension plan) paid out over a 60 month period.

A delayed subsidy applies to retirees who became a member of the retirement system before July 1, 2008 and who purchased service credit on or after July 1, 2008. Such individuals are eligible for premium subsidy benefits at age 60 or when they would have been eligible to retire without having made a service purchase, whichever comes first. They may enroll in the insurances earlier, but are responsible for the full premium until the premium subsidy begins.

Member Contributions before Transition Date (February 1, 2013)

Basic Participants - None.

MIP Participants hired before January 1, 1990 - 3.9% of pay.

MIP Participants hired on or after January 1, 1990 and before July 1, 2008 - 3.0% of first \$5,000 of pay, plus 3.6% of next \$10,000 of pay, plus 4.3% pay in excess of \$15,000.

MIP and PPP Participants hired on or after July 1, 2008 - 3.0% of first \$5,000 of pay, plus 3.6% of next \$10,000 of pay, plus 6.4% pay in excess of \$15,000.

Member Contributions on or after Transition Date (February 1, 2013)

<u>Basic and MIP Members</u> – Contributions depend on member election of Option 1, 2, or 3. Members electing Option 4 will not contribute to the Plan.

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Option 1 – Basic Members – 4%
All MIP members – 7%
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Option 2 – Contributions as in Option 1 until member reaches 30 years of service. At 30 years of service, contribution reverts to pre-transition date level.

Option 3 – Post transition date contribution is the same as the pre-transition date contribution.

<u>PPP Members</u> – 3% of first \$5,000 of pay, plus 3.6% of next \$10,000 of pay, plus 6.4% of pay in excess of \$15,000.

Member Contributions Attributable to the Retiree Health Plans

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between i. and ii. Below:

- i. Maintaining eligibility for premium subsidy retiree medical coverage, and contributing 3% of their compensation while still working, or
- ii. Entering the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)

Members not making an election defaulted into the premium subsidy arrangement.

If a member who elected the subsidy terminates prior to becoming eligible for the subsidy, dies before the total value of the subsidy received equals the total value of contributions made, or retires and declines coverage, the member or beneficiary may request a refund of unused funds. Refunds of member contributions to the healthcare funding account are issued as a supplemental pension benefit (payable at age 60 and payable from the pension plan) paid out over a 60 month period.



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Schedules of Additions by Source Schedules of Deductions by Type Schedules of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Schedules of Benefits and Refunds by Type Schedules of Retired Members by Type of Benefit Schedule of Funding Progress – Pension Plan Schedule of Other Postemployment Benefits Schedules of Average Benefit Payments Schedule of Principal Participating Employers Ten Year History of Membership Schedule of Participating Employers

This part of the System's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the System's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the System's financial performance and fiscal health has changed over time. The schedules are presented for the last ten fiscal years. Schedules included are:

- Schedule of Pension Plan Additions by Source
- Schedule of OPEB Plan Additions by Source
- Schedule of Pension Plan Deductions by Type
- Schedule of OPEB Plan Deductions by Type
- Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Pension Plan
- Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position OPEB Plan
- Schedule of Pension Benefit and Refunds by Type
- Schedule of OPEB Benefits and Refunds by Type

Operating Information

These schedules contain contextual information to assist the reader's understanding of how the System's financial information relates to the combination of participating members and the benefits it provides. Schedules are presented for the last ten fiscal years, except where noted. Schedules included are:

- Schedule of Retired Members by Type of Pension Benefit
- Schedule of Retired Members by Type of Other Postemployment Benefits
- Schedule of Funding Progress Pension Plan
- Schedule of Other Postemployment Benefits
- Schedule of Average Benefit Payments Pension
- Schedule of Average Benefit Payments Health
- Schedule of Average Benefit Payments Dental/Vision
- Schedule of Principal Participating Employers
- Ten Year History of Membership
- Schedule of Participating Employers

Schedule of Pension Plan Additions by Source

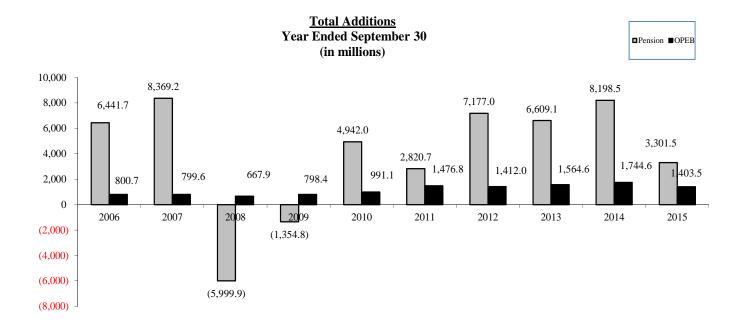
Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year				Employer C	contributions				
Ended Sept. 30			Dollars		% of Annual Covered Payroll	Net Investment & Other Income			Total
2006	\$	518,599,720	\$	995,932,425	10.15 %	\$	4,927,180,143	\$	6,441,712,288
2007		356,761,212		835,366,382	8.48		7,177,120,534		8,369,248,128
2008		399,256,616		999,374,879	10.04		(7,398,546,831)		(5,999,915,336)
2009		357,249,466		1,000,375,355	10.12		(2,712,414,549)		(1,354,789,728)
2010		377,748,755		1,001,251,673	11.32		3,563,042,464		4,942,042,892
2011		332,209,134		1,156,060,903	12.62		1,332,452,213		2,820,722,250
2012		335,470,879		1,454,438,907	16.82		5,387,076,055		7,176,985,841
2013		385,007,587		1,364,136,462	16.58		4,859,919,060		6,609,063,109
2014		405,443,771		1,600,375,132	19.60		6,192,710,861		8,198,529,764
2015		395,722,292		1,967,610,696	N/A		938,143,040		3,301,476,028

Schedule of OPEB Plan Additions by Source

Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year				Employer C			
Ended Sept. 30	Member Contributions		Dollars		% of Annual Covered Payroll	 Investment & Other Income	Total
2006	\$	71,813,553	\$	686,929,558	7.00 %	\$ 41,974,561	\$ 800,717,672
2007		77,206,778		671,680,400	6.85	50,740,885	799,628,063
2008		78,088,861		649,571,071	6.52	(59,710,277)	667,949,655
2009		77,034,085		705,464,357	7.14	15,917,554	798,415,996
2010		125,160,304		675,117,153	7.63	190,860,064	991,137,521
2011		384,978,107		794,839,611	8.68	297,025,962	1,476,843,680
2012		387,566,872		795,595,368	9.20	228,838,969	1,412,001,209
2013		394,839,047		973,002,719	11.76	196,731,989	1,564,573,755
2014		390,844,206		1,000,031,808	12.24	353,732,646	1,744,608,660
2015		381,630,848		969,418,632	N/A	52,443,410	1,403,492,890



Schedule of Pension Plan Deductions by Type

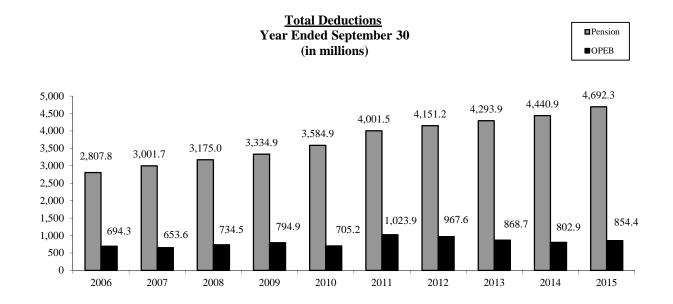
Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	Benefit Payments	ar	Refunds nd Transfers	inistrative and her Expenses	 Total
2006	\$ 2,761,292,217	\$	24,026,881	\$ 22,501,098	\$ 2,807,820,196
2007	2,944,920,179		32,247,524	24,489,202	3,001,656,905
2008	3,117,434,847		32,803,284	24,740,628	3,174,978,759
2009	3,278,118,116		33,958,382	22,793,011	3,334,869,509
2010	3,525,020,341		33,923,570	26,000,699	3,584,944,610
2011	3,942,027,101		36,591,206	22,926,393	4,001,544,700
2012	4,082,242,506		31,865,139	37,119,630	4,151,227,275
2013	4,238,482,066		30,451,235	25,002,153	4,293,935,454
2014	4,388,328,517		28,840,650	23,711,249	4,440,880,415
2015	4,530,914,738		136,902,057	24,487,325	4,692,304,120

Schedule of OPEB Plan Deductions by Type

Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	Benefit Payments	_	Refunds Transfers	 inistrative and her Expenses	 Total
2006	\$ 634,811,847	\$	42,370	\$ 59,459,690	\$ 694,313,907
2007	590,226,465		30,580	63,315,419	653,572,464
2008	666,380,643		41,786	68,078,508	734,500,937
2009	726,235,152		63,247	68,551,804	794,850,203
2010	650,677,457		52,545	54,431,010	705,161,012
2011	910,023,134		39,133	113,790,777	1,023,853,044
2012	785,896,356		2,461,527	179,259,224	967,617,107
2013	711,578,683		9,177,658	147,972,842	868,729,183
2014	669,240,164		68,930	133,623,320	802,932,413
2015	700,904,663		95,860	153,410,971	854,411,494



Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Pension Plan

Last Ten Years

(in thousands)

								Fiscal	Year	•						
	_	2006	2007		2008	2009		2010		2011		2012	_	2013	2014	2015
Member contributions	\$	518,600	\$ 356,761	\$	399,257	\$ 357,249	\$	377,749	\$	332,209	\$	335,471	\$	385,008	\$ 405,444	\$ 395,722
Employer contributions		995,932	835,366		999,375	1,000,375		1,001,252		1,156,061		1,454,439		1,364,136	1,600,375	1,967,611
Net investment income		4,926,708	7,174,561		(7,399,527)	(2,712,841)		3,562,452		1,331,744		5,386,497		4,858,563	6,190,449	937,663
Transfer from other systems		3	6		83	15		16		5						
Miscellaneous income		469	2,553		897	412		574		704		579		1,356	2,262	480
Total Additions		6,441,712	8,369,247	_	(5,999,915)	 (1,354,790)	_	4,942,042		2,820,722	_	7,176,986		6,609,063	8,198,530	3,301,476
				_			_								•	_
Pension benefits		2,761,292	2,944,920		3,117,435	3,278,118		3,525,020		3,942,027		4,082,243		4,238,482	4,388,329	4,530,915
Refunds of																
contributions		23,904	32,142		32,613	33,865		33,873		36,591		31,865		30,450	28,841	136,901
Tranfer to other systems		123	106		190	93		50		2				1		1
Administrative and																
Other Expenses		22,501	24,489		24,741	22,793		26,001		22,926		37,120		25,002	23,711	24,487
Total Deductions		2,807,820	3,001,657		3,174,979	3,334,869		3,584,944		4,001,546		4,151,228		4,293,935	4,440,880	4,692,304
Changes in net position	\$	3,633,892	\$ 5,367,590	\$	(9,174,894)	\$ (4,689,659)	\$	1,357,099	\$	(1,180,823)	\$	3,025,758	\$	2,315,128	\$ 3,757,650	\$ (1,390,828)

Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - OPEB Plan

Last Ten Years

(in thousands)

							Fisca	l Yea	ar						
		2006	2007		2008	2009	2010		2011		2012	2013	\equiv	2014	2015
Member contributions Employer contributions	\$	71,814 686,929	\$ 77,207 671,680	\$	78,089 649,571	\$ 77,034 705,465	\$ 125,160 675,117	\$	384,978 794,840	\$	387,567 795,595	\$ 394,839 973,003	\$	390,844 1,000,032	\$ 381,631 969,419
Other governmental contributions		65	63		102	55	39,980		163,949		17,406	9		138	213
Net investment income Miscellaneous income		41,910	50,417 261		(60,190) 378	15,706 156	150,686 195		132,993 85		210,642 790	196,646 77		353,064 531	52,064 166
Total Additions		800,718	799,628	_	667,950	798,416	991,138		1,476,844		1,412,001	1,564,574	_	1,744,609	1,403,493
Health care benefits		634,812	590,226		666,381	726,235	650,677		910,023		785,896	711,579		669,240	700,904
Refunds of contributions Transfers to other systems		42	31		42	63	53		39		2,462	1,095 8,083		68 1	96
Uncollectible receivables Administrative and											37,551				
Other Expenses		59,460	63,315		68,078	68,552	54,431		113,791		141,708	147,973		133,623	153,411
Total Deductions	_	694,314	653,572		734,501	794,850	705,161		1,023,853	_	967,617	868,729	=	802,932	854,411
Changes in net position	\$	106,404	\$ 146,056	\$	(66,551)	\$ 3,566	\$ 285,977	\$	452,991	\$	444,384	\$ 695,845	\$	941,676	\$ 549,081

Schedule of Pension Benefits and Refunds by Type

Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year					Refunds		
Ended Sept. 30	Regular Benefits*	Disability Benefits	Survivor Benefits	Employer	Employee	Retired Benefits	Total
2006	\$ 2,573,912,214	\$ 52,500,929	\$ 134,879,074	\$ 474,347	\$ 23,422,647	\$ 6,828	\$ 2,785,196,039
2007	2,717,579,495	53,505,192	173,835,492	580,684	31,547,480	13,788	2,977,062,131
2008	2,876,064,246	54,989,520	186,381,081	672,583	31,917,227	23,117	3,150,047,774
2009	3,022,567,501	56,243,731	199,306,884	383,851	33,469,331	11,792	3,311,983,090
2010	3,254,752,971	58,015,212	212,252,158	507,347	33,364,256	1,755	3,558,893,699
2011	3,655,588,461	60,232,300	226,200,505	1,311,729	35,249,374	29,934	3,978,612,303
2012	3,779,064,349	62,414,881	240,763,276	98,202	31,720,355	46,582	4,114,107,645
2013	3,919,541,949	65,421,037	253,519,080	96,131	30,340,582	13,507	4,268,932,286
2014	4,052,801,025	68,329,595	267,197,897	459,114	28,380,803	732	4,417,169,166
2015	4,179,445,527	70,240,170	281,229,041	112,468,242	24,416,139	17,016	4,667,816,135

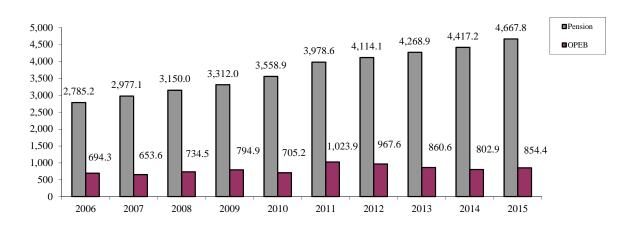
^{*}Includes prior post retirement adjustments

Schedule of OPEB Benefits and Refunds by Type

Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	Health Benefits	D	ental/Vision Benefits	Ad	lministrative Expenses	OPEB Refunds	Total
2006	\$ 565,261,409	\$	69,550,438	\$	59,459,690	\$ 42,370	\$ 694,313,907
2007	521,420,684		68,805,781		63,315,419	30,580	653,572,464
2008	588,064,545		78,316,098		68,078,508	41,786	734,500,937
2009	644,811,396		81,423,756		68,551,804	63,247	794,850,203
2010	566,550,299		84,127,158		54,431,010	52,545	705,161,012
2011	815,311,950		94,711,184		113,790,777	39,133	1,023,853,044
2012	690,268,502		95,627,854		179,259,224	2,461,527	967,617,107
2013	612,955,516		98,623,167		147,972,842	1,095,145	860,646,670
2014	582,398,966		86,841,198		133,623,320	68,141	802,931,624
2015	617,493,539		83,411,124		153,410,971	95,860	854,411,494

<u>Total Benefit Deductions</u> Year Ended September 30 (in millions)



Schedule of Retired Members by Type of Pension Benefit

September 30, 2014

Amount of			Туре	of Retir	ement *				Se	elected Option	on**	
Monthly	Number of											Opt.1E
Pension Benefit	Retirees	1	2	3	4	5	6	Opt. 1	Opt. 2	Opt. 3	Opt. 4	2E,3E,4E
\$ 1 - 200	12,719	11,126	1,077	77	304	3	132	6,846	2,994	1,793	205	881
201 - 400	22,280	19,106	1,409	123	1,301	2	339	12,165	4,644	3,764	497	1,210
401 - 600	17,232	14,355	1,182	100	1,230	1	364	8,988	3,587	3,182	476	999
601 - 800	13,304	11,030	861	63	979	1	370	6,748	2,670	2,560	481	845
801 - 1000	11,022	9,058	802	45	774	1	342	5,264	2,289	2,217	443	809
1001 - 1200	9,524	7,867	825	18	540		274	4,221	2,033	1,962	425	883
1201 - 1400	8,584	7,007	844	16	465		252	3,693	1,777	1,665	434	1,015
1401 - 1600	8,140	6,820	751	12	331		226	3,271	1,674	1,595	403	1,197
1601 - 1800	7,820	6,687	655	4	285		189	2,951	1,584	1,433	449	1,403
1801 - 2000	7,959	6,962	557	5	258	1	176	2,902	1,676	1,429	462	1,490
over 2000	85,928	81,471	3,077	9	590	2	779	37,514	16,480	17,503	6,657	7,774
Totals	204,512	181,489	12,040	472	7,057	11	3,443	94,563	41,408	39,103	10,932	18,506

* Type of Retirement

1 - Normal retirement for age & service

2 - Survivor payment - normal retirement

3 - Duty disability retirement (including survivors)

4 - Non-duty disability retirement (including survivors)

5 - Survivor payment - duty death in service

6 - Survivor payment - non-duty death in service

**Selected Option

Opt. 1. - Straight life allowance

Opt. 2 - 100% survivor option

Opt. 3 - 50% survivor option

Opt. 4 - 75% survivor option

Opt. 1E, 2E, 3E, 4E - Equated retirement plans

Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

Schedule of Retired Members by Type of Other Postemployment Benefits

September 30, 2014

A a 4 a 6	_	Type of Other Poster	ployment Benefits
Amount of Monthly Pension Benefit	Number of Retirees	Health	Dental/Vision
\$ 1 - 200	12,719	5,745	6,920
201 - 400	22,280	11,589	13,609
401 - 600	17,232	10,432	11,956
601 - 800	13,304	8,834	9,951
801 - 1,000	11,022	7,754	8,564
1,001 - 1,200	9,524	6,988	7,607
1,201 - 1,400	8,584	6,490	7,032
1,401 - 1,600	8,140	6,371	6,805
1,601 - 1,800	7,820	6,178	6,618
1,801 - 2,000	7,959	6,442	6,865
Over 2,000	85,928	71,650	74,989
Totals	204,512	148,473	160,916

Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

Schedule of Funding Progress - Pension Plan

Last Ten Years

Pension Benefits (\$ in millions)

Valuation Date Sept 30	_	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	A L	ctuarial ccrued iability) Entry Age (b)	,	Unfunded Overfunded) crued Liability (UAAL) (b-a)	Fundeo Ratio (a/b)		Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Pay ((b-a)/c)	
2005		\$ 38,211	\$	48,206	\$	9,995	79.3	%	\$ 10,206	97.9	%
2006		39,893		49,136		9,243	81.2		9,806	94.3	
2006	2	42,995		49,136		6,141	87.5		9,806	62.6	
2007		45,335		51,107		5,771	88.7		9,851	58.6	
2008		45,677		53,555		7,878	85.3		9,958	79.1	
2008	3	45,677		54,608		8,931	83.6		9,958	89.7	
2009		44,703		56,685		11,982	78.9		9,884	121.2	
2010		43,294		58,543		15,250	74.0		8,845	172.4	
2010	1	43,294		59,877		16,583	72.3		8,845	187.5	
2010	3	43,294		60,927		17,633	71.1		8,845	199.4	
2011		41,038		63,427		22,389	64.7		9,156	244.5	
2012		38,450		62,716		24,266	61.3		8,649	280.6	
2013		38,044		63,840		25,796	59.6		8,273	311.8	
2014		39,626		65,050		25,424	60.9		8,167	311.3	
2014	1	39,626		66,105		26,479	59.9		8,167	324.2	

Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

Revised actuarial assumptions
 Revised asset valuation method

³ Revised benefit provisions

Schedule of Other Postemployement Benefits

For Year Ended September 30, 2015

Claims	
Health insurance	\$ 431,098,922
Vision insurance	5,056,899
Dental insurance	76,664,545
Total Claims	512,820,366
Estimated Claims Liability	
Health insurance	186,393,506
Vision insurance	221,653
Dental insurance	1,468,027
Total Estimated Claims Liability	188,083,186
Administrative Fees	
Staff Salaries	2,356,859
Health insurance	146,197,278
Vision insurance	662,302
Dental insurance	4,194,532
Total Administrative Fees	153,410,971
Subtotal	854,314,523
Refunds	95,860
Retirement benefits	1,111
Grand Total	\$ 854,411,494

Schedule of Average Benefit Payments - Pension

Last Ten Years Credited Service (Years) as of September 30 **Payment Periods** 0 - 5 5 - 10 10 - 15 15 - 20 20 - 25 25 - 30 **30**+ **Total** Period 10/1/04 to 9/30/05 \$ 2,374 \$ Average Monthly Benefit 583 \$ 170 \$ 298 \$ 540 \$ 887 \$ 1,346 1,453 Average Final Average Salary 1,542 16,607 16,719 22,539 28,288 34,036 50,418 35,938 21,321 Number of Active Retirants 1.396 4,601 17,884 22,502 16,548 67,454 151,706 Period 10/1/05 to 9/30/06 \$1,381 388 \$ 176 \$ 308 \$ 557 912 1,500 Average Monthly Benefit \$ \$ 2,419 17,286 Average Final Average Salary 8,395 17,447 23,464 29,324 35,216 53,049 38,048 Number of Active Retirants 406 4,921 18,378 23,204 21,814 17,107 71,333 157,163 Period 10/1/06 to 9/30/07 643 \$ 186 \$ 318 \$ 574 \$ 938 \$1,419 \$ 2,481 1,542 Average Monthly Benefit 18,219 24,255 30,284 39,069 18,069 18,125 36,138 54,189 Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants 540 5,266 19,007 23,933 22,390 17,478 74,230 162,844 Period 10/1/07 to 9/30/08 \$ 194 966 Average Monthly Benefit \$1,112 \$ 328 \$ 591 \$ \$ 1,457 \$ 2,537 \$ 1,580 Average Final Average Salary 18,574 18,753 25,023 31,222 37,076 55,184 39,973 30,583 5,586 19,514 24,309 22,791 76,193 167,265 Number of Active Retirants 1,199 17,673 Period 10/1/08 to 9/30/09 Average Monthly Benefit \$ 1.095 \$ 201 \$ 337 \$ 606 \$ 994 \$ 1.494 \$ 2.590 1.617 32,097 37,379 32,482 19,036 19,343 25,731 56,113 40,843 Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants 1,515 5,875 19,988 24,746 23,314 17,912 78,572 171,922 Period 10/1/09 to 9/30/10 Average Monthly Benefit \$1,205 \$ 209 \$ 351 \$ 630 \$1,039 \$1,561 \$ 2,669 1,693 Average Final Average Salary 37.222 19.559 20,269 26,822 33,777 40,271 57,785 42,731 25,368 Number of Active Retirants 1,909 6,421 20,817 25,838 20,058 87,311 187,722 Period 10/1/10 to 9/30/11 \$1.296 \$ 219 \$ 363 \$ 647 \$ 1.068 \$ 1.602 Average Monthly Benefit \$ 2,720 \$ 1.727 Average Final Average Salary 38,093 20,161 21,020 27,580 34,720 41,391 58,505 43,471 Number of Active Retirants 2,389 6,632 21,460 26,403 25,886 20,654 89,011 192,435 Period 10/1/11 to 9/30/12 \$1,385 \$ 226 \$ 375 \$ 667 \$1,096 \$1,639 \$ 2,766 1,752 Average Monthly Benefit 20,586 28,601 42,408 35.728 44.113 Average Final Average Salary 39,388 21,774 59,109

Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

Number of Active Retirants

Average Monthly Benefit

Average Final Average Salary

Number of Active Retirants

Average Monthly Benefit

Average Final Average Salary

Number of Active Retirants

Period 10/1/12 to 9/30/13

Period 10/1/13 to 9/30/14

2,941

\$1,266

35.857

832

141

200

10,750

6,824

\$ 234

21.024

7,145

219

20,617

6,971

\$

22,030

22.588

22,991

396 \$ 699

23,263

23,668

\$ 390

\$

27,276

29,490

28,363

30,235

29,017

\$ 687

26,604

\$1,122

36,703

27,684

\$1,139

37,612

28,219

21,049

\$1,671

43,385

21,754

\$1,689

44,258

22,022

89,937

\$ 2,808

59,676

92,183

\$ 2,846

60,156

94,415

196,661

1,779

44,771

200,952

1,806

45,423

204,512

Schedule of Average Benefit Payments - Health

Last Ten Years Payment Periods		Cuci	itad Cameia	e (Years) as	a of Conta	han 20		
Payment Periods	0 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 15	e (Years) as 15 - 20	20 - 25	25 - 30	30+	Total
Period 10/1/04 to 9/30/05	0 0	2 20	10 10	10 20	20 20			2000
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 114	\$ 188	\$ 337	\$ 587	\$ 937	\$ 1,678	\$ 2,505	\$ 1,592
Average Final Average Salary	14,348	16,926	17,732	23,228	28,848	40,434	51,670	38,192
Number of Active Retirants	200	3,602	10,994	15,777	16,341	20,508	48,162	115,584
Period 10/1/05 to 9/30/06								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 174	\$ 190	\$ 341	\$ 593	\$ 952	\$ 1,684	\$ 2,493	\$ 1,600
Average Final Average Salary	17,201	17,372	18,411	24,056	29,679	40,967	52,919	39,334
Number of Active Retirants	217	3,710	10,952	15,987	16,465	20,803	50,401	118,535
Period 10/1/06 to 9/30/07								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 583	\$ 198	\$ 354	\$ 611	\$ 981	\$ 1,718	\$ 2,562	\$ 1,663
Average Final Average Salary	27,114	18,084	19,129	24,906	30,751	41,666	54,256	40,602
Number of Active Retirants	284	3,857	10,787	16,158	16,680	20,990	52,577	121,333
Period 10/1/07 to 9/30/08								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,270	\$ 207	\$ 365	\$ 631	\$ 1,012	\$ 1,752	\$ 2,626	\$ 1,714
Average Final Average Salary	37,614	18,738	19,794	25,836	31,743	42,336	55,404	41,714
Number of Active Retirants	803	4,009	10,668	16,237	16,871	21,095	54,214	123,89
Period 10/1/08 to 9/30/09								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,230	\$ 216	\$ 376	\$ 647	\$ 1,039	\$ 1,782	\$ 2,683	\$ 1,75
Average Final Average Salary	38,012	19,252	20,328	26,525	32,575	42,936	56,446	42,63
Number of Active Retirants	1,053	4,212	10,757	16,602	17,376	21,419	56,377	127,796
Period 10/1/09 to 9/30/10								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,318	\$ 227	\$ 395	\$ 673	\$ 1,087	\$ 1,825	\$ 2,767	\$ 1,84
Average Final Average Salary	39,573	19,994	21,582	27,699	34,383	44,302	58,280	44,642
Number of Active Retirants	1,423	4,527	11,064	17,419	19,071	23,284	63,983	140,77
Period 10/1/10 to 9/30/11								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,407	\$ 238	\$ 412	\$ 693	\$ 1,119	\$ 1,860	\$ 2,825	\$ 1,890
Average Final Average Salary	40,812	20,557	22,546	28,618	35,375	45,063	59,127	45,603
Number of Active Retirants	1,810	4,551	10,939	17,498	19,279	23,591	65,246	142,91
Period 10/1/11 to 9/30/12								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,476	\$ 247	\$ 430	\$ 716	\$ 1,149	\$ 1,898	\$ 2,875	\$ 1,92
Average Final Average Salary	41,556	21,162	23,562	29,744	36,497	45,793	59,805	46,39
Number of Active Retirants	2,248	4,625	11,007	17,996	19,835	23,855	66,308	145,874
Period 10/1/12 to 9/30/13								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,430	\$ 257	\$ 452	\$ 738	\$ 1,178	\$ 1,931	\$ 2,921	\$ 1,968
Average Final Average Salary	41,834	21,668	24,615	30,728	37,590	46,550	60,458	47,289
Number of Active Retirants	534	4,677	11,071	18,375	20,387	24,342	67,874	147,260
Period 10/1/13 to 9/30/14								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 137	\$ 242	\$ 459	\$ 750	\$ 1,201	\$ 1,964	\$ 2,965	\$ 2,00
Average Final Average Salary	19,937	21,414	25,426	31,541	38,682	47,376	61,032	48,129
N. 1 C. 1 D. 1	100							

Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co. - for all periods except 10/1/04 to 9/30/05

180

4,477

Number of Active Retirants

18,562

20,546

24,482

69,273

148,473

10,953

Schedule of Average Benefit Payments - Dental/Vision

Last Ten Years

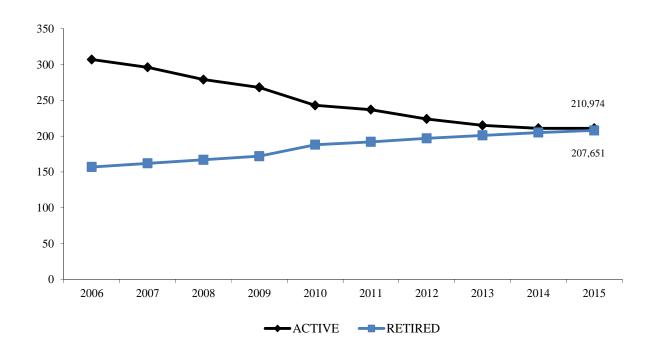
Payment Periods		Cred	ited Servic	e (Years) as	s of Septem	ber 30		
	0 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 15	15 - 20	20 - 25	25 - 30	30+	Total
Period 10/1/04 to 9/30/05								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 121	\$ 188	\$ 336	\$ 582	\$ 933	\$ 1,685	\$ 2,503	\$ 1,581
Average Final Average Salary	14,741	16,957	17,768	23,221	28,858	40,661	51,804	38,138
Number of Active Retirants	228	3,858	11,858	16,959	17,352	21,664	50,334	122,253
Period 10/1/05 to 9/30/06								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 178	\$ 190	\$ 340	\$ 588	\$ 947	\$ 1,691	\$ 2,489	\$ 1,592
Average Final Average Salary	17,087	17,378	18,437	24,041	29,696	41,171	53,026	39,231
Number of Active Retirants	247	4,009	11,884	17,278	17,576	22,022	52,736	125,752
Period 10/1/06 to 9/30/07								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 584	\$ 198	\$ 352	\$ 607	\$ 974	\$ 1,721	\$ 2,556	\$ 1,643
Average Final Average Salary	27,200	18,134	19,143	24,868	30,674	41,746	54,309	40,374
Number of Active Retirants	319	4,221	11,947	17,648	17,942	22,362	55,166	129,605
Period 10/1/07 to 9/30/08								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,234	\$ 206	\$ 363	\$ 624	\$ 1,003	\$ 1,752	\$ 2,618	\$ 1,689
Average Final Average Salary	37,093	18,709	19,789	25,686	31,584	42,341	55,394	41,375
Number of Active Retirants	865	4,416	11,957	17,817	18,222	22,524	56,927	132,728
Period 10/1/08 to 9/30/09								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,194	\$ 215	\$ 372	\$ 639	\$ 1,027	\$ 1,779	\$ 2,673	\$ 1,726
Average Final Average Salary	37,407	19,216	20,292	26,357	32,340	42,861	56,379	42,185
Number of Active Retirants	1,143	4,665	12,170	18,337	18,816	22,872	59,118	137,121
Period 10/1/09 to 9/30/10								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,281	\$ 225	\$ 389	\$ 662	\$ 1,072	\$ 1,816	\$ 2,754	\$ 1,804
Average Final Average Salary	38,901	19,894	21,438	27,429	34,054	44,112	58,156	44,062
Number of Active Retirants	1,526	5,047	12,555	19,237	20,621	24,738	66,628	150,352
Period 10/1/10 to 9/30/11								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,373	\$ 236	\$ 405	\$ 681	\$ 1,103	\$ 1,850	\$ 2,809	\$ 1,846
Average Final Average Salary	40,098	20,552	22,297	28,253	35,020	44,819	58,936	44,916
Number of Active Retirants	1,943	5,143	12,672	19,538	21,050	25,226	68,305	153,877
Period 10/1/11 to 9/30/12								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,449	\$ 244	\$ 421	\$ 703	\$ 1,131	\$ 1,887	\$ 2,858	\$ 1,879
Average Final Average Salary	40,959	21,086	23,246	29,330	36,063	45,532	59,582	45,648
Number of Active Retirants	2,407	5,217	12,781	20,098	21,642	25,426	69,194	156,765
Period 10/1/12 to 9/30/13								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,350	\$ 253	\$ 441	\$ 724	\$ 1,159	\$ 1,918	\$ 2,904	\$ 1,917
Average Final Average Salary	40,355	21,515	24,190	30,282	37,083	46,244	60,205	46,448
Number of Active Retirants	597	5,363	13,021	20,696	22,399	26,065	71,011	159,152
Period 10/1/13 to 9/30/14								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 136	\$ 238	\$ 449	\$ 737	\$ 1,181	\$ 1,948	\$ 2,948	\$ 1,955
Average Final Average Salary	20,147	21,195	24,997	31,104	38,155	47,009	60,778	47,262
Number of Active Retirants	220	5,161	12,983	20,960	22,660	26,333	72,599	160,916

Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co. - for all periods except 10/1/04 to 9/30/05

Schedule of Principal Participating Employers For Fiscal Years Ending September 30, 2014 and 2005

	2014		2005	
Participating Employer	Employees	Percentage of Total System	Employees	Percentage of Total System
Detroit Public Schools	7,973	3.99 %	22,639	7.16 %
Utica Community Schools	3,280	1.64	5,194	1.64
Grand Rapids Public Schools	3,122	1.56	5,199	1.64
Oakland Community College	2,748	1.38	2,627	0.83
Ann Arbor Public Schools	2,654	1.33	3,960	1.25
Dearborn Public Schools	2,637	1.32	3,469	1.10
Macomb Community College	2,491	1.25	2,380	0.75
Kalamazoo Public Schools	2,308	1.16	2,880	0.91
Plymouth-Canton Community SD	2,305	1.15	2,922	0.92
Lansing Community College	2,118	1.06	2,348	0.74
All other	168,038	84.16	262,533	83.04
Total	199,674	100.00 %	316,151	100.00 %

<u>Ten Year History of Membership (In thousands)</u> Fiscal Year Ended September 30



Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

Schedule of Participating Employers at 9/30/15

Universities:

Central Michigan University
Eastern Michigan University
Ferris State University
Lake Superior State University
Michigan Technological University
Northern Michigan University
Western Michigan University

Community Colleges:

Alpena Community College

Bay De Noc Community College Charles S Mott Community College Delta College Glen Oaks Community College Gogebic Community College Grand Rapids Community College Henry Ford College Jackson College Kalamazoo Valley Community College Kellogg Community College Kirtland Community College Lake Michigan College Lansing Community College Macomb Community College Mid-Michigan Community College Monroe County Community College Montcalm Community College Muskegon Community College North Central Michigan College Northwestern Michigan College Oakland Community College Schoolcraft Community College Southwestern Michigan College St Clair County Community College Washtenaw Community College Wayne County Community College

Intermediate School Districts:

West Shore Community College

Allegan Area Educational Service Agency
Alpena-Montmorency-Alcona E. S. D.
Barry Intermediate School District
Bay-Arenac Intermediate School District
Berrien R. E. S. A.
Branch Intermediate School District
Calhoun Intermediate School District
Charlevoix-Emmet Intermediate School District

Cheboygan-Otsego-Presque Isle ESD Clare-Gladwin Intermediate School District

Clinton County R. E. S. A.

Coor Intermediate School District

Copper Country Intermediate School District Delta-Schoolcraft Intermediate School District Dickinson-Iron Intermediate School District Eastern U P Intermediate School District

Eaton Intermediate School District Genesee Intermediate School District

Gogebic-Ontonagon Intermediate School District

Gratiot-Isabella R. E. S. D.

Hillsdale Intermediate School District Huron Intermediate School District Ingham Intermediate School District Ionia Intermediate School District

Iosco R. E. S. A.

Jackson Intermediate School District

Kalamazoo R. E. S. A.

Kent Intermediate School District Lapeer Intermediate School District Lenawee Intermediate School District Lewis Cass Intermediate School District

Livingston E. S. A.

Macomb Intermediate School District
Manistee Intermediate School District
Marquette-Alger Intermediate School District
Mecosta-Osceola Intermediate School District
Menominee Intermediate School District

Midland County E. S. A.

Monroe Intermediate School District

Montcalm Area Intermediate School District Muskegon Area Intermediate School District

Newaygo County R. E. S. A.

Oakland Intermediate School District Ottawa Area Intermediate School District Saginaw Intermediate School District Sanilac Intermediate School District

Shiawassee R. E. S. D. St. Clair County R. E. S. A.

St. Joseph Intermediate School District

Traverse Bay Area Intermediate School District

Tuscola Intermediate School District Van Buren Intermediate School District Washtenaw Intermediate School District

Wayne R. E. S. A.

West Shore Educational Service District

Wexford-Missaukee Intermediate School District

Schedule of Participating Employers at 9/30/15 (continued)

K – 12 School Districts:

Adams Township School District

Adams-Sigel #3 School Addison Community Schools

Adrian Public Schools

Airport Community Schools

Akron-Fairgrove Schools

Alanson Public Schools

Alba Public Schools

Albion Public Schools

Alcona Community Schools

Algonac Community Schools

Allegan Public Schools

Allen Park Public Schools

Allendale Public Schools

Alma Public Schools

Almont Community Schools

Alpena Public Schools

Anchor Bay School District

Ann Arbor Public Schools

Arenac-Eastern High School

Armada Area Schools

Arvon Township Schools

Ashley Community Schools

Athens Area Schools

Atherton Community Schools

Atlanta Community Schools

Au Gres-Sims School District

Autrain-Onota Public Schools

Avondale School District

Bad Axe Public Schools

Baldwin Community Schools

Bangor Public Schools

Bangor Township Schools

Baraga Township Schools

Bark River - Harris Schools

Bath Community Schools

Battle Creek Public Schools

Bay City Public Schools

Beal City Schools

Bear Lake School

Beaver Island Community Schools

Beaverton Rural School District

Bedford Public Schools

Beecher Community School District

Belding Area Schools

Bellaire Public Schools

Bellevue Community Schools

Bendle Public Schools

Bentley Community Schools

Benton Harbor Area Schools

Benzie County Central Schools

Berkley School District

Berrien Springs Public Schools

Bessemer Area School District

Big Bay De Noc School District

Big Burning-Colfax #1f School

Big Jackson School District

Big Rapids Public Schools

Birch Run Area Schools

Birmingham Public Schools

Blissfield Community School District

Bloomfield Hills School District

Bloomingdale Public Schools

Bois Blanc Pines School District

Boyne City Public Schools

Boyne Falls Public Schools

Brandon School District

Brandywine Public Schools

Breckenridge Community Schools

Breitung Township Schools

Bridgeport-Spaulding Comm. School District

Bridgman Public Schools

Brighton Area Schools

Brimley Public Schools

Britton-Deerfield Schools

Bronson Community Schools

Brown City Community Schools

Buchanan Community Schools

Buckley Community Schools

Bullock Creek School District

Burr Oak Community Schools

Burt Township School District

Byron Area Schools

Byron Center Public Schools

Cadillac Area Public Schools

Caledonia Community Schools

Calumet Public Schools Camden-Frontier School

Capac Community Schools

Carman-Ainsworth Community School District

Carney-Nadeau Public Schools

Caro Community Schools

Carrollton School District

Carson City-Crystal Area Schools

Carsonville-Port Sanilac School

Schedule of Participating Employers at 9/30/15 (continued)

K - 12 School Districts (continued):

Caseville Public Schools
Cass City Public Schools
Cassopolis Public Schools
Cassopolis Public Schools
Dexter Community Schools

Cedar Springs Public Schools

Center Line Public Schools

Central Lake-Antrim County Public Schools

Central Montagin Public Schools

Central Montagin Public Schools

Downgiac-Union School District

Dryden Community Schools

Dunden Community Schools

Central Montcalm Public Schools
Centreville Public Schools
Charlevoix Public Schools
Charlevoix Public Schools
Charlette Public Schools
Charlotte Public Schools
Charlotte Public Schools
Charlotte Public Schools
Chassell Township Schools
Cheboygan Area School District
Chelsea School District
Chelsea School District
East Jordan Public Schools
East Jordan Public Schools

Chesaning-Union Schools
Chippewa Hills School District
Chippewa Valley Schools
Church School
Clare Public Schools
Ecorse Public Schools
Edwardshurg Public Schools
Edwardshurg Public Schools

Clarenceville School District

Clarkston Community Schools

Clawson City School District

Edwardsburg Public Schools

Elk Rapids Schools

Ellsworth Community Schools

Climax-Scotts Community Schools
Clinton Community Schools
Elm River Township Schools
Engadine Consolidated School District #4

Clintondale Community Schools
Clio Area School District
Escanaba Area Public Schools
Essexville-Hampton Public Schools

Coldwater Community Schools Evart Public Schools

Coleman Community Schools Ewen-Trout Creek Consolidated School District

Coloma Community Schools
Colon Community School
Columbia School District
Comstock Park Public Schools
Comstock Public Schools
Comstock Public Schools
Concord Community Schools
Constantine Public Schools
Constan

Coon-Berlin Township School District #3 Flat Rock Community Schools
Coopersville Public Schools Flint Community Schools
Corunna Public Schools Flushing Community Schools

Covert Public Schools
Crawford-AuSable School District
Crawford-Excelsior School District #1
Crestwood School District
Crestwood School District
Fowler Public Schools
Forest Area Schools
Forest Hills Public Schools
Forest Park School District
Fowler Public Schools

Crestwood School District
Croswell-Lexington Schools
Dansville Schools
Fowler Public Schools
Fowlerville Community Schools
Frankenmuth School District

Davison Community Schools

Dearborn Heights School District #7

Frankfort-Elberta Area Schools

Fraser Public Schools

Dearborn Public Schools

Decatur Public Schools

Freeland Community Schools

Fremont Public Schools

Deckerville Community School District Fruitport Community Schools

Delton-Kellogg Schools

DeTour Area Schools

Fulton Schools

Galesburg-Augusta Community School District

Schedule of Participating Employers at 9/30/15 (continued)

K - 12 School Districts (continued):

Garden City Public Schools Gaylord Community Schools Genesee School District Gibraltar School District Gladstone Area Schools Gladwin Community Schools Glen Lake Community Schools Glenn-Ganges School District #4

Gobles Public Schools Godfrey-Lee Public Schools Godwin Heights Public Schools

Goodrich Area Schools

Grand Blanc Community Schools Grand Haven Public Schools Grand Ledge Public Schools Grand Rapids Public Schools Grandville Public Schools Grant Public Schools Grant Township School

Grass Lake Community Schools Greenville Public Schools Grosse Ile Township Schools Grosse Pointe Public Schools Gull Lake Community Schools Gwinn Area Community Schools

Hale Area Schools

Hamilton Community Schools Hamtramck Public Schools Hancock Public Schools Hanover Horton School District

Harbor Beach Community School District

Harbor Springs Public Schools Harper Creek Community Schools Harper Woods Public Schools Harrison Community Schools

Hart Public Schools Hartford Public Schools Hartland Consolidated Schools

Haslett Public Schools

Holt Public Schools

Hastings Area School District

Haynor- Easton Township School District #6

Hazel Park Public Schools
Hemlock Public Schools
Hesperia Community Schools
Highland Park School District
Hillman Community Schools
Hillsdale Community Schools
Holland Public Schools
Holly Area Schools

Holton Public Schools Homer Community Schools Hopkins Public Schools

Houghton Lake Community Schools

Houghton-Portage Township School District

Howell Public Schools Hudson Area Schools Hudsonville Public Schools Huron School District Huron Valley School District

Ida Public Schools

Imlay City Community Schools

Inland Lakes Schools Ionia Public Schools

Iron Mountain Public Schools

Ironwood-Gogebic City Area Schools

Ishpeming Public Schools Ithaca Public Schools Jackson Public Schools Jefferson Schools Jenison Public Schools

Johannesburg-Lewiston Area Schools Jonesville Community Schools Kalamazoo Public Schools

Kaleva Norman Dickson School District

Kalkaska Public Schools Kearsley Community Schools Kelloggsville Public Schools Kenowa Hills Public Schools Kent City Community Schools Kentwood Public Schools Kingsley Area Schools Kingston Community Schools

Kipper School

L'Anse Public Schools

Laingsburg Community Schools

Lake City Area Schools

Lake Fenton Community School District Lake Linden-Hubbell Public Schools Lake Orion Community School #3

Lake Shore Public Schools

Laker Schools

Lakeshore Public Schools
Lakeview Community Schools
Lakeview Public Schools
Lakeview School District
Lakeville Community Schools
Lakewood School District
Lamphere Public Schools
L'Anse Creuse Public Schools

Schedule of Participating Employers at 9/30/15 (continued)

K - 12 School Districts (continued):

Millington Community School District **Lansing Public Schools**

Lapeer Public Schools Mio-AuSable Schools

Lawrence Public Schools Mona Shores School District #29

Lawton Community Schools Monroe Public Schools

Leland Public Schools Montabella Community Schools

Les Cheneaux Community Schools Montague Area Public Schools Montrose Community Schools Leslie Public Schools

Lincoln Consolidated Schools Moran Township School District Lincoln Park Public Schools

Morenci Area Schools Linden Community Schools Morley-Stanwood Community Schools

Litchfield Community Schools Morrice Area Schools

Livonia Public Schools Mt Clemens Community Schools Mt Morris Consolidated Schools Lowell Area Schools Ludington Area Schools Mt Pleasant Public Schools

Mackinaw City Public Schools Munising Public Schools Mackinac Island Public Schools Muskegon City Public Schools

Madison District Public Schools Muskegon Heights City Public Schools Madison School District #2 Napoleon Comm. School District Negaunee Public Schools Mancelona Public Schools

New Buffalo Area Schools Manchester Community Schools Manistee Public Schools **New Haven Community Schools**

Manistique Area Schools New Lothrop Area Public Schools

Newaygo Public Schools Manton Consolidated School District Maple Valley Schools Nice Community Schools Niles Public Schools

Mar Lee School District Marcellus Community Schools North Adams-Jerome Public Schools

Marion Public Schools North Branch Area Schools Marlette Community Schools North Central Area Schools Marquette Area Public Schools North Dickinson School

Marshall Public Schools North Huron Schools Martin Public Schools North LeValley School #2 Marysville Public Schools North Muskegon Public Schools Mason Co.-Eastern-Custer #5 School District Northport Public Schools

Mason Consolidated Schools Northview Public Schools Mason County Central School District Northville Public Schools Mason Public Schools Northwest School District

Mattawan Consolidated Schools Norway-Vulcan Area Schools Mayville Community Schools Nottawa Community Schools

McBain Rural Agricultural School Novi Community School District Melvindale-Northern Allen Park School District Oak Park School District

Memphis Community Schools Oakridge Public Schools Mendon Community School Okemos Public Schools Menominee Area Public Schools **Olivet Community Schools** Onaway Area Community Schools

Meridian Public Schools Merrill Community Schools Onekama Consolidated Schools Mesick Consolidated Schools **Onsted Community Schools** Michigan Center School District Ontonagon Area School District

Mid Peninsula Schools Orchard View Schools Midland City Schools Oscoda Area Schools Milan Area Schools Otsego Public Schools

Schedule of Participating Employers at 9/30/15 (continued)

K - 12 School Districts (continued):

Ovid-Elsie Area Schools

Owendale-Gagetown Area Schools

Owosso Public Schools

Oxford Area Community Schools

Parchment School District
Paw Paw Public Schools
Peck Community Schools
Pellston Public Schools
Pennfield Public Schools
Pentwater Public Schools
Perry Public Schools
Petoskey Public Schools

Pewamo-Westphalia Comm School District

Pickford Public Schools
Pinckney Community Schools
Pinconning Area Schools
Pine River Area Schools
Pittsford Area Schools
Plainwell Community Schools

Plymouth-Canton Community School District

Pontiac City School District
Port Huron Area Schools
Portage Public Schools
Portland Public Schools
Posen Consolidated Schools
Potterville Public Schools
Powell Township School District
Quincy Community Schools
Rapid River Public Schools
Ravenna Public Schools
Ravenna Public Schools
Redford-Union School District #1

Reese Public Schools Reeths-Puffer Schools

Republic-Michigamme Schools Richmond Community Schools River Rouge Public Schools

Reed City Public School District

River School

River Valley School District Riverside-Hagar School District #6

Riverview Public Schools
Rochester Community Schools
Rockford Public Schools
Rogers City Area Schools
Romeo Community Schools
Romulus Community Schools
Roscommon Area Public Schools
Roseville Community Schools
Royal Oak City School District

Rudyard Public Schools Saginaw City Schools

Saginaw Township Community Schools

Saline Area Schools

Sand Creek Community Schools Sandusky Community Schools Saranac Community Schools Saugatuck Public Schools Sault Ste Marie Public Schools Schoolcraft Community Schools

Shelby Public Schools
Shepherd Public Schools
South Haven Public Schools
South Lake Public Schools
South Lyon Community Schools
South Redford School District
Southfield Public Schools

Southgate Community School District

Sparta Area Schools
Spring Lake Public Schools
Springport Public Schools
St Charles Community Schools
St Ignace Public Schools
St Johns Public Schools
St Joseph Public Schools
St Louis Public Schools

Standish-Sterling Community School District

Stanton Township Public Schools Stephenson Area Public Schools Stockbridge Community Schools Strange-Oneida School #3 Sturgis Public Schools Summerfield Schools

Superior Central School District Suttons Bay Public Schools Swan Valley School District Swartz Creek Community Schools Tahquamenon Area School District

Tawas Area Schools
Taylor School District
Tecumseh Public Schools
Tekonsha Community Schools
Thornapple-Kellogg School
Three Rivers Community Schools
Traverse City Public Schools
Trenton Public Schools
Tri-County Area Schools
Troy City School District
Ubly Community Schools
Union City Community Schools

Schedule of Participating Employers at 9/30/15 (continued)

K - 12 School Districts (continued):

Unionville-Sebewaing Area Schools

Utica Community Schools Van Buren Public Schools Vanderbilt Area Schools

Vandercook Lake Public Schools

Van Dyke Public Schools Vassar Public Schools Verona Mills School

Vestaburg Community Schools Vicksburg Community Schools Wakefield-Marenisco School District

Waldron Area Schools Walkerville Public Schools

Walled Lake Consolidated Schools Warren Consolidated Schools Warren Woods Public Schools Waterford School District

Watersmeet Township School District

Watervliet Public Schools Waverly Community Schools Wayland Union Schools

Wayne-Westland Community Schools Webberville Community Schools Wells Township School #18 West Bloomfield Schools

West Branch-Rose City Area Schools West Iron County Public Schools West Ottawa Public Schools Western School District

Westwood Community Schools Westwood Heights Schools White Cloud Public Schools White Pigeon Community Schools Whitefish Township School Whiteford Agricultural School Whitehall District Schools

Whittemore-Prescott Area Schools Williamston Community Schools Wolverine Community Schools

Whitmore Lake Public Schools

Wood School District #8, Bangor Township Woodhaven-Brownstown School District

Wyandotte Public Schools Wyoming Public Schools Yale Public School District Ypsilanti Public Schools Zeeland Public Schools

Public School Academies:

AGBU Alex & Marie Manoogian School

Arts Academy in the Woods

Bay-Arenac Community High School Blue Water Middle College Academy

Central Academy

Commonwealth Community Development Academy

Countryside Charter School
Creative Technologies Academy

Da Vinci Institute Dearborn Academy

Edison Public School Academy El-Hajj Malik El-Shabazz Academy Grand Rapids Child Discovery Center

Greater Heights Academy Henry Ford Academy Holly Academy

Honey Creek Community School

Joseph K. Lumsden Public School Academy

Macomb Academy

Martin Luther King, Jr. Public School Academy

Michigan Math and Science Academy Muskegon Heights Public School Academy Nah Tah Wahsh Public School Academy

New Branches School North Star Academy Outlook Academy Presque Isle Academy II

Relevant Academy of Eaton County

Summit Academy Summit Academy North Three Lakes Academy

Virtual Learning Academy of St. Clair

Walden Green Day School

Washtenaw Technical Middle College

West Village Academy Windover High School Woodland Park Academy

Libraries:

Ann Arbor District Library Bacon Memorial District Library Cheboygan Area Public Library

Flint Public Library

Grosse Pointe Public Library
Hackley Public Library
Kalamazoo Public Library
Mt Clemens Public Library
Public Libraries of Saginaw
Willard District Library

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is prepared by Financial Services, Fiscal Management Division. Staff of the division for the fiscal year 2015 report included:

Management:

Ronald W. Foss, Director Aver Hamilton, Accounting Manager

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The report may be viewed on-line at: www.michigan.gov/ors