Office of the Auditor General Performance Audit Report

Certificate of Need Program

Michigan Department of Health and Human Services

April 2015

State of Michigan Auditor General Doug A. Ringler, CPA, CIA

The auditor general shall conduct post audits of financial transactions and accounts of the state and of all branches, departments, offices, boards, commissions, agencies, authorities and institutions of the state established by this constitution or by law, and performance post audits thereof.

Article IV, Section 53 of the Michigan Constitution



Performance Audit

Certificate of Need (CON) Program

Report Number: 391-0644-14

Michigan Department of Health and Human Services (MDHHS) Released: April 2015

The CON Program is a State regulatory program intended to balance the cost of, quality of, and access to Michigan's health care system. Its purpose is to ensure that needed services and facilities provide quality health care for State residents. The CON Program provides authorization for a new health facility; a change in bed capacity; the initiation, replacement, or expansion of a covered clinical service; or a covered capital expenditure. The 11-member CON Commission has the responsibility to develop, approve, disapprove, or revise CON review standards. MDHHS provides administrative support to the CON Commission and carries out the day-to-day CON Program operations. During fiscal years 2012 and 2013, MDHHS received 631 CON applications and approved projects totaling \$1.7 billion.

Audit Objective				onclusion	
Objective #1: To assess the sufficiency of the CON Commission's efforts to fulfill certain requirements outlined in Section 333.22215 of the <i>Michigan Compiled Laws</i> , including to promote and assure the availability and accessibility of quality health services at a reasonable cost and within a reasonable geographic proximity.				Sufficient with exceptions	
Finding Related to This Audit Objective	Material Condition	Reportab Conditio		Agency Preliminary Response	
The CON Commission did not have a process to consistently document its evaluation and assessment of the CON Program. A standardized, documented process could improve how the CON Commission evaluates the CON Program operations, assesses effectiveness, and makes recommendations to the joint legislative committee on health policy (<u>Finding #1</u>).		х		Agrees	

Audit Objective				Conclusion
Objective #2: To assess the effectiveness of MDHHS's efforts to monitor health facilities' and service providers' compliance with applicable CON provisions.			Мос	derately effective
Findings Related to This Audit Objective	Material Reportab Condition Conditio			Agency Preliminary Response
MDHHS did not follow up approved CON projects timely to ensure that the applicants submitted project implementation progress reports (PIPRs) and contracts on schedule. Prompt receipt and review could reduce the risk that facilities may not implement their CON projects according to the approved application and within the allowed time frames (<u>Finding #2</u>).		х		Agrees
MDHHS did not adequately document its monitoring of health facilities' compliance with CON review standards to help ensure the quality of services provided by health facilities (<u>Finding #3</u>).		х		Agrees

A copy of the full report can be obtained by calling 517.334.8050 or by visiting our Web site at: http://audgen.michigan.gov Office of the Auditor General 201 N. Washington Square, Sixth Floor Lansing, Michigan 48913

> Doug A. Ringler, CPA, CIA Auditor General

> > **Laura J. Hirst, CPA** Deputy Auditor General



April 30, 2015

Mr. Nick Lyon, Director Michigan Department of Health and Human Services and Marc D. Keshishian, MD, Chair Certificate of Need Commission Capitol View Building Lansing, Michigan

Dear Mr. Lyon and Dr. Keshishian:

I am pleased to provide this performance audit report on the Certificate of Need Program, Michigan Department of Health and Human Services.

We organized the background, findings, and recommendations by audit objective. Your agency provided preliminary responses to the recommendations at the end of our fieldwork. The *Michigan Compiled Laws* and administrative procedures require an audited agency to develop a plan to comply with the recommendations and submit it within 60 days of the date above to the Office of Internal Audit Services, State Budget Office. Within 30 days of receipt, the Office of Internal Audit Services is required to review the plan and either accept the plan as final or contact the agency to take additional steps to finalize the plan.

We appreciate the courtesy and cooperation extended to us during this audit.

Sincerely,

Dove Kingler

Doug Ringler Auditor General

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BACKGROUND, FINDINGS, AND RECOMMENDATIONS

FULFILLING CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS OUTLINED IN SECTION 333.22215 OF THE *MICHIGAN COMPILED LAWS*

AUDIT OBJECTIVE	To assess the sufficiency of the Certificate of Need (CON) Commission's efforts to fulfill certain requirements outlined in Section 333.22215 of the <i>Michigan Compiled Laws</i> , including to promote and assure the availability and accessibility of quality health services at a reasonable cost and within a reasonable geographic proximity.		
CONCLUSION	Sufficient with exceptions.		
FACTORS IMPACTING CONCLUSION	CON Commission's review and revision of all CON review standards every three years.		
	 CON Program's annual activity reports on its outputs*. 		
	 Reportable condition* related to the CON Commission's lack of a process to consistently document its evaluation and assessment of the CON Program. 		

* See glossary at end of report for definition.

FINDING #1

Improved documentation is needed to support the CON Commission's evaluations and recommendations. The CON Commission did not have a process to consistently document its evaluation and assessment of the CON Program. A standardized, documented process could improve how the CON Commission evaluates CON Program operations, assesses effectiveness*, and makes recommendations to the joint legislative committee on health policy.

The CON Commission is required by various subsections in Section 333.22215 of the *Michigan Compiled Laws* to annually assess the effectiveness of the CON Program, to biennially make recommendations to the joint legislative committee on health policy to improve or eliminate the Program, and to promote and assure the availability and accessibility of quality health services at a reasonable cost and within a reasonable geographic proximity for all people in the State. Section 333.22215(1)(m) of the *Michigan Compiled Laws* requires the Commission to review and, if necessary, revise each set of CON review standards at least every three years. Our review disclosed:

a. The CON Commission did not consistently document its consideration of the affordability, quality, and accessibility of health care in Michigan during its process for revising the CON review standards.

For example, revisions to the review standards for hospital beds included research related to accessibility of care; however, revisions to the review standards for surgical services did not include any research or other information on accessibility. While we found some level of consideration for affordability and quality of health care in the revisions to these review standards, the CON Commission did not have a method to consistently document that the appropriate level of consideration was given. The revision process allows committees and workgroups to assist in technical areas or areas that need additional expertise. The process also allows for public comment to address any citizen concerns with the review standard.

b. The CON Program's annual activity reports published on the Michigan Department of Health and Human Services (MDHHS) Web site did not include an evaluation of the Program as it relates to affordability, quality, and accessibility of health care in Michigan.

The reports presented outputs related to the timeliness of processing CON applications and a brief summary of CON Commission activities.

* See glossary at end of report for definition.

RECOMMENDATION	We recommend that the CON Commission establish a process to consistently document its evaluation and assessment of the CON Program.
AGENCY PRELIMINARY RESPONSE	The CON Commission provided us with the following response: The Commission agrees with the finding and will develop a plan to address the consistent documentation of the evaluation of CON Program operations and assessment of Program effectiveness.

MONITORING COMPLIANCE WITH CON PROVISIONS

AUDIT OBJECTIVE	To assess the effectiveness of MDHHS's efforts to monitor health facilities' and service providers' compliance with applicable CON provisions.	
CONCLUSION	Moderately effective.	
FACTORS IMPACTING CONCLUSION	 Procedures established to follow up each CON applicant's progress. Annual collection of data from facilities approved to offer CON covered services to monitor compliance with CON review standards. Reportable conditions related to the need for timely follow-up 	
	of CON projects and monitoring of compliance with CON review standards.	

FINDING #2

More timely follow-up is needed to ensure the submission of PIPRs and contracts on schedule. MDHHS did not follow up approved CON projects timely to ensure that the applicants submitted project implementation progress reports (PIPRs) and contracts on schedule.

Prompt receipt and review could reduce the risk that facilities may not implement their CON projects according to the approved application and within the allowed time frames.

Our review of 17 CON projects and 6 recent emergency CON projects disclosed that MDHHS did not:

a. Follow up with the applicant within the eleventh month for 9 of the 17 CON projects for which PIPR was not submitted. Also, MDHHS did not receive from the applicant a PIPR within the required 12-month period for these same 9 projects.

For the 9 projects, MDHHS conducted the follow-up between 4 and 64 days late. The PIPRs ranged from 14 to 113 days late.

MDHHS requires that an applicant complete and submit a PIPR to MDHHS when the project is 100% complete or, if not complete, no later than 12 months after the final decision letter was signed by the MDHHS director. CON procedure 14-0001 requires a CON analyst to follow up CON projects during the eleventh month after CON project approval if a completed PIPR was not received. MDHHS uses the PIPR to determine the project status and help ensure that applicants satisfy project requirements.

- Ensure that 4 of the 17 CON projects had enforceable contracts in place within 12 months of obtaining CON approval as required by *Michigan Administrative Code* R 325.9403.
- c. Receive final PIPRs timely from 3 of the 6 applicants with emergency CON projects. Also, MDHHS did not follow up with the 3 applicants promptly after the emergency CON projects expired to request final PIPRs.

Expiration dates for emergency CON projects are established by MDHHS upon application approval. One of the 3 emergency CON projects expired after one day, and 2 of the 3 emergency CON projects expired after two weeks. Final PIPRs for the 3 CON projects were submitted by the facility 230, 348, and 352 days after the projects expired.

	Because of its records retention practices, MDHHS was unable to determine when follow-up occurred for the one-day emergency CON project. However, MDHHS completed its follow-up 348 and 349 days after the project expired for the other 2 emergency CON projects.
	Our prior audit, released in April 2002, reported that applicants submitted PIPRs up to 582 days late. MDHHS has improved its process for following up and obtaining PIPRs and employs a full- time staff person for following up the CON projects.
RECOMMENDATION	We recommend that MDHHS continue to improve its efforts to follow up approved CON projects timely to ensure that the applicants submit PIPRs and contracts on schedule.
AGENCY PRELIMINARY RESPONSE	MDHHS provided us with the following response: MDHHS agrees that it did not always follow up on approved CON projects on a timely basis to ensure that the applicants submitted PIPRs and project contracts on schedule. MDHHS regularly follows up on all CON-approved projects to monitor progress of completion and review and approve extension requests to deadlines as allowed under the administrative rules. This follow- up process often requires multiple contacts by MDHHS staff to obtain all applicable documents, so that requested extensions can be approved without adversely affecting the applicant. MDHHS will continue to improve this process to help ensure timely submission of necessary documents. In addition, MDHHS will adequately document all informal requests for additional time requested by applicants and MDHHS's approval of the same.

FINDING #3

Improved documentation of MDHHS's monitoring of compliance with CON review standards could help ensure the quality of health care services. MDHHS did not adequately document its monitoring of health facilities' compliance with CON review standards to help ensure the quality of services provided by health facilities.

Section 333.22247 of the *Michigan Compiled Laws* gives MDHHS the authority to monitor compliance with CON review standards and requires MDHHS to investigate allegations of noncompliance with a CON review standard. The CON Commission appoints ad hoc advisory committees, composed of a majority of experts with professional competence in the subject matter of the proposed standard, to assist in the development of proposed CON review standards.

MDHHS conducts an annual survey of CON-approved health facilities to monitor the facilities' compliance with CON review standards. During our audit period, MDHHS completed an analysis of the survey responses for the 2010 through 2012 open heart surgery* and psychiatric beds services. However, MDHHS had not documented its analysis for the review standards of the other covered services.

We reviewed the data obtained from the 2013 annual CON surveys for megavoltage radiation therapy* (MRT), urinary lithotripter services, positron emission tomography* (PET), cardiac catheterization*, and computed tomography* (CT) scans and identified several instances of noncompliance with review standard requirements. As indicated in the following table, a significant number of facilities did not meet CON review standard requirements:

CON Review Standard	Number of Facilities Reviewed	Number of Facilities Not Meeting CON Review Standard Requirements	Percent
MRT units	75	26	34.7%
Urinary lithotripters mobile unit procedures	7	1	14.3%
Urinary lithotripters mobile region procedures	19	3	15.8%
PET scans	18	0	0.0%
Cardiac catheterization diagnostic facilities	14	6	42.9%
Cardiac catheterization diagnostic PCI* facilities	14	5	35.7%
CT scanners	276	98	35.5%

CON Program personnel informed us that they perform compliance reviews of other covered services as annual CON survey information is received. CON Program personnel review the survey information for outliers; however, they do not document their review. MDHHS also informed us that it does not

* See glossary at end of report for definition.

	have the resources to perform in-depth compliance reviews of all review standards as it did for open heart surgery and psychiatric beds services. MDHHS employs one full-time employee to perform these reviews.
RECOMMENDATION	We recommend that MDHHS adequately document its monitoring of health facilities' compliance with CON review standards to help ensure the quality of services provided by health facilities.
AGENCY PRELIMINARY RESPONSE	MDHHS provided us with the following response: MDHHS agrees that it did not always adequately document its monitoring of health facilities' compliance with CON review
	standards. MDHHS uses the annual survey data to monitor the facilities by searching for standard deviations and significant signs of noncompliance; however, MDHHS acknowledges that there is not adequate documentation of this monitoring. MDHHS will develop a process that documents the monitoring of health facilities' compliance with CON review standards.
	MDHHS performs a more in-depth compliance review of selected standards regularly, most recently of all eligible facilities offering open heart surgery and psychiatric bed services; however, due to resource constraints, MDHHS is not able to complete an in-depth compliance review of all facilities related to all 15 CON-covered services every year. MDHHS will determine on an annual basis if a more in-depth review of any of the standards would be beneficial.

UNAUDITED Exhibits 1 through 4

<u>CERTIFICATE OF NEED PROGRAM</u> Michigan Department of Health and Human Services Inventories of Hospital Beds and Bed Need Projections <u>Summary Overview</u>

The CON review standards require MDHHS to maintain and provide, upon request, a listing of the current inventories of hospital beds. MDHHS maintains these inventories plus corresponding projections of bed needs for each of the following general categories:

	Inventory of	Bed Need
General Category	Existing Beds (1)	Projection (2)
Acute medical care services	26,100	17,355
Nursing home/hospital long-term care services	48,421	43,341
Adult inpatient psychiatric care services	2,123	2,091
Child/adolescent inpatient psychiatric care services	240	217

- (1) The figures in the inventory of existing beds column do not reflect any data regarding applications for beds under appeal or pending a final decision by MDHHS. The effective date for the inventories for the general categories is November 3, 2014. The instances in which the inventory of beds is greater than the bed need projection are due, in part, to some health facilities being granted hospital beds under past CON review standards or prior to the existence of CON review standards. A facility's existing bed capacity is not affected when MDHHS recalculates bed need projections.
- (2) The bed need projections for acute medical care services, nursing home/hospital long-term care services, and adult and child/adolescent inpatient psychiatric care services were last calculated by MDHHS in November 2014, August 2013, and January 2013, respectively.

Each health facility that provides services related to these categories is grouped together with other health facilities in regions across the State based on either the geographic location of the populations they serve (acute medical care services) or the geographic location of the facilities. These regions are defined in the CON review standards for each category. When a facility applies for additional hospital beds, MDHHS considers the bed need in the region in which the facility is grouped and compares it with the capacity of existing facilities in that region. Applications for additional hospital beds in those regions where there is not a need would not be approved.

See Exhibits 1 through 4 for details on hospital bed inventories and bed need projections in each general category's designated regions.

CERTIFICATE OF NEED PROGRAM Michigan Department of Health and Human Services Inventory of Hospital Beds and Bed Need Projections For Acute Medical Care Services

MDHHS's bed inventories and need projections for acute medical care services are broken down into 33 hospital groups and a miscellaneous group (NG).

Hospital Group*	Inventory of Existing Beds	Bed Need Projection	Need or (Excess)
1	3,975	2,820	(1,155)
2	3,524	2,529	(995)
3	2,254	1,553	(701)
4	2,031	1,344	(687)
5	1,768	1,459	(309)
6	395	249	(146)
7	1,086	731	(355)
8	389	288	(101)
9	113	80	(33)
10	899	570	(329)
11	453	240	(213)
12	328	272	(56)
13	270	67	(203)
14	1,829	1,360	(469)
15	462	288	(174)
16	311	152	(159)
17	237	124	(113)
18	191	90	(101)
19	1,441	1,013	(428)
20	1,708	999	(709)
21	188	55	(133)
22	192	64	(128)
23	160	63	(97)
24	502	398	(104)
25	227	115	(112)
26	124	63	(61)
27	106	55	(51)
28	314	140	(174)
29	136	59	(77)
30	111	44	(67)
31	107	60	(47)
32	23	7	(16)
33	15	4	(11)
NG (no group)	231	No projection	Not applicable
Total	26,100	17,355	(8,514)

* See Exhibit 5 for a listing of the hospitals in each hospital group, i.e., a cluster or grouping of hospitals based on geographic proximity and hospital utilization patterns.

CERTIFICATE OF NEED PROGRAM Michigan Department of Health and Human Services Inventory of Hospital Beds and Bed Need Projections For Nursing Home/Hospital Long-Term Care Services

MDHHS's bed inventories and need projections for nursing home/hospital long-term care services are broken down into 84 planning areas.

Planning Area	Inventory of Existing Beds	Bed Need Projection	Need or (Excess)
Alcona	78	91	13
Alger	106	58	(48)
Allegan	539	449	(90)
Alpena	185	168	(17)
Antrim	133	135	2
Arenac	113	95	(18)
Baraga	59	45	(14)
Barry	267	263	(4)
Bay	654	545	(109)
Benzie	117	112	(5)
Berrien	787	786	(1)
Branch	283	194	(89)
Calhoun	796	621	(175)
Cass	188	247	59
Charlevoix	159	141	(18)
Cheboygan	182	163	(19)
Chippewa	165	166	1
Clare	163	170	7
Clinton	339	320	(19)
Crawford	111	83	(28)
Delta	282	228	(54)
Dickinson	245	148	(97)
Eaton	513	496	(17)
Emmet	220	175	(45)
Genesee	1,915	1,847	(68)
Gladwin	170	153	(17)
Gogebic	174	107	(67)
Grand Traverse	505	431	(74)
Gratiot	530	200	(330)
Hillsdale	209	232	23
Houghton/Keweenaw	365	180	(185)
Huron	293	214	(79)

<u>CERTIFICATE OF NEED PROGRAM</u> Michigan Department of Health and Human Services Inventory of Hospital Beds and Bed Need Projections For Nursing Home/Hospital Long-Term Care Services

Continued

Planning Area	Inventory of Existing Beds	Bed Need Projection	Need or (Excess)
Ingham	1,084	953	(131)
Ionia	235	226	(9)
losco	211	183	(28)
Iron	249	109	(140)
Isabella	300	232	(68)
Jackson	796	706	(90)
Kalamazoo	1,032	1,051	19
Kalkaska	104	85	(19)
Kent	2,477	2,291	(186)
Lake	79	76	(3)
Lapeer	368	354	(14)
Leelanau	168	169	1
Lenawee	542	449	(93)
Livingston	710	689	(21)
Luce	22	38	16
Mackinac	48	69	21
Macomb	4,210	4,044	(166)
Manistee	107	145	38
Marquette	441	327	(114)
Mason	185	158	(27)
Mecosta	200	189	(11)
Menominee	133	135	2
Midland	422	409	(13)
Missaukee	95	79	(16)
Monroe	659	660	1
Montcalm	272	273	1
Montmorency	74	77	3
Muskegon	815	720	(95)
Newaygo	245	222	(23)
Oakland	5,620	5,235	(385)
Oceana	120	121	1
Ogemaw	172	131	(41)

CERTIFICATE OF NEED PROGRAM

Michigan Department of Health and Human Services Inventory of Hospital Beds and Bed Need Projections For Nursing Home/Hospital Long-Term Care Services

Continued

Planning Area	Inventory of Existing Beds	Bed Need Projection	Need or (Excess)
Ontonagon	46	47	1
Osceola	50	114	64
Oscoda	62	50	(12)
Otsego	148	129	(19)
Ottawa	1,022	1,035	13
Presque Isle	106	106	0
Roscommon	179	176	(3)
Saginaw	1,142	965	(177)
Sanilac	250	218	(32)
Schoolcraft	50	58	8
Shiawassee	316	309	(7)
St. Clair	789	729	(60)
St. Joseph	369	276	(93)
Tuscola	256	248	(8)
Van Buren	330	301	(29)
Washtenaw	1,217	1,217	0
Wexford	115	161	46
NW Wayne	3,031	2,839	(192)
SW Wayne	1,796	1,663	(133)
Detroit	4,107	2,832	(1,275)
State Total	48,421	43,341	(5,080)

<u>CERTIFICATE OF NEED PROGRAM</u> Michigan Department of Health and Human Services Inventory of Hospital Beds and Bed Need Projections <u>For Adult Inpatient Psychiatric Care Services</u>

MDHHS's bed inventories and need projections for adult inpatient psychiatric care services are broken down into 8 planning areas.

Planning Area	Inventory of Existing Beds	Bed Need Projection	Need or (Excess)
Livingston, Macomb, Monroe, Oakland, St. Clair, Washtenaw, and Wayne	1,152	1,084	(68)
Clinton, Eaton, Hillsdale, Ingham, Jackson, and Lenawee	145	169	24
Barry, Berrien, Branch, Calhoun, Cass, Kalamazoo, St. Joseph, and Van Buren	174	188	14
Allegan, Ionia, Kent, Lake, Mason, Montcalm, Muskegon, Newaygo, Oceana, and Ottawa	324	300	(24)
Genesee, Lapeer, and Shiawassee	135	143	8
Arenac, Bay, Clare, Gladwin, Gratiot, Huron, losco, Isabella, Mecosta, Midland, Ogemaw, Osceola, Oscoda, Saginaw, Sanilac, and Tuscola	107	95	(12)
Alcona, Alpena, Antrim, Benzie, Charlevoix, Cheboygan, Crawford, Emmet, Grand Traverse, Kalkaska, Leelanau, Manistee, Missaukee, Montmorency, Otsego, Presque Isle, Roscommon, and Wexford	29	48	19
Alger, Baraga, Chippewa, Delta, Dickinson, Gogebic, Houghton, Iron, Keweenaw, Luce, Mackinac, Marquette, Menominee, Ontonagon, and Schoolcraft	57	64	7
Total	2,123	2,091	(32)

<u>CERTIFICATE OF NEED PROGRAM</u> Michigan Department of Health and Human Services Inventory of Hospital Beds and Bed Need Projections For Child/Adolescent Inpatient Psychiatric Care Services

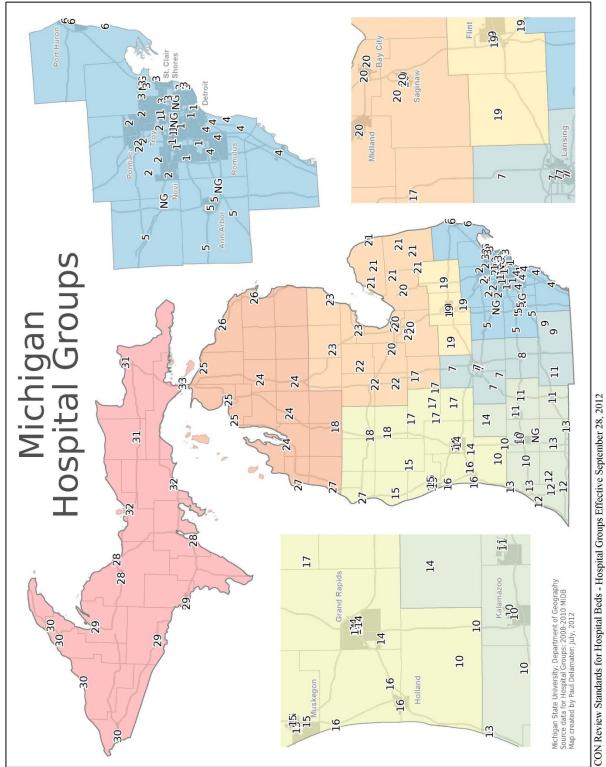
MDHHS's bed inventories and need projections for child/adolescent inpatient psychiatric care services are broken down into 8 planning areas.

Planning Area	Inventory of Existing Beds	Bed Need Projection	Need or (Excess)
Livingston, Macomb, Monroe, Oakland, St. Clair, Washtenaw, and Wayne	138	113	(25)
Clinton, Eaton, Hillsdale, Ingham, Jackson, and Lenawee	0	15	15
Barry, Berrien, Branch, Calhoun, Cass, Kalamazoo, St. Joseph, and Van Buren	6	17	11
Allegan, Ionia, Kent, Lake, Mason, Montcalm, Muskegon, Newaygo, Oceana, and Ottawa	67	32	(35)
Genesee, Lapeer, and Shiawassee	0	12	12
Arenac, Bay, Clare, Gladwin, Gratiot, Huron, Iosco, Isabella, Mecosta, Midland, Ogemaw, Osceola, Oscoda, Saginaw, Sanilac, and Tuscola	23	14	(9)
Alcona, Alpena, Antrim, Benzie, Charlevoix, Cheboygan, Crawford, Emmet, Grand Traverse, Kalkaska, Leelanau, Manistee, Missaukee, Montmorency, Otsego, Presque Isle, Roscommon, and Wexford	0	8	8
Alger, Baraga, Chippewa, Delta, Dickinson, Gogebic, Houghton, Iron, Keweenaw, Luce, Mackinac, Marquette, Menominee, Ontonagon, and Schoolcraft	6	6	0
Total	240	217	(23)

UNAUDITED Exhibit 5	HG 23 Gerber Memorial Hospital 350010 St. Joseph Health System - Tawas Great Lakes Specialty Hospital - Hackley 6020 St. Mary's of Michigan Standish Hospital Mercv Health Partners General Carnens 650010 West Branch Resional Medical Center	HG 24 18 400020	200020	notation nospital 0.00020 Otsego Methorial hospital North Otsamo Community Hospital HG 25 Zeeland Community Hospital HG 25	150021 160020		HG 26 40010	Spectrum Health United Memoria - Kelsey 710030 Rogers City Rehabilitation Hospital Spectrum Health United Memorial - United	HG 27 530010 Memorial Medical Center of West Michigan	Mecosta County Medical Center 100020 Paul Oliver Memorial Hospital		HG 28 somet Ball Memorial Hosnital	cal Center 520050	Center 210010 St. Francis Hospital	Lapeer Regional Medical Center Mclaren Regional Medical Center HG 29	70020	Hospital - Flint 220020 Dickinson County Healthcare System 360021 Northstar Health System		Bay Regional Medical Center (West Camme) HG 30 Bay Regional Medical Center (West Camme) 110021 Activity Exercise Regional Medical Center (West Camme)	660020	270022	Covenant Medical Center - Cooper 310020 Portage Hospital Covenant Medical Center - Harrison	Michigan HG31	Healthsource Saginaw, Inc. 170020 Chippewa County War Memorial Hospital Midmichigan Medical Center-Midland 480020 Helen Newberry Joy Hospital	at out	ichigan HG 32 20010 Munisine Memorial Hospital	_	Deckerville Community Hospital Hohor Besch Community Hospital		UN N		410092		SUUGO HERTY FOT MACOND HOSPITAL Central Michigan Community Hospital 500100 Southeast Michigan Surgical Hospital	1 810010
	HG 15 620010 Gerber Memorial Hospital 610051 Great Lakes Specialty Hos 610030 Mercy Health Partners - G			700010 Holland Hospital 700010 North Ottawa Community Ho 700030 Zeeland Community Hospital				590201 Spectrum Health 590060 Spectrum Health	HG 18	540030 Mecosta County 240010 Meron Homital		HC 10			250050 Mclaren Region:		250071 Select Specialty Hospital - Flint	0	90050 Bay Regional Medical Center 90020 Bay Regional Medical Center			730020 Covenant Medic 730061 Covenant Medic		730060 Healthsource Saginaw, Inc. 560020 Midmichigan Medical Cent		730050 St. Mary's of Michigan	HG 21	760010 Deckerville Con 320040 Harbor Peach C			760030 Martette Kegtonat Hospital 760030 Mckenzie Memorial Hospital		11C 31		260011 Midmichigan M
12	Port Huron Hospital St. John Rùver District Hospital St. Jösenh Merev Port Huron Hospital	Clinton Memorial Hospital	Eaton Rapids Medical Center Edward W Sparrow Hospital	hayes Green beach Memonal Hospital Ingham Regional Medical Center Ingham Regional Medical Center - Penn. Campus	Sparrow Health System - St. Lawrence Campus Sparrow Specialty Hospital		Allegiance Health Carelink of Jackson		Emma L. Bixby Medical Center Herrick Medical Center		Allegan General Hospital	Borgess Medical Center	Bronson Lakeview Hospital	Bronson Methodist Hospital	select spectarly nospital - Katamazoo		Battle Creek Health System Community Health Center of Branch County	Hillsdale Community Health Center	Oaklawn Hospital Southwest Resional Rehabilitation Center			Borgess-Lee Memorial Hospital Lakeland Hospital Niles	Lakeland Hospital, St. Joseph	Lakeland Specialty Hospital		Community Hospital Watervliet South Haven Community Hospital	Sturgis Hospital	Three Rivers Health		Mary Free Bed Rehabilitation Hospital	Metropolitan Hospital Pennock Hospital	Saint Mary's Health Care	Spectrum Health Blodgett Hospital	Spectrum Health Kent Community Hospital	
102, 2012	HG 6 740020 740030	HG 7 190011	230021 330060	330020 330020 330010	330050 330061	HG 8	380010 380051	HG 9	460020 460052	HC 10	30032	390010	800041	390020	750065	HG 11	120031	300010	130080	001001	HG 12	140010	110050	110080	HG 13	110040	750010	750020	HG 14	410070	410060 80010	410080	410010	410090	
TABLE 1: Michigan Hospital Groups,	Botsford Hospital Childen's Hospital of Michigan Derhoit Receivine Hospital	DMC Surgery Hospital Garden City Hospital Harper University Hospital	Henry Ford Hospital Hutzel Women's Hospital	namianos cancer center Oakland Regional Hospital Providence Hospital and Medical Center	Rehabilitation Institute Select Specialty Hospital - NW Detroit	Sinai-Grace Hospital St. John Macomb-Oakland Hosp (Oakland)	St. Mary Mercy Livonia Hospital Straith Hospital for Special Surgery		Crittenton Hospital Medical Center Doctors' Hospital of Michigan	Henry Ford West Bloomfield Hospital Humon Vollage Sinai Henrical	POH Medical Center	Providence Medical Center - Providence Park select suscielty transited - Doution	St. Joseph Mercy Oakland Hospital	William Beaumont Hospital, Royal Oak	william beaumont riospital, iroy		Henry Ford Cottage Hospital Henry Ford Macomb Hospital	Henry Ford Macomb Hospital - Warren Campus	Mount Clemens Regional Medical Center Select Specialty Hosnital - Grosse Dointe	Select Specialty Hospital - Macomb	St. John Hospital & Medical Center	St. John Macomb-Oakland Hosp (Macomb) St. John North Shores Hosnital	William Beaumont Hospital, Grosse Pointe		Henry Ford Wyandotte Hospital	Mercy Memorial Hospital Ostwood Annanolis Hospital	Oakwood Hentage Hospital	Oakwood Hospital And Medical Center	Catwood Southstore Areaca Center Select Specialty Hospital - Downriver	Vibra of Southeastern Michigan		Chelsea Community Hospital	Select Specialty Hospital - Ann Arbor	St. Joseph Mercy Ann Arbor Hospital St. Joseph Mercy Livingston Hospital	St. Joseph Mercy Saline Hospital
TABLI	HG 1 630050 830080 830500	630060 820070 830220	830190 830240	630130 630130	830410 830523	830450 630080	820190 630150	HG 2	630070 630110	630176	630120	630177	630140	630030	001060	HG3	\$00110	500020	500060 820276	500111	830420	500070	820030	HG 4	820230	580030	820250	820120	820272	820130	HG 5	810080	810081	470020	810040

CON Review Standards for Hospital Beds - Hospital Groups Effective September 28, 2012

Source data: 2008-2010 MIDB



<u>CERTIFICATE OF NEED PROGRAM</u> Michigan Department of Health and Human Services Maps of CON Covered Service Locations

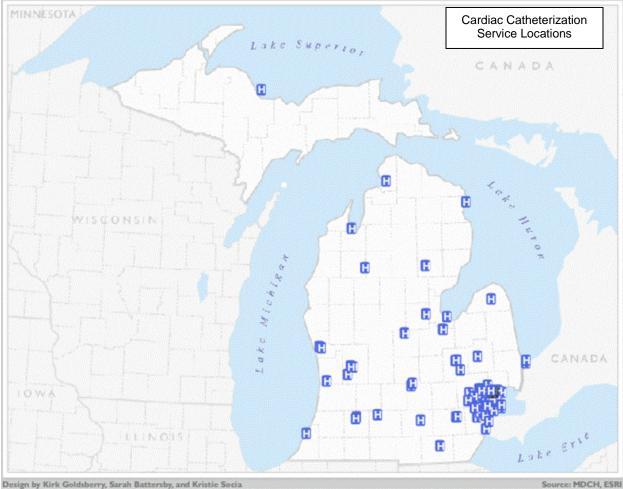
We prepared the maps in this exhibit using the 2011 Atlas of Health Facilities located on the MDHHS Web site. The 2011 Atlas of Health Facilities is an interactive atlas of facilities offering a CON covered service or beds in the State of Michigan. The atlas, designed in collaboration with Michigan State University's Department of Geography, allows users to see the facilities in many different views using differing criteria. Pages 27 through 39 identify the locations of the following services:

- 1. Air ambulance*
- 2. Cardiac catheterization
- 3. Computed tomography* (CT) scanners
- 4. Hospitals
- 5. Lithotripsy*
- 6. Magnetic resonance imaging* (MRI)
- 7. Megavoltage radiation therapy* (MRT)
- 8. Neonatal intensive care units (NICUs)
- 9. Open heart surgery*
- 10. Organ and bone marrow transplant* services
- 11. Positron emission tomography* (PET) scanners
- 12. Psychiatric hospitals/units
- 13. Surgical services

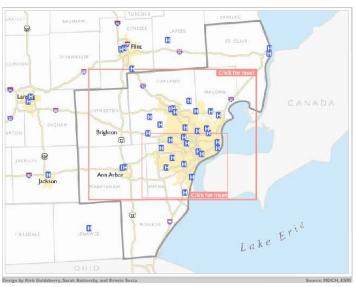
^{*} See glossary at end of report for definition.

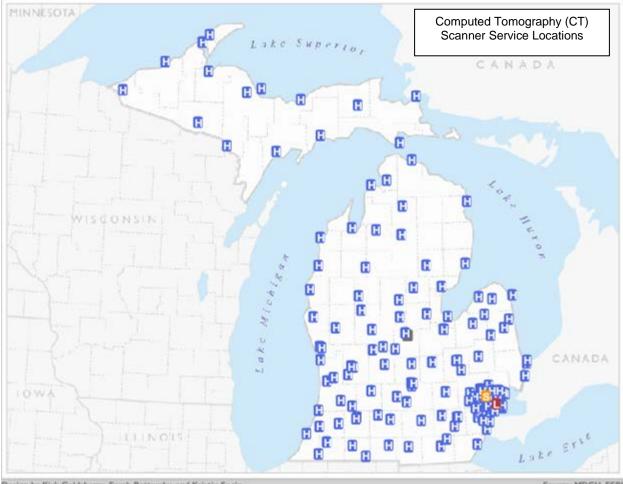


Map printed with the permission of MDHHS.



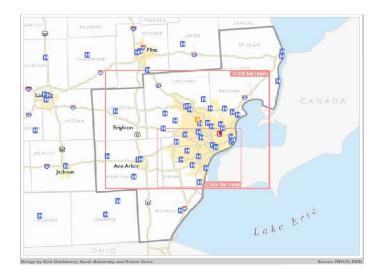




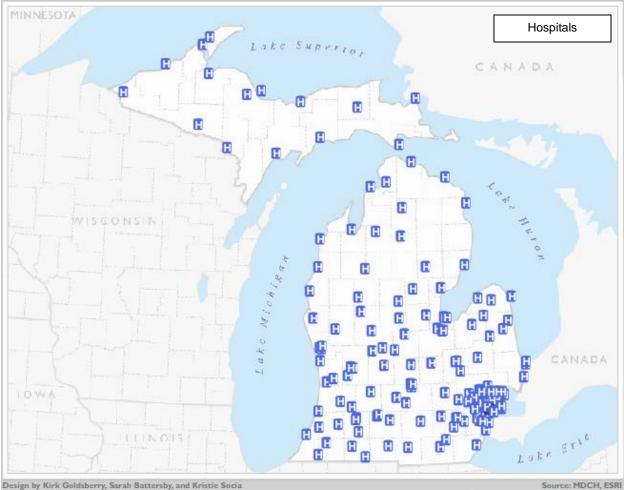


Design by Kirk Goldsberry, Sarah Battersby, and Kristie Socia

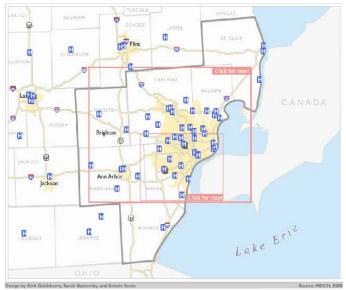
Source: MDCH, ESRI



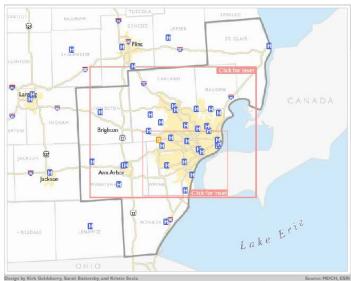
Map printed with the permission of MDHHS.



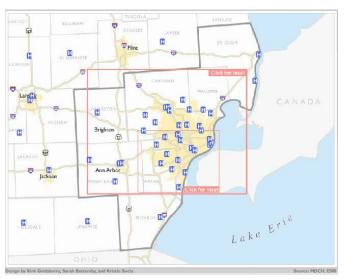
Design by Kirk Goldsberry, Sarah Battersby, and Kristie Socia

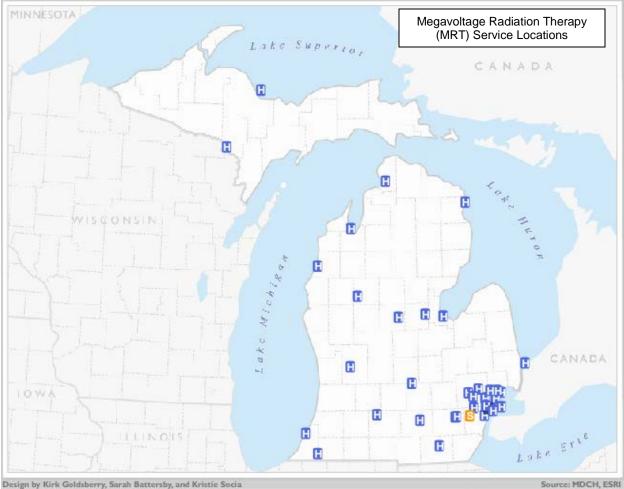










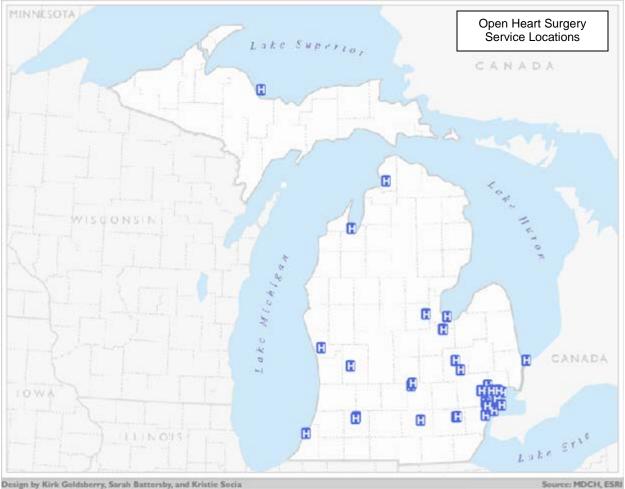


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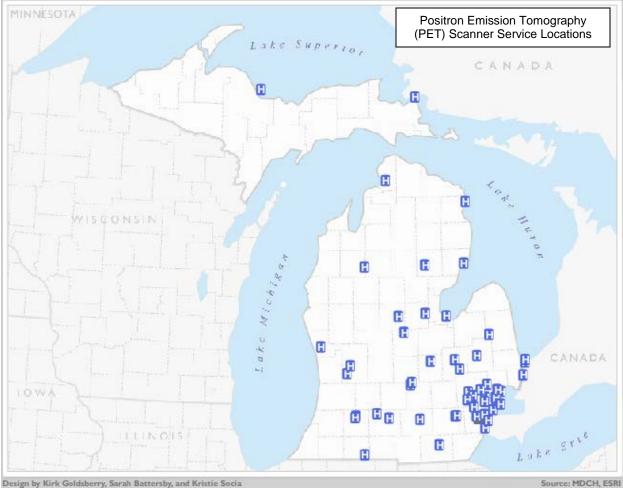


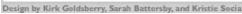
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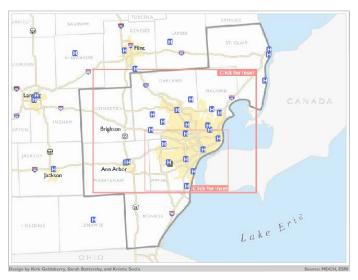








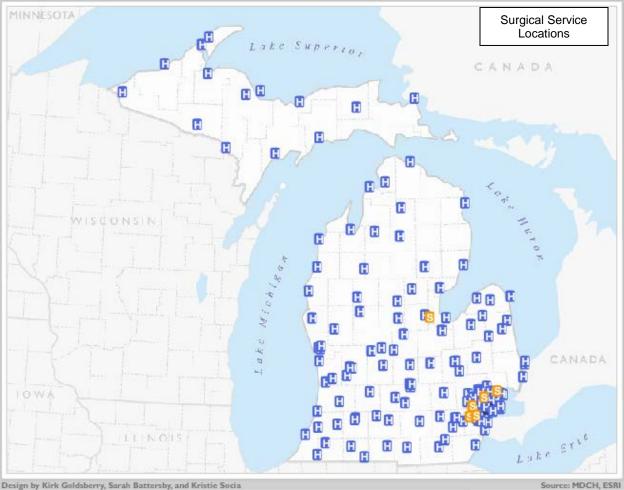




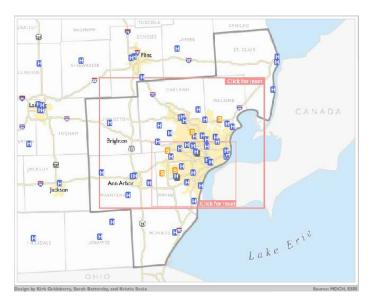


Design by Kirk Goldsberry, Sarah Battersby, and Kristie Socia





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<u>CERTIFICATE OF NEED PROGRAM</u> Michigan Department of Health and Human Services <u>Summary of Nationwide CON Program Regulation</u>

Overview

The American Health Planning Association publishes the *National Directory: State Certificate of Need Programs and Health Planning Agencies* (Directory) annually. The Directory is intended to provide information about the CON Program and health planning agencies throughout the United States.

According to the Directory, in 2011, 36 states and the District of Columbia continued to administer, to varying degrees, a CON program to regulate health care. The Directory contains information on each of these CON programs, including the medical services being regulated, the CON fees, and the relative scope and reviewability thresholds of CON covered services. The medical services being regulated by CON programs include capital additions, certain medical equipment purchases, and new services.

Medical Services Regulated by CON Programs

According to the American Health Planning Association, in 2011, the 36 states plus the District of Columbia regulated 30 different categories of medical services and medical equipment purchases (those regulated in Michigan are identified with an asterisk):

- 1. Acute care*
- 2. Air ambulance*
- 3. Ambulatory surgery centers*
- 4. Burn care
- 5. Cardiac catheterization*
- 6. Computed tomography (CT) scanners*
- 7. Gamma knives*
- 8. Home health
- 9. Hospice
- 10. Intermediate care facility for individuals with mental retardation
- 11. Lithotripsy*
- 12. Long-term acute care*

- 13. Magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) scanners*
- 14. Medical office buildings
- 15. Mobile hi tech*
- 16. Neonatal intensive care unit (NICU)*
- 17. Nursing home beds*
- 18. Obstetric services
- 19. Open heart surgery*
- 20. Organ transplant*
- 21. Positron emission tomography (PET) scanners*
- 22. Psychiatric services*
- 23. Radiation therapy*
- 24. Rehabilitation
- 25. Renal dialysis
- 26. Residential care/assisted living
- 27. Subacute services
- 28. Substance abuse
- 29. Swing beds*
- 30. Ultrasound

The number of medical service categories regulated by individual states ranged from 1 to 30. Twenty states and the District of Columbia regulate 15 or more of these medical service categories. Sixteen states regulate from 1 to 14 of these medical service categories. Michigan's CON Program regulates 18 different medical service categories.

Reviewability Thresholds of CON Covered Services

Most states with CON programs have set "reviewability thresholds" for CON regulated medical services. These thresholds, which vary from state to state, determine which acquisitions of medical services are required to go through the CON process. Some states have not established specific dollar thresholds but instead require that the acquisition of any service regulated by the CON program be subject to CON review. For comparative purposes, we considered only those states that have established specific dollar thresholds.

For capital additions, the reviewability thresholds among the states with CON programs range from \$600,000 to \$16,083,000. Michigan's reviewability threshold for capital additions effective January 1, 2014 is \$3,160,000 for clinical service areas.

For medical equipment, the reviewability thresholds among the states with CON programs range from \$400,000 to \$6,000,000. Michigan's reviewability threshold requires that any medical equipment regulated by the CON Program be subject to the CON process.

For new services, the reviewability thresholds among the states with CON programs range from \$140,098 to \$1,300,000. Michigan's reviewability threshold requires any new clinical services regulated by the CON Program be subject to the CON process.

The CON Program is a State regulatory program intended to balance the cost of, quality of, and access to Michigan's health care system. Its purpose is to ensure that needed services and facilities provide quality health care for State residents. The CON Program provides authorization for a new health facility; a change in bed capacity; the initiation, replacement, or expansion of a covered clinical service; or a covered capital expenditure. Michigan's CON Program is governed by Sections 333.22201 - 333.22260 of the *Michigan Compiled Laws*. The CON Program was originally established by Act 256, P.A. 1972, and was later amended and is now governed by Act 368, P.A. 1978, as amended. See Exhibits 1 through 6 for Michigan CON covered services and their geographic locations.

The National Health Planning and Resources Development Act of 1974 (Health Planning Act) was enacted to help contain health care costs and mandated that certain federal health care funds be made available to the states on the condition that the states enacted CON laws. CON laws were originally intended to bring health care costs under control by preventing certain designated health facilities from expanding unnecessarily, buying duplicative or unneeded costly equipment, or creating duplicative or unnecessary services. CON laws were also intended to ensure the quality of clinical care by limiting the number of providers performing certain complex medical procedures and, thereby, ensuring clinician proficiency. In 1987, the Health Planning Act was repealed and it was left to the discretion of each state as to whether to continue its CON program. Since 1986, 14 states have allowed their CON programs to lapse or have repealed their CON programs. See Exhibit 7 for a comparison of Michigan's CON Program with CON programs nationwide.

The 11-member CON Commission, appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate, has the responsibility to develop, approve, disapprove, or revise CON review standards. The CON Program uses the review standards to issue decisions on CON applications.

MDHHS provides administrative support to the CON Commission and carries out the day-to-day CON Program operations. This includes approving or disapproving CON applications consistent with the review standards.

CON Program regulations in Michigan cover certain capital expenditures for construction; proposed increases in the number of licensed hospital beds or relocation of licensed beds from one site to another; acquisitions of health facilities or specialized equipment; operation of new health facilities; and initiation, replacement, or expansion of covered clinical services. In addition, capital expenditure projects (construction, renovation, etc.) that involve a health facility require a CON approval. During fiscal years 2012 and 2013, the CON Program received 631 applications:

Disposition of CON Applications During Fiscal Years 2012 and 2013

Dollar

Disposition	Number of Applicants	Amount of Projects (in millions)
Approved	505	\$ 1,743.1
Approved with conditions	54	\$ 301.8
Not approved	20	\$ 440.4
Final decision not yet rendered	52	Not available
Total applications	631	

Section 333.22215 of the *Michigan Compiled Laws* requires that CON application fees equal approximately 3/4 of the cost to operate the CON Program. During fiscal year 2013, expenditures to operate the CON Program totaled \$1.8 million. As of December 4, 2014, the CON Program had 12.5 permanent full-time employees.

AUDIT SCOPE, METHODOLOGY, AND OTHER INFORMATION

AUDIT SCOPE	To examine the program and other records of the Certificate of Need Program. We conducted this performance audit* in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based on our audit objectives. We believe that the evidence obtained provides a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based on our audit objectives.	
PERIOD	Our audit procedures, which included a preliminary survey, audit fieldwork, report preparation, analysis of agency responses, and quality assurance, generally covered the period October 1, 2011 through July 31, 2014.	
METHODOLOGY	We conducted a preliminary survey of the CON Program's operations to formulate a basis for defining the audit objectives and scope. During our preliminary survey, we:	
	 Interviewed CON Program management and staff to obtain an overall understanding of the Program, including processes, controls, and monitoring procedures. 	
	Reviewed CON laws, policies, and procedures.	
	 Examined various records and reports utilized in the CON Program. 	
	 Reviewed the timeliness of MDHHS processing CON applications. 	
OBJECTIVE #1	To assess the sufficiency of the CON Commission's efforts to fulfill certain requirements outlined in Section 333.22215 of the <i>Michigan Compiled Laws</i> , including to promote and assure the availability and accessibility of quality health services at a reasonable cost and within a reasonable geographic proximity.	
	To accomplish our first objective, we:	
	Interviewed a member of the CON Commission.	
	 Reviewed revisions made to a sample of CON review standards. 	
	Reviewed meeting minutes of CON Commission meetings.	

* See glossary at end of report for definition.

	Reviewed CON annual activity reports.
	 Reviewed correspondence to the joint legislative committee on health policy.
OBJECTIVE #2	To assess the effectiveness of MDHHS's efforts to monitor health facilities' and service providers' compliance with applicable CON provisions.
	To accomplish our second objective, we:
	Sampled CON application files.
	 Reviewed the time frames of MDHHS follow-up and the submission of required documents.
	 Reviewed annual survey reports, which contain data from CON-approved health facilities, and compared these to applicable review standards to determine facility compliance.
CONCLUSIONS	We based our conclusions on our audit efforts as described in the preceding paragraphs and the resulting reportable conditions noted in the background, findings, and recommendations section. The reportable conditions are less severe than a material condition* but represent opportunities for improvement.
AGENCY RESPONSES	Our audit report contains 3 findings and 3 corresponding recommendations. The CON Commission's preliminary response indicates that it agrees with the recommendation addressed to it, and MDHHS's preliminary response indicates that it agrees with the other two recommendations.
	The agency preliminary response that follows each recommendation in our report was taken from the agency's written comments and oral discussion at the end of our audit fieldwork. Section 18.1462 of the <i>Michigan Compiled Laws</i> and the State of Michigan Financial Management Guide (Part VII, Chapter 4, Section 100) require an audited agency to develop a plan to comply with the recommendations and submit it within 60 days after release of the audit report to the Office of Internal Audit Services, State Budget Office. Within 30 days of receipt, the Office of Internal Audit Services is required to review the plan and either accept the plan as final or contact the agency to take additional steps to finalize the plan.
PRIOR AUDIT FOLLOW-UP	We released our prior performance audit of the Certificate of Need Program, Certificate of Need Commission, Department of Community Health (39-644-01L), in April 2002. MDHHS complied with 2 of the 7 prior audit recommendations. We rewrote the other 5 recommendations for inclusion in Findings #1 through #3 of this audit report.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

As part of our audit, we compiled supplemental information about the CON Program (Exhibits 1 through 7). Our audit was not directed toward expressing a conclusion on this information.

GLOSSARY OF ABBREVIATIONS AND TERMS

air ambulance	An aircraft capable of providing a patient with treatment at or transportation from the scene of an emergency. An air ambulance may also be used for the inter-facility transport of a patient requiring advanced life support.
cardiac catheterization	A medical diagnostic or therapeutic procedure during which a catheter is inserted into a vein or an artery in a patient and subsequently a physician is able to perform various diagnostic studies and/or therapeutic procedures in the heart.
computed tomography (CT)	An imaging test used to examine the brain, chest, lungs, and other parts of the body for tumors, organ injury, and other problems.
CON	certificate of need.
MDHHS	Michigan Department of Health and Human Services.
Directory	National Directory: State Certificate of Need Programs and Health Planning Agencies.
effectiveness	Success in achieving mission and goals.
Health Planning Act	National Health Planning and Resources Development Act of 1974.
lithotripsy	A procedure for the removal of kidney stones.
magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)	An imagining test that examines soft tissues in the body, such as cartilage and ligaments, or the spine.
material condition	A matter that, in the auditor's judgment, is more severe than a reportable condition and could impair the ability of management to operate a program in an effective and efficient manner and/or could adversely affect the judgment of an interested person concerning the effectiveness and efficiency of the program.
megavoltage radiation therapy (MRT)	A clinical modality in which patients with cancer, other tumors, or cerebrovascular system abnormalities are treated with radiation that is delivered by an MRT unit.

open heart surgery	Any cardiac surgery involving the heart and/or thoracic great vessels that is intended to correct congenital and acquired cardiac and coronary artery disease and/or great vessels and often uses a heart-lung pump or its equivalent to perform the functions of circulation during surgery.
output	A product or a service produced by a program or an entity.
PCI	percutaneous coronary intervention.
performance audit	An audit that provides findings or conclusions based on an evaluation of sufficient, appropriate evidence against criteria. Performance audits provide objective analysis to assist management and those charged with governance and oversight in using the information to improve program performance and operations, reduce costs, facilitate decision making by parties with responsibility to oversee or initiate corrective action, and contribute to public accountability.
PIPR	project implementation progress report.
positron emission tomography (PET)	An imaging test that can track biochemical changes and visualize any region of the body. Among other uses, PET can detect certain types of cancer, evaluate the amount of muscle damage after a heart attack, and assess the effectiveness of chemotherapy drugs on specific tissue.
reportable condition	A matter that, in the auditor's judgment, is less severe than a material condition and falls within any of the following categories: an opportunity for improvement within the context of the audit objectives; a deficiency in internal control that is significant within the context of the audit objectives; all instances of fraud; illegal acts unless they are inconsequential within the context of the audit objectives; significant violations of provisions of contracts or grant agreements; and significant abuse that has occurred or is likely to have occurred.
transplant	Medical transplant procedures that are regulated by Michigan's CON Program, including bone marrow, heart and lung, and liver transplants.

