

JENNIFER M. GRANHOLM

GOVERNOR

STATE OF MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES Lansing



September 30, 2008

Mr. Doug Ringler, CPA Director, Office of Internal Audit Services Office of the State Budget George W. Romney Building, 7th Floor 111 South Capitol Avenue Lansing, Michigan 48913

Dear Mr. Ringler:

Enclosed is the Department of Human Services' response and corrective action plan to the Auditor General's report of the Performance Audit of Suitability of Child Development and Care Program Providers for the period of October 2003 through March 2006.

Sincerely,

signed by Charles Jones

Ismael Ahmed

Enclosure

c: Stanley Stewart John Sorbet Lisa Brewer-Walraven Cindy Osga

SUMMARY

I. Recommendations Complied With

2, 3, 5, 6, 7a, 8, 9, 10

- II. Recommendations Agreed With
 - A. To be Complied With

1, 4

B. Budget Considerations

7b, 7c

III. Recommendations Disagreed With

None

IV. Findings Disagreed With

None



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OAG Audit Finding	Responsible Administration	Anticipated Implementation Date	Corrective Action/Update	Status
Finding 01—Central Registry Records Check Processes (material w The OAG recommends that DHS strengthen its Central Registry records chechild abuse and/or neglect and prevents them from providing child day card	eck processes to	help ensure that	DHS effectively identifies individuals with substantiated histories as perpe	etrators of
a. DHS only used the applicant's social security number to match against the Central Registry's perpetrator records. DHS did not use a combination of other identifiers, such as name and date of birth, to help determine the Central Registry status of applicants and providers.	EEC	12/01/2009	The CDC program office submitted a work order request on June 29, 2007, to expand the data that DHS uses to confirm a match on the Central Registry. This work order is currently ranked in the top three for Bridges processing.	open
b. The Central Registry does not contain social security numbers for all individuals on the registry because the social security number is not required information for the Central Registry and DHS did not match against records without a social security number.	EEC	12/01/2009	See corrective action for Finding 1a.	open
Finding 02—Criminal History Checks at Enrollment (material weakned) The OAG recommends that DHS implement effective controls to detect day day care providers.	ess) care aides and re	lative care provid	ler applicants with unsuitable criminal histories and prevent their enrollmo	ent as child
DHS had not implemented effective controls to detect day care aide and relative providers applicants with unsuitable criminal histories and prevent their enrollment as child day care providers. DHS relied on child day care provider applicants as its primary control to detect unsuitable applicants with criminal histories and prevent them from providing child day care services. After DHS enrolled the individuals as child day care providers, DHS would then include the individuals in its monthly check of ICHAT records. When DHS identified an active provider with an unsuitable criminal conviction during its monthly ICHAT records check, DHS would end child day care provider eligibility and flag the provider's record as criminally convicted to help prevent future reenrollment as a child day care provider.	EEC	implemented	DHS now requires local offices to do a criminal background check on all day care aides/relative providers prior to enrollment. The criminal background check includes: Central Registry, ICHAT, OTIS, PSOR, NPSOR, and FIL. In addition, DHS conducts the monthly matches with ICHAT, OTIS, and PSOR.	closed
Finding 03—Public Sex Offender Registry Checks (material weaknes) The OAG recommends that DHS include a review of the PSOR in its criminal them from providing child day care services.	ss) Il history check p	rocedures for chil	Id day care providers to help detect publicly registered sex offenders and	prevent
DHS did not include a review of the PSOR in its criminal history check procedures for child day-care providers to help detect publicly registered sex offenders and prevent them from providing child day-care services. Although DHS criminal history check procedures included a monthly check of ICHAT records for actively enrolled child day-care providers (see Finding 4), DHS did not conduct checks of the PSOR for child day-care providers.	EEC	implemented	DHS now requires local offices to do a criminal background check on all day care aides/relative providers prior to enrollment. The criminal background check includes: Central Registry, ICHAT, OTIS, PSOR, NPSOR, and FIL. In addition, DHS conducts the monthly matches with ICHAT, OTIS, and PSOR.	closed
Finding 04—Monthly Criminal History Checks (material weakness) The OAG recommends that DHS (a) consistently perform monthly ICHAT re	cords checks to i	dentify active day	v care providers with unsuitable criminal convictions, (b) implement contro	ols to help
CDC – Child Day Care ICHAT – In	al Inmate Locator ternet Criminal Histor nigan State Police	y Access Tool	OTIS – Offender Tracking Information System PA – Public Act PACC – Prosecuting Attorneys Coordinating Council	

DOC – Department of Corrections EEC - Early Education and Care FBI - Federal Bureau of Investigation NCIC – National Crime Information Center NPSOR – National Public Sex Offender Registry OAG - Office of the Auditor General

PSOR – Public Sex Offender Registry SSN - Social Security Number



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ensure that its monthly ICHAT records check process works effectively to c include active child day care providers in its monthly ICHAT records check		l day care provide	ers with DHS defined terminal convictions recorded in their ICHAT record,	and (c)
DHS did not consistently perform monthly ICHAT records checks to identify active child day-care providers with unsuitable criminal convictions. Also, DHS had not implemented controls to help ensure that its monthly ICHAT records check process worked effectively to detect active child day-care providers with DHS-defined terminable convictions recorded in their ICHAT record. Further, DHS did not include inactive child day-care providers in its monthly ICHAT records check process.	EEC	implemented 12/01/2008	DHS now requires local offices to do a criminal background check on all day care aides/relative providers prior to enrollment. The criminal background check includes: Central Registry, ICHAT, OTIS, PSOR, NPSOR, and FIL. In addition, DHS conducts the monthly matches with ICHAT, OTIS, and PSOR. A work order was submitted on August 25, 2008, to include inactive providers in a monthly match. This monthly match will include providers who have been inactive since January 1, 2008.	open
Finding 05—Terminable Crimes and Codes List (material weakness)				
The OAG recommends that DHS implement effective controls to help ensur information necessary to identify unsuitable child day care providers that c	e that its terminal			ding
a. DHS's terminable crimes and codes list did not include NCIC crime descriptions and codes.	EEC	implemented	DHS reviewed the PACC list in February 2007 and expanded its terminable crimes and codes list. In addition, DHS arranged to automatically receive updated PACC lists in order to maintain its terminable crimes and codes list and make immediate updates.	closed
b. DHS's terminable crimes and codes list did not include crime descriptions and numeric codes for 346 serious and dangerous felony offenses from the PACC 2006 E-Warrant Guide and the Good Moral Character Act of 1974.	EEC	implemented	See corrective action for Finding 5a.	closed
 DHS's terminable crimes and codes list did not include current and updated coding from the PACC August 2006 E-Warrant Guide for 15 (4%) of the 357 crimes contained in the list. 	EEC	implemented	See corrective action for Finding 5a.	closed
 DHS's terminable crimes and codes list did not include historic PACC Bench Guide numeric codes for the crimes DHS defined as terminable. 	EEC	implemented	See corrective action for Finding 5a.	closed
e. DHS's terminable crimes and codes list did not include 11 (48%) of the 23 sex offender registry listed offenses, such as accosting, enticing, or soliciting a child for immoral purposes; possession of child sexually abusive material; and aggravated indecent exposure.	EEC	implemented	See corrective action for Finding 5a.	closed
Finding 06—Distribution of Terminable Crimes and Codes List (main	terial weakness)			
The OAG recommends that DHS strengthen its controls to help ensure that information.	updated terminal	ble crimes and co	des lists are distributed to DHS local offices in timely manner and contain	complete
DHS controls were not effective in ensuring that updated terminable crimes and codes lists were distributed to DHS local offices in a timely manner and contained complete information.	EEC	implemented	DHS implemented a web-based directory in August 2007 that allows the CDC program to immediately update the crimes and codes list information available to local office staff.	closed
CDC – Child Day Care ICHAT – In DHS – Department of Human Services MSP – Micl	ral Inmate Locator ternet Criminal Histor higan State Police tional Crime Informati		OTIS – Offender Tracking Information System PA – Public Act PACC – Prosecuting Attorneys Coordinating Council PSOR – Public Sex Offender Registry	

EEC - Early Education and Care

FBI - Federal Bureau of Investigation

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Finding 07—Suitability of Adult Household Members of Relative Ca	re Providers an	d Family and G	roup Day Care Home Providers (material weakness)	
The OAG recommends that DHS (a) implement controls to help ensure that living in their homes and updated criminal history background checks infor implement controls to help ensure that it periodically evaluates the Central internal and publicly available information to help identify unreported adult	mation for adult h Registry status of	nousehold member f adult household	ers that family and group day care home providers report living in the hom I members that relative care providers report are living in their homes, and	ie, (b)
 DHS policy did not require criminal history checks (ICHAT, PSOR, and/or OTIS) for adult household members that relative care providers reported were living with them. 	EEC	implemented	DHS now requires local offices to conduct a criminal background check prior to enrollment for all reported adult household members living with a relative provider. Effective April 2007, criminal background checks include: Central Registry, ICHAT, OTIS, PSOR, NPSOR, and FIL (added August 2008).	closed
 DHS policy did not require periodic checks of the Central Registry for adult household members that relative care providers reported were living with them. 	EEC	n/a	DHS agrees with the recommendation, however, it does not have adequate resources for implementation. DHS would have to develop a system to retain adult household member information in order to conduct periodic data matches.	closed
c. DHS policy did not require DHS staff to perform any verification procedures using DHS internal and/or publicly available information to help identify unreported adult household members of relative care providers.	EEC	n/a	DHS agrees with the recommendation, however, it does not have adequate resources for implementation. Day Care Aides/Relative Care Providers are required to self report any changes in their household composition within 10 days. Background checks are conducted when this notification is received. However, there are more than 40,000 day care aides/relative providers who turnover at a rate of 2,000 to 3,000 per month. Implementation would require an enormous effort and there are no available resources to perform this function.	closed
Finding 08—Criminal History Checks of Child Day Care Center Lice	nsees License	e Designees ar	nd Program Directors (material weakness)	
The OAG again recommends DHS implement effective controls to help ensure program directors during the two year period between licensure and renew	ure that it periodic			es, and
DHS had not implemented effective controls to help ensure that it periodically obtained updated criminal histories of child day-care center licensees, licensee designees, and program directors during the two-year period between licensure and renewal.	BCAL	implemented	A comprehensive process is currently in place to conduct criminal history background checks on prospective and licensed child care providers. Effective January 1, 2006, child care providers applying for a new license or renewing a current license were required to submit their fingerprints for a MSP criminal history check and an FBI criminal records check. This same amendment to PA 116 also required a child care center to perform an ICHAT on all new and current employees. In mid 2007 BCAL developed the capacity to periodically conduct an MSP criminal history check on all child care providers and adult household members. Effective January 1, 2008, legislation made it possible for BCAL to receive notification from the MSP of all new arrests, arraignments and convictions for licensees previously fingerprinted. Additional legislation, effective in June 2008, required child care licensees to notify parents within 24 hours that a high risk investigation was being conducted by BCAL.	closed

FIL – Federal Inmate Locator ICHAT – Internet Criminal History Access Tool MSP – Michigan State Police NCIC – National Crime Information Center NPSOR – National Public Sex Offender Registry OAG – Office of the Auditor General



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Finding 09—Offender Tracking System Information System Checks The OAG recommends that DHS conduct checks of DOC's OTIS records pri			relative care providers to bein detect unsuitable individuals and prevent t	hem from
providing child day care services.	ier te enrennig de			
DHS did not conduct checks of DOC's OTIS records prior to enrolling day-care aides and relative care providers to help detect unsuitable individuals and prevent them from providing child day-care services.	EEC	implemented	See corrective action for Finding 7a.	closed
Finding 10—DHS Child Day Care Provider Records The OAG recommends that DHS strengthen controls over its child day care child day care providers.	provider records	s to help ensure th	nat it obtains and maintains accurate and complete date of birth information	on for all
DHS should strengthen controls over its child day-care provider records to help ensure that it obtains and maintains accurate and complete date-of-birth information for all child day-care providers.	EEC	implemented	The finding was related to licensed providers for which DHS did not enter the date of birth on MPS. They had the information but did not enter it. Licensing is required to enter the date of birth as well as the multiple data sources. They had the information but just did not enter it. DHS uses fingerprints for criminal history records checks for licensed providers and social security numbers for criminal history record checks for	closed
			enrolled providers. DHS will continue to ensure that it has the ability to utilize multiple data elements (SSN, first/last names, or date of birth) for criminal history record checks.	

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